

```
// Public Interface Header file for the ADT queue.
```

```
typedef desired-type-of-queue-item queueItemType;
```

```
class queueClass
```

```
{
```

```
public:
```

```
    queueClass(); // default constructor
```

```
    queueClass(const queueClass& Q); // copy constructor
```

```
    ~queueClass(); // destructor
```

```
    bool QueueIsEmpty() const;
```

```
    // Determines whether a queue is empty.
```

```
    // Precondition: None.
```

```
    // Postcondition: Returns true if the queue is empty;
```

```
    // otherwise returns false.
```

```
    void QueueInsert(queueItemType NewItem, bool& Success);
```

```
    // Inserts an item at the back of a queue.
```

```
    // Precondition: NewItem is the item to be inserted.
```

```
    // Postcondition: If insertion was successful, NewItem
```

```
    // is at the back of the queue and Success is true;
```

```
    // otherwise Success is false.
```

```
    void QueueDelete(bool& Success);
```

```
    // Deletes the front of a queue.
```

```
    // Precondition: None.
```

```
    // Postcondition: If the queue was not empty, the item
```

```
    // that was added to the queue earliest is deleted and
```

```
    // Success is true. However, if the queue was empty,
```

```
    // deletion is impossible and Success is false.
```

```
    void QueueDelete(queueItemType& QueueFront, bool& Success);
```

```
    // Retrieves and deletes the front of a queue.
```

```
    // Precondition: None.
```

```
    // Postcondition: If the queue was not empty, QueueFront
```

```
    // contains the item that was added to the queue
```

```
    // earliest, the item is deleted, and Success is true.
```

```
    // However, if the queue was empty, deletion is
```

```
    // impossible and Success is false.
```

```
    void GetQueueFront(queueItemType& QueueFront,
```

```
                      bool& Success) const;
```

```
    // Retrieves the item at the front of a queue.
```

```
    // Precondition: None.
```

```
    // Postcondition: If the queue was not empty, QueueFront
```

```
    // contains the item that was added to the queue earliest
```

```
    // and Success is true. However, if the queue was empty,
```

```
    // the operation fails, QueueFront is unchanged, and
```

```
    // Success is false. The queue is unchanged.
```

```
private:
```

```

// *****
// Header file QueueL.h for the ADT queue.
// ADT list implementation.
// *****

#include "ListP.h" // ADT list operations

typedef listItemType queueItemType;

class queueClass
{
public:
// constructors and destructor:
    queueClass(); // default constructor
    queueClass(const queueClass& Q); // copy constructor
    ~queueClass(); // destructor

// queue operations:
    bool QueueIsEmpty() const;

    void QueueInsert(queueItemType NewItem, bool& Success);

    void QueueDelete(bool& Success);

    void QueueDelete(queueItemType& QueueFront,
                     bool& Success);

    void GetQueueFront(queueItemType& QueueFront,
                      bool& Success) const;

private:

    // list of queue items
    listClass L;
};

```

```

// *****
// Implementation file QueueL.cpp for the ADT queue.
// ADT list implementation.
// *****

#include "QueueL.h" // header file

queueClass::queueClass()
{
    // end default constructor

queueClass::queueClass(const queueClass& Q): L(Q.L)
{
    // end copy constructor

queueClass::~~queueClass()
{
    // end destructor

bool queueClass::QueueIsEmpty() const
{
    return bool(L.ListLength() == 0);
}

void queueClass::QueueInsert(queueItemType NewItem,
                             bool& Success)
{
    L.ListInsert(L.ListLength()+1, NewItem, Success);
}

void queueClass::QueueDelete(bool& Success)
{
    L.ListDelete(1, Success);
}

void queueClass::QueueDelete(queueItemType& QueueFront,
                             bool& Success)
{
    L.ListRetrieve(1, QueueFront, Success);
    if (Success)
        L.ListDelete(1, Success);
}

void queueClass::GetQueueFront(queueItemType& QueueFront,
                               bool& Success) const
{
    L.ListRetrieve(1, QueueFront, Success);
}

```

```

// *****
// Header file QueueP.h for the ADT queue.
// Pointer-based implementation.
// *****

typedef desired-type-of-queue-item queueItemType;

struct queueNode;           // defined in implementation file
typedef queueNode* ptrNode; // pointer to node

class queueClass
{
public:
// constructors and destructor:
    queueClass();           // default constructor
    queueClass(const queueClass& Q); // copy constructor
    ~queueClass();          // destructor

// queue operations:
    bool QueueIsEmpty() const;

    void QueueInsert(queueItemType NewItem, bool& Success);

    void QueueDelete(bool& Success);

    void QueueDelete(queueItemType& QueueFront,
                     bool& Success);

    void GetQueueFront(queueItemType& QueueFront,
                      bool& Success) const;

private:

    // points to last item in the queue
    ptrNode BackPtr;

};

```

```

// *****
// Implementation file QueueP.cpp for the ADT queue.
// Pointer-based implementation.
// *****
#include <stddef.h> // for NULL

#include "QueueP.h" // header file

// The queue is implemented as a circular linked list
// with one external pointer to the back of the queue.

struct queueNode
{
    queueItemType Item;
    ptrNode       Next;
};

queueClass::queueClass() : BackPtr(NULL) // default constr
{
}

queueClass::queueClass(const queueClass& Q) // copy constructor
{
    // Implementation left as an exercise (Exercise 7.4).
    // Similar to StackP example
}

queueClass::~~queueClass() // destructor
{
    bool Success;

    while (!QueueIsEmpty())
        QueueDelete(Success);
}

bool queueClass::QueueIsEmpty() const
{
    return bool(BackPtr == NULL);
}

void queueClass::GetQueueFront(queueItemType& QueueFront,
                               bool& Success) const
{
    Success = bool(!QueueIsEmpty());

    if (Success)
    {
        QueueFront = (BackPtr->Next)->Item;
    }
}

```

```

void queueClass::QueueInsert(queueItemType NewItem,
                             bool& Success)
{
    // create a new node
    ptrNode NewPtr = new queueNode;

    Success = bool(NewPtr != NULL); // check allocation
    if (Success)
    {
        // set data portion of new node
        NewPtr->Item = NewItem;

        // insert the new node
        if (QueueIsEmpty()) // insertion into empty queue
        {
            NewPtr->Next = NewPtr; // link to itself
        }
        else // insertion into nonempty queue
        {
            NewPtr->Next = BackPtr->Next; // link to back
            BackPtr->Next = NewPtr;
        }

        BackPtr = NewPtr; // new node is at back
    }
}

```

```

void queueClass::QueueDelete(bool& Success)
{
    Success = bool(!QueueIsEmpty());

    if (Success)
    {
        // queue is not empty; remove front
        ptrNode FrontPtr = BackPtr->Next;

        if (FrontPtr == BackPtr)    // special case?
            BackPtr = NULL;        // yes, one node in queue
        else
            BackPtr->Next = FrontPtr->Next;

        FrontPtr->Next = NULL;    // defensive strategy
        delete FrontPtr;
    }
}

```

```

void queueClass::QueueDelete(queueItemType& QueueFront,
                             bool& Success)
{
    Success = bool(!QueueIsEmpty());

    if (Success)
    {
        // queue is not empty; retrieve front
        ptrNode FrontPtr = BackPtr->Next;
        QueueFront = FrontPtr->Item;

        QueueDelete(Success);    // delete front
    }
}

```

```

// *****
// Header file QueueA.h for the ADT queue.
// Array-based implementation.
// *****

const int MAX_QUEUE = maximum-size-of-queue;

typedef desired-type-of-queue-item queueItemType;

class queueClass
{
public:
// constructors and destructor:

    queueClass(); // default constructor

    // copy constructor and destructor are
    // supplied by the compiler

// queue operations:
    bool QueueIsEmpty() const;

    void QueueInsert(queueItemType NewItem, bool& Success);

    void QueueDelete(bool& Success);

    void QueueDelete(queueItemType& QueueFront,
                     bool& Success);

    void GetQueueFront(queueItemType& QueueFront,
                       bool& Success) const;

private:

    queueItemType Items[MAX_QUEUE];

    int          Front;
    int          Back;

    int          Count;

};

```



```

// *****
// Implementation file QueueA.cpp for the ADT queue.
//
// Circular array-based implementation.
//
// The array has indexes to the front and back of the queue.
// A counter tracks the number of items currently in the queue.
// *****

#include "QueueA.h" // header file

queueClass::queueClass(): // default constructor
    Front(0), Back(MAX_QUEUE-1), Count(0)
{
}

bool queueClass::QueueIsEmpty() const
{
    return bool(Count == 0);
}

void queueClass::GetQueueFront(queueItemType& QueueFront,
                                bool& Success) const
{
    Success = bool(!QueueIsEmpty());

    if (Success)
        QueueFront = Items[Front];
}

void queueClass::QueueInsert(queueItemType NewItem,
                              bool& Success)
{
    Success = bool(Count < MAX_QUEUE);

    if (Success)
    {
        Back = (Back+1) % MAX_QUEUE;
        Items[Back] = NewItem;

        ++Count;
    }
}

```

```

void queueClass::QueueDelete(bool& Success)
{
    Success = bool(!QueueIsEmpty());

    if (Success)
    {
        Front = (Front+1) % MAX_QUEUE;

        --Count;
    }
}

```

```

void queueClass::QueueDelete(queueItemType& QueueFront,
                             bool& Success)
{
    Success = bool(!QueueIsEmpty());

    if (Success)
    {
        QueueFront = Items[Front];
        Front = (Front+1) % MAX_QUEUE;

        --Count;
    }
}

```