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B.E. IV Semester Examination

BE - IV/6 (B)

214545

CIVIL/MECH. ENGG

Course No.: MTH-412

(Engg. Maths - III)

Time Allowed- 3Hours

Maximum Marks-100

Note:- Attempt five questions in all, selecting at least two questions from each section. All questions carry equal marks. use of calculator is allowed.

SECTION-1

- Find the Laplace transform of the following functions.
 - t2 c2t Cos2t.
 - Cost Cos2t Cos3t
 - Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following **b**) functions.

$$\frac{s}{\left(s^4+s^2+1\right)}$$

ii)
$$\frac{s}{\left(s^2+a^2\right)^2}$$

(10,10)

Turn Over

- 2) BE IV (6(B) 214545
- 2. a) State convolution theorem for inverse Laplace transform and use it to find the inverse Laplace transform of

$$\frac{\sqrt{1}}{(s-1)\sqrt{s}}$$

b) Evaluate

i)
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{2t} - e^{3t}}{t} dt$$

ii)
$$L\left[e^{t}f_{c}\sqrt{t}\right]$$

- c) Using L.T techniques, solve the equation $y'' 3y' + 2y = 4e^{2t}$, with y(o) = -3, y'(o) = 5(7,6,7)
- 3. a) Find L[f(t)], where f(t) is a periodic function given by $f(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{for } a < t < 1 \\ -1, & \text{for } 1 < t < 2 \end{cases}$
 - b) State final value theorem and verify it for $f(t) = t^2 e^{-at}$
 - Find the Fourier sine and cosine transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{for } o \le x < 1 \\ 0, & \text{for } x \ge 1 \end{cases}$

Also apply parseval's identity to evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 t}{t^2} dt.$$
 (7,6,7)

- 4. a) Find the inverse fourier sine in $\overline{f}(s) = \begin{cases} e^s, & \text{for } o < s < a \\ 0, & \text{for } s \ge a \end{cases}$
 - b) Find the fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 x^2, & \text{for } |x| \le 1 \\ 0, & \text{for } |x| > 1 \end{cases}$
 - c) Find the fourier integral representation

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{for } x < 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}, & \text{for } x = 0 \\ e^{-x}, & \text{for } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

Section - II

5. a) Prove that

$$4J_n''(x) = J_{n-2}(x) - 2J_n(x) + J_{n-2}(x)$$
 for I'm.

- b) Prove that $\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\pi x} J_{\chi}(2x) dx = 1$
- c) Prove that

$$\int_{-1}^{1} x^{2} P_{n+1}(x) P_{n-1}(x) dx = \frac{2n(n+1)}{(2n+1)(2n+1)(2n+1)}$$

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- 6. a) State and Prove Rodrigue's formula.
 - Express the function $x^3 5x^2 + 6x + 1$ in terms of legendre polynomial.
 - c) Prove that

$$\int J_{5}(x)dx = -J_{4}(x) - \frac{4}{x}J_{3}(x) - \frac{8}{x^{2}}J_{2}(x) + C \quad (7,6,7)$$

- 7. a) State two De Morgan's laws in a Boolean algebra and prove any one of them.
 - b) Prove that every Boolean function can be expressed in DNF.
 - Draw the Circuit represented by the function $y' \vee [x \vee \{(y \vee z) \wedge x'\}] \vee z \vee [x \wedge (y' \vee z)]$.

 (7,6,7)
 - 8. a) Define a lattice. Prove that a lattice L is a distributive if and only if $a \lor (b \land c) = (a \lor b) \land (a \lor c), \forall a,b,c \in L$
 - In a Boolean algebra B, prove that $a \lor (a \land b) = a$ and $a \land (a \lor b) = a$ for $a, b \in B$
 - Write the function f = (xy' + xz') + x' in DNF as well as in CNF. (7,6,7)