# project

# **Questions Assigned**

# Question 1

### File System Simulator:

Data Structures: Tree (linked list representation) for directory structure, linked list for file information within directories.

## **Functionality:**

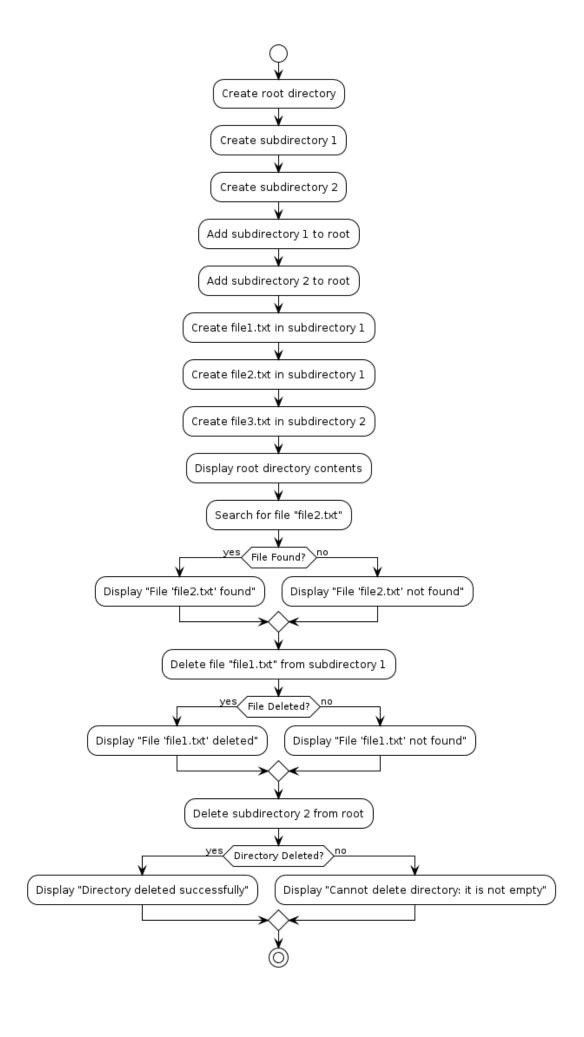
Create directories and files.

View directory contents (list files and subdirectories).

Navigate into subdirectories.

Delete files and directories (handle potential issues like non-empty directories).

Search for files by name.



# Simulator.c

```
#include "Iltree.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
Directory* createDirectory(char* name) {
  Directory* newDirectory = (Directory*)malloc(sizeof(Directory));
  if (newDirectory == NULL) {
    printf("Memory allocation failed.\n");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  }
  strcpy(newDirectory->name, name);
  newDirectory->subdirectories = NULL;
  newDirectory->files = NULL;
  newDirectory->next = NULL;
  return newDirectory;
}
File* createFile(char* name) {
  File* newFile = (File*)malloc(sizeof(File));
  if (newFile == NULL) {
    printf("Memory allocation failed.\n");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  strcpy(newFile->name, name);
  newFile->next = NULL;
  return newFile;
void addDirectory(Directory** root, char* name) {
  Directory* newDirectory = createDirectory(name);
  newDirectory->next = *root;
  *root = newDirectory;
```

```
}
void addFile(Directory* directory, char* name) {
  File* newFile = createFile(name);
  newFile->next = directory->files;
  directory->files = newFile;
}
void viewDirectoryContents(Directory* directory) {
  printf("Directory: %s\n", directory->name);
  printf("Files:\n");
  File* filePtr = directory->files;
  while (filePtr != NULL) {
    printf("- %s\n", filePtr->name);
    filePtr = filePtr->next;
  printf("Subdirectories:\n");
  Directory* subdirectoryPtr = directory->subdirectories;
  while (subdirectoryPtr != NULL) {
    printf("- %s\n", subdirectoryPtr->name);
    subdirectoryPtr = subdirectoryPtr->next;
  }
}
Directory* navigateToSubdirectory(Directory* root, char* name) {
  Directory* current = root->subdirectories;
  while (current != NULL) {
    if (strcmp(current->name, name) == 0)
       return current;
    current = current->next;
  }
  printf("Subdirectory '%s' not found.\n", name);
  return NULL;
}
```

```
void deleteFile(Directory* directory, char* name) {
  File* current = directory->files;
  File* prev = NULL;
  while (current != NULL && strcmp(current->name, name) != 0) {
    prev = current;
    current = current->next;
  if (current == NULL) {
    printf("File '%s' not found.\n", name);
    return;
  }
  if (prev == NULL)
    directory->files = current->next;
  else
    prev->next = current->next;
  free(current);
}
void deleteDirectory(Directory** root, char* name) {
  Directory* current = *root;
  Directory* prev = NULL;
  while (current != NULL && strcmp(current->name, name) != 0) {
    prev = current;
    current = current->next;
  if (current == NULL) {
    printf("Directory '%s' not found.\n", name);
    return;
  if (prev == NULL)
    *root = current->next;
  else
    prev->next = current->next;
  free(current);
}
```

```
File* searchFile(Directory* directory, char* name) {
   File* current = directory->files;
   while (current != NULL) {
     if (strcmp(current->name, name) == 0)
        return current;
     current = current->next;
   }
   return NULL;
}
```

# Simulator .h

```
#ifndef LLTREE_H
#define LLTREE_H
// Structure for a file
struct File {
  char name[100];
  struct File* next;
};
typedef struct File File;
// Structure for a directory
struct Directory {
  char name[100];
  struct Directory* subdirectories;
  struct File* files;
  struct Directory* next;
};
typedef struct Directory Directory;
// Function declarations
```

```
Directory* createDirectory(char* name);
File* createFile(char* name);
void addDirectory(Directory** root, char* name);
void addFile(Directory* directory, char* name);
void viewDirectoryContents(Directory* directory);
Directory* navigateToSubdirectory(Directory* root, char* name);
void deleteFile(Directory* directory, char* name);
void deleteDirectory(Directory** root, char* name);
File* searchFile(Directory* directory, char* name);
#endif /* LLTREE_H */
```

### Simulatormain.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "Iltree.h"
int main() {
  clock_t start, end;
  double cpu_time_used;
  Directory* root = createDirectory("root");
  // Creating directories and files
  addDirectory(&root, "folder1");
  addFile(root, "file1.txt");
  // Viewing directory contents
  viewDirectoryContents(root);
  // Navigating to subdirectory
  Directory* subdirectory = navigateToSubdirectory(root, "folder1");
  if (subdirectory != NULL)
```

```
printf("Navigated to subdirectory: %s\n", subdirectory->name);

// Deleting file

deleteFile(root, "file1.txt");

// Deleting directory

deleteDirectory(&root, "folder1");

// Measure time taken

start = clock();

// Perform operations here...

end = clock();

cpu_time_used = ((double) (end - start)) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC;

printf("Time taken: %f seconds\n", cpu_time_used);

return 0;
```

# **Explanation:**

### **Directory Structure:**

The directory structure can be represented using a tree data structure, where each node represents a directory and its children represent subdirectories and files.

Each node in the tree will contain information such as the directory or file name, and a reference to its parent directory.

You can implement the tree using a linked list representation, where each node has a pointer to its parent directory and a list of child directories/files.

### **Creating Directories and Files:**

To create a directory, you would add a new node to the tree structure under the desired parent directory.

To create a file, you would add information about the file to the list of files within a directory.

#### **Viewing Directory Contents:**

To view the contents of a directory, you would traverse the tree starting from the specified directory node and list the files and subdirectories it contains.

#### Navigating into Subdirectories:

Navigating into a subdirectory involves moving to the corresponding node in the tree structure representing that subdirectory.

#### **Deleting Files and Directories:**

Deleting a file involves removing its information from the list of files within its parent directory.

Deleting a directory requires recursively deleting all its contents (files and subdirectories), ensuring to handle non-empty directories properly.

#### Searching for Files by Name:

Searching for a file involves traversing the tree and looking for files with matching names within the specified directory and its subdirectories.

By implementing these functionalities, you can create a file system simulator that mimics the basic operations of a real file system. Additionally, you can extend the simulator with features like file permissions, file metadata, file copying/moving, and error handling to make it more robust and realistic.

# output

