

BHAVANA

03/05/2024

PROJECT 2:

Social Network Management System:

Data Structures: Graph (adjacency list) for user connections, linked list for user profiles.

Functionality:

Create user profiles (name, interests, etc.).

Add friends (connect users in the graph).

Search for users by name or interest.

Recommend friends based on mutual connections or interests.

Display a user's friend list and news feed (simulated data or integration with an external API).

Graph.h

```
#ifndef GRAPH_H //Header guard to prevent multiple inclusion
```

```
#define GRAPH_H //preprocessor directive the defines macro GRAPH_H
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <string.h>
```

```
//define constants for maximum user and friends
```

```
#define MAX_USERS 100
```

```
#define MAX_FRIENDS 100
```

```
//define the structure for a user profile
```

```
typedef struct {  
    char name[50];//name of the user  
    char interests[100];//Interests of the user  
} UserProfile;
```

```
//define the strucure for a friend node
```

```
typedef struct FriendNode {  
    int userId;//Id of the friend  
    struct FriendNode* next;//pointer to the next friend in the list  
} FriendNode;
```

```
//Define the structure for the social network
```

```
typedef struct {  
    int totalUsers;//total number of users in the network  
    UserProfile profiles[MAX_USERS];//Array to store user profiles  
    FriendNode* friends[MAX_USERS];//Array to store friend lists for each user  
} SocialNetwork;
```

```
//Function prototypes
```

```
FriendNode* createFriendNode(int userId);//Function to create a new friend  
node
```

```
SocialNetwork* createSocialNetwork();//function to create a new social  
network
```

```
void addUserProfile(SocialNetwork* network, char* name, char*  
interests);//Function to adddd a new user profile
```

```
void addFriend(SocialNetwork* network, char* userName1, char*  
userName2);//Function to add a friend connection
```

```
int findUserByName(SocialNetwork* network, char* name); //function to find a user by name
```

```
void recommendFriends(SocialNetwork* network, char* userName); //function to recommend friends for a user
```

```
void displayFriendList(SocialNetwork* network, char* userName); //function to display the friend list for a user
```

```
void displayNewsFeed(); //function to display the news feed
```

```
#endif /* GRAPH_H */ //end of the header guard
```

EXPLANATION:

Sure, here's a brief explanation of the provided code:

1. **Header Guard**: The `#ifndef`, `#define`, and `#endif` lines ensure that the content of the header file is included only once in each compilation unit, preventing multiple inclusions that could lead to compilation errors.
2. **Includes**: The necessary standard library headers `<stdio.h>`, `<stdlib.h>`, and `<string.h>` are included for standard I/O, memory allocation, and string manipulation functions, respectively.
3. **Constants**: Constants `MAX_USERS` and `MAX_FRIENDS` are defined to specify the maximum number of users and friends allowed in the social network.
4. **Structures**:
 - `UserProfile`: Represents a user profile with a name and interests.
 - `FriendNode`: Represents a node in a linked list of friends, containing the ID of the friend and a pointer to the next friend.

- ``SocialNetwork``: Contains the total number of users, an array of user profiles, and an array of friend lists for each user.

5. ****Function Prototypes****: Prototypes for various functions are declared, including functions for creating friend nodes, creating a social network, adding user profiles, adding friend connections, finding users by name, recommending friends, displaying friend lists, and displaying a news feed.

6. ****Function Definitions****: The function definitions are not included in the header file but should be implemented in a corresponding source file (``graph.c`` or similar). These functions would provide the actual functionality for managing the social network, such as creating nodes, adding users, adding friends, etc.

7. ****End of Header Guard****: Ensures the end of the header guard section.

Overall, this header file provides a framework for implementing a simple social network system in C, including user profiles, friend connections, and basic functionalities like adding users, adding friends, and recommending friends.

Graph.c:

```
#include "graph.h" // Including the header file for the Social Network  
Management System
```

```
FriendNode* createFriendNode(int userId) { // Function to create a new friend  
node for a given user ID
```

```
    FriendNode* node = (FriendNode*)malloc(sizeof(FriendNode)); //  
Allocating memory for the new friend node
```

```
    if (node == NULL) { // Checking if memory allocation failed
```

```
        printf("Memory allocation failed.\n"); // Printing an error message
```

```
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE); // Exiting the program with an error code
```

```
    }
```

```

node->userId = userId; // Setting the user ID for the new friend node
node->next = NULL; // Initializing the next pointer to NULL
return node; // Returning the newly created friend node
}

SocialNetwork* createSocialNetwork() { // Function to create a new social
network

    SocialNetwork* network = (SocialNetwork*)malloc(sizeof(SocialNetwork));
// Allocating memory for the new social network

    if (network == NULL) { // Checking if memory allocation failed

        printf("Memory allocation failed.\n"); // Printing an error message
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE); // Exiting the program with an error code
    }

    network->totalUsers = 0; // Initializing the total number of users to 0
    return network; // Returning the newly created social network
}

void addUserProfile(SocialNetwork* network, char* name, char* interests) { //
Function to add a new user profile to the social network

    if (network->totalUsers >= MAX_USERS) { // Checking if the maximum
user limit has been reached

        printf("Max user limit reached.\n"); // Printing a message indicating the
limit has been reached

        return; // Returning without adding the user profile
    }

    strcpy(network->profiles[network->totalUsers].name, name); // Copying the
name to the new user profile

    strcpy(network->profiles[network->totalUsers].interests, interests); //
Copying the interests to the new user profile

```

```
    network->friends[network->totalUsers] = NULL; // Initializing the friends
list for the new user profile to NULL
```

```
    network->totalUsers++; // Incrementing the total number of users in the
social network
```

```
}
```

```
int findUserByName(SocialNetwork* network, char* name) { // Function to
find a user in the social network by name
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < network->totalUsers; i++) { // Looping through all user
profiles in the network
```

```
        if (strcmp(network->profiles[i].name, name) == 0) { // Checking if the
name matches
```

```
            return i; // Returning the index of the user profile
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    return -1; // Returning -1 if the user was not found
```

```
}
```

```
void addFriend(SocialNetwork* network, char* userName1, char* userName2)
{ // Function to add a friend connection between two users
```

```
    int user1Index = findUserByName(network, userName1); // Finding the
index of the first user
```

```
    int user2Index = findUserByName(network, userName2); // Finding the
index of the second user
```

```
    if (user1Index == -1 || user2Index == -1) { // Checking if either user was not
found
```

```
        printf("User not found.\n"); // Printing an error message
```

```
        return; // Returning without adding the friend connection
```

```
    }
```

```
    FriendNode* friend1 = createFriendNode(user2Index); // Creating a new
friend node for the second user
```

```
    friend1->next = network->friends[user1Index]; // Adding the new friend
node to the list of friends for the first user
```

```
    network->friends[user1Index] = friend1; // Updating the list of friends for
the first user
```

```
    FriendNode* friend2 = createFriendNode(user1Index); // Creating a new
friend node for the first user
```

```
    friend2->next = network->friends[user2Index]; // Adding the new friend
node to the list of friends for the second user
```

```
    network->friends[user2Index] = friend2; // Updating the list of friends for
the second user
```

```
}
```

```
void recommendFriends(SocialNetwork* network, char* userName) { //
Function to recommend friends for a user
```

```
    int userIndex = findUserByName(network, userName); // Finding the index
of the user
```

```
    if (userIndex == -1) { // Checking if the user was not found
```

```
        printf("User not found.\n"); // Printing an error message
```

```
        return; // Returning without recommending friends
```

```
    }
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < network->totalUsers; i++) { // Looping through all user
profiles in the network
```

```
        if (i != userIndex) { // Checking if the user is not the same as the current
user
```

```
            FriendNode* current = network->friends[userIndex]; // Getting the list
of friends for the current user
```

```
            int isFriend = 0; // Flag to indicate if the current user is already a friend
```

```

while (current != NULL) { // Looping through the list of friends
    if (current->userId == i) { // Checking if the current user is already a
friend
        isFriend = 1; // Setting the flag to true
        break; // Exiting the loop
    }
    current = current->next; // Moving to the next friend in the list
}
if (!isFriend) { // Checking if the current user is not already a friend
    printf("Recommendation: %s\n", network->profiles[i].name); //
Printing the recommendation
}
}
}
}
}

```

```

void displayFriendList(SocialNetwork* network, char* userName) { //
Function to display the friend list for a user

    int userIndex = findUserByName(network, userName); // Finding the index
of the user

    if (userIndex == -1) { // Checking if the user was not found
        printf("User not found.\n"); // Printing an error message
        return; // Returning without displaying the friend list
    }

```

```

    FriendNode* current = network->friends[userIndex]; // Getting the list of
friends for the user

    printf("Friend List of %s:\n", userName); // Printing the heading for the
friend list

```



```

while (current != NULL) { // Looping through the list of friends
    printf("- %s\n", network->profiles[current->userId].name); // Printing the
name of each friend
    current = current->next; // Moving to the next friend in the list
}
}

```

```

void displayNewsFeed() { // Function to display the news feed (placeholder)
    // Placeholder for displaying news feed
    printf("Displaying news feed...\n");
}

```

EXPLANATION:

This code provides the implementation of functions declared in the `graph.h` header file for managing a social network. Here's a brief overview of each function:

1. `createFriendNode`: Allocates memory for a new friend node, initializes it with the given user ID, and returns a pointer to it.
2. `createSocialNetwork`: Allocates memory for a new social network, initializes the total number of users to 0, and returns a pointer to it.
3. `addUserProfile`: Adds a new user profile to the social network with the given name and interests. Checks if the maximum user limit has been reached before adding.
4. `findUserByName`: Searches for a user in the social network by name and returns their index if found, otherwise returns -1.

5. ``addFriend``: Adds a friend connection between two users specified by their names. It finds the indices of both users, creates friend nodes for each user, and adds them to each other's friend lists.

6. ``recommendFriends``: Recommends friends for a user specified by their name. It checks all other users in the network and recommends those who are not already friends with the user.

7. ``displayFriendList``: Displays the friend list for a user specified by their name. It finds the index of the user, traverses their friend list, and prints the names of their friends.

8. ``displayNewsFeed``: Placeholder function for displaying the news feed. Currently, it only prints a placeholder message.

These functions provide basic functionality for managing user profiles, friend connections, and interactions within the social network. They can be used as building blocks for developing more complex features and interactions in a social networking application.

Main.c:

```
#include "graph.h"//Including the header file for the graph.h
```

```
#include <time.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    clock_t start,end;
```

```
    double cpu_time_used;
```

```
    SocialNetwork* network = createSocialNetwork();//creating a new social network
```

```
//Measure the time taken by the addUserProfile function
start=clock();

// Adding user profiles
addUserProfile(network, "Seetha", "Art, Music");//Adding user profile for
seetha with interests
addUserProfile(network, "Ram", "Sports, Movies");//Adding user profile for
ram with interests
addUserProfile(network, "Charlie", "Technology, Reading");//Adding user
profile for Charlie with interests
addUserProfile(network, "Radha", "Gaming, Cooking");//Adding user profile
for Radha with interests
addUserProfile(network, "Raman", "Travel, Photography");//Adding user
profile for Raman with interests


// Adding friendships
addFriend(network, "Seetha", "Ram");//seetha become friends with ram
addFriend(network, "Seetha", "Charlie");//seetha become friends with charlie
addFriend(network, "Seetha", "Radha");//seetha become friends with radha
addFriend(network, "Seetha", "Raman");//seetha become friends with raman
addFriend(network, "Ram", "Charlie");//ram become friends with charlie
addFriend(network, "Ram", "Radha");//ram become friends with radha
addFriend(network, "Ram", "Raman");//ram become friends with raman
addFriend(network, "Charlie", "Radha");//charlie become friends with radha
addFriend(network, "Charlie", "Raman");//charlie become friends with raman
//addFriend(network, "Radha", "Raman");//radha become friends with raman


// Displaying friend list
```

```

displayFriendList(network, "Seetha");//displaying seetha's friend list
displayFriendList(network, "Ram");//displaying ram's friend list
displayFriendList(network, "Charlie");//displaying charlie friend list
displayFriendList(network, "Radha");//displaying radha freind list
displayFriendList(network, "Raman");//displaying raman friend list


// Recommending friends
recommendFriends(network, "Seetha");//recommending friends for seetha
recommendFriends(network, "Ram");//recommending friends for ram
recommendFriends(network, "Charlie");//recommending freinds for charlie
recommendFriends(network, "Radha");//recommending friends for radha
recommendFriends(network, "Raman");//recommending friends for raman


// More functionality testing...
end=clock();
cpu_time_used=((double)(end-start))/CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
printf("Total time taken %f seconds to excute.\n",cpu_time_used);


return 0;//Returning 0 to indicate successful execution.
}

```

EXPLANATION:

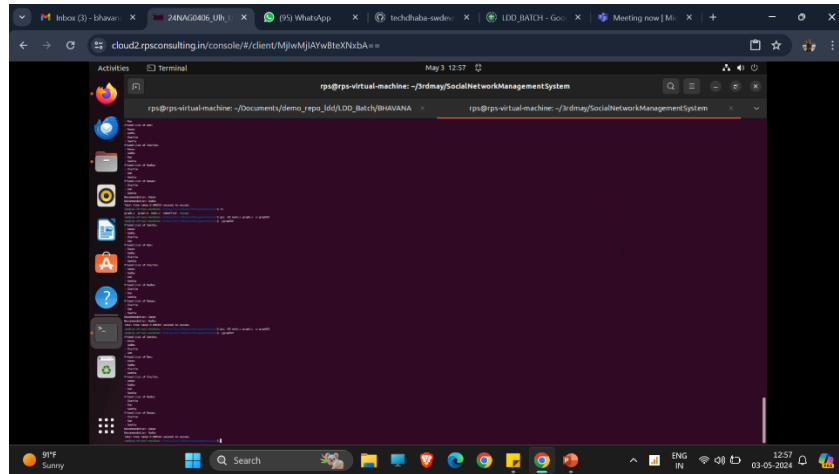
Your `main` function demonstrates the usage of the functions defined in your `graph.h` header file to create a social network, add user profiles, establish friendships between users, display friend lists, recommend friends, and measure the execution time of adding user profiles. Here's a breakdown of what your `main` function does:

1. It includes necessary headers (`graph.h` and `time.h`).
2. It defines a `main` function.
3. It creates a new social network using the `createSocialNetwork` function.
4. It adds user profiles for "Seetha," "Ram," "Charlie," "Radha," and "Raman" along with their interests using the `addUserProfile` function.
5. It establishes friendships between users using the `addFriend` function. For example, "Seetha" becomes friends with "Ram," "Charlie," "Radha," and "Raman," and so on.
6. It displays the friend lists of each user using the `displayFriendList` function.
7. It recommends friends for each user using the `recommendFriends` function.
8. It measures the execution time taken by the `addUserProfile` function using the `clock` function and prints the total time taken in seconds.
9. Finally, it returns 0 to indicate successful execution.

`main` function effectively tests the functionality of your social network management system by creating a network, adding users, establishing friendships, and performing other operations. The time measurement adds an extra dimension by assessing the performance of adding user profiles.

OUTPUT:

OPTIMIZING THE CODE USING COMMAND:



CREATING ANALYSIS AND COVERAGE REPORT:

