



Tuesdays at Robious Elementary School

4:00-5:00pm 1/10 - 2/14



### Introduction

- Introduce yourself
- Tell us 2 truths and a lie about yourself
- Instructors
- We'll go over what to expect during the class

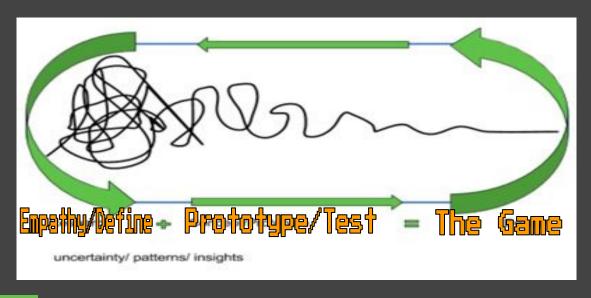


## Objectives

Collaborate with your classmates to design awesome games!

- We'll learn the Design Thinking process
  - A <u>user-centered</u> approach to design games

Along the way, we'll learn computer science!



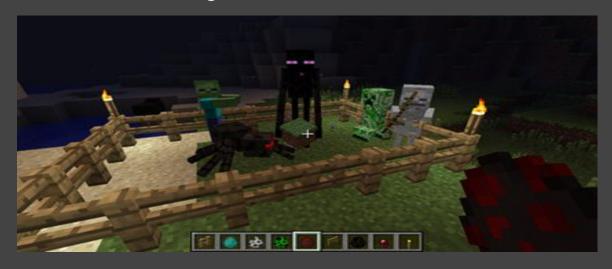
- Empathy: Be able to step in another person's shoes, and see what they see
- Define: Ask questions: What are the user's needs/wants? Issues? Likes/Dislikes?
  - > Brainstorm more than one solution to the user's issues
- Prototype: Design a game based on user feedback
- ❖ Test: Have your classmates test out your game and give you feedback
- « REPEAT!!!

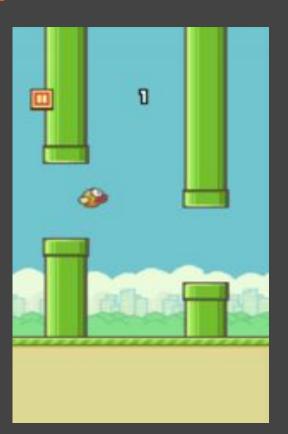
### Design Thinking | Empathy/Define

What is your favorite game to play?

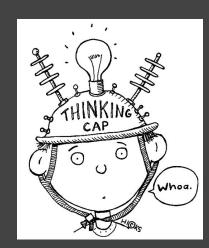
Why is this your favorite game?

What makes this game fun?





Keep those design thinking questions/answers in mind for when you start to create your games!



# Game Design What we'll use:

#### Game Building

- Hyperpad (Gamepress)
- Advanced level design
- Advanced characters
- Advanced game play and logic



#### Design Thinking

User-centered approach to solve problems and design

## Computer ScienceConcepts

Along the way we will learn fundamentals of coding

# Design Thinking Exercise



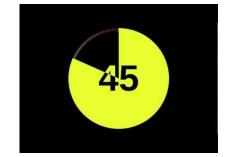
#### Let's Play

- Open the Hyperpad app
- Pick 1 game from "Projects"
  - > Play a total of 3 games.

- Play the game timed 4 minutes for each game.
- Jot down what you think about the games on your sheet

# Think about these things while you play:

- Good things
- Bad things
- What do you want in your game?
- What would you leave out of your game?



## Design your game!

- 1. Set the stage
  - a. Sketch a level-design of your game
  - b. Draw blocks
  - c. Draw obstacles (i.e. spikes, lava, etc.)
- 2. Game Story
  - a. Is there a background story for your protagonist?
  - b. Is there even a protagonist?
- 3. Keep in mind your design thinking statements

## Hyperpad Basics

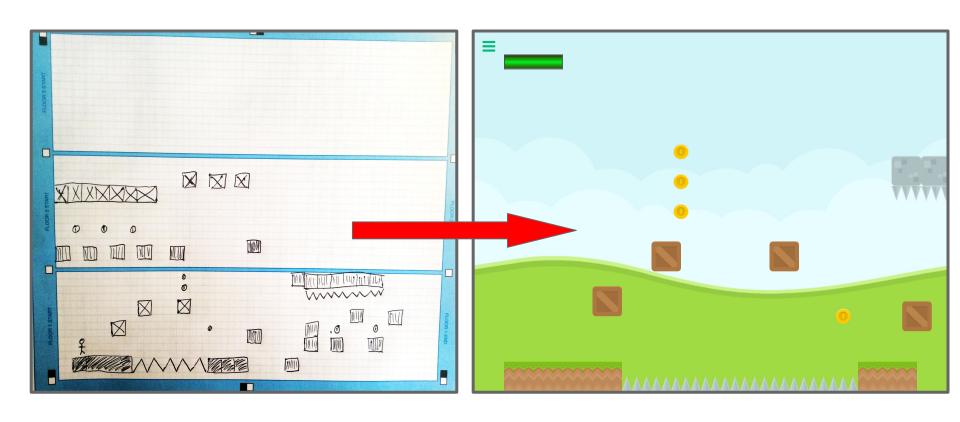
walk-through

#### \*\*\* NOTE \*\*\*

- Everything in Hyperpad is an object
  - > Just an object, with no properties... not for long!

- Your character will not automatically know that coins are good and spikes/ lava are bad
  - > YOU have to specify what the objects do!
  - > The objects will not do anything by themselves
  - > YOU are in control!

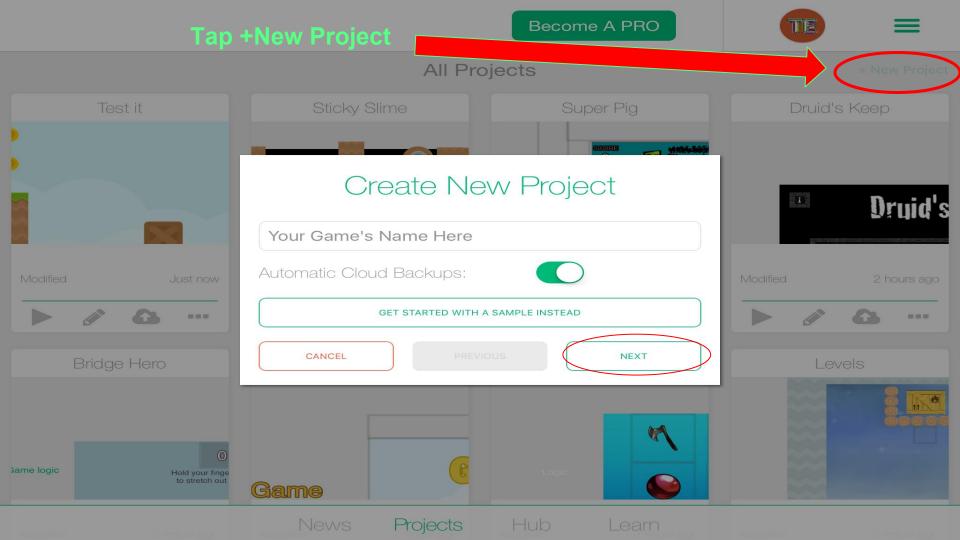
#### **Example: Paper sketch to Hyperpad**



## Design your game!

- 1. Transfer your drawing
  - a. Make a New Project in Hyperpad
  - **b.** Select Side-View
  - Make your drawing of level-design come to life by placing your blocks and obstacles on the Hyperpad game surface

# Create a New Project







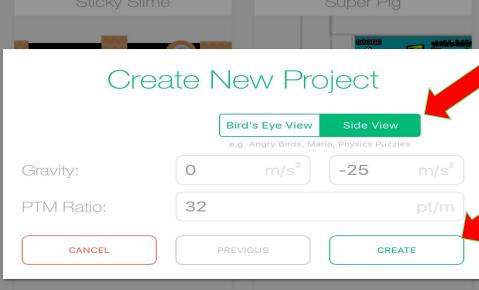


Druid's

#### Make sure Side Viëw is selected then hit







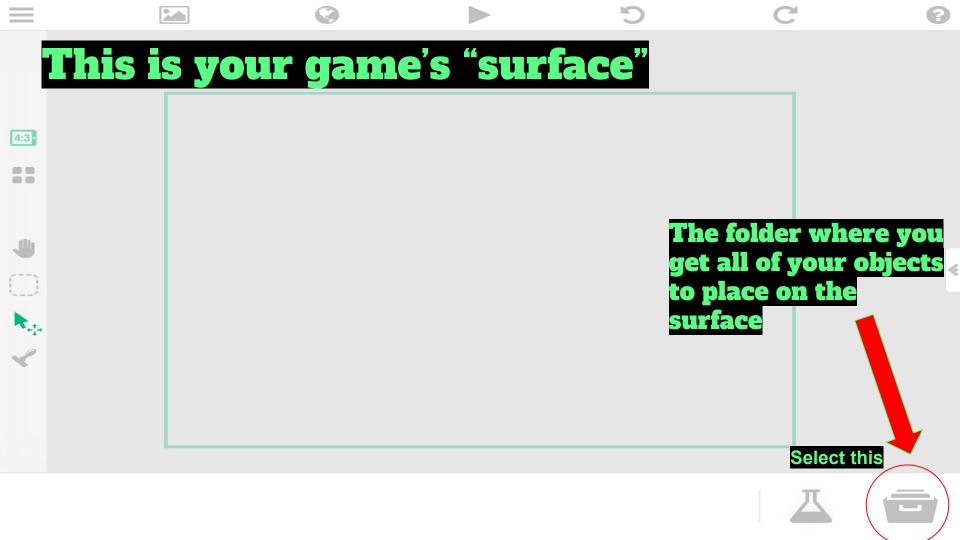


News

Projects

Hub

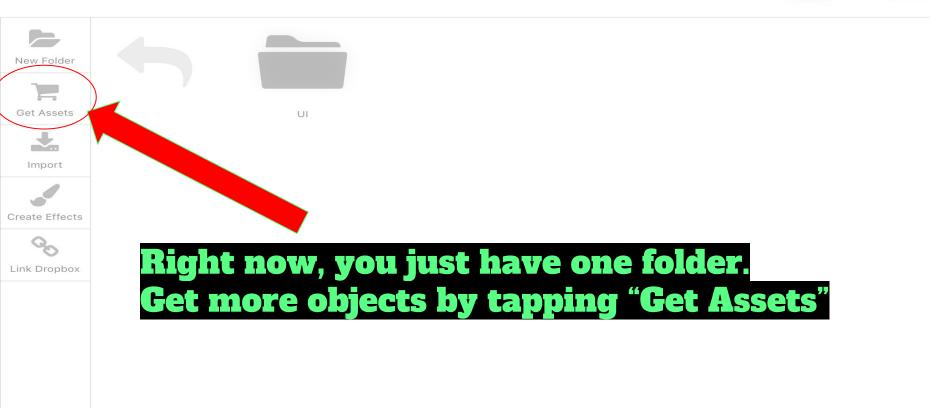
earn



# How to get more objects



















- Start off by selecting the <u>"Platformer</u>
   <u>Starter Kit"</u> --then tap "Get"
- You can always come back here and get more stuff

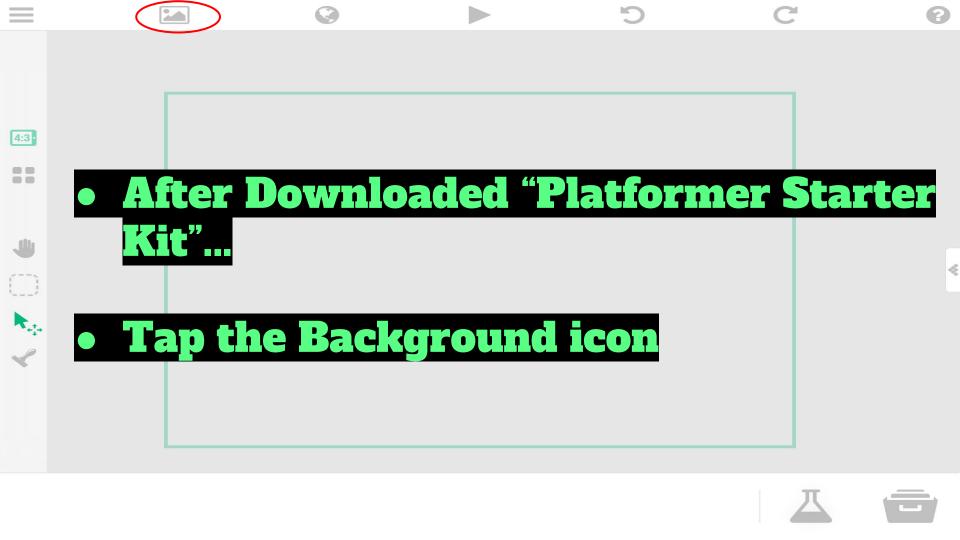


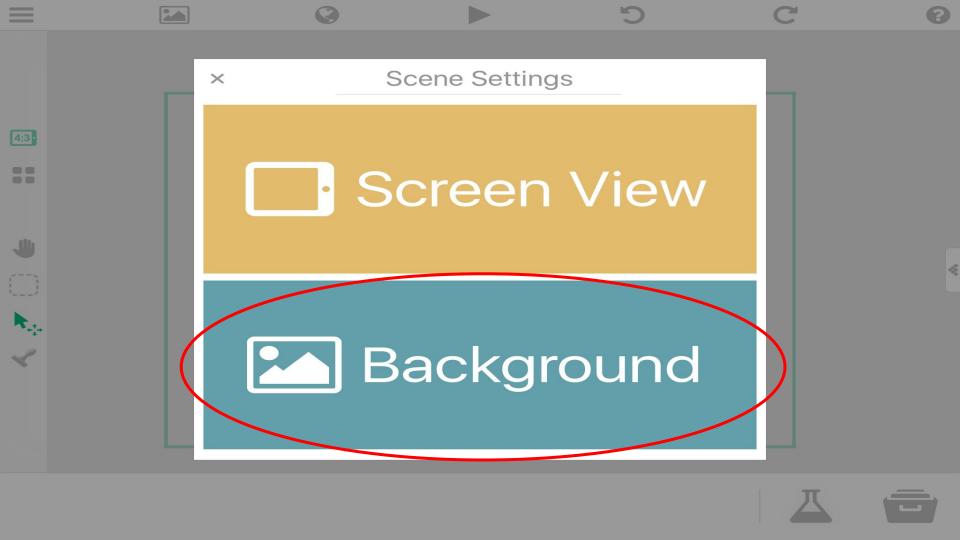


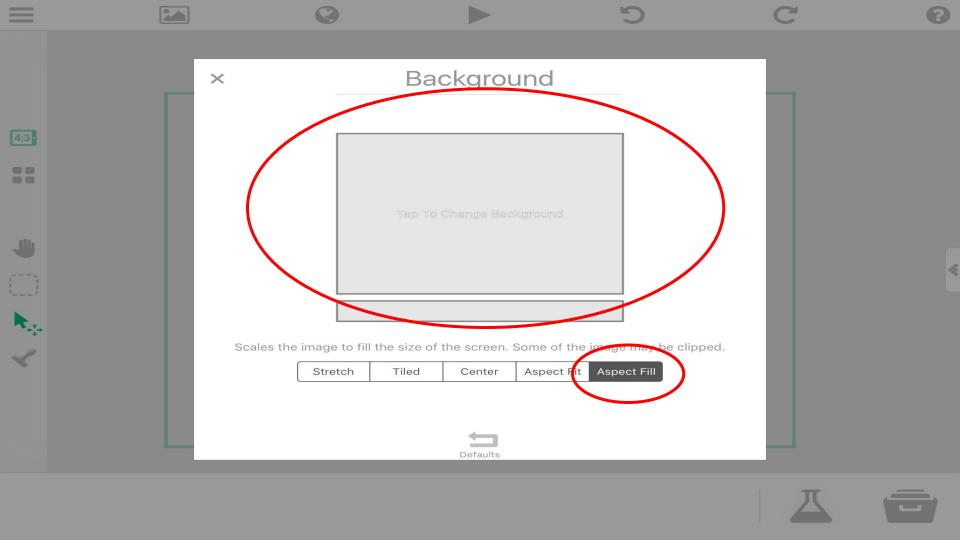




# Choosing a Background

























Select, Downloads and choose what background you want under the "Backgrounds" folder

# Level-Design

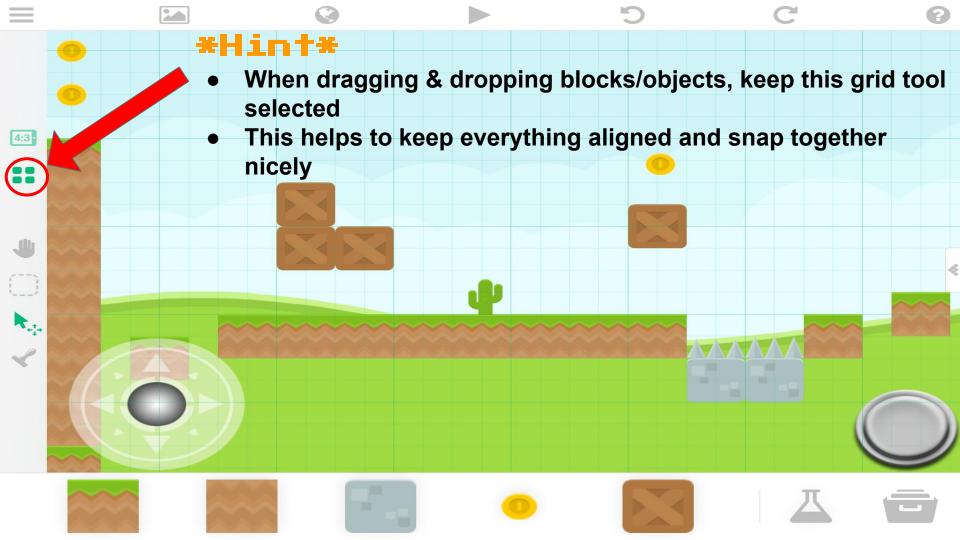
Placing objects on your game's surface

#### Level-Design

Design your level by dragging and dropping object blocks (Grass Blocks, etc.) on the surface of your game

You can start putting coins and obstacles

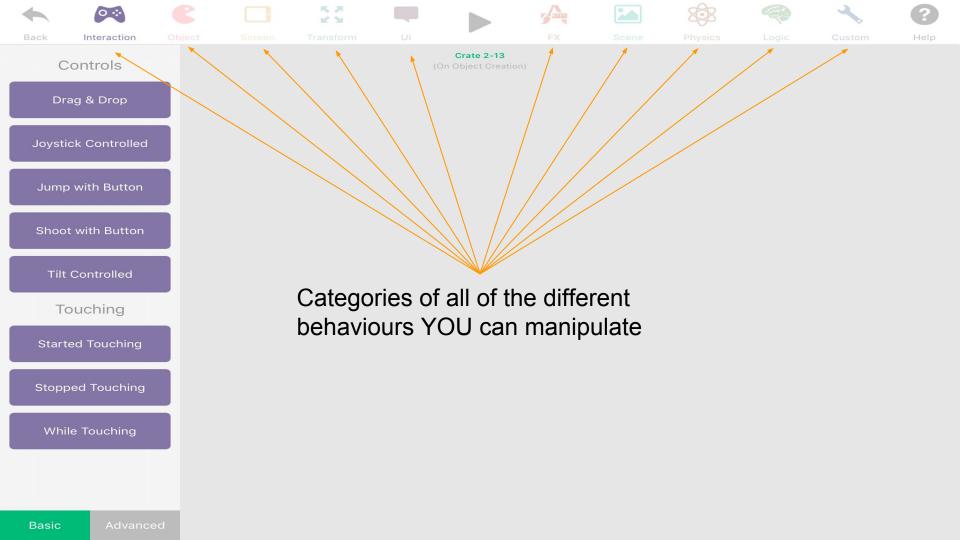
Think about creating secret paths or traps

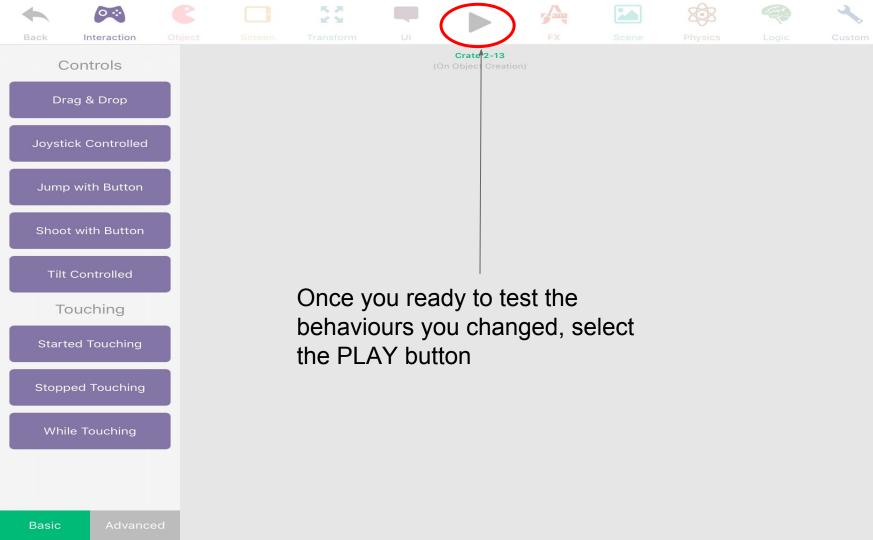


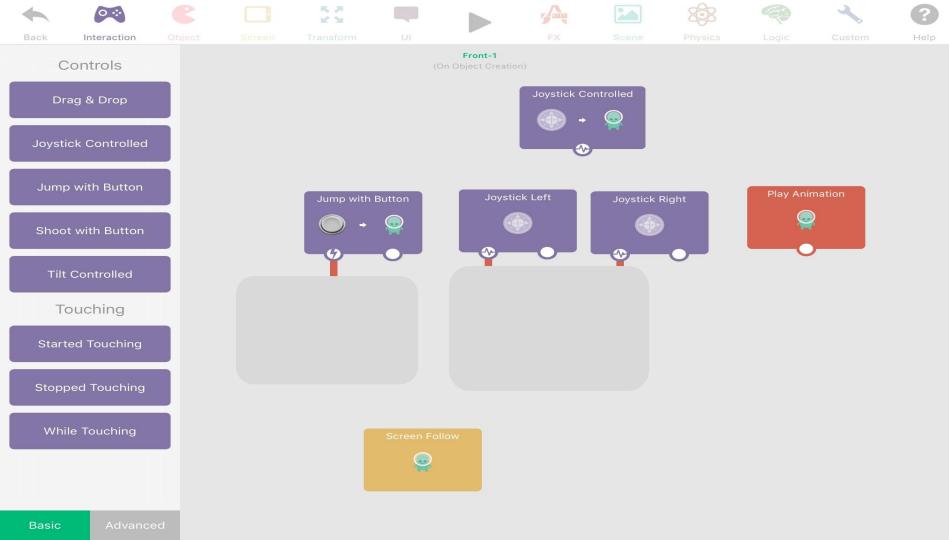
## Making Your Character Move

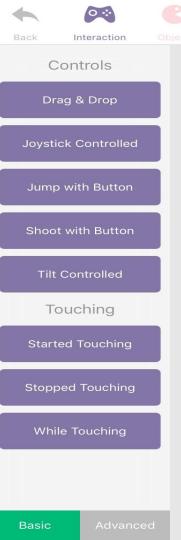
Changing the Behaviours

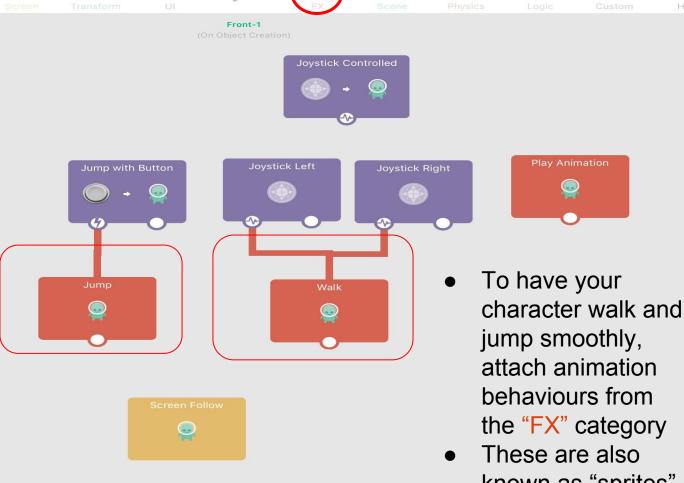
















Play Animation



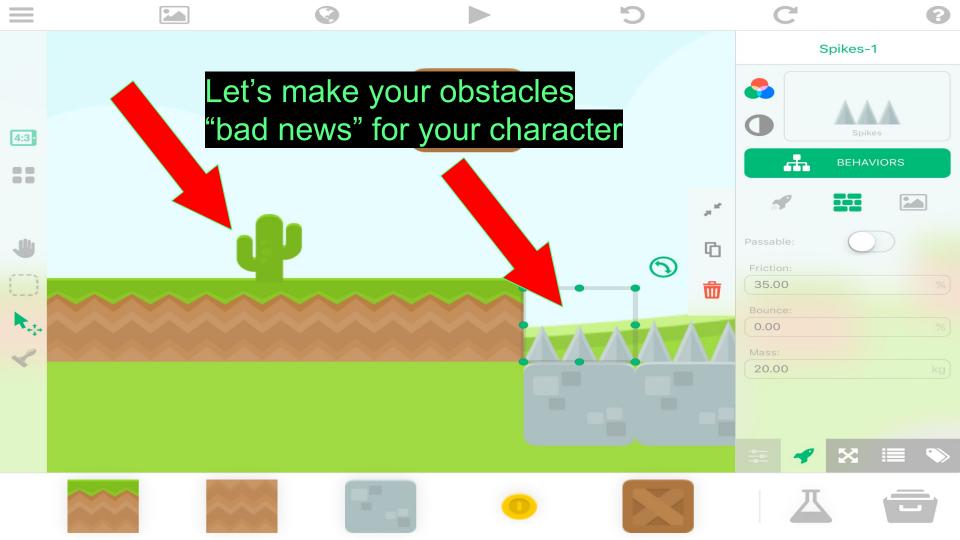


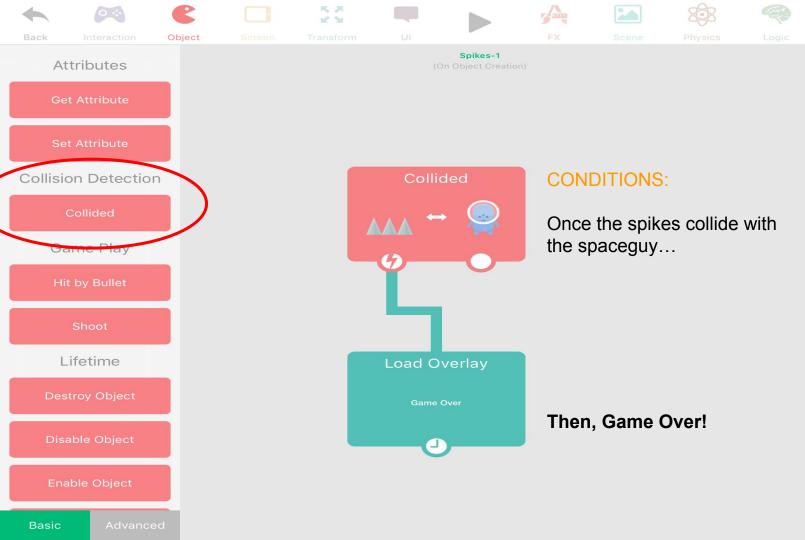


the "FX" category These are also known as "sprites"

### Obstacle Behavior

Changing the Behaviours to make objects behave like obstacles





### Collectable Behaviors

Changing the Behaviours of objects so the main character 'collects' them

#### Collectables Behaviours

- Setting up the behaviours for collectibles, like coins, gems, keys etc. is similar to obstacle behaviour
  - > First, there is a collided behaviour
  - > Second, something happens after that
    - For example,
      - When a character collides with a coin, the coin disappears
      - You can even add that to your character's score

#### Don't Reinvent the Wheel!!!

- When you run into a problem, think about if you have seen a similar problem before
- What did you do then?

### Enemy Behaviors

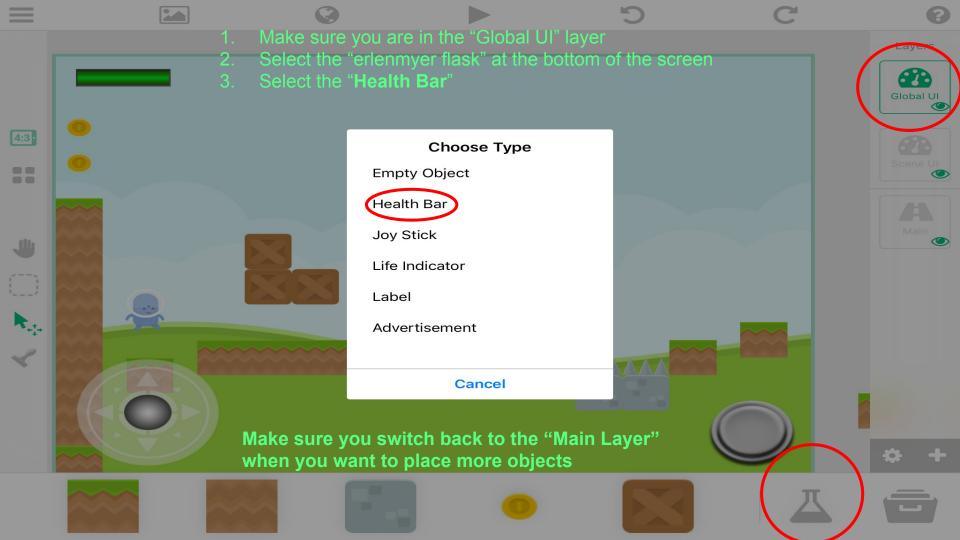
Changing the Behaviours of more objects

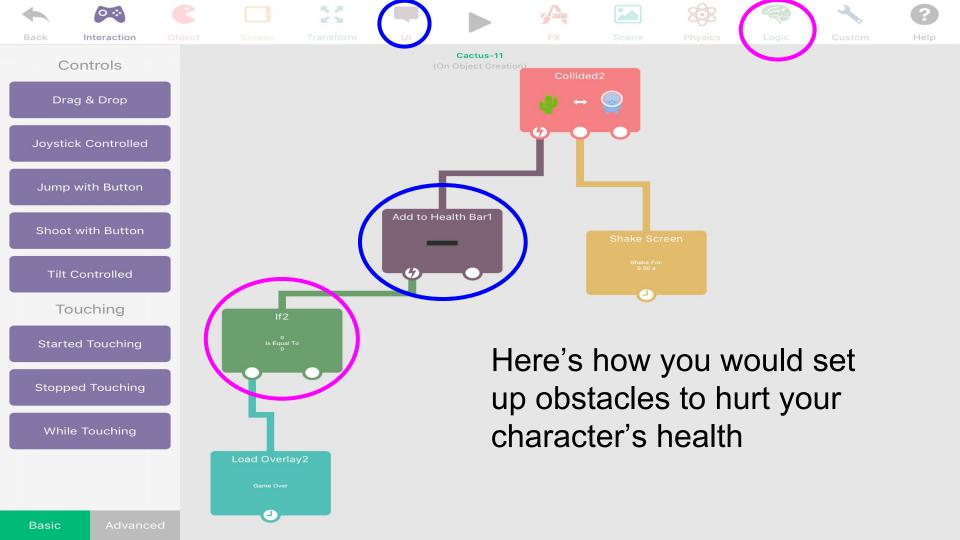
#### **Enemy Behaviours**

- Again, setting up the behaviours for enemies is similar to those for coins and obstacles
  - > The main differences:
    - You can have the enemy move ("patrol")
    - Once you collide with the enemy, your health bar can go down or it can be game over

## Health Bar

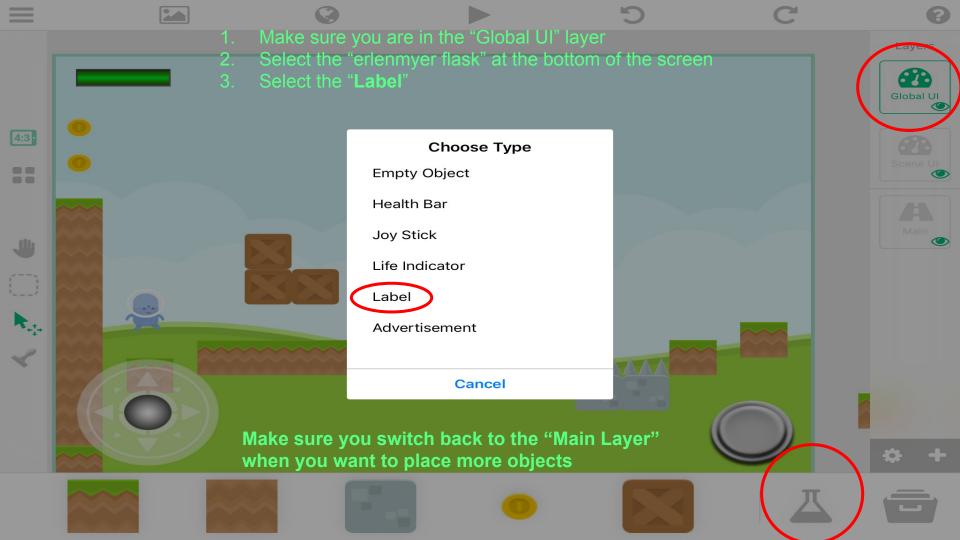
Creating a working health bar for main character





# Adding Points

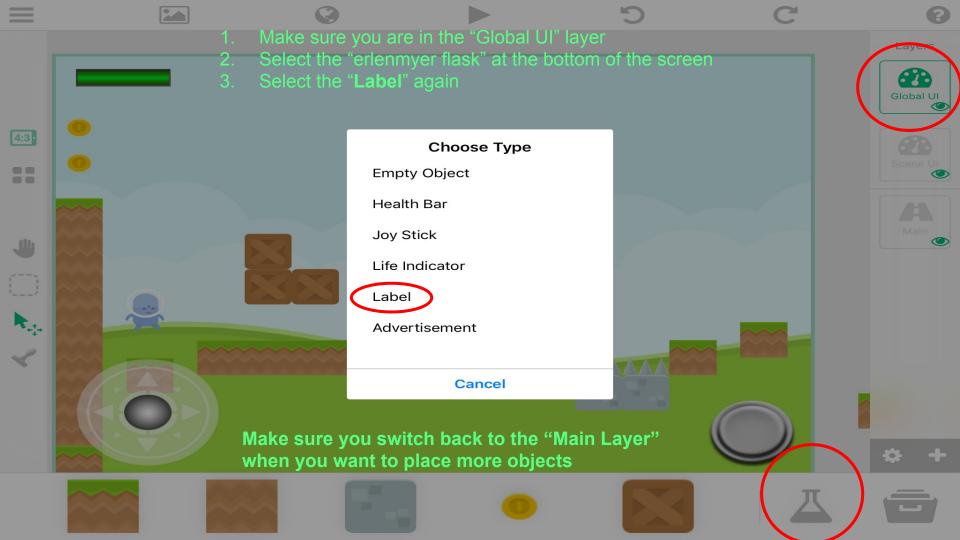
Get points for collecting coins (and other collectibles)

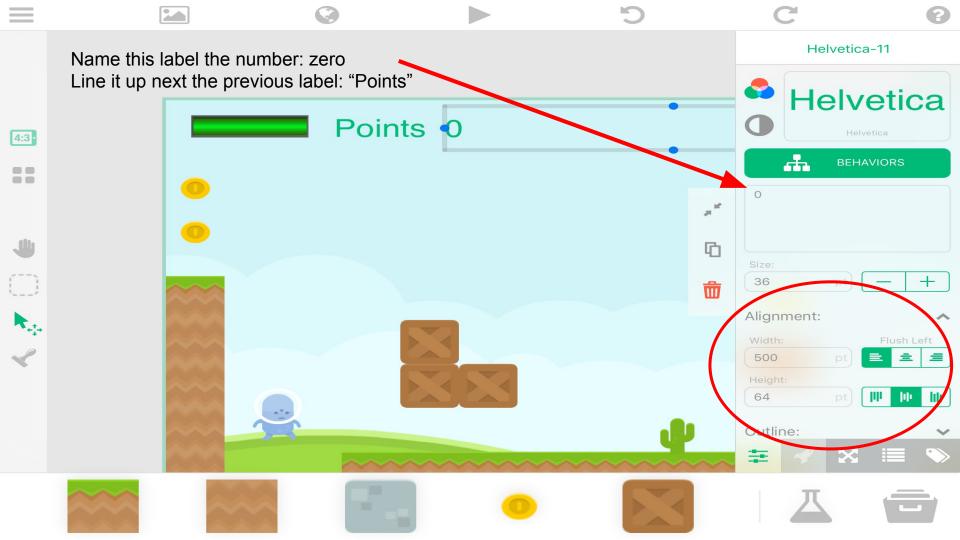




# Then, Repeat

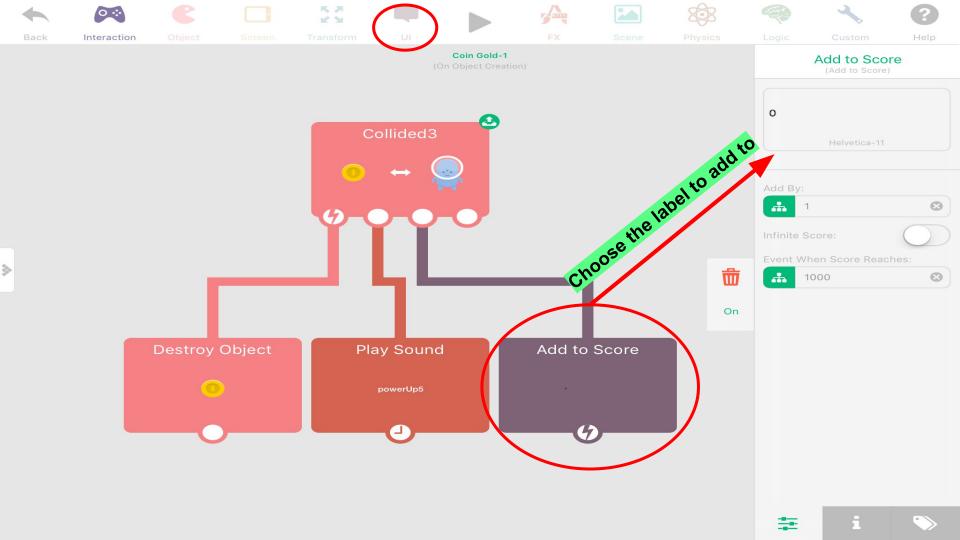
- Make One more Label
- This is the label that will change each time you collect things

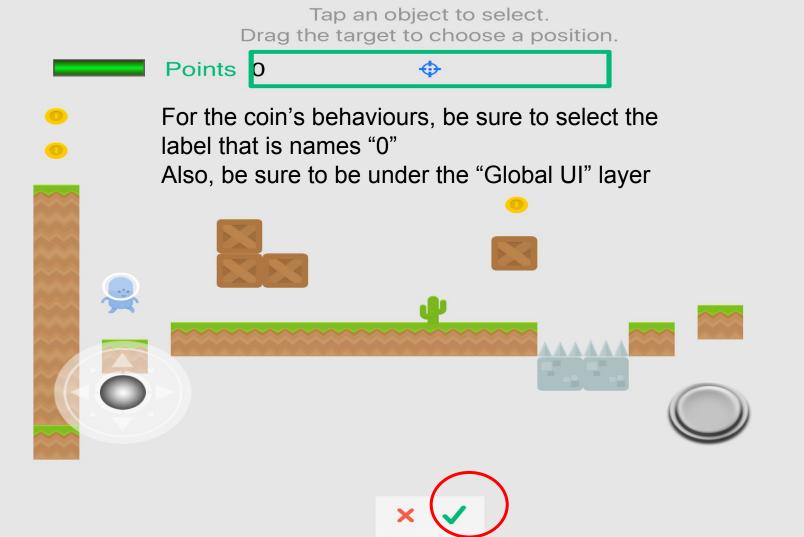




### Making the Points Label Add

Get points for collecting coins (and other collectibles)





Layers









## Now Test it out!

You will now see your points add up when you collide with coins



#### Design Thinking Interview

