

Homework #4 (PL/0 Compiler and VM)

COP 3402: Systems Software
Spring 2025

Due Date: [April 14th 2025 by 11:59 p.m.]

Disclaimer: This document may not cover all possible scenarios - when in doubt, ask the instructor or a TA.

All official updates (test cases, clarifications, etc.) will be posted as **Canvas Announcements**.

Check announcements regularly for critical updates.

Assignment Overview

For this assignment, you will extend your existing **PL/0** compiler (from HW3) to:

1. Implement new grammar elements involving `procedure`, `call`, and `else` clause in `if` statements.
2. Update your **HW1 Virtual Machine (VM)** to recognize and execute the modulo (`mod`) instruction (`OPR 0 11`).
3. Generate an executable file named `elf.txt`, which will serve as the input for your **updated VM**.
4. Demonstrate correct parsing, symbol table management, and code generation for these extended grammar features.

Objective

You must create a **Recursive Descent Parser and Code Generator** for the extended PL/0 language. In particular:

- Procedures must be supported via `procedure-declaration` and the `call` statement.
- `if` statements must include an `else` part, ensuring complete code generation paths in both branches.

- The `mod` operator must be recognized in the grammar and translated to `2 0 11`.
- The `elf.txt` output should be directly usable by your updated VM from HW1.

Component Descriptions

Your compiler must:

- Accept PL/0 source code from a file specified on the command line (e.g., `./a.out input.txt`).
- Detect both lexical and syntactical errors, halting with a clear message if any occur.
- Generate correct code for the extended language constructs, including `procedure` declarations, `call` statements, and `else` block in `if` statements.
- Build and maintain a symbol table that supports multiple lexical levels (for nested procedures).

Submission Requirements

I. Essential Files

Submit the following in a single `submission.zip` archive via WebCourses:

- `hw4compiler.c`: Your primary compiler source file.
- `vm.c`: Your updated VM from HW1, now capable of handling the modulo instruction `(2 0 11)`.
- Any additional files needed to compile your `hw4compiler.c` and `vm.c`.
- `README.md`: Instructions on how to compile and run your compiler *and* VM.
- **One sample input file** (correct PL/0 program) plus its corresponding `elf.txt` output file.
- **A folder of test cases**: At least two distinct test cases demonstrating procedure and `call` usage, plus error scenarios.

II. Formatting and Delivery

- Your compiler must read the input filename from the command line.
- Your compiler must display generated instructions in the terminal in the format:

OPcode L M

for example:

LIT 0 10

- Your compiler must also create an `elf.txt` file containing machine codes for the VM to execute. for example:

1 0 10

- The symbol table must be displayed in the terminal in the format:

Kind | Name | Value | Level | Address | Mark

III. Additional Guidelines

- Include clear comments throughout your code
- List all team members in both README.md and source code header
- Only one team submission will be graded.
- Your submission must compile and run on **Eustis**. If it does not compile, the score is **0**.
- No late submissions will be accepted after two days past the deadline.
- Ensure your submission contains all necessary files to compile and run on Eustis

Error Handling

- If your compiler encounters an error (lexical, syntactic, or semantic), it should:
 - (a) Print a concise error message to the terminal (e.g., `Error: undeclared identifier x`).
 - (b) Halt further compilation immediately.
- Inherit the error types and messages from HW2 and HW3.

Output Specification

When Errors Occur

If your compiler identifies any error, it should:

```
1 Error: <error message>
```

When No Errors Are Found

If the source program is valid:

1. Display the input PL/0 program in the terminal.
2. Display the message: `No errors, program is syntactically correct.`
3. Print the generated assembly instructions to the terminal using mnemonic OP codes (e.g., `JMP 0 30`) along with the line number and the complete symbol table.
4. Create a file named `elf.txt` containing the numeric op codes (e.g., `7 0 30`), which your VM can load and execute.

Important: The assembly code and symbol table must be printed directly to the terminal, not saved to a file. Only the `elf.txt` file should be created as a separate output file.

Specific Requirements

- **Modifying the Lexical Scanner:** Replace any legacy `skipsym` token with `modsym = 1`.
- **Procedure Declarations:** Must appear in the procedure-declaration section of the grammar.
- **Call Statement:** Invokes a procedure by its identifier.
- **if-else Clause:** The `if` statement must contain an `else` block before `fi`. Omission of `else` is not allowed.
- **First Instruction:** Must always be `JMP 0 <some_address>`.

Lexical Conventions

A numerical value is assigned to each token (internal representation) as follows:

```
modsym = 1, identsym = 2, numbersym = 3, plussym = 4, minussym = 5,
multsym = 6, slashsym = 7, fisym = 8, eqlsym = 9, neqsym = 10,
lessym = 11, leqsym = 12, gtrsym = 13, geqsym = 14, lparentsym = 15,
rparentsym = 16, commasym = 17, semicolonsym = 18, periodsym = 19,
becomesym = 20, beginsym = 21, endsym = 22, ifsym = 23, thensym = 24,
whilesym = 25, dosym = 26, callsym = 27, constsym = 28, varsym = 29,
procsym = 30, writesym = 31, readsym = 32, elsesym = 33.
```

Important: `modsym` is a new reserved symbol introduced in this homework with token value 1. It represents the modulo operator in the grammar.

VM Instruction for Modulus

The modulus operation should be implemented using `OPR 0 11` with the following behavior:

```
11 MOD      Modulus: pop two values from the stack, divide second by first
              and push the remainder
              pas[sp + 1] <- pas[sp + 1] % pas[sp]
              sp <- sp + 1
```

Failure to implement the `mod` instruction exactly as `OPR 0 11` (or displayed as `MOD 0 11` in assembly) will result in an automatic zero.

Grading Rubric

Your assignment starts with a base score of 100 points. The following deductions apply:

Critical Errors (Automatic Zero)

- **-100 points:** Does not compile on Eustis. This includes:
 - Compilation errors preventing generation of the executable file
 - Program produces immediate segmentation fault
 - Program crashes while running grading test cases
- **-100 points:** Does not accept input filename from command line (e.g., `./a.out input_file.txt`)
- **-100 points:** Compiler follows a different grammar than specified in section Appendix B
- **-100 points:** Submitting HW3 again without implementing procedures and call
- **-100 points:** Using any method other than the marking algorithm for symbol table management. The implementation must explicitly use the mark column to track symbol availability. Alternative implementations will be considered plagiarism.

VM Implementation Issues

- **-30 points:** HW1's modified VM source code (`vm.c`) is not submitted
- **-30 points:** HW1's VM source code is not modified to support the modulo instruction as specified
- **-10 points:** HW1's VM does not support the same I/O specification as the compiler

Fundamental Implementation Issues

- **-80 points:** Compiles but does nothing
- **-70 points:** Produces some instructions before segfaulting or looping infinitely
- **-30 points:** Not implementing procedures in the "block" correctly
- **-30 points:** Not implementing call statements correctly
- **-15 points:** Incorrect implementation that generates wrong instructions for if-else statements

Error Handling and Code Generation

- **-10 points:** Not supporting error handling for procedures (including error messages)
- **-10 points:** Not supporting error handling for call (including error messages)
- **-10 points:** Does not generate the elf.txt executable file for the VM
- **-10 points:** Does not display the generated instructions in the terminal

Symbol Table and Scope Management

- **-10 points:** Program does not handle variables with the same name at different levels correctly
- **-10 points:** Level information not managed correctly (global environment should be level 0, with procedures incrementing accordingly)
- **-10 points:** Marking algorithm for symbol table management does not work correctly. Every symbol must have a mark of 0 upon initial insertion and a mark of 1 once they are no longer usable. This mark column must be explicitly used as the mechanism for tracking symbol availability.

Instruction Generation Accuracy

- **-5 points per occurrence:** JMP instruction's M, JPC instruction's M, or CAL instruction's M not fully divisible by 3 after the subtraction of 10.
- **-5 points per occurrence:** JMP, JPC, or CAL instruction not leading to the correct index in the code list

Documentation and Testing

- **-5 points:** No README.txt containing author names
- **-2.5 points:** No sample input file and sample output file
- **-2.5 points:** No test cases folder

Output Format and Compatibility

- **-5 points:** Significantly misaligned output format compared to the examples in section Appendix A for both correct and error cases. Your output must match overall structure shown in the examples, the spacing and alignment can be different as long as it is readable.
- **-30 points:** If your modified HW1 VM (`vm.c`) fails to correctly process the `elf.txt` file produced by your compiler. Your VM must be able to read and execute the compiler's output without errors.

Important Note: The grading team reserves the right to deduct additional points for serious issues not explicitly listed in this rubric. Therefore, please thoroughly test your code on the Eustis system before submission to ensure it meets all requirements and functions correctly across various test cases.

Note: Multiple deductions may apply to a single submission. The minimum score is 0.

Helpful Hints:

- Focus on implementing exactly what's in the grammar specification - no more, no less
- Remember that error detection should immediately halt processing
- Ensure your symbol table only contains entries that appear in the actual input
- Test your implementation against all error cases listed in section Appendix C
- Interpret the grammar carefully rather than following pseudocode examples blindly
- Double-check your implementation against the grammar rules before submission

Appendix A Traces of Execution

This appendix provides examples of expected input and output for your compiler.

Example 1

Input:

```
1 var x, y;
2 begin
3     x := y * 2;
4 end.
```

Expected Output in the terminal:

No errors, program is syntactically correct.

Assembly Code:

Line	OP	L	M
0	JMP	0	13
1	INC	0	5
2	LOD	0	4
3	LIT	0	2
4	OPR	0	3
5	STO	0	3
6	SYS	0	3

Symbol Table:

Kind	Name	Value	Level	Address	Mark
2	x	0	0	3	1
2	y	0	0	4	1

Expected Output in the elf.txt file:

```
7 0 13
6 0 5
3 0 4
1 0 2
```

2	0	3
4	0	3
9	0	3

Example 2: Error Handling

Input with Error:

```
1 var x, y;
2 begin
3     z := y * 2;
4 end.
```

Expected Output:

```
Error: undeclared identifier z
```

There will be no elf.txt file generated for this example.

Appendix B Grammar Specification

The following grammar defines the syntax for the tiny PL/0 language that your compiler must implement:

```
1 program ::= block "."
2
3 block ::= const-declaration var-declaration procedure-declaration statement
4
5 const-declaration ::= ["const" ident "=" number {"," ident "=" number} ";"]
6
7 var-declaration ::= ["var" ident {"," ident} ";"]
8
9 procedure-declaration ::= {"procedure" ident ";" block ";"}
10
11 statement ::= [ident ":=" expression
12             | "call" ident
13             | "begin" statement {";" statement} "end"
14             | "if" condition "then" statement "else" statement "fi"
15             | "while" condition "do" statement
16             | "read" ident
17             | "write" expression
18             | empty]
19
20 condition ::= expression rel-op expression
21
22 expression ::= term {("+" | "-") term}
23
24 term ::= factor {("*" | "/" | "mod") factor}
25
26 factor ::= ident | number | "(" expression ")"
27
28 number ::= digit {digit}
29
30 ident ::= letter {letter | digit}
31
32 rel-op ::= "=" | "<>" | "<" | "<=" | ">" | ">="
33
34 digit ::= "0" | "1" | "2" | "3" | "4" | "5" | "6" | "7" | "8" | "9"
35
36 letter ::= "a" | "b" | ... | "y" | "z" | "A" | "B" | ... | "Y" | "Z"
```

Appendix C Error Messages

The following are the required error messages that your parser must handle:

1. Use = instead of :=.
2. = must be followed by a number.
3. Identifier must be followed by =.
4. const, var, procedure must be followed by identifier.
5. Semicolon or comma missing.
6. Incorrect symbol after procedure declaration.
7. Statement expected.
8. Incorrect symbol after statement part in block.
9. Period expected.
10. Semicolon between statements missing.
11. Undeclared identifier.
12. Assignment to constant or procedure is not allowed.
13. Assignment operator expected.
14. call must be followed by an identifier.
15. Call of a constant or variable is meaningless.
16. then expected.
17. Semicolon or end expected.
18. do expected.
19. Incorrect symbol following statement.
20. Relational operator expected.
21. Expression must not contain a procedure identifier.
22. Right parenthesis missing.
23. The preceding factor cannot begin with this symbol.
24. An expression cannot begin with this symbol.
25. This number is too large.

26. Identifier too long.

27. Invalid symbol.

Important Implementation Notes:

- **Identifiers:** Maximum 11 characters.
- **Numbers:** Maximum 5 digits.
- **Invalid symbols:** Characters not in the PL/0 grammar (e.g., %) must be rejected.
- **Comments and whitespace:** Must be ignored and not tokenized.

Note: Not all of these error messages may be used in every implementation, and you may create additional error messages to more accurately represent certain situations. However, when applicable, you should use these standard error messages for consistency.

Appendix D Pseudocode

```
1 SYMBOLTABLECHECK (string)
2     linear search through symbol table looking at name
3     return index if found, -1 if not
4
5 PROGRAM
6     BLOCK
7         if token != periodsym
8             error
9             emit HALT
10
11 BLOCK
12     CONST-DECLARATION
13     numVars = VAR-DECLARATION
14     PROCEDURE-DECLARATION
15     emit INC (M = 3 + numVars)
16     STATEMENT
17
18 CONST-DECLARATION
19     if token == constsym
20         do
21             get next token
22             if token != identsym
23                 error
24             if SYMBOLTABLECHECK (token) != -1
25                 error
26             save ident name
27             get next token
28             if token != eqlsym
29                 error
30             get next token
31             if token != numbersym
32                 error
33             add to symbol table (kind 1, saved name, number, 0, 0)
34             get next token
35             while token == commasym
36                 if token != semicolonsym
37                     error
38                 get next token
39
40 VAR-DECLARATION
41     numVars = 0
42     if token == varsym
43         do
44             numVars++
45             get next token
46             if token != identsym
47                 error
48             if SYMBOLTABLECHECK (token) != -1
49                 error
50             add to symbol table (kind 2, ident, 0, 0, var# + 2)
51             get next token
```

```

52         while token == commasym
53             if token != semicolonsym
54                 error
55             get next token
56         return numVars
57
58 PROCEDURE-DECLARATION {Newly added}
59     while token == procsym
60         get next token
61         if token != identsym
62             error
63             get next token
64             if token != semicolonsym
65                 error
66             get next token
67             add to symbol table (kind 3, ident, level, codeIndex)
68             BLOCK(level + 1)
69             if token != semicolonsym
70                 error
71             get next token
72
73 STATEMENT
74     if token == identsym
75         symIdx = SYMBOLTABLECHECK (token)
76         if symIdx == -1
77             error
78         if table[symIdx].kind != 2 (not a var)
79             error
80         get next token
81         if token != becomessym
82             error
83         get next token
84         EXPRESSION
85         emit STO (M = table[symIdx].addr)
86         return
87     if token == callsym {Newly added}
88         get next token
89         if token != identsym
90             error
91         idx = SYMBOLTABLECHECK(token)
92         if idx == -1
93             error
94         if symbolTable[idx].kind != 3
95             error
96         emit CAL (L, symbolTable[idx].addr)
97         get next token
98         return
99     if token == beginsym
100        do
101            get next token
102            STATEMENT
103            while token == semicolonsym
104                if token != endsym
105                    error

```

```

106         get next token
107         return
108     if token == ifsym {Needs modification}
109         get next token
110         CONDITION
111         jpcIdx = current code index
112         emit JPC
113         if token != thensym
114             error
115             get next token
116             STATEMENT
117             code[jpcIdx].M = current code index
118             if token != fisym
119                 error
120                 get next token
121                 return
122             if token == whilesym
123                 get next token
124                 loopIdx = current code index
125                 CONDITION
126                 if token != dosym
127                     error
128                     get next token
129                     jpcIdx = current code index
130                     emit JPC
131                     STATEMENT
132                     emit JMP (M = loopIdx)
133                     code[jpcIdx].M = current code index
134                     return
135             if token == readsym
136                 get next token
137                 if token != identsym
138                     error
139                     symIdx = SYMBOLTABLECHECK (token)
140                     if symIdx == -1
141                         error
142                     if table[symIdx].kind != 2 (not a var)
143                         error
144                     get next token
145                     emit READ
146                     emit STO (M = table[symIdx].addr)
147                     return
148             if token == writesym
149                 get next token
150                 EXPRESSION
151                 emit WRITE
152                 return
153
154 CONDITION
155     EXPRESSION
156     if token == eqsym
157         get next token
158         EXPRESSION
159         emit EQL

```

```

160     else if token == neqsym
161         get next token
162         EXPRESSION
163         emit NEQ
164     else if token == lessym
165         get next token
166         EXPRESSION
167         emit LSS
168     else if token == leqsym
169         get next token
170         EXPRESSION
171         emit LEQ
172     else if token == gtrsym
173         get next token
174         EXPRESSION
175         emit GTR
176     else if token == geqsym
177         get next token
178         EXPRESSION
179         emit GEQ
180     else
181         error
182
183 EXPRESSION
184 TERM
185 while token == plussym || token == minussym
186     if token == plussym
187         get next token
188         TERM
189         emit ADD
190     else
191         get next token
192         TERM
193         emit SUB
194
195 TERM
196 FACTOR
197 while token == multsym || token == slashsym || token == modsym
198     if token == multsym
199         get next token
200         FACTOR
201         emit MUL
202     else if token == slashsym
203         get next token
204         FACTOR
205         emit DIV
206     else
207         get next token
208         FACTOR
209         emit MOD
210
211 FACTOR
212     if token == identsym
213         symIdx = SYMBOLTABLECHECK (token)

```

```
214     if symIdx == -1
215         error
216     if table[symIdx].kind == 1 (const)
217         emit LIT (M = table[symIdx].Value)
218     else (var)
219         emit LOD (M = table[symIdx].addr)
220     get next token
221 else if token == numbersym
222     emit LIT
223     get next token
224 else if token == lparentsym
225     get next token
226     EXPRESSION
227     if token != rparentsym
228         error
229     get next token
230 else
231     error
```

Appendix E Symbol Table

This appendix provides the recommended data structure for implementing the symbol table in your compiler.

```
1 typedef struct
2 {
3     int kind;          // const = 1, var = 2, proc = 3
4     char name[10];    // name up to 11 chars
5     int val;           // number
6     int level;         // L level
7     int addr;          // M address
8     int mark;          // to indicate unavailable or deleted
9 } symbol;
10
11 symbol symbol_table[MAX_SYMBOL_TABLE_SIZE = 500];
```

Appendix F Additional Test Cases

This appendix provides additional complex test cases to help you verify your implementation of procedures, nested procedures, and recursion.

Test Case 1: Factorial Calculation using Recursion

This program calculates the factorial of 3 ($3!$) using recursion:

```
1 var f, n;
2
3 procedure fact;
4 var ans1;
5 begin
6     ans1:=n;
7     n:= n-1;
8     if n = 0 then f := 1 else f := 0 fi;
9     if n > 0 then call fact else f := f fi;
10    f:=f*ans1;
11 end;
12
13 begin
14     n:=3;
15     call fact;
16     write f
17 end.
```

When correctly implemented, this program should compute $3! = 6$ and output this value.

Test Case 2: Nested Procedures with Variable Access

This program demonstrates nested procedures with variable access across different lexical levels:

```
1 var x,y,z,v,w;
2 procedure a;
3   var x,y,u,v;
4   procedure b;
5     var y,z,v;
6     procedure c;
7       var y,z;
8       begin
9         z:=1;
10        x:=y+z+w
11      end;
12      begin
13        y:=x+u+w;
14        call c
15      end;
16      begin
17        z:=2;
18        u:=z+w;
19        call b
20      end;
21    begin
22      x:=1; y:=2; z:=3; v:=4; w:=5;
23      x:=v+w;
24      write z;
25      call a;
26    end.
```

This test case verifies:

- Correct implementation of nested procedures (3 levels deep)
- Proper symbol table management for variables with the same name at different lexical levels
- Correct variable access across scope boundaries
- Proper procedure calls including nested procedure calls

These test cases address key aspects of the assignment that students should verify in their implementation:

- Procedure declarations and calls
- Recursive procedure calls
- Symbol table management with variable shadowing

- Proper lexical level tracking
- Correct if-else statement handling