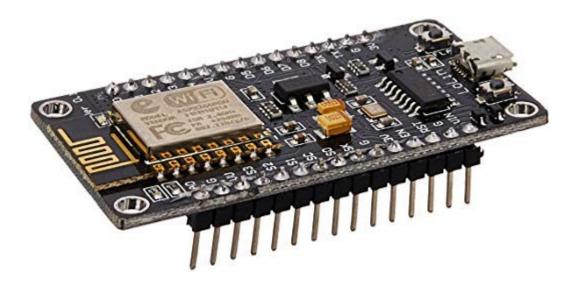


SESSION-2

- Introduction to ESP 8266 Node MCU
- Setting up the Arduino IDE
- Introduction to TUNIOT
- Connecting the NodeMCU to a WiFi Network
- Switching the LED

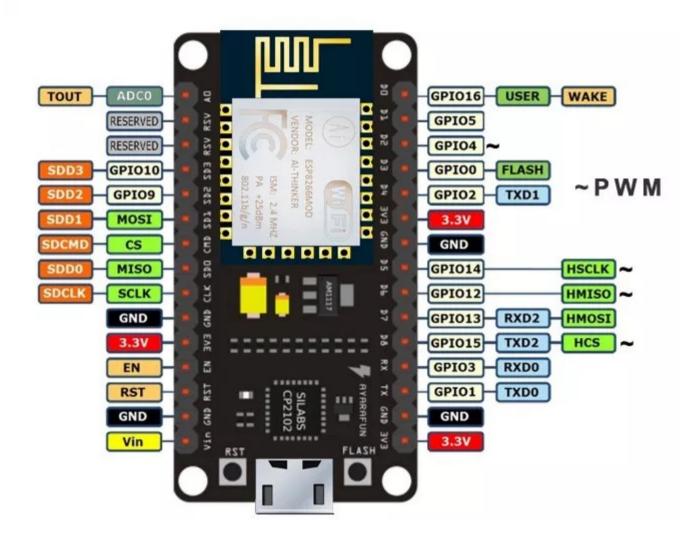




ESP 8266 Node MCU

- NodeMCU is an open source IoT platform. It includes firmware which runs on the ESP8266 Wi-Fi SoC from Espressif Systems, and hardware which is based on the ESP-12 module.
- ESP8266 is a low-cost, WiFi Module chip that can be configured to connect to the Internet for Internet of Things(IoT) and similar Technology Projects.
- Basically, Your normal Electrical and Mechanical equipments cannot connect to the Internet on their own. They don't have the in-built setup to do so.
- You can setup ESP8266 with these equipments and do amazing stuff. Controlling, Monitoring, Analysis and much more.

Recollect 2.1

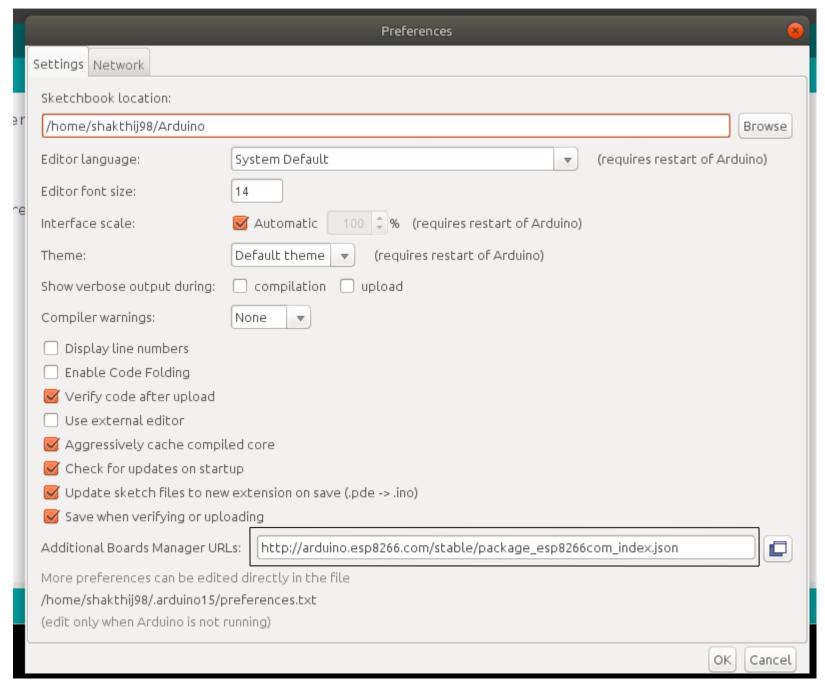


The Node MCU does not have conventional numbering for the pins like the Arduino UNO board. Remember to use the pin out diagram as refernce while programming this board.

- Install the latest version of Arduino IDE (1.8.8 for windows) from https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software
- Download, extract and run the setup file.
- Open Arduino IDE and have a glance.
- Click File → Preferences. In the Additional Board Manager URLs box, copy paste the following link and click "OK".

http://arduino.esp8266.com/stable/package_esp8266com_index.j

- Close the Arduino IDE and open it again.
- Make sure you have a good internet connection
- Click Tools → Boards → Board Manager.
- In the search box, type esp, and then click and install the latest version available.
- After the download, choose Tools → Boards → NodeMCU 12E module.





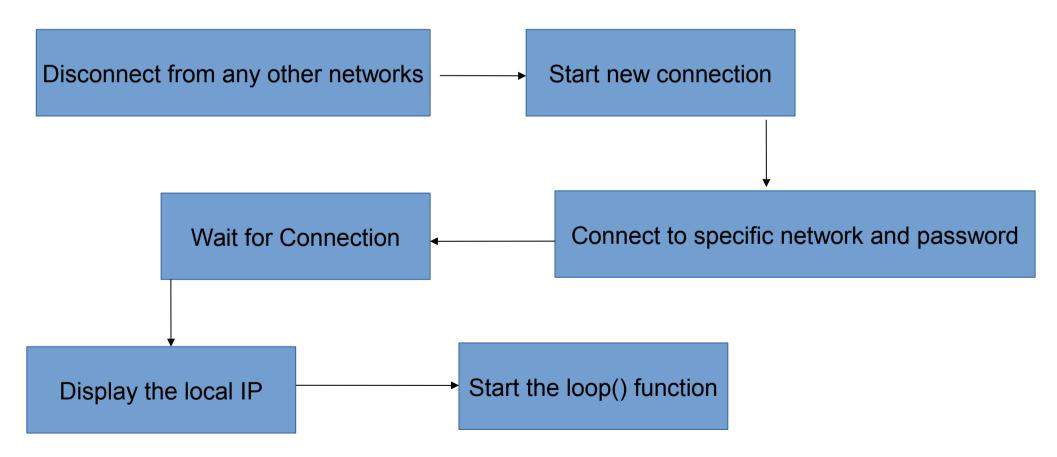
- Once the procedure is complete, you will be able to select the com port from the arduino IDE.
- If you still can't select the Com port, your laptop is lacking the driver required. Try to install the driver required or get back to us.

Recollect 2.2

- Significance of Baud Rate and Upload Speed.
- Siginificance of Serial Monitor.
- Magic number = 115200 for esp upload
- Magic number = 9600 for Serial monitor
- (Obviously every other number will work. We are accustomed to these numbers though.

TUNIOT

- Use www.easycoding.tn to use tuniot.
- Do not mug up random codes.
- Remember the procedure and apply the logic wherever you go.



TUNIOT Blocks

```
Setup
  Declare To as String Value ( " )
  Print on new line
                   WELCOME TO IOT 101 33
  Disconnect
  Delay Ms
             3000
                    Start Connection >>
                        " shakthi "
  Connect Network SSID
                                         Password
                       Is Connected?
  repeat while
                not
       Delay Ms
                  300
       Print on same line
  Print on new line
                    " Connected >>>
  Print on new line
                    Local IP
  Start Server Port
Main loop
  Wait Connection
                      Server Read request
  clear HTTP request in the Server
  c if
                       " 🚹 »
       DigitalWrite PIN# DOW STAT HIGH
                         " LED ON "
       Print on new line
  " O »
       DigitalWrite PIN# DO V STAT LOW V
       Print on new line
                        " LED OFF "
```

Recollect 2.3

XML file is of prime importance.

You can always save your project as an xml file and load it back again whenever you want.

Save the basic templates for future use.

Also, the tuniot interface already provides four basic demo setup structures that you can use.



Exercise – 2.1

Build the blocks and generate a code for the scenario discussed in class.

The code must listen to information relayed from the app.

This information is to be checked in a simple if block and acted upon.

LED_BUILTIN for the amica esp8266 nodeMCU is pin 16. Please check.

This exercise is a part of your validation. Complete this and show the proof of concept along with the app.