

DEPARTMENT OF CSE (CYBER SECURITY)



II YEAR II SEMESTER

S.No.	Subcode	Category	Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	R23CC2201	Management Course- I	Managerial Economics And Financial Analysis	2	0	0	2
2	R23CY2202	Engineering Science/ Basic Science	Number Theory & Applications	3	0	0	3
3	R23CC2203	Professional Core	Operating Systems	3	0	0	3
4	R23CC2204	Professional Core	Database Management Systems	3	0	0	3
5	R23CY2205	Professional Core	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3
6	R23CY22L4	Professional Core	Operating Systems & Computer Networks Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	R23CC22L1	Professional Core	Database Management Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	R23CC22L2	Skill Enhancement Course	Full Stack Development-1	0	1	2	2
9	R23CC22L3	BS&H	Design Thinking & Innovation	1	0	2	2
10	R23CC22MC	Audit Course	Environmental Studies	2	0	0	-
Total				17	1	10	21
Mandatory Community Service Project Internship of 08 weeks duration during summer Vacation							





II B.TECH II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUBCODE: R23CC2201	MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate the basic knowledge of microeconomics and financial accounting
- To make the students learn how demand is estimated for different products, input- output relationship for optimizing production and cost
- To Know the Various types of market structure and pricing methods and strategy
- To give an overview on investment appraisal methods to promote the students to learn how to plan long-term investment decisions.
- To provide fundamental skills on accounting and to explain the process of preparing financial statements.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, students are able to:

- CO1:** Describe the concepts related to Managerial Economics, financial accounting and management [K2].
- CO2:** Discuss the fundamentals of Economics viz., Demand, Production, cost, revenue and markets [K2].
- CO3:** Apply the Concept of Production cost and revenues for effective Business decision [K3]
- CO4:** Analyze how to invest their capital and maximize returns [K4]
- CO5:** Evaluate the capital budgeting techniques. [K4]
- CO6:** Examine the accounting statements and Evaluate the financial performance of business entity [K4]

UNIT – I: Managerial Economics

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance, functions, and advantages. Demand-Concept, Function, Law of Demand - Demand Elasticity- Types – Measurement. Demand Forecasting- Factors governing Forecasting, Methods. Managerial Economics and Financial Accounting and Management.

UNIT – II: Production and Cost Analysis

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance, functions and advantages. Production Function– Least-cost combination– Short run and long run Production Function- Isoquants and is costs, Cost & Break-Even Analysis - Cost concepts and Cost behaviour- Break-Even Analysis (BEA) - Determination of Break-Even Point (Simple Problems).

UNIT – III: Business Organizations and Markets

Introduction – Forms of Business Organizations- Sole Proprietary - Partnership - Joint Stock Companies - Public Sector Enterprises. Types of Markets - Perfect and Imperfect Competition - Features of Perfect Competition Monopoly- Monopolistic Oligopoly-Price-Output Determination - Pricing Methods and Strategies





UNIT – IV: Capital Budgeting

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance. Types of Working Capital, Working capital cycle, Sources of Short-term and Long-term Capital, Features, Proposals, Methods and Evaluation. Projects– Pay Back Method, Accounting Rate of Return (ARR) Net Present Value (NPV) Internal Rate Return (IRR) Method (sample problems).

UNIT – V: Financial Accounting and Analysis

Introduction – Concepts and Conventions- Double-Entry Bookkeeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance- Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments). Introduction to Financial Analysis - Analysis and Interpretation of Liquidity Ratios, Activity Ratios, and Capital structure Ratios and Profitability.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Varshney & Maheswari: Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand.
2. Aryasri: Business Economics and Financial Analysis, 4/e, MGH.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Ahuja Hl Managerial economics Schand.
2. S.A. Siddiqui and A.S. Siddiqui: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, NewAge International.
3. Joseph G. Nellis and David Parker: Principles of Business Economics, Pearson, 2/e, New Delhi.
4. Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics in a Global Economy, Cengage.

ONLINE LEARNING RESOURCES:

1. <https://www.slideshare.net/123ps/managerial-economics-ppt>
2. <https://www.slideshare.net/rossanz/production-and-cost-45827016>
3. <https://www.slideshare.net/darkyla/business-organizations-19917607>
4. <https://www.slideshare.net/balarajbl/market-and-classification-of-market>
5. <https://www.slideshare.net/ruchi101/capital-budgeting-ppt-59565396>
6. <https://www.slideshare.net/ashu1983/financial-accounting>





II B.TECH II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUBCODE: R23CY2202	NUMBER THEORY & APPLICATIONS						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This course enables the students to learn the concepts of number theory and its applications to information security.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Apply the knowledge of GCD and Prime Factorization. [K3]

CO2: Explain principles on congruence [K2]

CO3: Develop the knowledge of congruence applications [K3]

CO4: Make use of finite fields and primality [K3]

CO5: Develop various encryption methods and its applications. [k3]

UNIT – I: Integers, Greatest common divisors and prime Factorization

The well-ordering property-Divisibility-Representation of integers-Computer operations with integers-Prime numbers-Greatest common divisors-The Euclidean algorithm -The fundamental theorem of arithmetic-Factorization of integers and the Fermat numbers-Linear Diophantine equations

UNIT – II: Congruence:

Introduction to congruence -Linear congruence-The Chinese remainder theorem-Systems of linear congruence

UNIT – III: Applications of Congruence:

Divisibility tests-The perpetual calendar-Round-robin tournaments-Computer file storage and hashing functions. Wilson's theorem and Fermat's little theorem- Pseudo primes- Euler's theorem- Euler's phi-function-The sum and number of divisors- Perfect numbers and Mersenne primes.

UNIT – IV: Finite fields & Primality, factoring

Finite fields- quadratic residues and reciprocity-Pseudo primes-rho method-Fermat factorization and factor bases.

UNIT – V: Cryptology

Basic terminology-complexity theorem-Character ciphers-Block ciphers-Exponentiation ciphers- Public-key cryptography-Discrete logarithm-Knapsack ciphers- RSA algorithm.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Elementary number theory and its applications, Kenneth H Rosen, AT & T Information systems & Bell laboratories.
2. A course in Number theory & Cryptography, Neal Koblitz, Springer.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. An Introduction To The Theory Of Numbers, Herbert S. Zuckerman, Hugh L. Montgomery, Ivan Niven, Wiley publishers
2. Introduction to Analytic number theory-Tom M Apostol, Springer
3. Elementary number theory, VK Krishnan, Universities press





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	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUBCODE: R23CC2203	OPERATING SYSTEMS						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main objectives of the course is to make student

- Understand the basic concepts and principles of operating systems, including process management, memory management, file systems, and Protection
- Make use of process scheduling algorithms and synchronization techniques to achieve better performance of a computer system.
- Illustrate different conditions for deadlock and their possible solutions.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students would be able to

CO 1: Classify various operating system generations, functions and services. [K2]

CO 2: Analyze process scheduling, management and synchronization. [K4]

CO 3: Analyze deadlock prevention, detection, avoidance and recovery techniques [K4]

CO 4: Analyze various memory management and storage management techniques [K4].

CO 5: Analyze the concepts of file system [K2]

UNIT - I

Operating Systems Overview: Introduction, Operating system functions, Operating systems operations, Computing environments, Free and Open-Source Operating Systems System Structures: Operating System Services, User and Operating-System Interface, system calls, Types of System Calls, system programs, Operating system Design and Implementation, Operating system structure, Building and Booting an Operating System, Operating system debugging

UNIT - II

Processes: Process Concept, Process scheduling, Operations on processes, Inter-process communication. Threads and Concurrency: Multithreading models, Thread libraries, Threading issues.

CPU Scheduling: Basic concepts, Scheduling criteria, Scheduling algorithms, Multiple processor scheduling.

UNIT – III

Synchronization Tools: The Critical Section Problem, Peterson's Solution, Mutex Locks, Semaphores, Monitors, Classic problems of Synchronization.

Deadlocks: system Model, Deadlock characterization, Methods for handling Deadlocks, Deadlock prevention, Deadlock avoidance, Deadlock detection, Recovery from Deadlock.





UNIT - IV

Memory-Management Strategies: Introduction, Contiguous memory allocation, Paging, Structure of the Page Table, Swapping.

Virtual Memory Management: Introduction, Demand paging, Copy-on-write, Page replacement, Allocation of frames, Thrashing.

UNIT - V

Storage Management: Overview of Mass Storage Structure, HDD Scheduling.

File System: File System Interface: File concept, Access methods, Directory Structure;

File system Implementation: File-system structure, File-system Operations, Directory implementation, Allocation method, Free space management; File-System Internals: File System Mounting, Partitions and Mounting, File Sharing. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Protection Rings, Domain of protection, Access matrix.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Operating System Concepts, Silberschatz A, Galvin P B, Gagne G, 10th Edition, Wiley, 2018.
2. Modern Operating Systems, Tanenbaum A S, 4th Edition, Pearson , 2016

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Operating Systems -Internals and Design Principles, Stallings W, 9th edition, Pearson, 2018
2. Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach, D.M Dhamdhere, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2013

ONLINE LEARNING RESOURCES:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106144/>
2. <http://peterindia.net/OperatingSystems.html>





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	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUBCODE: R23CC2204	DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main objectives of the course is to

- Introduce database management systems and to give a good formal foundation on the relational model of data and usage of Relational Algebra
- Introduce the concepts of basic SQL as a universal Database language
- Demonstrate the principles behind systematic database design approaches by covering conceptual design, logical design through normalization
- Provide an overview of physical design of a database system, by discussing Database indexing techniques and storage techniques

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students would be able to

CO 1: Interpret the fundamentals of DBMS. [K2]

CO 2: Analyzing relational database designing. [K4]

CO 3: Developing queries in RDBMS [K3]

CO 4: Analyzing database design methodology and normalization process [K4].

CO 5: Analyze transaction concepts and File indexing. [K2]

UNIT I:

Introduction: Database system, Characteristics (Database Vs File System), Database Users, Advantages of Database systems, Database applications. Brief introduction of different Data Models; Concepts of Schema, Instance and data independence; Three tier schema architecture for data independence; Database system structure, environment, Centralized and Client Server architecture for the database.

Entity Relationship Model: Introduction, Representation of entities, attributes, entity set, relationship, relationship set, constraints, sub classes, super class, inheritance, specialization, generalization using ER Diagrams.

UNIT II:

Relational Model: Introduction to relational model, concepts of domain, attribute, tuple, relation, importance of null values, constraints (Domain, Key constraints, integrity constraints) and their importance, Relational Algebra, Relational Calculus. BASIC SQL: Simple Database schema, data types, table definitions (create, alter), different DML operations (insert, delete, update).

UNIT III:

SQL: Basic SQL querying (select and project) using where clause, arithmetic & logical operations, SQL functions (Date and Time, Numeric, String conversion). Creating tables with relationship, implementation of key and integrity constraints, nested queries, sub queries,





grouping, aggregation, ordering, implementation of different types of joins, view(updatable and non-updatable), relational set operations.

UNIT IV:

Schema Refinement (Normalization): Purpose of Normalization or schema refinement, concept of functional dependency, normal forms based on functional dependency Lossless join and dependency preserving decomposition, (1NF, 2NF and 3 NF), concept of surrogate key, Boyce-Codd normal form(BCNF), MVD, Fourth normal form(4NF), Fifth Normal Form (5NF).

UNIT V:

Transaction Concept: Transaction State, ACID properties, Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for Serializability, lock based, time stamp based, optimistic, concurrency protocols, Deadlocks, Failure Classification, Storage, Recovery and Atomicity, Recovery algorithm. Introduction to Indexing Techniques: B+ Trees, operations on B+Trees, Hash Based Indexing:

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Database Management Systems, 3rd edition, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, TMH (For Chapters 2, 3, 4)
2. Database System Concepts, 5th edition, Silberschatz, Korth, Sudarsan, TMH (For Chapter 1 and Chapter 5)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Introduction to Database Systems, 8th edition, C J Date, Pearson.
2. Database Management System, 6th edition, Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, Pearson
3. Database Principles Fundamentals of Design Implementation and Management, Corlos Coronel, Steven Morris, Peter Robb, Cengage Learning.

WEB-RESOURCES:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105175/>
2. https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_01275806667282022456_shared/overview





II B.TECH II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	3	0	0	30	70	100	3
SUBCODE: R23CY2205	COMPUTER NETWORKS						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main objectives of the course is to

- To understand the different types of networks
- To discuss the software and hardware components of a network
- To develop an understanding the principles of computer networks.
- To familiarize with OSI model and the functions of layered structure.
- To explain networking protocols, algorithms and design perspectives

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students would be able to

CO1: Summarize the basics of Computer Networks and its types. [K2]

CO2: Illustrate the routing algorithms. [K2]

CO3: Identify error detection and correction in data link layer. [K3]

CO4: Explain and formulate IP addresses and subnetting. [K2]

CO5: Outline the application layer protocols. [K2]

UNIT I:

Introduction: Types of Computer Networks, Broadband Access Networks, Mobile and Wireless Access Networks, Content Provider Networks, Transit networks, Enterprise Networks, Network technology from local to global, Personal Area Networks, Local Area Networks, Home Networks, Metropolitan Area Networks, Wide Area Networks, Internetworks, Network Protocols, Design Goals, Protocol Layering, Connections and Reliability, Service Primitives, The Relationship of Services to Protocols, Reference Models, The OSI Reference Model, The TCP/IP Reference Model, A Critique of the OSI Model and Protocols, A Critique of the TCP/IP Reference Model and Protocols.

UNIT II:

The Application Layer: Electronic Mail, Architecture and Services, The User Agent, Message Formats, Message Transfer, Final Delivery, The World Wide Web, Architectural Overview, Static Web Objects, Dynamic Web Pages and Web Applications, HTTP and HTTPS, Web Privacy, Content Delivery, Content and Internet Traffic, Server Farms and Web Proxies, Content Delivery Networks, Peer-To-Peer Networks, Evolution of The Internet.

UNIT III:

The Transport Layer: The Transport Service, Services Provided To The Upper Layers, Transport Service Primitives, Berkeley Sockets, An Example Of Socket Programming: An Internet File Server, Elements Of Transport Protocols, Addressing, Connection Establishment, Connection Release, Error Control And Flow Control, Multiplexing, Crash Recovery, Congestion Control, Regulating The Sending Rate, Wireless Issues, The Internet Transport Protocols: UDP, Introduction To UDP, Remote Procedure Call, Real-Time Transport Protocols, The Internet Transport Protocols: TCP, Introduction To TCP, The TCP Service Model, The TCP Protocol, The TCP Segment Header, TCP Connection Establishment, TCP Connection Release.





UNIT IV:

The Network Layer: Network Layer Design Issues, Store-And-Forward Packet Switching, Services Provided To The Transport Layer, Implementation Of Connectionless Service, Implementation Of Connection-Oriented Service, Comparison Of Virtual-Circuit And Datagram Networks, Routing Algorithms In A Single Network, The Optimality Principle, Shortest Path Algorithm, Flooding, Distance Vector Routing, Link State Routing, Hierarchical Routing Within a Network, Broadcast Routing, Multicast Routing, Anycast Routing, Traffic Management at The Network Layer, The Need for Traffic Management: Congestion, Approaches To Traffic Management, Internetworking.

Internetworks: An Overview, How Networks differ, Connecting Heterogeneous Networks, Connecting Endpoints Across Heterogeneous Networks, Internetwork Routing: Routing Across Multiple Networks Supporting Different Packet Sizes: Packet Fragmentation, The Network Layer In The Internet, The IP Version 4 Protocol, IP Addresses, IP Version 6, Internet Control Protocols, Label Switching and MPLS, OSPF—An Interior Gateway Routing Protocol, BGP—The Exterior Gateway Routing Protocol, Internet Multicasting.

UNIT V:

The Data Link Layer: Guided Transmission Media, Persistent Storage, Twisted Pairs, Coaxial Cable, Power Lines, Fiber Optics, Data Link Layer Design Issues, Services Provided To The Network Layer, Framing Error Control, Flow Control, Error Detection And Correction, Error-Correcting Codes, Error-Detecting Codes, Elementary Data Link Protocols, Initial Simplifying Assumptions Basic Transmission And Receipt, Simplex Link-Layer Protocols, Improving Efficiency, Bidirectional Transmission, Examples Of Full-Duplex, Sliding Window Protocols, The Channel Allocation Problem, Static Channel Allocation, Assumptions For Dynamic Channel Allocation, Multiple Access Protocols, Aloha, Carrier Sense Multiple Access Protocols, Collision-Free Protocols, Limited-Contention Protocols, Wireless LAN Protocols, Ethernet, Classic Ethernet Physical Layer, Classic Ethernet Mac Sublayer Protocol, Ethernet Performance, Switched Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, 10-Gigabit Ethernet, 40- And 100-Gigabit Ethernet, Retrospective On Ethernet.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross, "Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach", 6th edition, Pearson, 2019.
2. Andrew Tanenbaum, Feamster Wetherall, Computer Networks, 6th Edition, Global Edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking, 5th Edition, McGraw Hill Publication, 2017.
2. Youlu Zheng, Shakil Akthar, "Networks for Computer Scientists and Engineers", Oxford Publishers, 2016.

WEB-RESOURCES:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105183/25>
2. <http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-networks.html>
3. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105183/3>





II B.TECH II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	30	70	100	1.5
SUBCODE: R23CY22L4	OPERATING SYSTEMS & COMPUTER NETWORKS LAB						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the different types of networks
- To discuss the software and hardware components of a network
- To enlighten the working of networking commands supported by operating system
- To impart knowledge of Network simulator2/3
- To familiarize the use of networking functionality supported by JAVA
- To familiarize with computer networking tools.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students would be able to

CO1: Experiment with various Unix Commands and system calls [K3]

CO 2: Experiment with various operating system concepts such as scheduling algorithms. [K3]

CO3: Manage and configure network ports, set bandwidth limits, and establish both wired and wireless connections.[K5]

CO4: Analyze and evaluate network performance using various tools and software. [K4]

List of Activities/Experiments:**Operating Systems Lab**

1. Practicing of Basic UNIX Commands.
2. Write programs using the following UNIX operating system calls fork, exec, getpid, exit, wait, close, stat, opendir and readdir
3. Simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithms
 - a) FCFS b) SJF c) Priority d) Round Robin

Computer Networks Lab

1. Study different types of Network cables (Copper and Fiber) and prepare cables (Straight and Cross) to connect Two or more systems. Use crimping tool to connect jacks. Use LAN tester to connect the cables.
- i. Install and configure Network Devices: HUB, Switch and Routers. Consider both manageable and non-manageable switches. Do the logical configuration of the system. Set the bandwidth of different ports.
- ii. Install and Configure Wired and Wireless NIC and transfer files between systems in Wired LAN and Wireless LAN. Consider both adhoc and infrastructure mode of operation.
2. Work with the commands Ping, Tracert, Ipconfig, pathping, telnet, ftp, getmac, ARP, Hostname, Nbtstat, netdiag, and Nslookup
3. Find all the IP addresses on your network. Unicast, Multicast, and Broadcast on your network.
4. Use Packet tracer software to build network topology and configure using Distance vector routing protocol.
5. Use Packet tracer software to build network topology and configure using Link State routing protocol.
6. Hello command is used to know whether the machine at the other end is working or not. Echo





command is used to measure the round-trip time to the neighbor. Implement Hello and Echo commands using JAVA.

7. Using Wireshark perform the following operations: - Inspect HTTP Traffic
 - i. Inspect HTTP Traffic from a Given IP Address,
 - ii. Inspect HTTP Traffic to a Given IP Address,
 - iii. Reject Packets to Given IP Address,
 - iv. Monitor Apache and MySQL Network Traffic.
8. Install Network Simulator 2/3. Create a wired network using dumbbell topology. Attach agents, generate both FTP and CBR traffic, and transmit the traffic. Vary the data rates and evaluate the performance using metrics throughput, delay, jitter and packet loss.
9. Create a static wireless network. Attach agents, generate both FTP and CBR traffic, and transmit the traffic. Vary the data rates and evaluate the performance using metric throughput, delay, jitter and packet loss.
10. Create a mobile wireless network. Attach agents, generate both FTP and CBR traffic, and transmit the traffic. Vary the data rates and evaluate the performance using metric throughput, delay, jitter and packet loss.

Virtual Lab: <http://vlabs.iitkgp.ernet.in/ant/>

Any three programs must be submitted with the result from the above link

Text Books:

1. Operating System Concepts, Silberschatz A, Galvin P B, Gagne G, 10th Edition, Wiley, 2018.
2. Shivendra S.Panwar, Shiwen Mao, Jeong-dong Ryoo, and Yi Han Li, "TCP/IP Essentials: A Lab-Based Approach", Cambridge University Press, 2004.
3. Cisco Networking Academy, "CCNA1 and CCNA2 Companion Guide", Cisco Networking Academy Program, 3rd edition, 2003.
4. Elloitte Rusty Harold, "Java Network Programming", 3rd edition, O'REILLY, 2011.

Online Learning Resources:

1. <https://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~mythili/os/>
2. <http://peterindia.net/OperatingSystems.html>
3. www.cs.washington.edu/~tom/nachos
4. <https://www.netacad.com/courses/packet-tracer> - Cisco Packet Tracer.
5. Ns Manual, Available at: <https://www.isi.edu/nsnam/ns/ns-documentation.html>, 2011.
https://www.wireshark.org/docs/wsug_html_chunked/ -Wireshark.
6. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105183/25>
7. <http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-networks.html>
8. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105183/3>
9. http://vlabs.iitb.ac.in/vlabs-dev/labs_local/computer-networks/labs/explicit.php





II B.TECH II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	0	3	30	70	100	1.5
SUBCODE: R23CC22L1	DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

This Course will enable students to

- Populate and query a database using SQL DDL/DML Commands
- Declare and enforce integrity constraints on a database
- Writing Queries using advanced concepts of SQL
- Programming PL/SQL including procedures, functions, cursors and triggers,

Experiments covering the topics:

- DDL, DML, DCL commands
- Queries, nested queries, built-in functions,
- PL/SQL programming- control structures
- Procedures, Functions, Cursors, Triggers,
- Database connectivity- ODBC/JDBC

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After Completion of this course student must be able to

CO1: Apply SQL commands like DDL, DML, DCL and Indexing to perform different Database operations [K3].

CO2: Develop PL/SQL block statements, control statements and cursors. [K3]

CO3: Develop PL/SQL programs using functions and procedures. [K3]

CO4: Develop PL/SQL programs using packages and Triggers. [K3]

CO5: Develop a Java Program to connect to a database. [K3].

Sample Experiments:

1. Creation, altering and dropping of tables and inserting rows into a table (use constraints while creating tables) examples using SELECT command.
2. Queries (along with sub Queries) using ANY, ALL, IN, EXISTS, NOT EXISTS, UNION, INTERSET, Constraints. Example:- Select the roll number and name of the student who secured fourth rank in the class.
3. Queries using Aggregate functions (COUNT, SUM, AVG, MAX and MIN), GROUP BY, HAVING and Creation and dropping of Views.
4. Queries using Conversion functions (to_char, to_number and to_date), string functions (Concatenation, lpad, rpad, ltrim, rtrim, lower, upper, initcap, length, substr and instr), date functions (Sysdate, next_day, add_months, last_day, months_between, least, greatest, trunc, round, to_char, to_date)
5. Create a simple PL/SQL program which includes declaration section, executable section and exception –Handling section (Ex. Student marks can be selected from the table and printed for those who secured first class and an exception can be raised if no records were





- found)
- a. Insert data into student table and use COMMIT, ROLLBACK and SAVEPOINT in PL/SQL block.
 6. Develop a program that includes the features NESTED IF, CASE and CASE expression. The program can be extended using the NULLIF and COALESCE functions.
 7. Program development using WHILE LOOPS, numeric FOR LOOPS, nested loops using ERROR Handling, BUILT -IN Exceptions, USE defined Exceptions, RAISE-APPLICATION ERROR.
 8. Programs development using creation of procedures, passing parameters IN and OUT of PROCEDURES.
 9. Program development using creation of stored functions, invoke functions in SQL Statements and write complex functions.
 10. Develop programs using features parameters in a CURSOR, FOR UPDATE CURSOR, WHERE CURRENT of clause and CURSOR variables.
 11. Develop Programs using BEFORE and AFTER Triggers, Row and Statement Triggers and INSTEAD OF Triggers
 12. Create a table and perform the search operation on table using indexing and nonindexing techniques.
 13. Write a Java program that connects to a database using JDBC
 14. Write a Java program to connect to a database using JDBC and insert values into it
 15. Write a Java program to connect to a database using JDBC and delete values from it

Text Books/Suggested Reading:

1. Oracle: The Complete Reference by Oracle Press
2. Nilesh Shah, "Database Systems Using Oracle", PHI, 2007
3. Rick F Vander Lans, "Introduction to SQL", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2007





II B.TECH II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	0	1	2	30	70	100	2
SUBCODE: R23CC22L2	FULL STACK DEVELOPMENT – 1 (SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE)						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main objectives of the course are to

- Make use of HTML elements and their attributes for designing static web pages
- Build a web page by applying appropriate CSS styles to HTML elements
- Experiment with JavaScript to develop dynamic web pages and validate forms

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After Completion of this course student will be able to:

CO1: Develop static html pages by using HTML5 elements and attributes.[K3].

CO2: Construct a static html pages by using Cascading Style Sheets [K3].

CO3: Build webpages using Java Script [K3].

CO4: Develop a Web pages Using JQuery [K3].

Experiments covering the Topics:

- Lists, Links and Images
- HTML Tables, Forms and Frames
- HTML 5 and Cascading Style Sheets, Types of CSS
- Selector forms
- CSS with Color, Background, Font, Text and CSS Box Model
- Applying JavaScript - internal and external, I/O, Type Conversion
- JavaScript Conditional Statements and Loops, Pre-defined and User-defined Objects
- JavaScript Functions and Events
- Node.js

Sample Experiments:**1. Lists, Links and Images**

- a. Write a HTML program, to explain the working of lists.

Note: It should have an ordered list, unordered list, nested lists and ordered list in an unordered list and definition lists.

- b. Write a HTML program, to explain the working of hyperlinks using <a> tag and href, target attributes.
- c. Create a HTML document that has your image and your friend's image with a specific height and width. Also when clicked on the images it should navigate to their respective profiles.
- d. Write a HTML program, in such a way that, rather than placing large images on a page, the preferred technique is to use thumbnails by setting the height and width parameters to something like to 100*100 pixels. Each thumbnail image is also a link to a full sized version of the image. Create an image gallery using this technique

2. HTML Tables, Forms and Frames

- Write a HTML program, to explain the working of tables. (use tags: <table>, <tr>, <th>, <td> and attributes: border, rowspan, colspan)





- Write a HTML program, to explain the working of tables by preparing a timetable. (**Note:** Use <caption> tag to set the caption to the table & also use cell spacing, cell padding, border, rowspan, colspan etc.).
 - Write a HTML program, to explain the working of forms by designing Registration form. (**Note:** Include text field, password field, number field, date of birth field, checkboxes, radio buttons, list boxes using <select>&<option> tags, <text area> and two buttons ie: submit and reset. Use tables to provide a better view).
 - Write a HTML program, to explain the working of frames, such that page is to be divided into 3 parts on either direction. (**Note:** first frame image, second frame paragraph, third frame hyperlink. And also make sure of using "no frame" attribute such that frames to be fixed).
3. HTML 5 and Cascading Style Sheets, Types of CSS
- a. Write a HTML program, that makes use of <article>, <aside>, <figure>, <figcaption>, <footer>, <header>, <main>, <nav>, <section>, <div>, tags.
 - b. Write a HTML program, to embed audio and video into HTML web page.
 - c. Write a program to apply different types (or levels of styles or style specification formats) - inline, internal, external styles to HTML elements. (Identify selector, property and value).
4. Selector forms
- a. Write a program to apply different types of selector forms
 - Simple selector (element, id, class, group, universal)
 - Combinator selector (descendant, child, adjacent sibling, general sibling)
 - Pseudo-class selector
 - Pseudo-element selector
 - Attribute selector
5. CSS with Color, Background, Font, Text and CSS Box Model
- a. Write a program to demonstrate the various ways you can reference a color in CSS.
 - b. Write a CSS rule that places a background image halfway down the page, tilting it horizontally. The image should remain in place when the user scrolls up or down.
 - c. Write a program using the following terms related to CSS font and text:
 - i. font-size ii. font-weight iii. font-style
 - iv. text-decoration v. text-transformation vi. text-alignment
 - d. Write a program, to explain the importance of CSS Box model using
 - i. Content ii. Border iii. Margin iv. padding
6. Applying JavaScript - internal and external, I/O, Type Conversion
- a. Write a program to embed internal and external JavaScript in a web page.
 - b. Write a program to explain the different ways for displaying output.
 - c. Write a program to explain the different ways for taking input.
 - d. Create a webpage which uses prompt dialogue box to ask a voter for his name and age. Display the information in table format along with either the voter can vote or not
7. JavaScript Pre-defined and User-defined Objects
- a. Write a program using document object properties and methods.
 - b. Write a program using window object properties and methods.
 - c. Write a program using array object properties and methods.
 - d. Write a program using math object properties and methods.
 - e. Write a program using string object properties and methods.
 - f. Write a program using regex object properties and methods.
 - g. Write a program using date object properties and methods.





- h. Write a program to explain user-defined object by using properties, methods, accessors, constructors and display.
8. JavaScript Conditional Statements and Loops
 - a. Write a program which asks the user to enter three integers, obtains the numbers from the user and outputs HTML text that displays the larger number followed by the words "LARGER NUMBER" in an information message dialog. If the numbers are equal, output HTML text as "EQUAL NUMBERS".
 - b. Write a program to display week days using switch case.
 - c. Write a program to print 1 to 10 numbers using for, while and do-while loops.
 - d. Write a program to print data in object using for-in, for-each and for-of loops
 - e. Develop a program to determine whether a given number is an 'ARMSTRONG NUMBER' or not. [Eg: 153 is an Armstrong number, since sum of the cube of the digits is equal to the number i.e., $1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3 = 153$]
 - f. Write a program to display the denomination of the amount deposited in the bank in terms of 100's, 50's, 20's, 10's, 5's, 2's & 1's. (Eg: If deposited amount is Rs.163, the output should be 1-100's, 1-50's, 1-10's, 1-2's & 1-1's)
9. Javascript Functions and Events
 - a. Design a appropriate function should be called to display
 - Factorial of that number
 - Fibonacci series up to that number
 - Prime numbers up to that number
 - Is it palindrome or not
 - b. Design a HTML having a text box and four buttons named Factorial, Fibonacci, Prime, and Palindrome. When a button is pressed an appropriate function should be called to display
 - i Factorial of that number
 - ii Fibonacci series up to that number
 - iii Prime numbers up to that number
 - iv Is it palindrome or not
 - c. Write a program to validate the following fields in a registration page
 - i. Name (start with alphabet and followed by alphanumeric and the length should not be less than 6 characters)
 - ii. Mobile (only numbers and length 10 digits)
 - iii. E-mail (should contain format like xxxxxxx@xxxxxx.xxx)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Programming the World Wide Web, 7th Edition, Robert W Sebesta, Pearson, 2013.
2. Web Programming with HTML5, CSS and JavaScript, John Dean, Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2019 (Chapters 1-11).
3. Pro MERN Stack: Full Stack Web App Development with Mongo, Express, React, and Node, Vasan Subramanian, 2nd edition, APress, O'Reilly.

WEB LINKS:

1. <https://www.w3schools.com/html>
2. <https://www.w3schools.com/css>
3. <https://www.w3schools.com/js/>
4. <https://www.w3schools.com/nodejs>
5. <https://www.w3schools.com/typescript>





II B.TECH II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	1	0	2	30	70	100	2
SUBCODE: R23CC22L3	DESIGN THINKING AND INNOVATION						

COURSE OBJECTIVES: The objectives of the course are to

- Bring awareness on innovative design and new product development.
- Explain the basics of design thinking.
- Familiarize the role of reverse engineering in product development.
- Train how to identify the needs of society and convert into demand.
- Introduce product planning and product development process.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After Completion of this course student will be able to:

CO1: Define the concepts related to design thinking.[K1]

CO2: Explain the fundamentals of Design Thinking and innovation.[K2]

CO3: Apply the design thinking techniques for solving problems in various sectors.[K3]

CO4: Analyse to work in a multidisciplinary environment.[K4]

CO5: Evaluate the value of creativity.[K5]

UNIT – I: Introduction to Design Thinking

Introduction to elements and principles of Design, basics of design-dot, line, shape, form as fundamental design components. Principles of design. Introduction to design thinking, history of Design Thinking, New materials in Industry.

UNIT – II: Design Thinking Process

Design thinking process (empathize, analyze, idea & prototype), implementing the process in driving inventions, design thinking in social innovations. Tools of design thinking - person, costumer, journey map, brainstorming, product development

Activity: Every student presents their idea in three minutes, every student can present design process in the form of flow diagram or flow chart etc. Every student should explain about product development.

UNIT – III: Innovation

Art of innovation, Difference between innovation and creativity, role of creativity and innovation in organizations. Creativity to Innovation. Teams for innovation, Measuring the impact and value of creativity.

Activity: Debate on innovation and creativity, Flow and planning from idea to innovation, Debate on value-based innovation.

UNIT – IV: Product Design

Problem formation, introduction to product design, Product strategies, Product value, Product planning, product specifications. Innovation towards product design Case studies.

Activity: Importance of modeling, how to set specifications, Explaining their own product design.





UNIT – V: Design Thinking in Business Processes

Design Thinking applied in Business & Strategic Innovation, Design Thinking principles that redefine business – Business challenges: Growth, Predictability, Change, Maintaining Relevance, Extreme competition, Standardization. Design thinking to meet corporate needs. Design thinking for Startups. Defining and testing Business Models and Business Cases. Developing & testing prototypes.

Activity: How to market our own product, about maintenance, Reliability and plan for startup.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Tim Brown, Change by design, 1/e, Harper Bollins, 2009.
2. Idris Mootee, Design Thinking for Strategic Innovation, 1/e, Adams Media, 2014.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. David Lee, Design Thinking in the Classroom, Ulysses press, 2018.
2. Shrrutin N Shetty, Design the Future, 1/e, Norton Press, 2018.
3. William lidwell, Kritinaholden, &Jill butter, Universal principles of design, 2/e, Rockport Publishers, 2010.
4. Chesbrough.H, The era of open innovation, 2003.

ONLINE LEARNING RESOURCES:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110/106/110106124/>
2. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/109/104/109104109/>
3. https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_mg60/preview
4. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_de16/preview



II B.TECH II SEMESTER	L	T	P	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	CREDITS
	2	0	0	30	70	100	0
SUBCODE: R23CC22MC	ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES						

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students to get awareness on environment
- To understand the importance of protecting natural resources, ecosystems for future generations and pollution causes due to the day-to-day activities of human life
- To save earth from the inventions by the engineers.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After Completion of this course student will be able to:

- CO1:** Understand multi-disciplinary nature of environmental studies and analyze the natural resources and their importance for the sustenance of the life and recognize the need to conserve the natural resources. [K2]
- CO2:** Explain the concepts of the ecosystem and its function in the environment. The need for protecting the producers and consumers in various ecosystems and their role in the food web. Explain the biodiversity of India and the threats to biodiversity, and conservation practices to protect the biodiversity. [K2]
- CO3:** Distinguish various attributes of the pollution, their impacts and measures to reduce or control the pollution along with waste management [K2]
- CO4:** Understand the rainwater harvesting, watershed management, ozone layer depletion and waste land reclamation. [K2]
- CO5:** Illustrate the causes of population explosion, value education and welfare programmes. [K3]

UNIT – I

Multidisciplinary Nature of Environmental Studies: – Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

Natural Resources: Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people – Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – **Food resources:** World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies.



UNIT – II

Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and function of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Ecological succession – Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem.
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Biodiversity and Its Conservation : Introduction and Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Bio-geographical classification of India – Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, National and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – Hot-spots of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

UNIT – III

Environmental Pollution: Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of:

- a. Air Pollution.
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution

Solid Waste Management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

UNIT – IV

Social Issues and the Environment: From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy – Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies – Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies – Wasteland reclamation. – Consumerism and waste products. – Environment Protection Act. – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act – Wildlife Protection Act – Forest Conservation Act – Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation – Public awareness.

UNIT – V

Human Population And The Environment: Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmes. – Environment and human health – Human Rights – Value Education – HIV/AIDS – Women and Child Welfare – Role of





information Technology in Environment and human health – Case studies.

Field Work: Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River/forest grassland/hill/mountain – Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, and birds – river, hill slopes, etc.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Erach Bharucha, Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses, Universities Press (India) Private Limited, 2019.
2. Palaniswamy, Environmental Studies, 2/e, Pearson education, 2014.
3. S.Azeem Unnisa, Environmental Studies, Academic Publishing Company, 2021.
4. K.Raghavan Nambiar, "Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses as per UGC model syllabus", SciTech Publications (India), Pvt. Ltd, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Deeksha Dave and E.Sai Baba Reddy, Textbook of Environmental Science, 2/e, Cengage Publications, 2012.
2. M.Anji Reddy, "Textbook of Environmental Sciences and Technology", BS Publication, 2014.
3. J.P. Sharma, Comprehensive Environmental studies, Laxmi publications, 2006.
4. J. Glynn Henry and Gary W. Heinke, Environmental Sciences and Engineering, Prentice Hall of India Private limited, 1988.
5. G.R. Chatwal, A Text Book of Environmental Studies, Himalaya Publishing House, 2018.
6. Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela, Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science, 1/e, Prentice Hall of India Private limited, 1991.

ONLINE LEARNING RESOURCES:

- https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_hs155/preview
- https://www.edx.org/learn/environmental-science/rice-university-ap-r-environmental-science-part-3-pollution-and-resources?index=product&objectID=course-3a6da9f2-d84c-4773-8388-1b2f8f6a75f2&webview=false&campaign=AP%C2%AE+Environmental+Science++Part+3%3A+Pollution+and+Resources&source=edX&product_category=course&placement_url=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.edx.org%2Flearn%2Fenvironmental-science
- <http://ecoursesonline.iasri.res.in/Courses/Environmental%20Science-I/Data%20Files/pdf/lec07.pdf>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5QxxaVfgQ3k>

