HCI:THEORIES

HCI COMP341
Theories, Principles & Guidelines



REVIEW

- Goals of System Engineering
- Goals of UI Design
- Motivating Factor and Application Area
- Diversity Issues
- Major Goals of UI Engineering

OVERVIEW

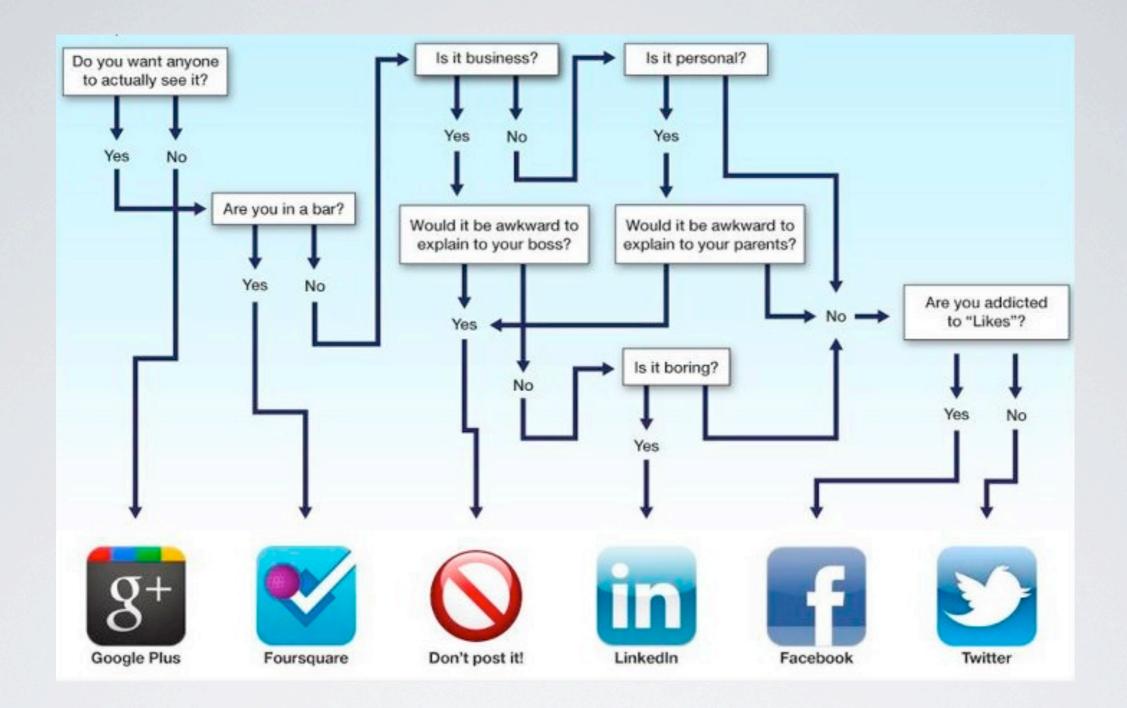
- High Level theories (GOMS, Stage of actions etc.)
- Object Action Interface Model
- Principles
- · Balance Automation and Human Control.

ASSIGNMENT



BOOKS

do they have to be boring?



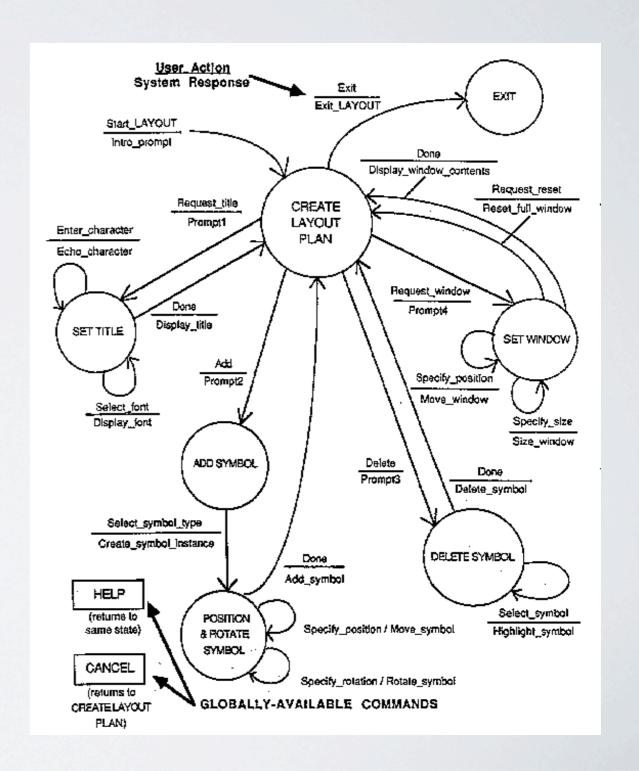
INTRODUCTION

Think, Plan and Work

HIGH LEVELTHEORIES

CONCEPTUAL - LEXICAL

- Conceptual Level
- Semantic Level
- Syntactic Level
- Lexical Level



GOMS & KEYSTROKE

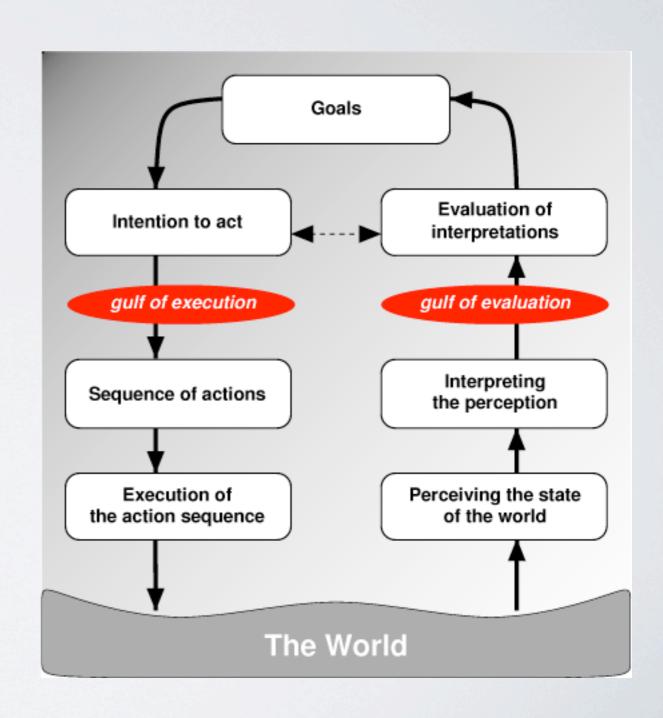
Method for goal: Cut text

- Goals
- Operators
- Methods
- Selection Rules
- Keystroke level model

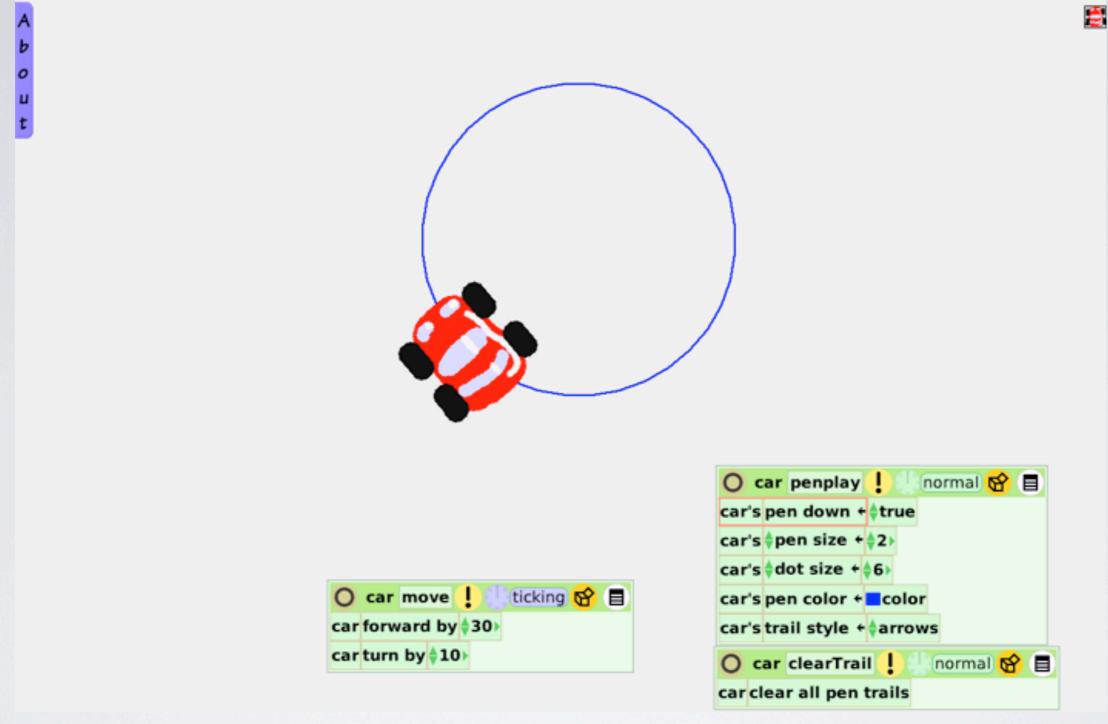
```
Step 1. Accomplish goal: Highlight text.
  Step 2. Return that the command is CUT, and
             accomplish goal: Issue a command.
  Step 3. Return with goal accomplished.
Selection rule set for goal: Highlight text
 If text-is word, then accomplish goal: Highlight word.
 If text-is arbitrary, then accomplish goal: Highlight
arbitrary text.
 Return with goal accomplished.
Method for goal: Highlight arbitrary text
  Step 1. Determine position of beginning of text (1.20 sec)
  Step 2. Move cursor to beginning of text
                                                    (1.10 \text{ sec})
  Step 3. Click mouse button.
                                               (0.20 \text{ sec})
  Step 4. Move cursor to end of text.
                                               (1.10 \text{ sec})
  Step 5. Shift-click mouse button.
                                               (0.48 \text{ sec})
  Step 6. Verify that correct text is highlighted (1.20 sec)
  Step 7. Return with goal accomplished.
```

STAGES OF ACTION

- Forming the Goal
- Forming the Intention
- Specifying the Action
- Executing the Action
- Perceiving System state
- Interpreting System State
- Evaluating the Outcome



OBJECT-ACTION INTERFACE



OBJECT AND ACTIONS

Task and Interface of Object and Action, disappearing syntax

PRINCIPLES

PRINCIPLE I: RECOGNIZETHE DIVERSITY

- Usage Profiles
 - Novice
 - Knowledgeable
 - Expert
- Task Profiles
 - Frequent
 - Intermediate and Infrequent
- Interaction Styles
 - Direct Manipulation
 - Form Filling
 - Command Line



DIRECT MANIPULATION

example of surgical table

PRINCIPLE II: 8 GOLDEN RULES

- Strive for Consistency
- Enable frequent users to use shortcuts
- Offer informative feedback
- Design dialogues to yield closure

- Offer error prevention and simple error handling
- Permit easy reversal of action
- Support internal locus of control
- Reduce short term memory load

Shneiderman's Eight

Golden Rules of

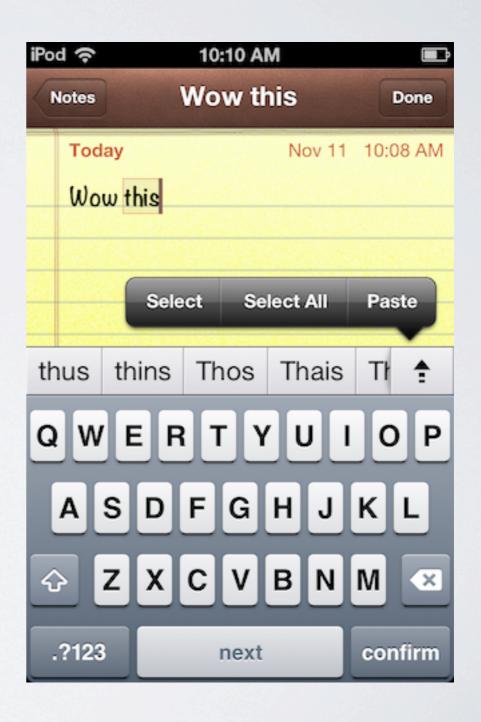
Interface Design

8RULES

A showcase of Ben's 8 rule

PRINCIPLE III: PREVENT ERRORS

- Correct Matching Pairs
- Complete Sequences
- Correct Commands



INTERACTIVE BOOKS

The Fantastic Flying Books of Mr Morris Lessmore

MANYTHANKS