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B.E IV Semester Examination 10 56/ 2014)

BE-IV/6(A)

215236

CIVIL/MECH. ENGG.

Course No.: MTH - 412

(Engg. Maths. - III)

Time Allowed-3 Hours

Maximum Marks-100

Note: Attempt any five questions selecting at least two questions from each section. All carry equal marks. Use of calculator is allowed.

Section - I

Find the Laplace transform of the following functions: a)

$$\theta^{-3t}$$
 [t⁴ - 2 t^{3/2} + 2 sin 3t - 3 cos 3t + 4].

ii)
$$\int_0^t x^2 \cdot \sin(x-t)dx$$

Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following b) functions.

$$\log \left(\frac{S^2 + 9}{S^2 + 4} \right)$$

$$\frac{10}{(S^2+9)^2}$$

(10,10)

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- 2 a)
 - State and prove initial value theorem. Also verify it for the function $f(t) = t^5 e^{-4t}$
 - b) Describe Laplace transform of derivatives and use it to find L.T. of $\frac{\cos \sqrt{t}}{\sqrt{t}}$
- Using L.T. techniques. Solve the equation: $(y'-y'-2)y=20 \sin 2t \text{ with } y(o)=-1 \text{ and } y'(o)=2.$

(7,7,6)

- 3. (a) Using L.T. Evaluate the integral $\int_0^\infty te^{-2t} \cos t \, dt$
 - b) Derive the Fourier integral representation of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2, & 0 \le x \le 5 \\ 10, & 7 \le x \le 15 \\ 0, & Otherwise \end{cases}$$

(c)

Determine the inverse Fourier sine and cosine transforms of e^{-as} , where $0 < s < \infty$ (7,7,6)

- 4. a) Find the Fourier sine transform of the function: $\frac{x}{x^2+1}$
 - b) Using Parseval's identity for F.T., evaluate

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(x^2+1)(x^2+4)}$$

Define convolution product of two functions in $(-\infty, \infty)$ Also state and prove convolution theorem for Fourier transforms. (7,7,6)

Section - II

- Define Bessel's function of order n and prove that $J_{-n}(x) = (-1)^n J_n(x)$, When n is integer. Is this result true when n is not an integer.
 - b) State and Prove orthogonality of legendre polynomials.
 - c) Express $J_5(x)$ in terms of $J_0(x)$ and $J_1(x)$ (7,7,6)
- 6. a) Prove that $\int_{-1}^{1} x^{k} P_{n}(x) dx = 0$ for k = 0, 1, 2, ..., n-1 and also deduce that $\int_{-1}^{1} P_{m}(x) P_{n}(x) dx = 0$ for $m \neq n$.
 - b) Using Jacobi series, prove that

Sin
$$x = 2[J_1(x) - J_3(x) + J_5(x) -]$$
 and cos $x = J_o(x) - 2J_2(x) + 2J_4(x) -$

- Express $f(x) = 4x^4 + 4x^3 2x + 5$ in terms of legendre's polynomials. (7,7,6)
- Define a distributive lattice with an example Also prove associative property for the meet'^'

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b) Let L be a distributive lattice then prove that $(x \wedge y) \vee (y \wedge z) \vee (z \wedge x) = (x \vee y) \wedge (y \vee z) \wedge (z \vee x)$ for any $x, y, z \in L$.

c) Prove that
$$P'_{n}(1) = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$
 and
$$P'_{n}(-1) = (-1)^{n-1} \frac{n(n+1)}{2}.$$
 (7,7,6)

- 8. a) Define a Boolean algebra with an example. Also prove a De-Morgan law in a Boolean algebra.
 - Using axioms of a Boolean algebra, express the function find NF, where $f = (a \lor b) \land [(b \land c') \lor (a' \land c)]'$
 - Write tabular form of the function f and express it in DNF, where $f = [(a \lor b \lor c') \land (a' \land c')] \lor c'$. (7,7,6)

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