

# THE CODE CRAFT THING FOR THE INTERNET OF THINGS THING



HOW TEST-DRIVEN DEVELOPMENT AND DESIGN HELPS MAKE  
EMBEDDED AND IOT DEVELOPMENT SAFER + BETTER FOR USERS, AND  
A HAPPIER EXPERIENCE FOR DEVELOPERS

**Mike Ritchie | @13coders | [mike@13coders.com](mailto:mike@13coders.com)**

**Analytics**

**Web**

**Mobile**

**Big Data**

**Messaging**

**Services**

**Devices : The "Things"**

**Connectivity**

Analytics

Web

Mobile

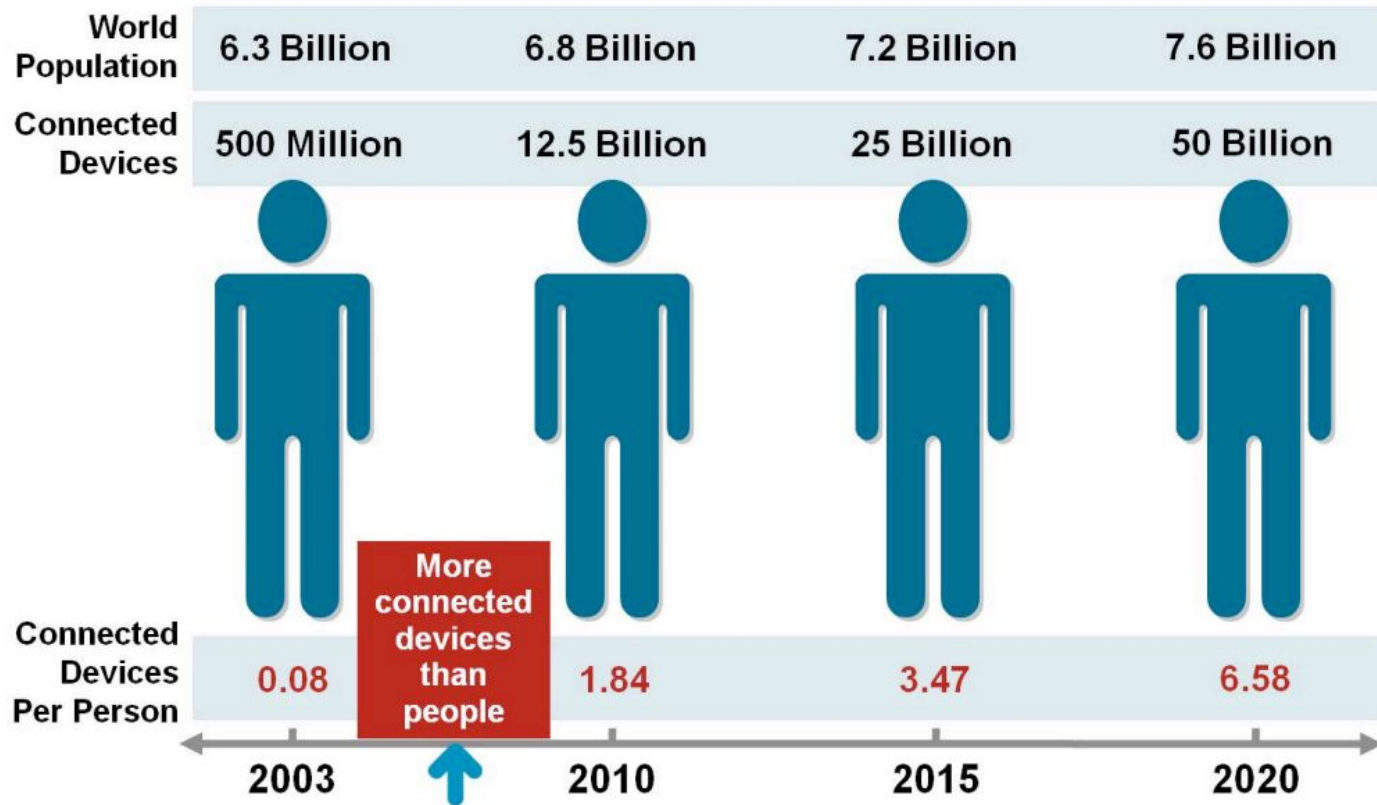
Big Data

Messaging

Services

**Devices : The "Things"**

Connectivity



Source: Cisco IBSG, April 2011

PROFESSIONAL HEALTHCARE, TRANSPORT, SMART HOME, CONNECTED CAR, FITNESS, WEARABLES, INDUSTRIAL ROBOTICS, MILITARY...

# SYSTEMS DEFINED BY SOFTWARE : THE UBIQUITOUS CHIP

- A LONG-ESTABLISHED TREND
- FLEXIBILITY IN PRODUCT DESIGN
- OFTEN LICENSED CORES
- SPECIALISED FOR APPLICATIONS
- EVERYWHERE. EVERY. WHERE.



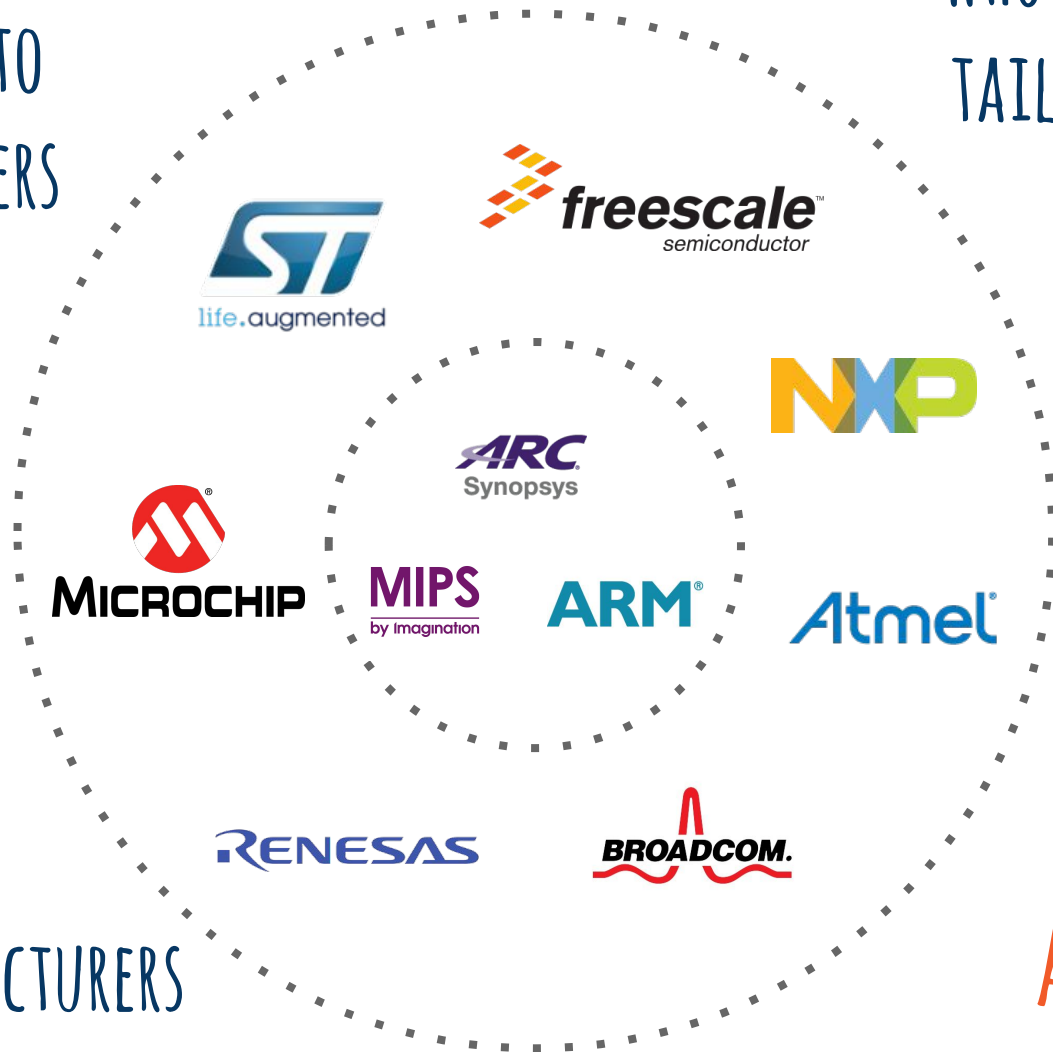
# A RELATIVELY SMALL NUMBER OF COMPANIES DESIGN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY FOR CHIP CORES



THEY OFTEN DON'T MANUFACTURE  
SILICON THEMSELVES (ARM, AS THE  
MOST NOTABLE EXAMPLE)

CORE DESIGN IP IS  
LICENSED ON TO  
MANUFACTURERS  
AND OEMS

WHO PRODUCE DEVICES  
TAILORED TO SPECIFIC  
MARKETS



SOME MANUFACTURERS  
LICENSE MULTIPLE CORE IPS

ACQUISITION  
HAPPENS A LOT

# PERVASIVE CONNECTIVITY, CLOUD BACK-ENDS



**4G**





# IN-SITU UPGRADEABLE DEVICES



YAY FOR LIGHT  
BULB UPDATES!

## Firmware updates

Update the software in your LIFX bulbs to unlock our latest features and improvements. Find out [what's new](#).

Images and words from lifx.com, their copyright



Emily G

@EmilyGorcenski



Follow

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RETWEETS 58 LIKES 57



3:18 p.m. - 26 Jan 2016



<https://twitter.com/EmilyGorcenski/status/692003645437677568>



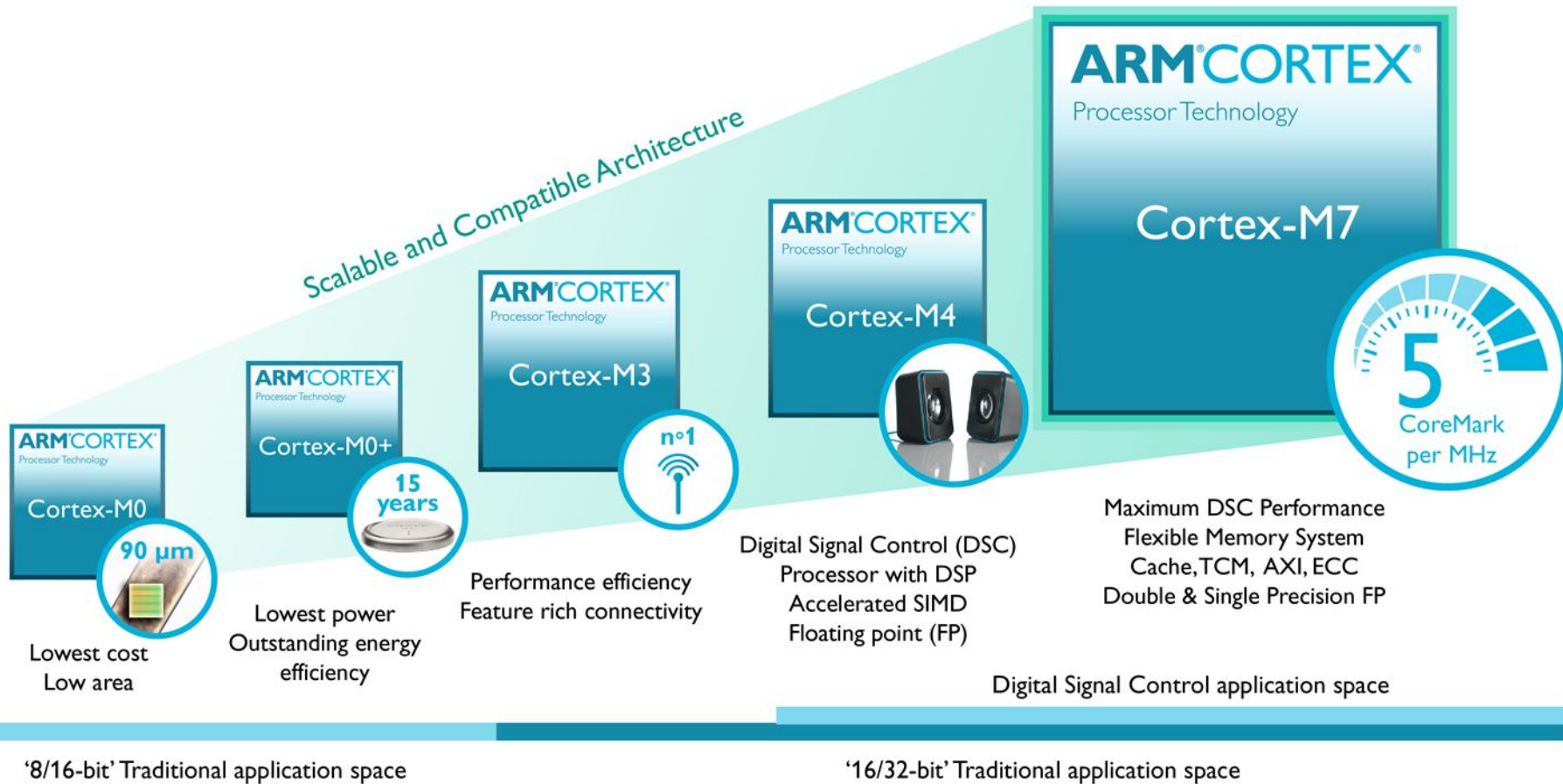
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# CHECKPOINT #1

ARE WE COOL WITH THIS SO FAR?

- SOFTWARE-DEFINED SYSTEM BEHAVIOUR +  
CONNECTIVITY ENABLES PRODUCT EVOLUTION
- WE NEED CODE WE CAN LIVE WITH

# MCU EXAMPLE : ARM CORTEX "M" FAMILY



## System

Power/Voltage Reg

Oscillators and PLL

Watchdog Timers

GPIO

RTC

ARM Cortex M4 CPU  
100 MHz, 32-bit

SIMD

Floating Point Unit

Nested Vector Interrupt Controller

JTAG Debugging

512K Flash

128K SRAM

80-Byte Backup

## Connectivity

3 x I2C

3 x USART

5 x SPI

SDIO

USB 2.0

## Control

5 x 16-bit Timers

16 Bit PWM Motor Control

2 x 32-bit Timers

Advanced Peripheral Bus

16-channel Direct Memory Access

## Analog

12-bit x 16 ADC

Temperature Sensor

ST MICROELECTRONICS STM32F411





System

Voltage Regulator

Oscillators/ PLL

Watchdog Timers

GPIO

RTC

Control

5 x 16-bit Timers

16-bit PWM

2 x 32-bit Timers

ARM Cortex M4 CPU  
100 MHz, 32-bit

SIMD

Floating Point Unit

NVIC

JTAG Debugging

Advanced Peripheral Bus

16-channel Direct Memory Access

512K Flash

128K SRAM

80-Byte Backup

Connectivity

3 x I2C

3 x USART

5 x SPI

SDIO

USB 2.0

Analog

12-bit x 16 ADC

Temperature Sensor

# OS OPTIONS, BOTH FREE AND PROPRIETARY

- ZEPHYR (LINUX FOUNDATION), FREERTOS, RTEMS
- ARM MBED - OPEN LICENSE, BUT ARM-SPECIFIC
- VxWORKS (WIND RIVER), QNX (BLACKBERRY)
- EMBEDDED LINUX (+YOCTO BUILD, OFTEN)
- WINDOWS ? (EMBEDDED COMPACT, WINDOWS 10 IOT)



# THE EVER-SO-COMPLEX ARCHITECTURE OF BARE METAL BUILDS

YOUR CODE

THE HARDWARE





# THE EVER-SO-COMPLEX ARCHITECTURE OF BARE METAL BUILDS

YOUR CODE



THE HARDWARE

Adapted from presentation on BitBox by Xavier Moulet, FOSDEM 2015

# THE EVER-SO-COMPLEX ARCHITECTURE OF BARE METAL BUILDS

YOUR CODE

```
HAL_GPIO_Write  
Pin()
```

THE HARDWARE

# THE EVER-SO-COMPLEX ARCHITECTURE OF BARE METAL BUILDS

```
HAL_GPIO_Write  
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THE HARDWARE

# THE EVER-SO-COMPLEX ARCHITECTURE OF BARE METAL BUILDS

```
HAL_GPIO_Write  
Pin()
```

YOUR CODE

```
HAL_GPIO_Write  
Pin()
```

```
HAL_GPIO_Write  
Pin()
```

THE HARDWARE



```
/*Configure GPIO pins : USART_TX_Pin USART_RX_Pin */
GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = USART_TX_Pin|USART_RX_Pin;
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_AF_PP;
GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_LOW;
HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOA, &GPIO_InitStruct);

/*Configure GPIO pin : LD2_Pin */
GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = LD2_Pin;
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT_PP;
GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_LOW;
HAL_GPIO_Init(LD2_GPIO_Port, &GPIO_InitStruct);

/*Configure GPIO pin Output Level */
HAL_GPIO_WritePin(LD2_GPIO_Port, LD2_Pin, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
}

/* USER CODE BEGIN 4 */

/* USER CODE END 4 */
```



```
/*Configure GPIO pins : USART_TX_Pin USART_RX_Pin */
GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = USART_TX_Pin|USART_RX_Pin;
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_AF_PP;
GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_LOW;
HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOA, &GPIO_InitStruct);

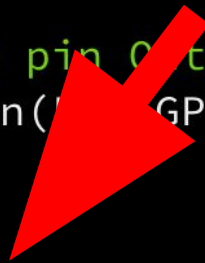
/*Configure GPIO pins : LD2 */
GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = LD2_Pin;
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT_PP;
GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_LOW;
HAL_GPIO_Init(LD2_GPIO_Port, &GPIO_InitStruct);

/*Configure GPIO pin Output Level */
HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIO_Port, LD2_Pin, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
}

/* USER CODE BEGIN 4 */

/* USER CODE END 4 */
```

**DANGER**



A FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLE : DEPENDENCY INVERSION

HIGH-LEVEL MODULES SHOULD NOT  
DEPEND ON LOW-LEVEL MODULES.

**BOTH** SHOULD DEPEND ON  
**ABSTRACTIONS.**





PROBLEM DOMAIN

SOLUTION DOMAIN

SHARED  
ABSTRACTIONS

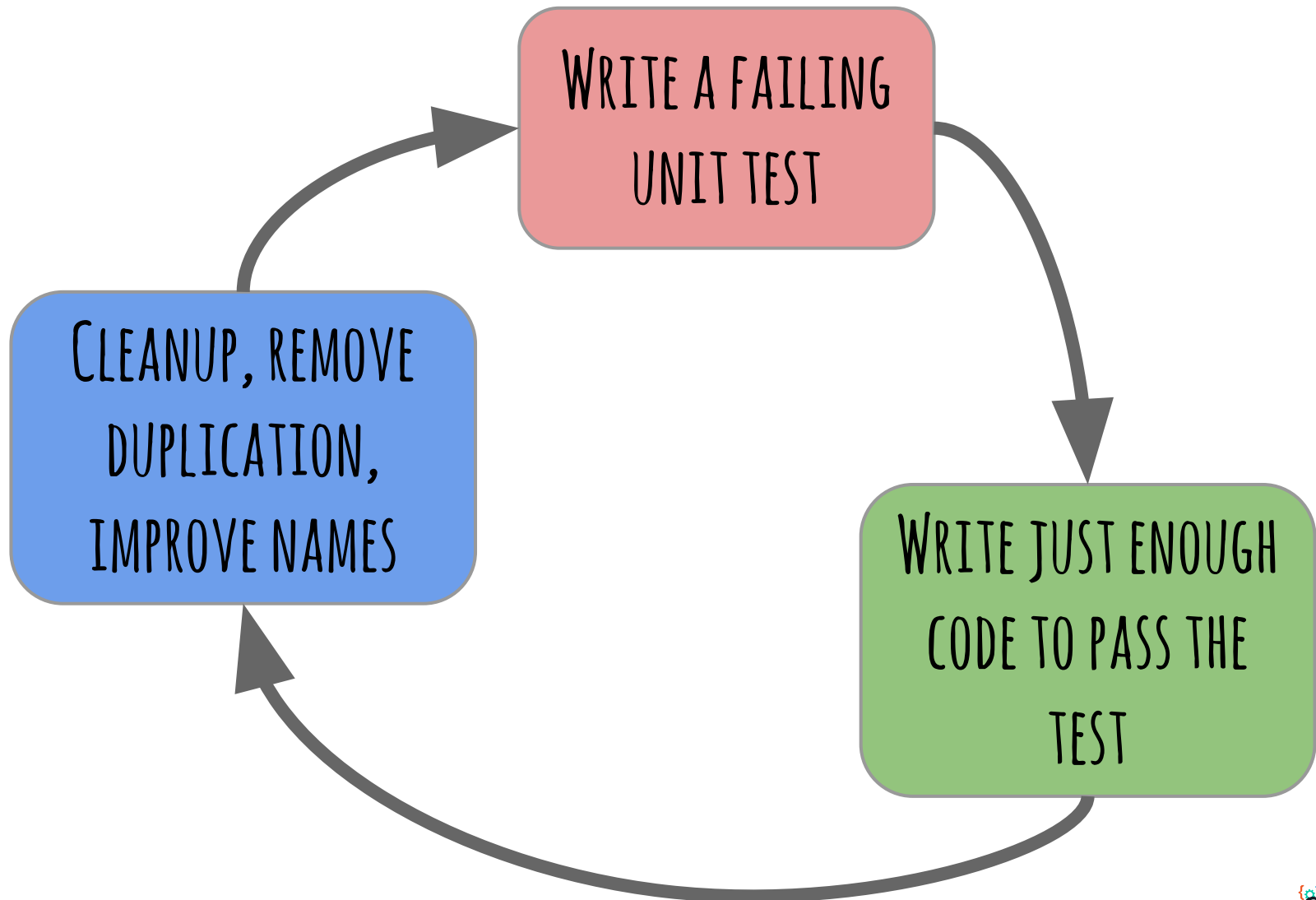
YOU WRITE THIS

YOU WRITE THIS TOO

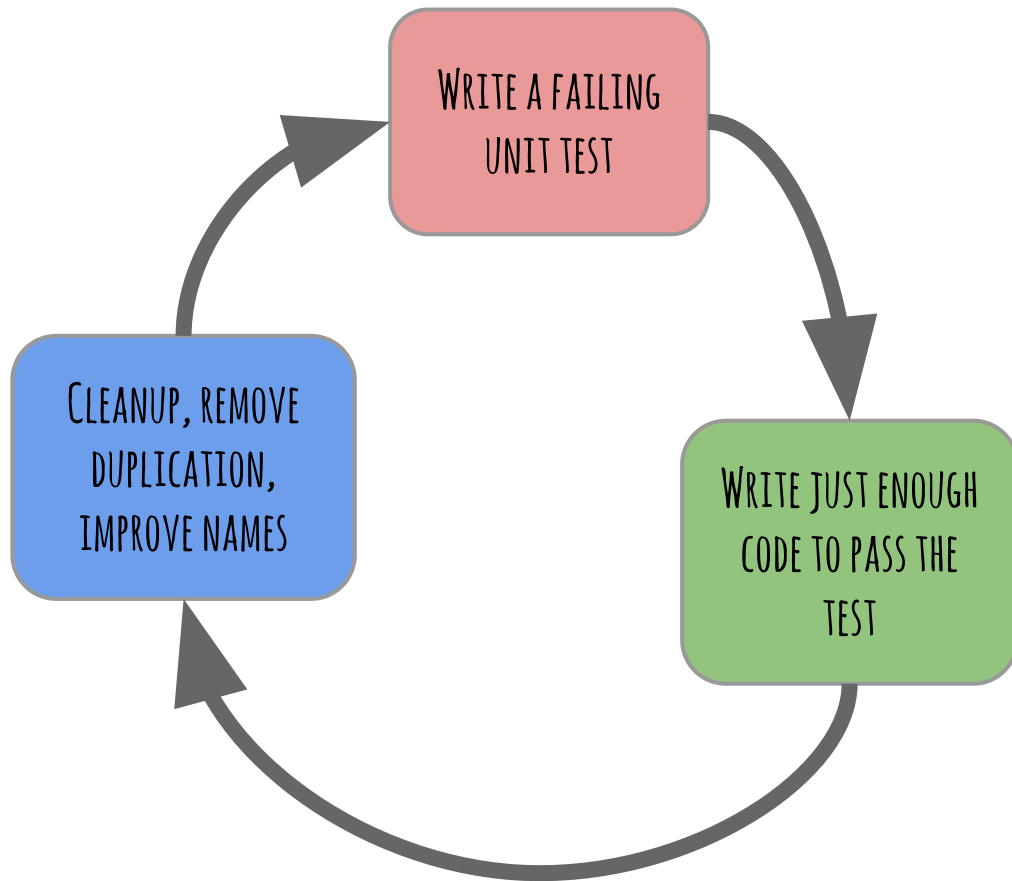
THE MANUFACTURER GENERALLY  
WRITES THIS

BOARD SUPPORT APIS + LIBS

# THE TDD MICROCYCLE



ON YOUR DEVELOPMENT MACHINE,  
CONSTANTLY



ON TARGET HARDWARE, LESS  
FREQUENTLY

BUILD FOR THE TARGET

RUN ACCEPTANCE AND  
UNIT TESTS ON THE  
TARGET

CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION + TDD + TOOLS => HAPPY DEVS

- “CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION” WITHOUT TESTS ISN'T REALLY CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION
- YOU DON'T GET THE SAME FEEDBACK WITH TEST-LAST
- USE DYNAMIC ANALYSIS TOOLS TO LEVERAGE TESTS



YOUR BUILD SYSTEM REALLY WANTS TO HELP : LET IT

- SPLIT YOUR BUILD TO CLEANLY SEPARATE CONCERNS
- LIMIT INCLUDE PATHS : IF YOU CAN'T SEE IT, YOU CAN'T DEPEND ON IT
  - ESPECIALLY, DON'T MAKE HARDWARE HEADERS AVAILABLE TO YOUR CORE "PROBLEM" CODE
- CONSTRAIN DEPENDENCIES VIA LINKER SETTINGS



# CHECKPOINT #2

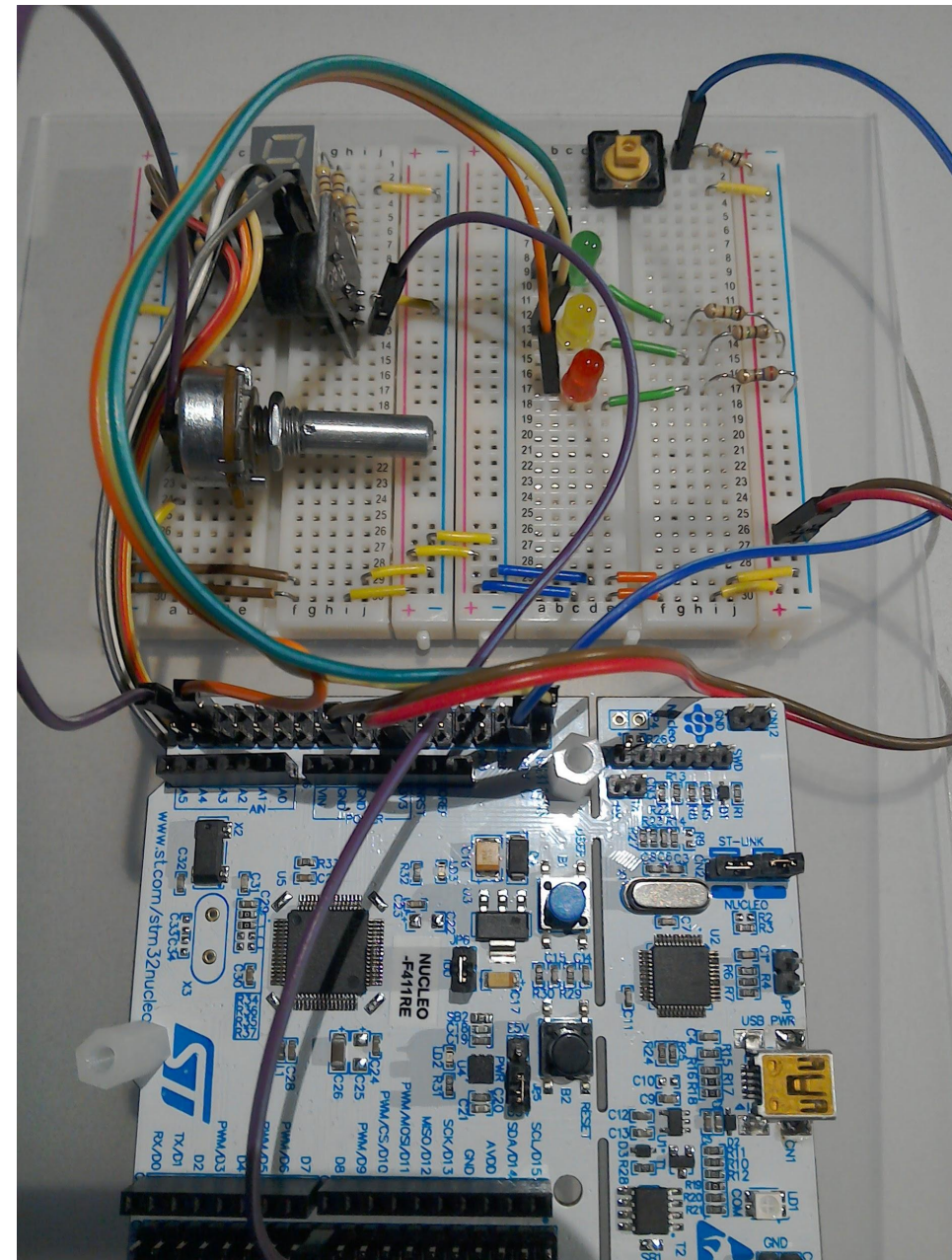
YOU'RE STILL HERE! THAT'S AMAZING!

- WE'RE LOOKING AT MCUS AND BARE-METAL
- THE DESIGN IS WHATEVER WE MAKE IT
- PRINCIPLES HELP

# EXCLUSIVELY FOR TECH MEETUP

THE ONLY FIRE ALARM SYSTEM YOU  
WILL EVER NEED.

GOING ON KICKSTARTER ANY DAY  
NOW. SERIOUSLY.



PROBLEM DOMAIN

SOLUTION DOMAIN

SHARED  
ABSTRACTIONS

YOU WRITE THIS

YOU WRITE THIS TOO

THE MANUFACTURER GENERALLY  
WRITES THIS

BOARD SUPPORT APIS + LIBS



# CHECKPOINT #3

WELL, THAT WAS...CODEY....

- TDD WORKS IN ANY LANGUAGE...YES, EVEN C++
- IT'S DEPENDENCIES ALL THE WAY DOWN
- THERE ARE ALWAYS OBSTACLES. OVERCOME THEM.

# SAFETY CRITICAL, DETERMINISTIC

C & ASSEMBLER  
FEW OR NO LIBS  
ZERO DYNAMIC MEMORY USE

LOW CPU/MEMORY

SUBSET OF C++  
SOME STANDARD LIBRARY  
DYNAMIC MEMORY, BUT NOT "AFTER THE  
WHEELS LEAVE THE GROUND"

HIGH CPU/MEMORY

C++  
LITTLE DYNAMIC MEMORY USE

C++  
STANDARD LIBRARY  
3RD PARTY LIBS  
DYNAMIC MEMORY  
GARBAGE COLL. LANGUAGE?

"TRIVIAL PURPOSE"



# WHEN EMBEDDED GOES WRONG - A TALE OF WOE

AN EMBEDDED AUTOMOTIVE APPLICATION CITED AS A POSSIBLE CAUSE OF  
“UNINTENDED ACCELERATION”. A NASA STUDY FOUND:

11,253 READ/WRITE GLOBAL VARIABLES

CYCLOMATIC COMPLEXITY OF 146 IN A KEY FUNCTION

...WITH NO UNIT TEST PLAN...



“IT IS FAR, FAR EASIER TO MAKE A  
CORRECT PROGRAM FAST THAN IT IS TO  
MAKE A FAST PROGRAM CORRECT”

-- HERB SUTTER & ANDREI ALEXANDRESCU



# THANKS FOR LISTENING!



**13**coders

[HTTPS://UK.LINKEDIN.COM/IN/13CODERS](https://uk.linkedin.com/in/13coders)

@13CODERS

MIKE@13CODERS.COM

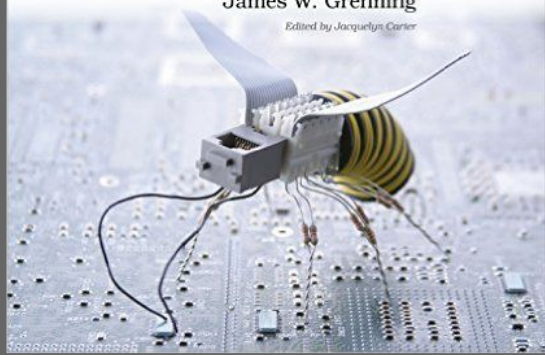
+44 7808 480387

“OH, *FINALLY*...I THOUGHT THIS GUY WOULD NEVER STOP TALKING”

The Pragmatic  
Programmers

## Test-Driven Development for Embedded C

James W. Grenning  
*Edited by Jacquelyn Carter*



The Pragmatic  
Programmers

## Modern C++ Programming with Test-Driven Development

Code Better,  
Sleep Better



Jeff Langr

Foreword by Robert C. Martin  
(Uncle Bob)  
*Edited by Michael Swaine*

Robert C. Martin Series

## WORKING EFFECTIVELY WITH LEGACY CODE

Michael C. Feathers

