



**Tech
Mohan!**



Programming In JAVA

**Designed & Developed By
Tech Mohan**

1. METHOD OVERLOADING

SOURCE CODE :

```
import java.io.*;
class methodover
{
    void area(int s)
    {
        System.out.println("Area Of Square Is :"+(s*s));
    }
    void area(int l,int w)
    {
        System.out.println("Area Of Rectangle Is :"+(l*w));
    }
    void area(double r)
    {
        System.out.println("Area Of Circle Is :"+(3.14*r*r));
    }
    public static void main(String args[])throws IOException
    {
        int length,width,side;
        double radius;
        DataInputStream obj=new DataInputStream(System.in);
        methodover m = new methodover();
        System.out.println("Enter The Side Of Square :");
        side=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
        System.out.println("Enter The Length & Width Of Rectangle :");
        length=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
        width=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
        System.out.println("Enter The Radius Of Circle :");
        radius=Double.parseDouble(obj.readLine());
        m.area(side);
        m.area(length,width);
        m.area(radius);
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\>javac methodover.java
Note: methodover.java uses or overrides a deprecated API.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:deprecation for details.

C:\>java methodover
Enter The Side Of Square :
5
Enter The Length & Width Of Rectangle :
5
3
Enter The Radius Of Circle :
2.5
Area Of Square Is :25
Area Of Rectangle Is :15
Area Of Circle Is :19.625

C:\>
```

2. SORTING OF NUMBERS USING COMMAND LINE ARGUMENT

SOURCE CODE :

```
class numsort
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int n=args.length;
        int a[]=new int[n];
        int i,j;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
            a[i]=Integer.parseInt(args[i]);
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            for(j=i+1;j<n;j++)
            {
                if(a[i]>a[j])
                {
                    int t=a[i];
                    a[i]=a[j];
                    a[j]=t;
                }
            }
        }
        System.out.println("Resultant Number:");
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
            System.out.println(a[i]);
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\>javac numsort.java

C:\>java numsort 45 98 2 1 456
Resultant Number:
1
2
45
98
456

C:\>_
```

3. MATRIX MULTIPLICATION

SOURCE CODE :

```
import java.io.*;
class matrixmul
{
    int a[][]=new int[3][3];
    int b[][]=new int[3][3];
    int c[][]=new int[3][3];
    int r1,r2,c1,c2;
    int i,j;
    void getdata()throws IOException
    {
        DataInputStream obj = new DataInputStream (System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter The Rows & Columns For First Matrix :");
        r1=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
        c1=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
        System.out.println("Enter The Elements One By One For First Matrix :");
        for(i=0;i<r1;i++)
            for(j=0;j<c1;j++)
                a[i][j]=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
        System.out.println("Enter The Rows & Columns For Second Matrix :");
        r2=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
        c2=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
        System.out.println("Enter The Elements One By One For First Matrix :");
        for(i=0;i<r2;i++)
            for(j=0;j<c2;j++)
                b[i][j]=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
    }
    void mul()
    {
        if(c1!=r2)
        {
            System.out.println("Matrix Multiplication Is Not Possible");
            System.exit(0);
        }
    }
}
```

```

        else
        {
            for(i=0;i<r1;i++)
            {
                for(j=0;j<c1;j++)
                {
                    c[i][j]=0;
                    for(int k=0;k<r2;k++)
                        c[i][j]=c[i][j]+(a[i][k]*b[k][j]);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

void putdata()
{
    System.out.println("Resultant Matrix");
    for(i=0;i<r1;i++)
    {
        for(int j=0;j<c2;j++)
        {
            System.out.print(c[i][j]+"\\t");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }
}

public static void main(String args[])throws IOException
{
    matrixmul m = new matrixmul();
    m.getdata();
    m.mul();
    m.putdata();
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

```
C:\>javac matrixmul.java
```

```
Note: matrixmul.java uses or overrides a deprecated API.
```

```
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:deprecation for details.
```

```
C:\>java matrixmul
```

```
Enter The Rows & Columns For First Matrix :
```

```
2
```

```
2
```

```
Enter The Elements One By One For First Matrix :
```

```
2
```

```
2
```

```
2
```

```
2
```

```
Enter The Rows & Columns For Second Matrix :
```

```
2
```

```
2
```

```
Enter The Elements One By One For First Matrix :
```

```
2
```

```
2
```

```
2
```

```
2
```

```
Resultant Matrix
```

```
8      8
```

```
8      8
```

```
C:\>
```


4. BANKING OPERATIONS

SOURCE CODE :

```
import java.io.*;
class bank
{
    DataInputStream obj= new DataInputStream(System.in);
    String name,act,acno;
    double bal;
    bank()throws IOException
    {
        System.out.println("Enter Your Name :");
        name=obj.readLine();
        System.out.println("Enter Your Account Type :");
        act=obj.readLine();
        System.out.println("Enter Your Account Number :");
        acno=obj.readLine();
        System.out.println("Enter Your New Deposit Amount :");
        bal=Double.parseDouble(obj.readLine());
    }
    void deposit(double amt)
    {
        bal=bal+amt;
        System.out.println("Your Amount Is Deposited...");
        System.out.println("Your New Balance :"+bal);
    }
    void withdraw(double wamt)
    {
        if(bal-wamt>=1000)
        {
            bal=bal-wamt;
            System.out.println("Your Amount Is Withdrawal..");
            System.out.println("Your New Balance :"+bal);
        }
        else
            System.out.println("Minimum Balnce Is Required.. !");
    }
    void display()
    {
        System.out.println("Name :"+name);
```

```

        System.out.println("Balance :"+bal);
    }
}
class bankdemo
{
    public static void main(String args[])throws IOException
    {
        bank b= new bank();
        DataInputStream m = new DataInputStream(System.in);
        int ch;
        double amt;
        do
        {
            System.out.println("1. Deposit");
            System.out.println("2. Withdrawal");
            System.out.println("3. Balance");
            System.out.println("4. Exit");
            System.out.println("Enter Your Choice :");
            ch=Integer.parseInt(m.readLine());
            switch(ch)
            {
                case 1:
                    System.out.println("Enter Your Deposit Amount :");
                    amt=Double.parseDouble(m.readLine());
                    b.deposit(amt);
                    break;
                case 2:
                    System.out.println("Enter Your Withdrawal Amount :");
                    amt=Double.parseDouble(m.readLine());
                    b.withdraw(amt);
                    break;
                case 3:
                    b.display();
                    break;
                case 4:
                    System.exit(0);
                    break;
                default:
                    System.out.println("Invalid Choice ... !");
                    break;
            }
        }while(ch<4);
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:

```
C:\>Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\>javac bankdemo.java
Note: bankdemo.java uses or overrides a deprecated API.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:deprecation for details.

C:\>java bankdemo
Enter Your Name :
Deepak
Enter Your Account Type :
Savings_Account
Enter Your Account Number :
1234
Enter Your New Deposit Amount :
50000
1. Deposit
2. Withdrawal
3. Balance
4. Exit
Enter Your Choice :
3
Name :Deepak
Balance :50000.0
1. Deposit
2. Withdrawal
3. Balance
4. Exit
Enter Your Choice :
1
Enter Your Deposit Amount :
20000
Your Amount Is Deposited...
Your New Balance :70000.0
```

```
1. Deposit
2. Withdrawal
3. Balance
4. Exit
Enter Your Choice :
2
Enter Your Withdrawal Amount :
30000
Your Amount Is Withdrawal..
Your New Balance :40000.0
1. Deposit
2. Withdrawal
3. Balance
4. Exit
Enter Your Choice :
2
Enter Your Withdrawal Amount :
40000
Minimum Balnce Is Required.. !
1. Deposit
2. Withdrawal
3. Balance
4. Exit
Enter Your Choice :
-9
Invalid Choice ... !
1. Deposit
2. Withdrawal
3. Balance
4. Exit
Enter Your Choice :
4

C:\>_
```

5. USAGE OF USER DEFINED PACKAGES

SOURCE CODE :

PACKAGE PROGRAM (addtwo.java)

```
package temp;
import java.io.*;
public class addtwo
{
    public int a,b,c;
    DataInputStream obj = new DataInputStream(System.in);
    public void get()throws IOException
    {
        System.out.println("Enter A:");
        a=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
        System.out.println("Enter B:");
        b=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
        c=a+b;
    }
    public void put()
    {
        System.out.println("Result :"+c);
    }
}
```

MAIN PROGRAM (addtwotest.java)

```
import temp.addtwo;
import java.io.*;
class addtwotest
{
    public static void main(String args[])throws IOException
    {
        addtwo m = new addtwo();
        System.out.println("ADDITION OF TWO NUMBER");
        m.get();
        m.put();
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\>cd temp

C:\temp>javac addtwo.java
Note: addtwo.java uses or overrides a deprecated API.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:deprecation for details.

C:\temp>cd..

C:\>javac addtwotest.java

C:\>java addtwotest
ADDITION OF TWO NUMBER
Enter A:
15
Enter B:
65
Result :80

C:\>_
```

6. EXCEPTION HANDLING

SOURCE CODE :

```
import java.io.*;
class exhand
{
    public static void main(String args[])throws IOException
    {
        int arr[]=new int[10];
        int a,b,c;
        int ele,ind;
        DataInputStream obj=new DataInputStream(System.in);
        try
        {
            System.out.println("Enter Numerator:");
            a=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
            System.out.println("Enter Denominator:");
            b=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
            c=a/b;
            System.out.println("Result :"+c);
            System.out.println("Enter The Element :");
            ele=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
            System.out.println("Enter The Index in which element to be stored ");
            ind=Integer.parseInt(obj.readLine());
            arr[ind]=ele;
            System.out.println("Element " + ele + " stored at location "+ind);
        }
        catch(ArithmeticException ae)
        {
            System.out.println("Exception : "+ae+" raised ");
        }
        catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException aie)
        {
            System.out.println("Exception : "+aie+" raised");
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT 1:

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\>javac exhand.java
Note: exhand.java uses or overrides a deprecated API.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:deprecation for details.

C:\>java exhand
Enter Numerator:
10
Enter Denominator:
2
Result :5
Enter The Element :
21
Enter The Index in which element to be stored
5
Element 21 stored at location 5
```

OUTPUT 2:

```
C:\>javac exhand.java
Note: exhand.java uses or overrides a deprecated API.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:deprecation for details.

C:\>java exhand
Enter Numerator:
10
Enter Denominator:
0
Exception : java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero raised
```


OUTPUT 3:

```
C:\>javac exhand.java
Note: exhand.java uses or overrides a deprecated API.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:deprecation for details.

C:\>java exhand
Enter Numerator:
10
Enter Denominator:
2
Result :5
Enter The Element :
25
Enter The Index in which element to be stored
25
Exception : java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: 25 raised

C:\>_
```

7. MULTITHREADING

SOURCE CODE :

```
class A extends Thread
{
    public void run()
    {
        for(int i=1;i<=5;i++)
            System.out.println("Thread A:"+i);
        System.out.println("Exit From Thread A");
    }
}
class B extends Thread
{
    public void run()
    {
        for(int j=1;j<=5;j++)
            System.out.println("Thread B:"+j);
        System.out.println("Exit From Thread B");
    }
}
class threadtest
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        System.out.println("MULTITHREADING");
        System.out.println("*****");
        A o1=new A();
        B o2=new B();
        o1.start();
        o2.start();
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\CMD.exe

C:\>javac threadtest.java

C:\>java threadtest
MULTITHREADING
*****
Thread A:1
Thread B:1
Thread B:2
Thread B:3
Thread B:4
Thread B:5
Exit From Thread B
Thread A:2
Thread A:3
Thread A:4
Thread A:5
Exit From Thread A


C:\>
```

8. USAGE OF APPLET PROGRAMMING

SOURCE CODE :

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
/*
<applet code="StuRegForm.class" height="400" width="400">
</applet>
*/
public class StuRegForm extends Applet implements ActionListener
{
    Button b1;
    Label l1;
    public void init()
    {
        l1=new Label("");
        setLayout(new GridLayout(7,2));
        add(new Label("Enter Name :"));
        add(new TextField(10));
        add(new Label("Enter Address :"));
        add(new TextArea());
        add(new Label("Select Your Gender :"));
        CheckboxGroup cbg=new CheckboxGroup();
        add(new Checkbox("Female",cbg,true));
        add(new Label(""));
        add(new Checkbox("Male",cbg,false));
        add(new Label("Enter E-Mail:"));
        add(new TextField(20));
        add(new Label("Enter Class"));
        Choice cls = new Choice();
        cls.addItem("III BSC C.S A");
        cls.addItem("III BCA");
        cls.addItem("III BBA");
        cls.addItem("III B.A TAMIL");
        cls.addItem("III B.A ENGLISH");
        add(cls);
        b1=new Button("Register");
```

```
        add(b1);
        add(l1);
        b1.addActionListener(this);
    }
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae)
    {
        l1.setText("Registration Successfull....");
    }
}
```

 Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - appletviewer StuRegForm.java

```
C:\>javac StuRegForm.java
```

```
C:\>appletviewer StuRegForm.java
```

APPLET VIEWER OUTPUT:

Applet Viewer: StuRegForm.class

Applet

Enter Name :

Enter Address :

Select Your Gender : ☐ Female

☒ Male

Enter E-Mail:

Enter Class

Registration Successfull....

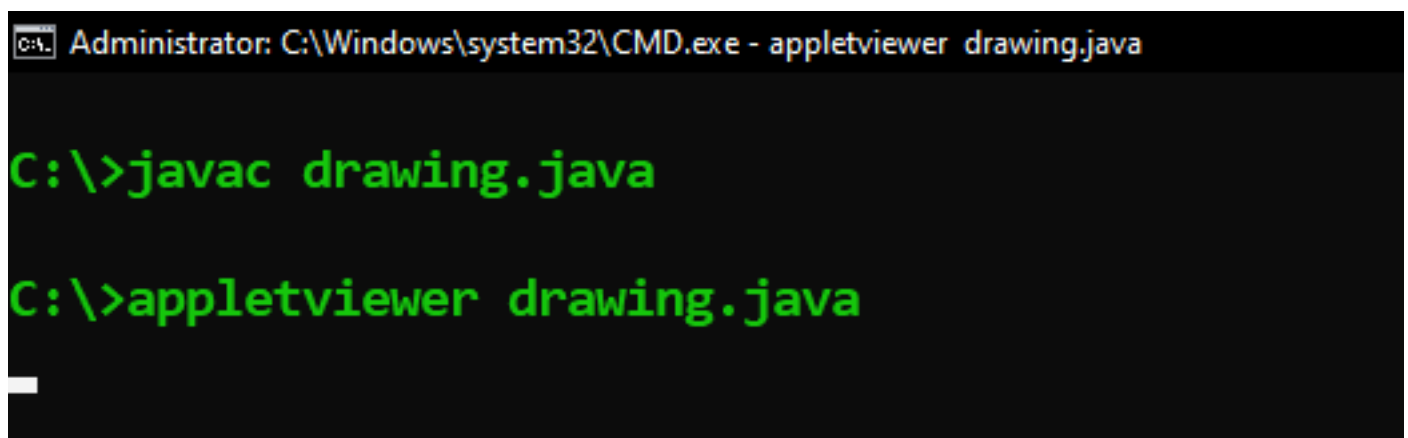
Applet started.

9. USAGE OF GRAPHICAL METHODS

SOURCE CODE :

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.*;
/*
<applet code="drawing.class" height="500" width="500">
</applet>
*/
public class drawing extends Applet
{
    public void paint(Graphics g)
    {
        g.drawLine(10,10,50,50);
        g.drawRect(10,60,40,30);
        g.setColor(Color.green);
        g.fillRect(160,10,30,80);
        g.drawOval(220,20,200,120);
        g.setColor(Color.red);
        g.fillOval(220,170,150,100);
        g.setColor(Color.blue);
        g.drawString("Mohanraj, Modern Street, Jairam College",10,275);
    }
}
```

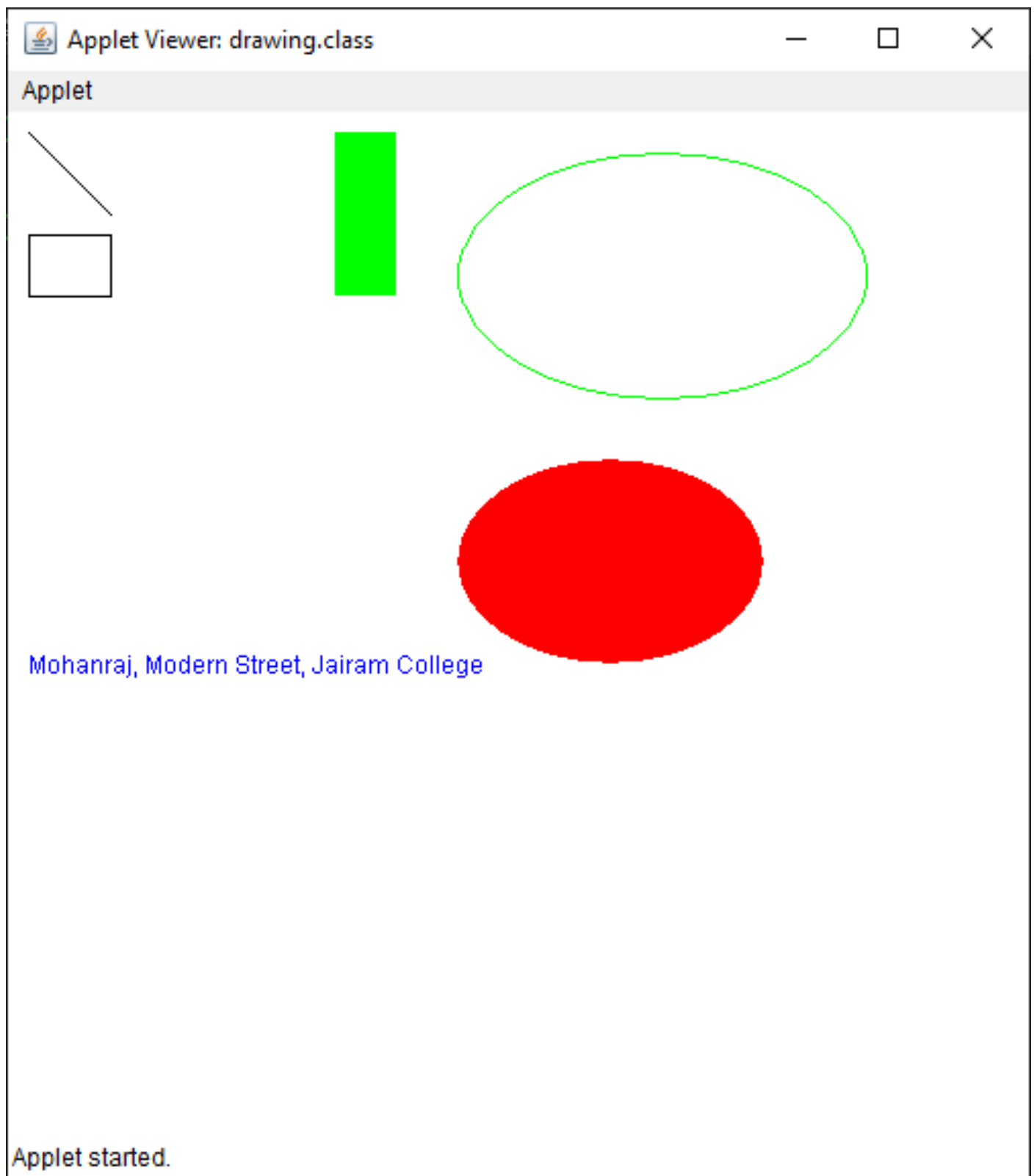
OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a Windows Command Prompt window with the title bar "Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\CMD.exe - appletviewer drawing.java". The command prompt displays the following commands and their outputs:

```
C:\>javac drawing.java
C:\>appletviewer drawing.java
```

APPLET VIEWER OUTPUT:



10. SEQUENTIAL FILE

SOURCE CODE :

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
public class products
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        File file = new File("products");
        String pcode;
        double pcost;
        int qty;
        try
        {
            FileOutputStream fos = new FileOutputStream(file);
            DataOutputStream dos = new DataOutputStream(fos);
            DataInputStream din = new DataInputStream(System.in);
            for(int i=0;i<5;i++)
            {
                System.out.println("Please Enter The Product Code, Cost & Qty Of Product "+(i+1));
                pcode=din.readLine();
                pcost=Double.parseDouble(din.readLine());
                qty=Integer.parseInt(din.readLine());
                dos.writeUTF(pcode);
                dos.writeDouble(pcost);
                dos.writeInt(qty);
            }
            dos.close();
            FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream(file);
            DataInputStream dis= new DataInputStream(fis);
            double total=0.0;
            System.out.println("Details Of Five Products");
            System.out.println("*****");
            System.out.println("Product Code\tProduct Cost\tQty");
            System.out.println("*****\t*****\t*****");
```

```

for(int j=0;j<5;j++)
{
    pcode=dis.readUTF();
    pcost=dis.readDouble();
    qty=dis.readInt();
    total=total+(pcost*qty);
    System.out.print(pcode+"\t\t");
    System.out.print(pcost+"\t\t");
    System.out.print(qty+"\t\t");
    System.out.println();
}
System.out.println("Total Value Of All Five Products :"+total);
dis.close();
}
catch (IOException e)
{
    System.out.println("IO Error :"+e);
}
}
}

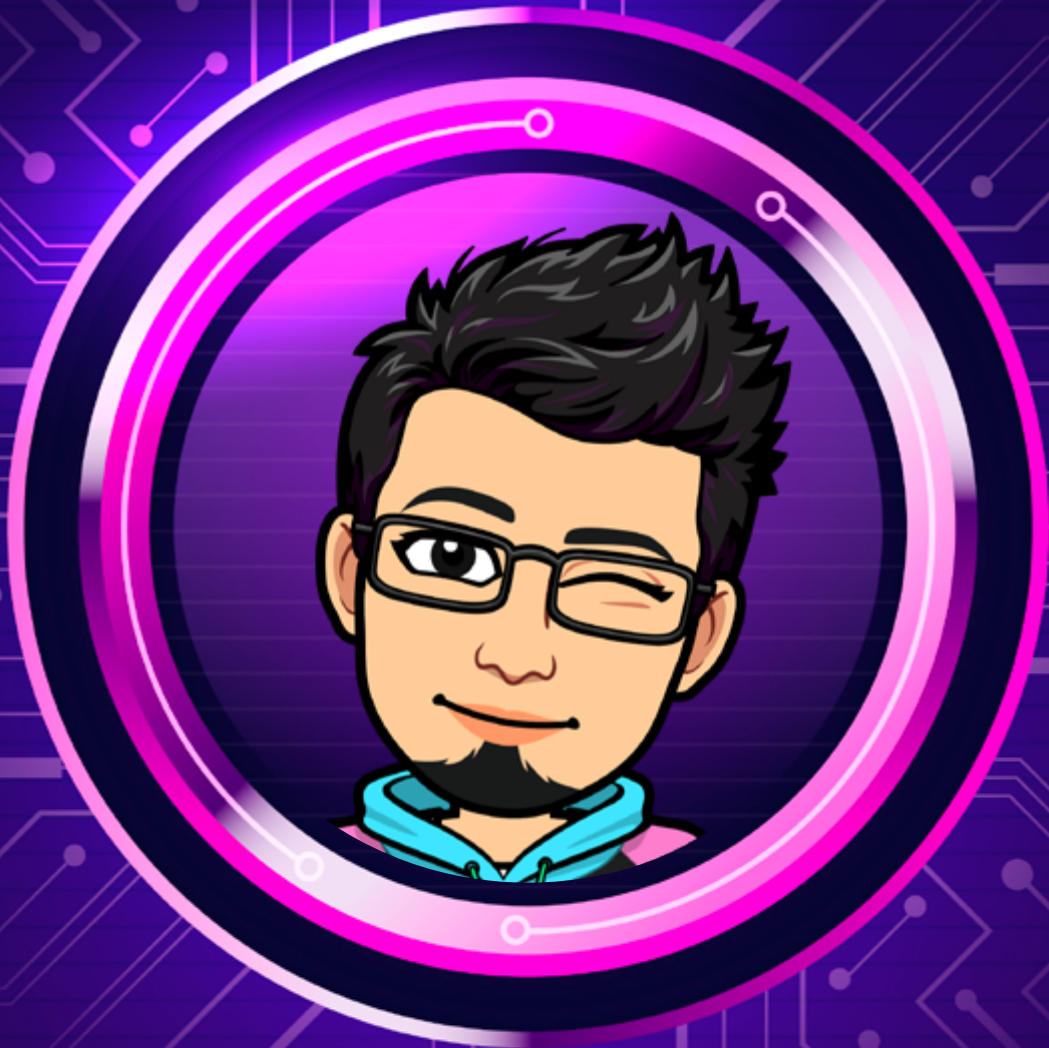
```

OUTPUT:

```
C:\> javac products.java
Note: products.java uses or overrides a deprecated API.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:deprecation for details.

C:\> java products
Please Enter The Product Code, Cost & Qty Of Product 1
P001
252.23
4
Please Enter The Product Code, Cost & Qty Of Product 2
P002
356.54
2
Please Enter The Product Code, Cost & Qty Of Product 3
P003
500
2
Please Enter The Product Code, Cost & Qty Of Product 4
P004
800
1
Please Enter The Product Code, Cost & Qty Of Product 5
P005
15000.25
1
Details Of Five Products
*****
Product Code      Product Cost      Qty
*****
P001              252.23          4
P002              356.54          2
P003              500.0            2
P004              800.0            1
P005              15000.25         1
Total Value Of All Five Products :18522.25
```

Published By



M. Mohanraj
Pro Tech Developer

-> For More Information <-

