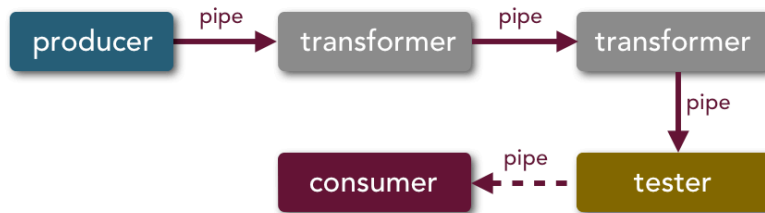


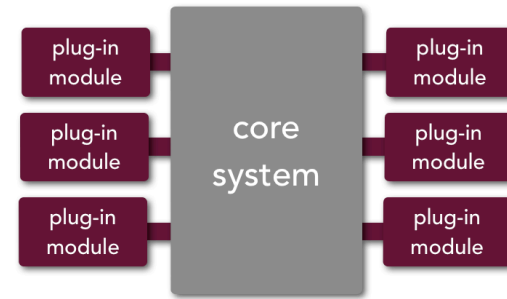


# Architecture Patterns 2

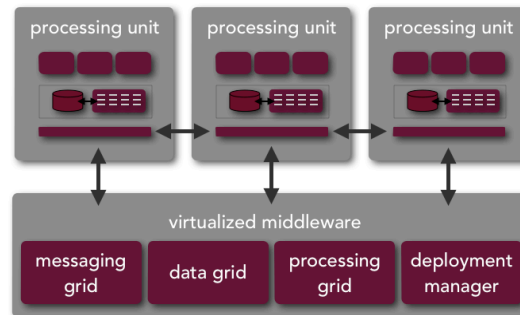
# architecture patterns 2



pipeline architecture



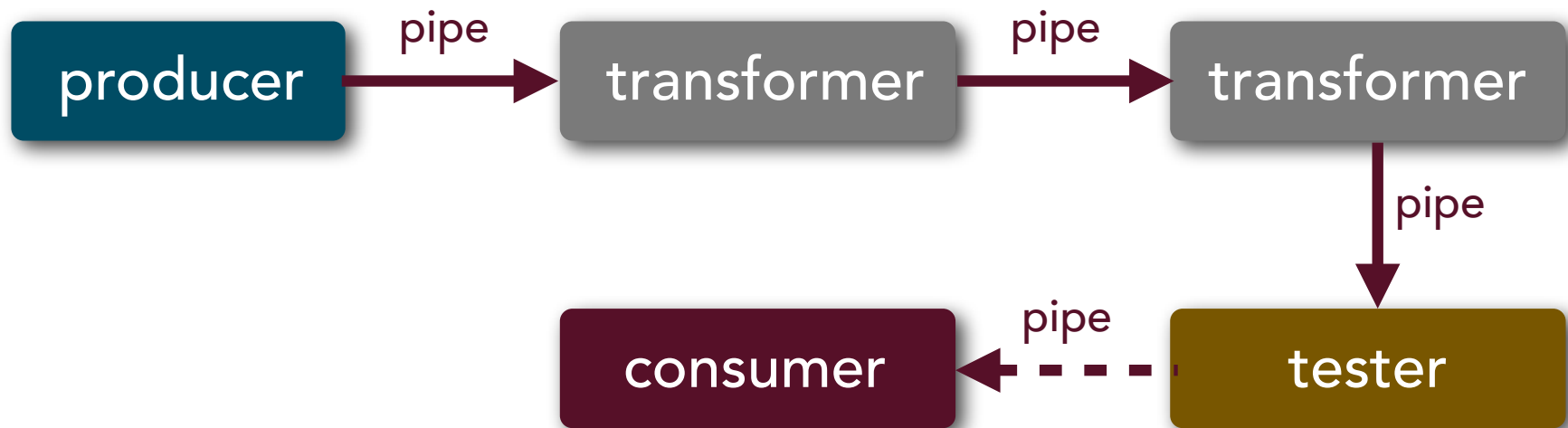
microkernel architecture



space-based architecture

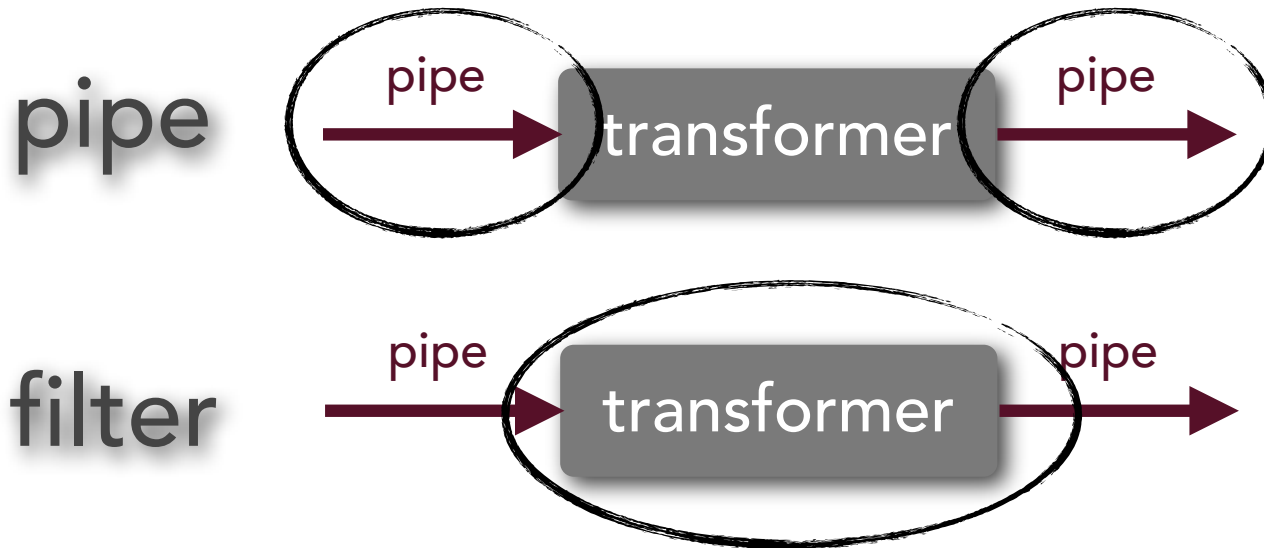
# pipeline architecture

(a.k.a. pipe and filter architecture)



# pipeline architecture

## architectural components



# pipeline architecture

## pipes



uni-directional only

usually point-to-point for high performance, but could be message-based for scalability

payload can be any type (text, bytes, object, etc.)

# pipeline architecture

## filters



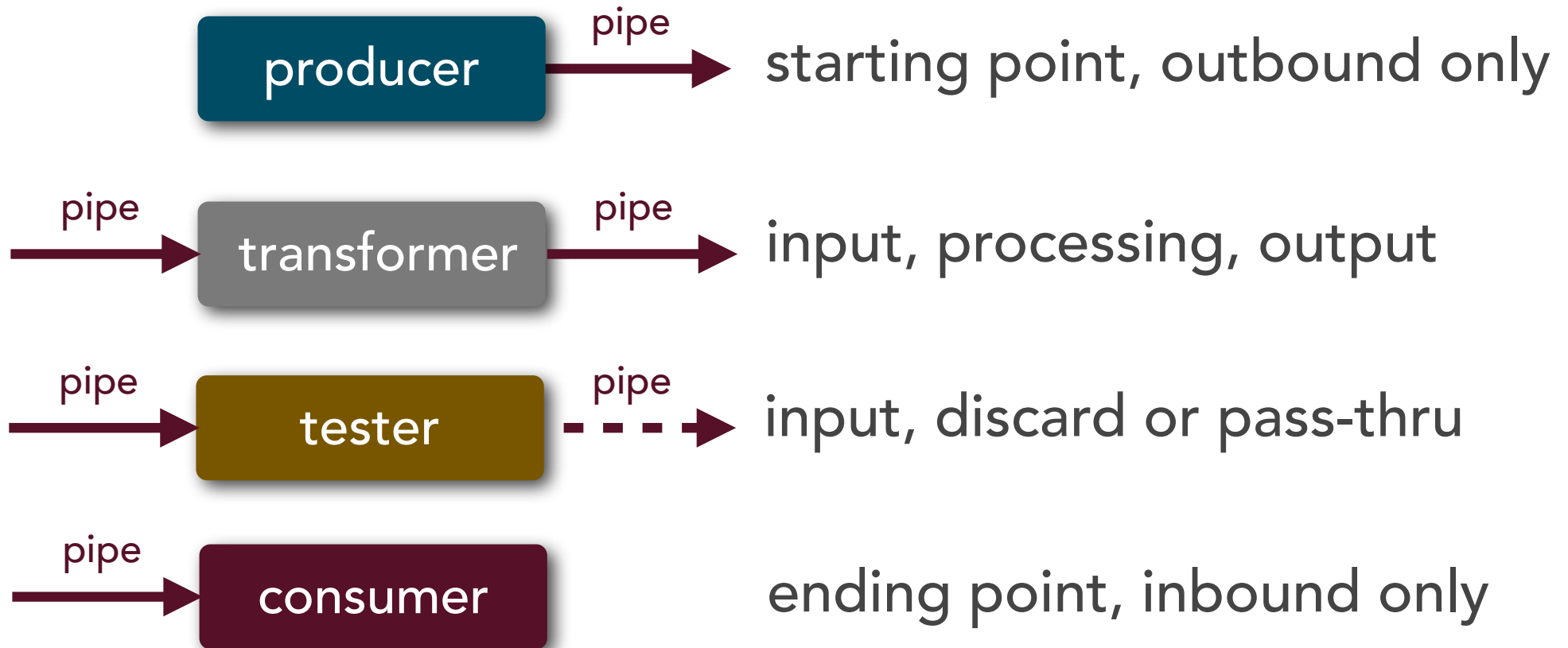
self-contained and independent from other filters

usually designed to perform a single specific task

four filter types (producer, consumer, transformer, and tester)

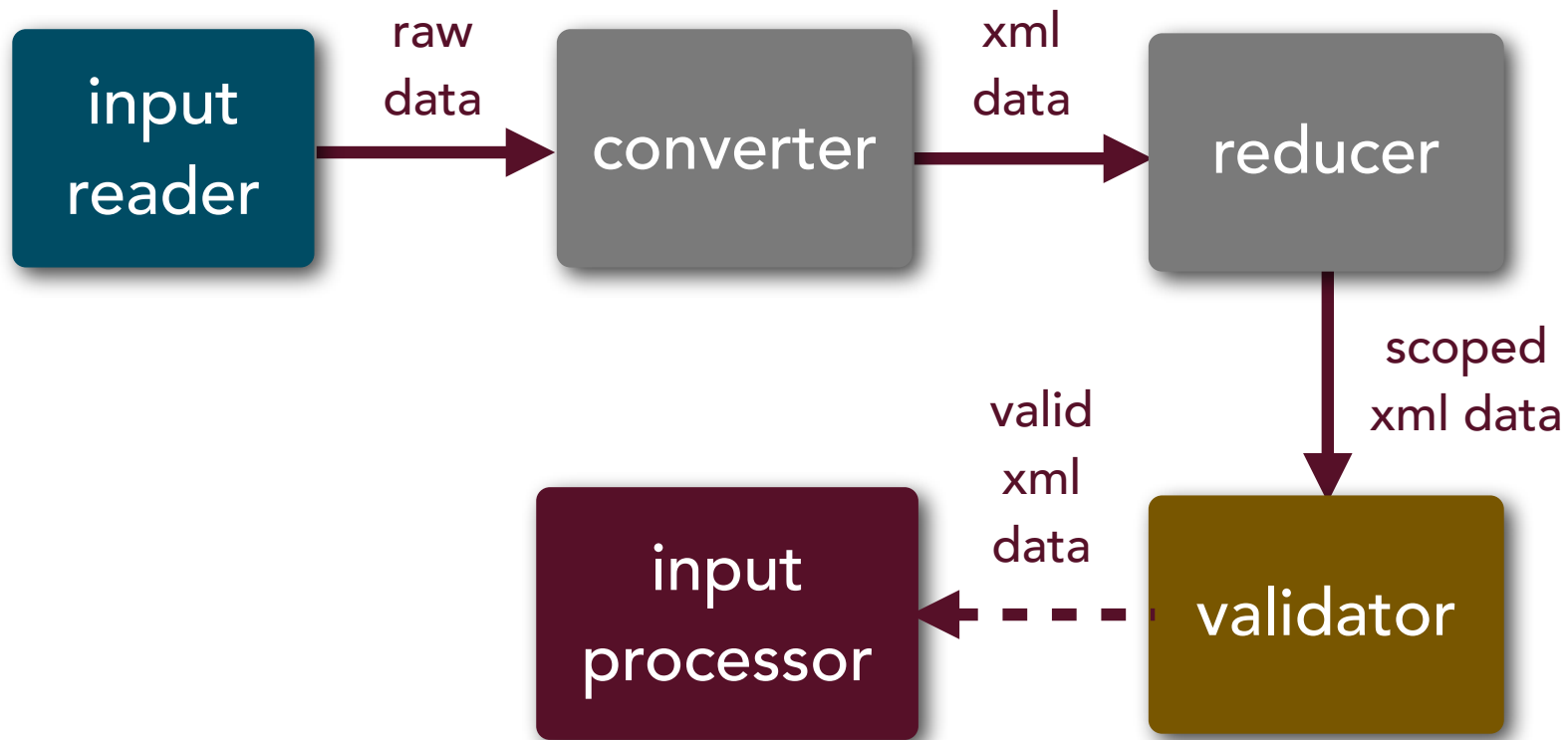
# pipeline architecture

## filters



# pipeline architecture

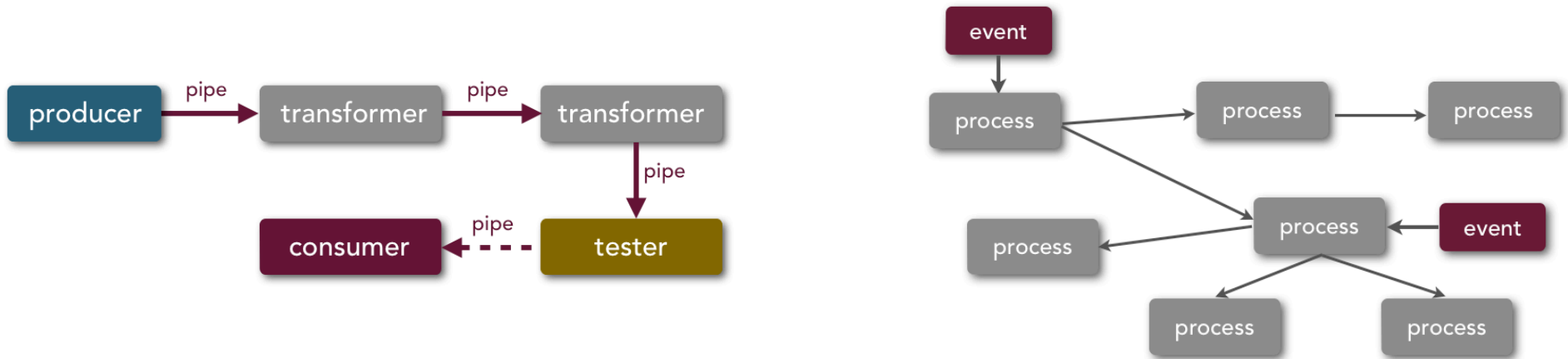
## example





# pipeline architecture

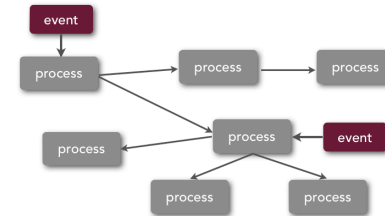
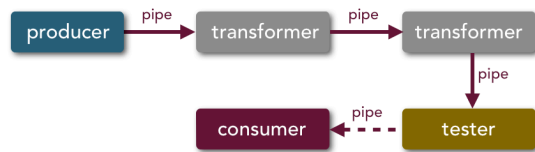
## pipeline vs. event-driven



aren't these really the  
same pattern?

# pipeline architecture

# pipeline vs. event-driven



# synchronous data filtering

## single target for pipe

# simple single purpose filters

# asynchronous event processing

## multiple targets for event

# complex multi-purpose processors

# pipeline architecture

useful for smaller deterministic systems with a distinct processing flow

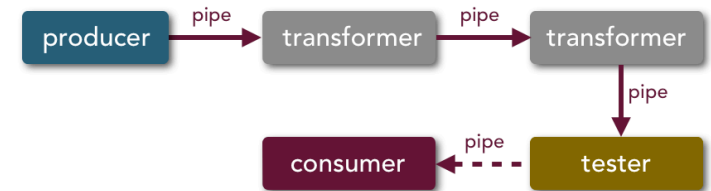
filters can easily be added and removed

provides for a high level of decoupling

supports evolutionary design

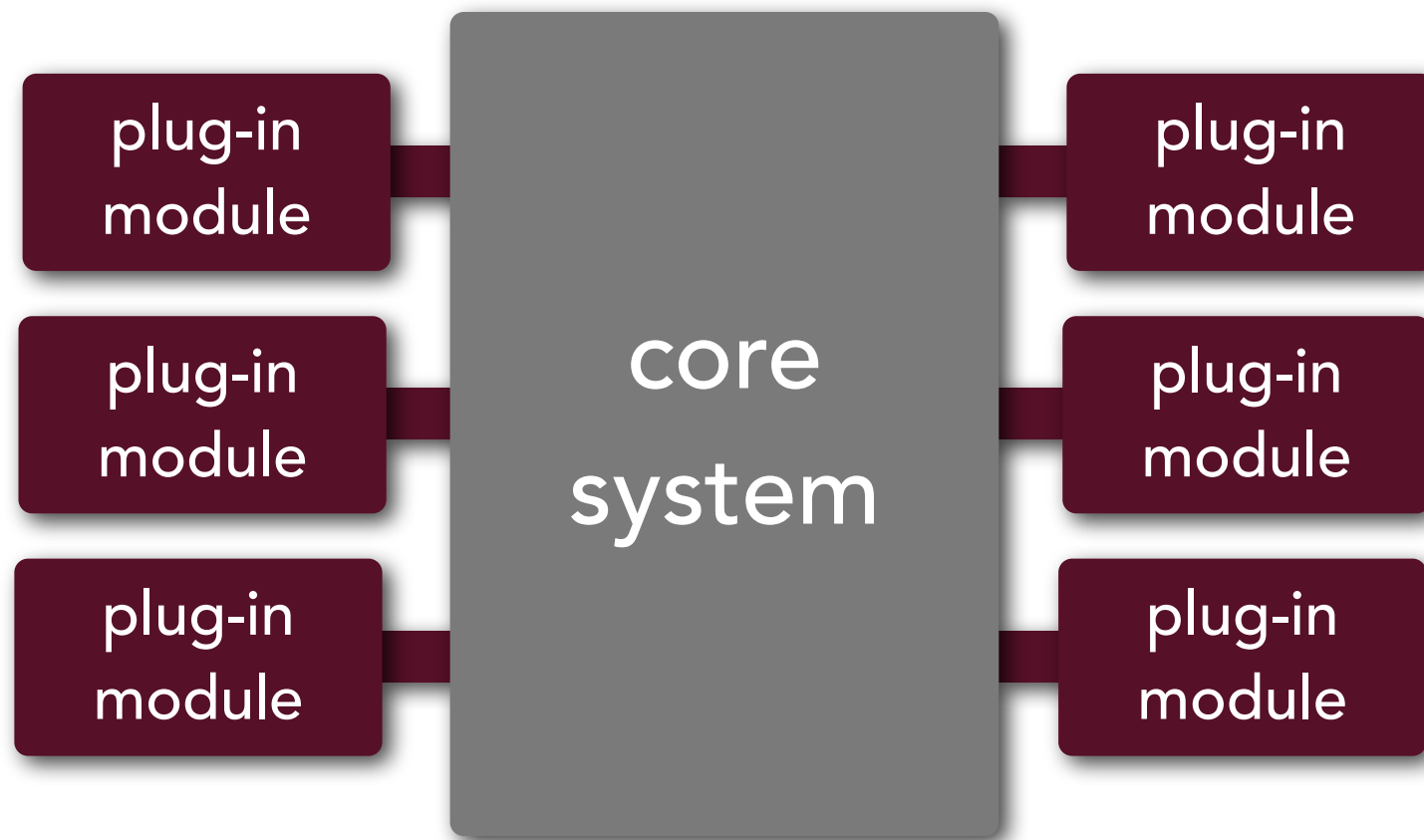
able to easily adapt to changing requirements

can easily be incorporated into another pattern



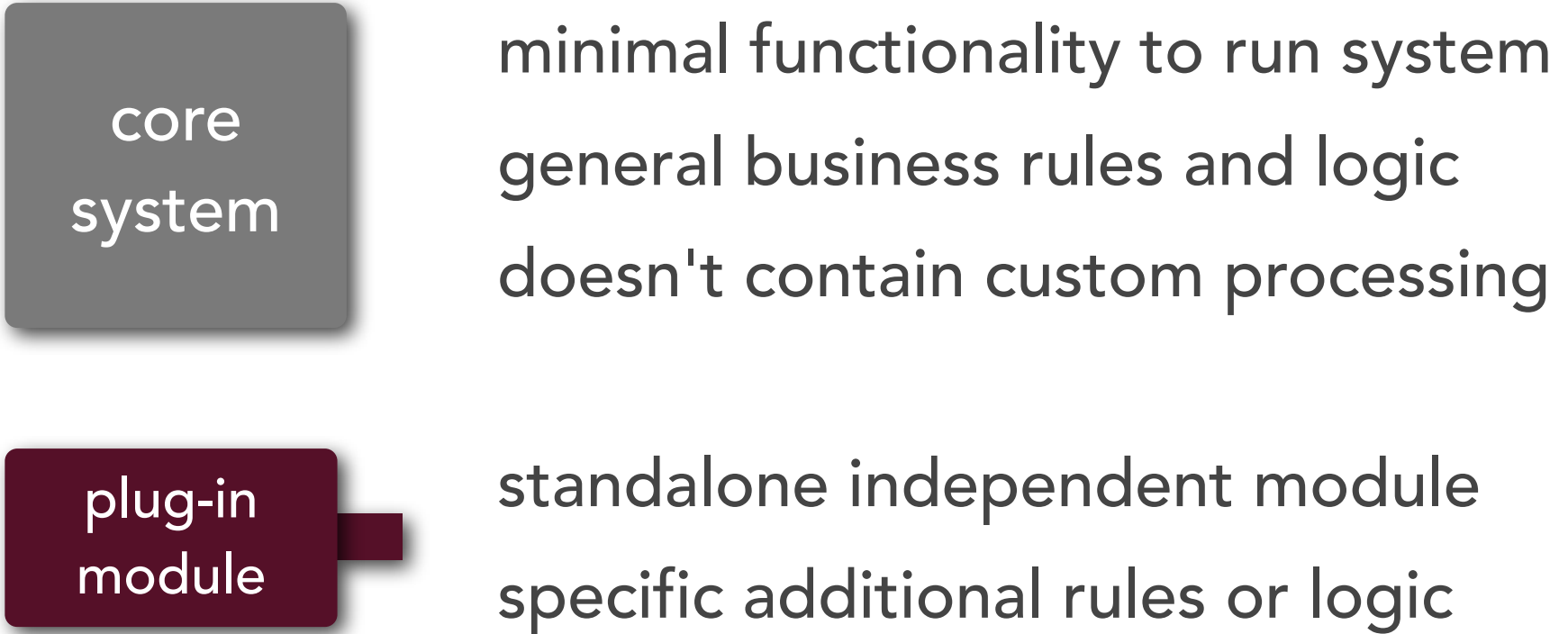
# microkernel architecture

(a.k.a. plug-in architecture pattern)



# microkernel architecture

## architectural components



The diagram illustrates the components of a microkernel architecture. It features two main components: a 'core system' and a 'plug-in module'. The 'core system' is represented by a grey rounded rectangle with the text 'core system' inside. To its right, a list of three items describes its functionality: 'minimal functionality to run system', 'general business rules and logic', and 'doesn't contain custom processing'. Below the 'core system' is a dark red rounded rectangle labeled 'plug-in module'. To its right, a list of two items describes its functionality: 'standalone independent module' and 'specific additional rules or logic'. A small dark red rectangle is positioned between the 'core system' and the 'plug-in module', suggesting a connection or interface between them.

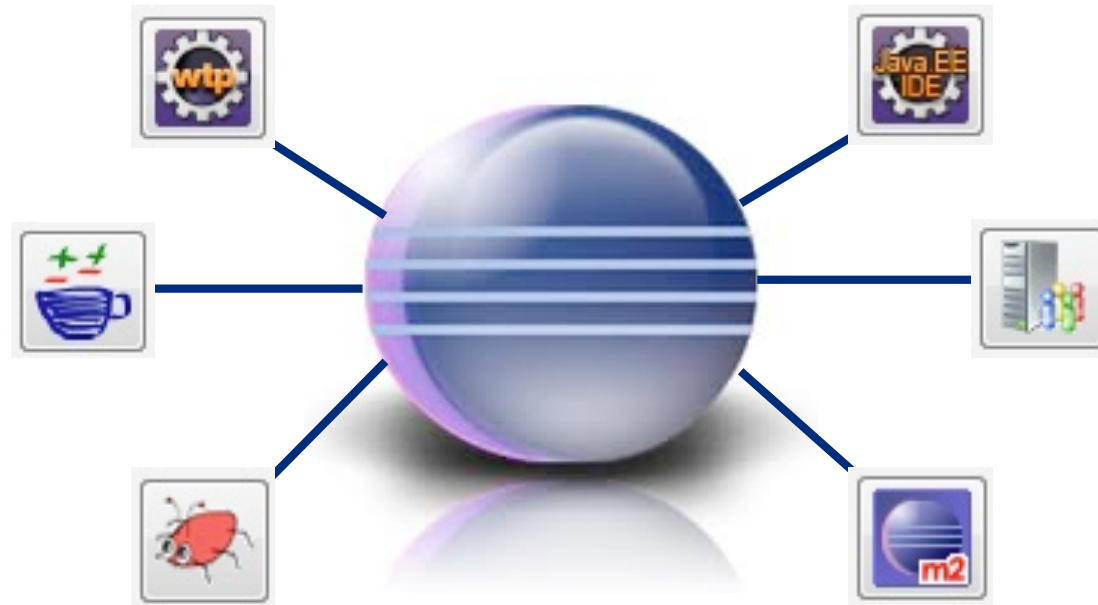
core  
system

- minimal functionality to run system
- general business rules and logic
- doesn't contain custom processing

plug-in  
module

- standalone independent module
- specific additional rules or logic

# microkernel architecture



# microkernel architecture

## claims processing



# microkernel architecture

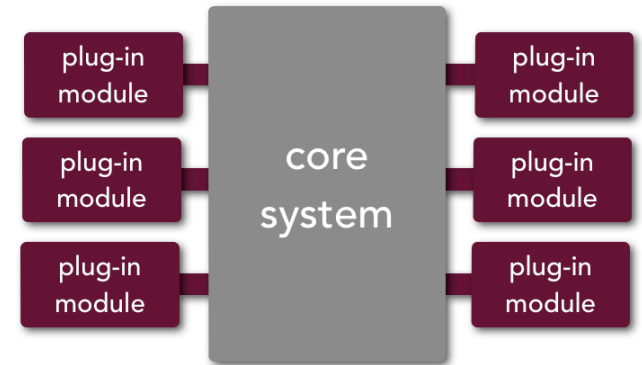
useful for systems that have custom processing or processing is susceptible to change

plug-in modules can easily be added and removed

supports evolutionary design

able to easily adapt to changing requirements

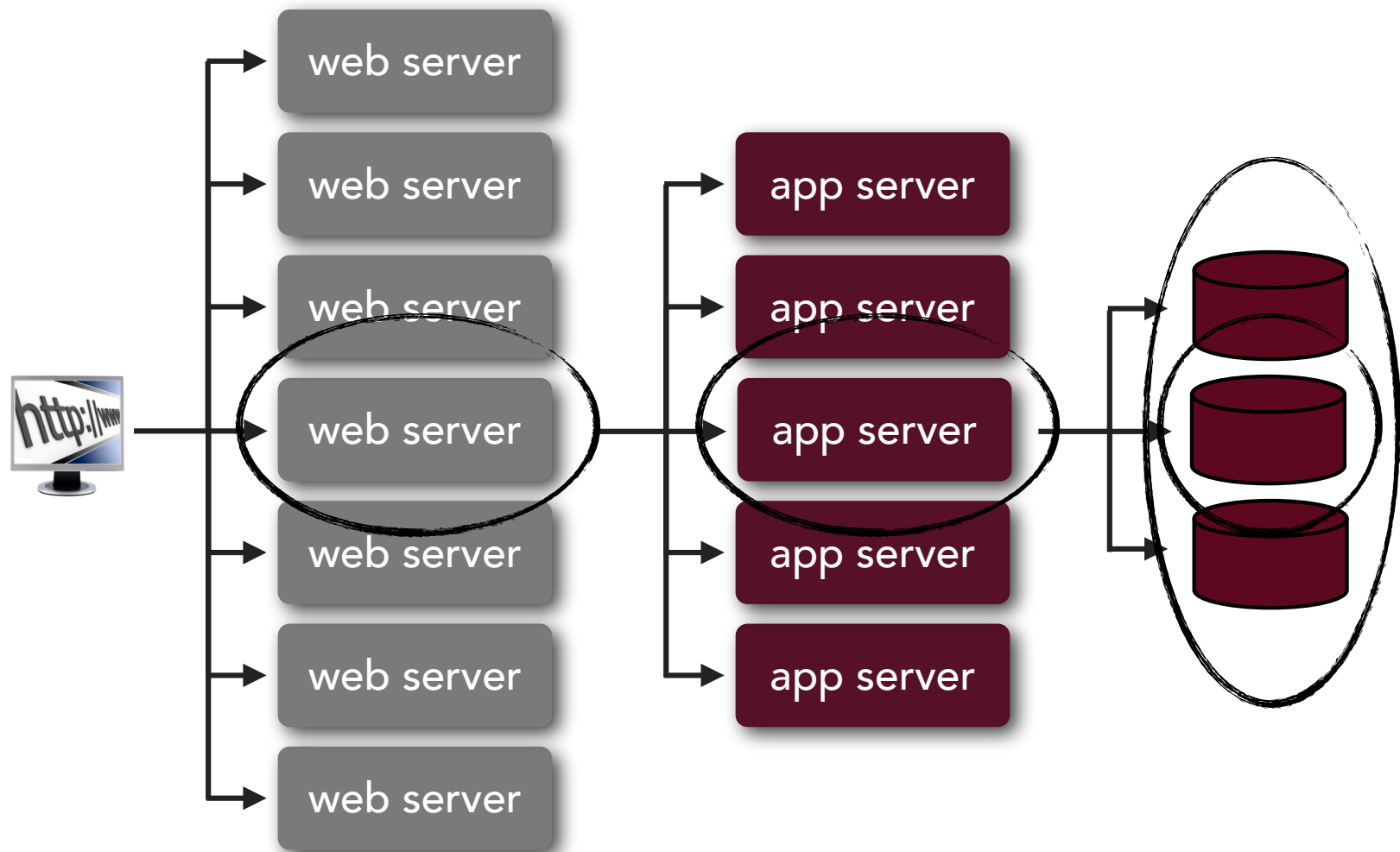
can easily be incorporated into another pattern



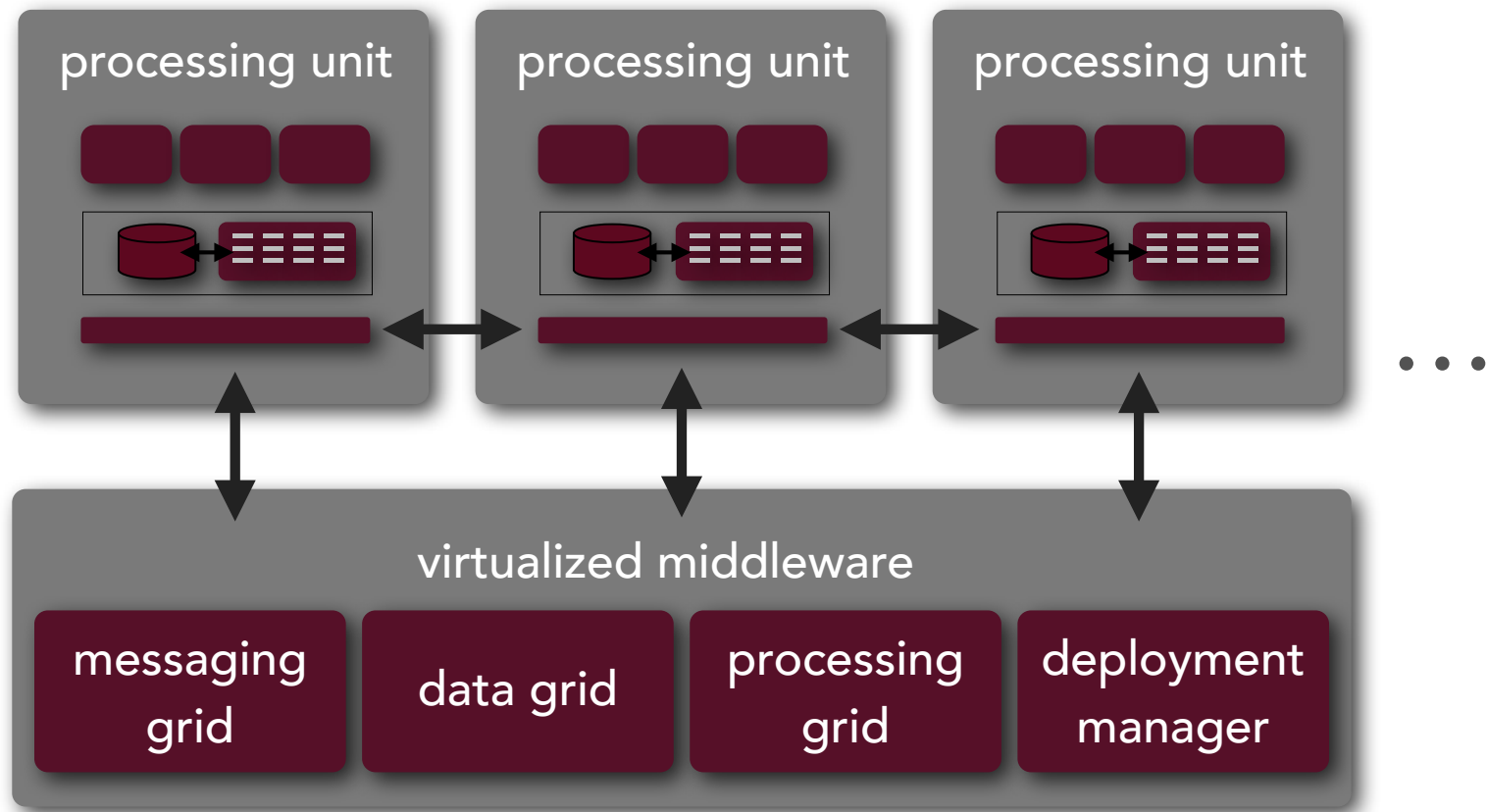


# space-based architecture

let's talk about scalability for a moment...

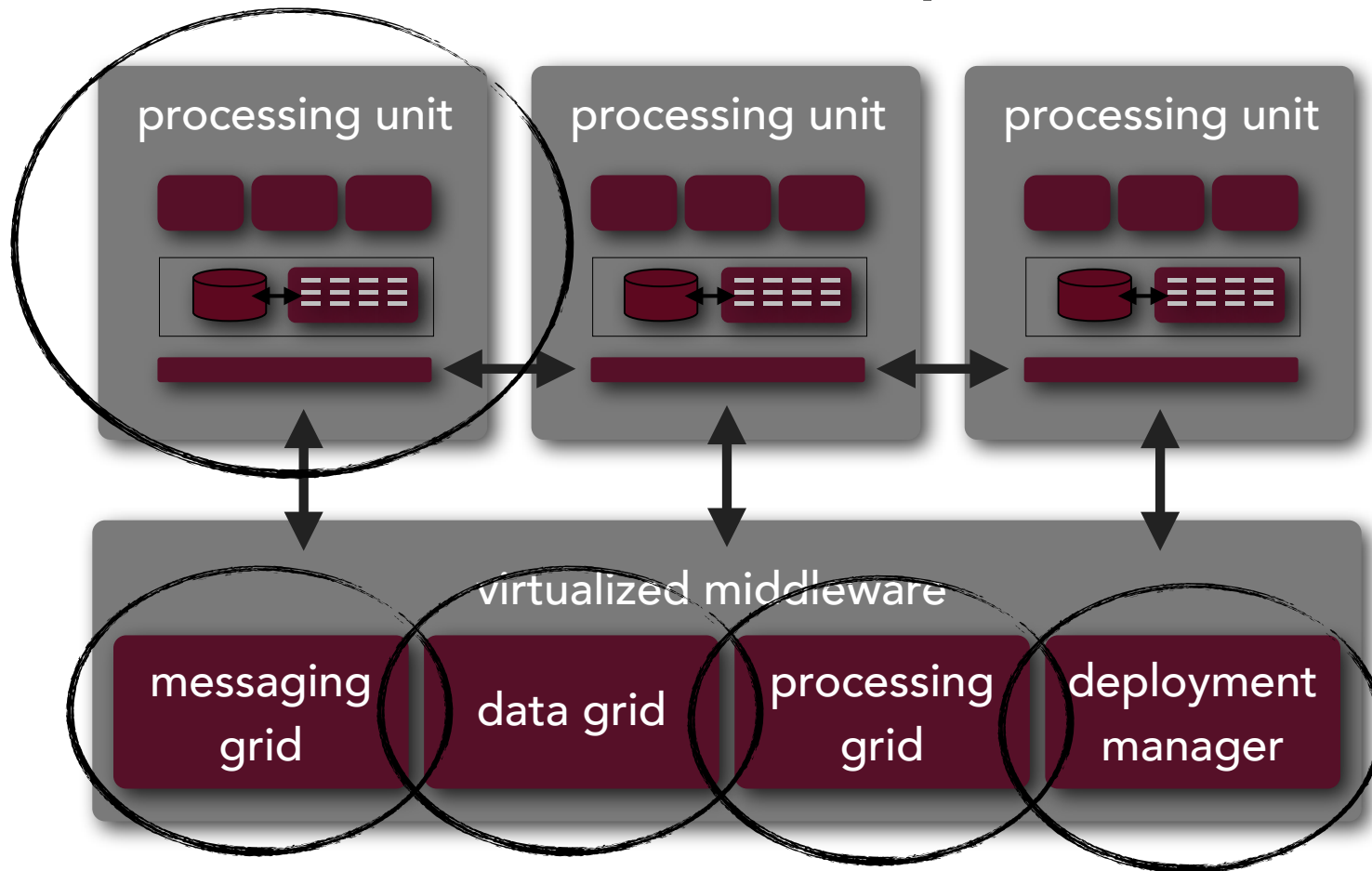


# space-based architecture



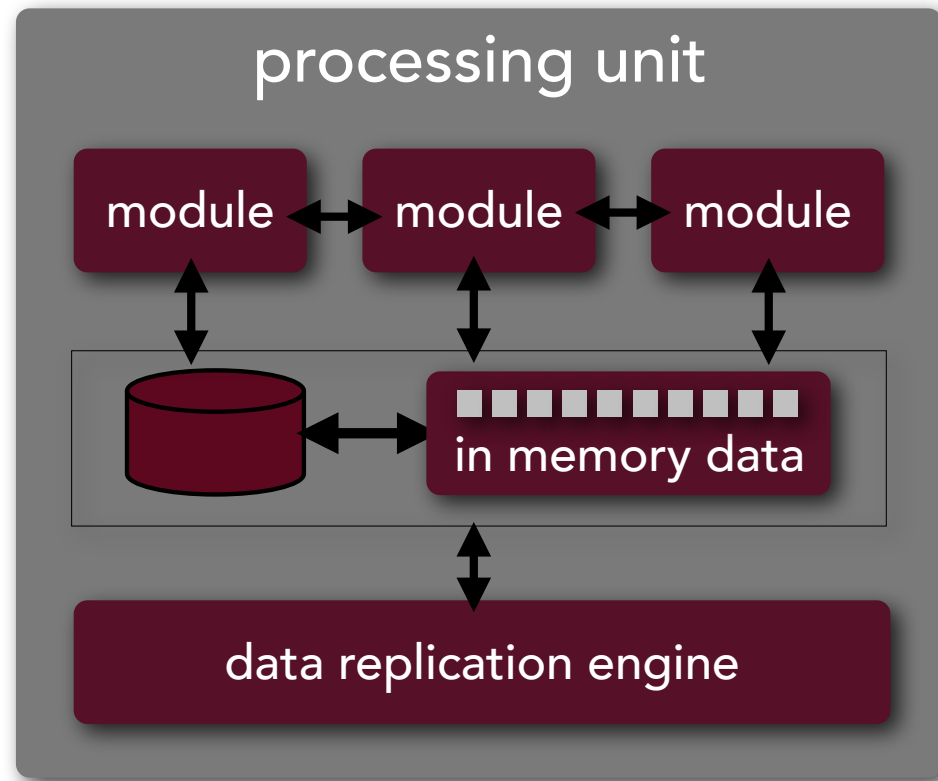
# space-based architecture

## architectural components



# space-based architecture

## processing unit



# space-based architecture middleware

messaging  
grid

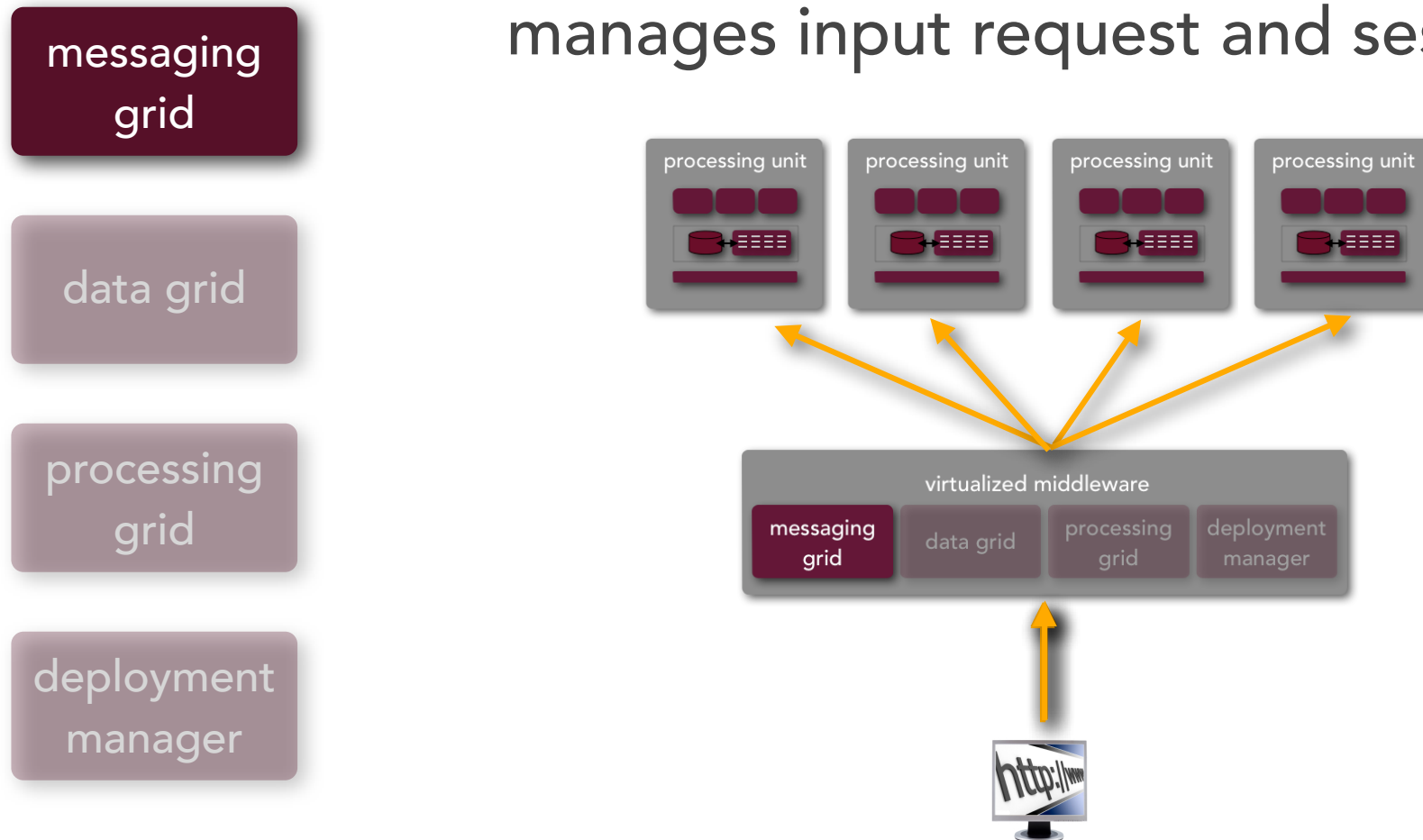
data grid

processing  
grid

deployment  
manager

# space-based architecture middleware

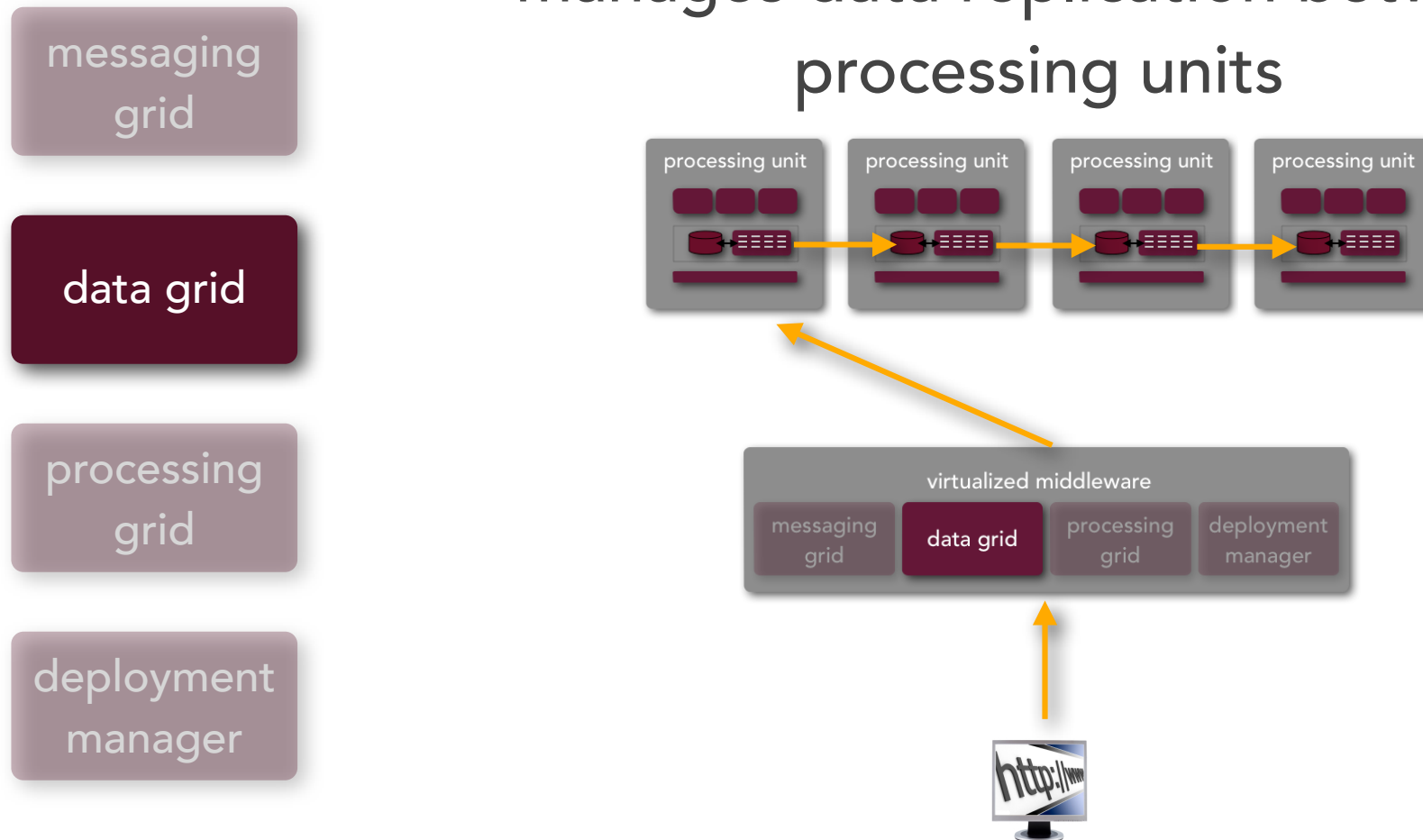
manages input request and session



# space-based architecture

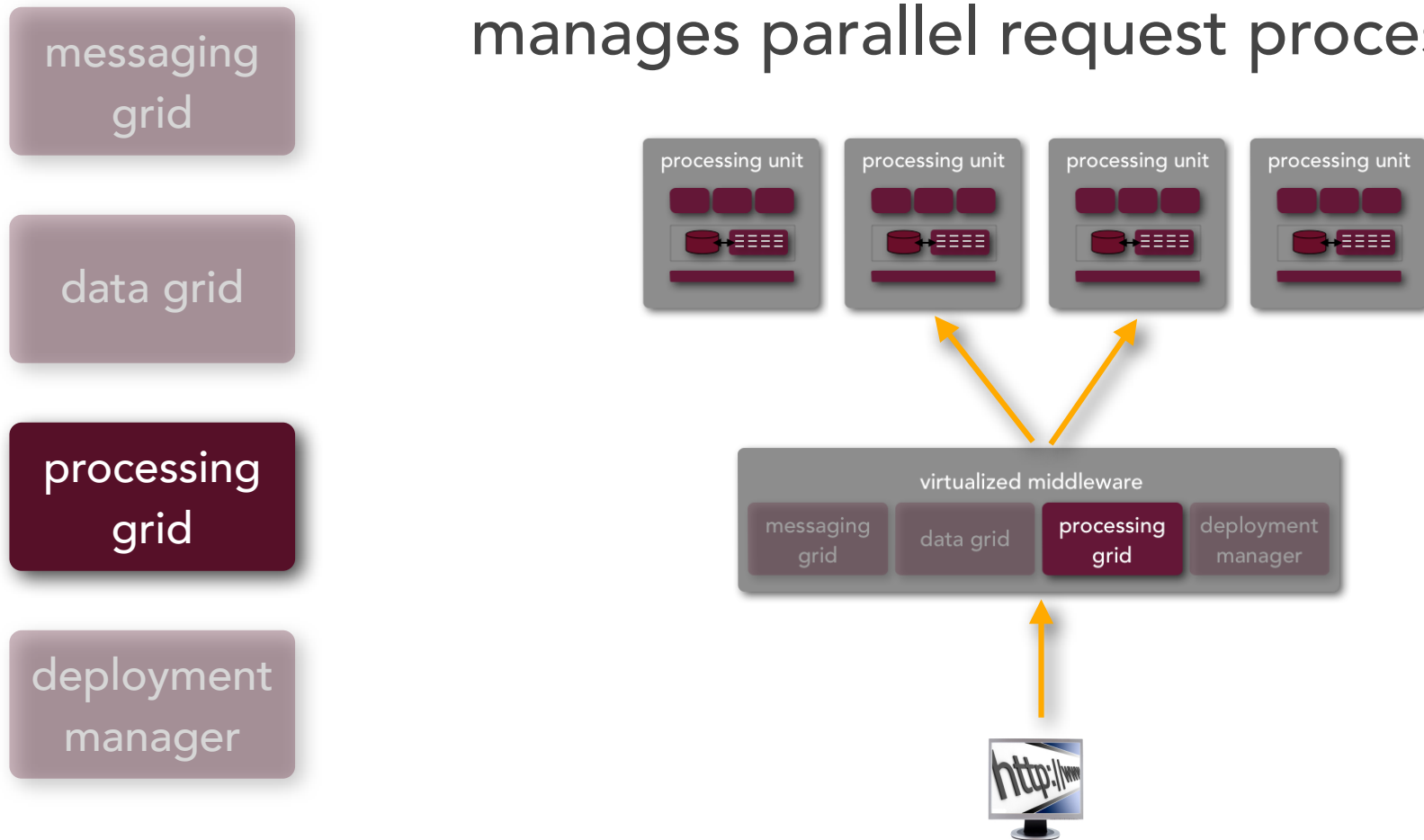
## middleware

manages data replication between  
processing units



# space-based architecture middleware

manages parallel request processing

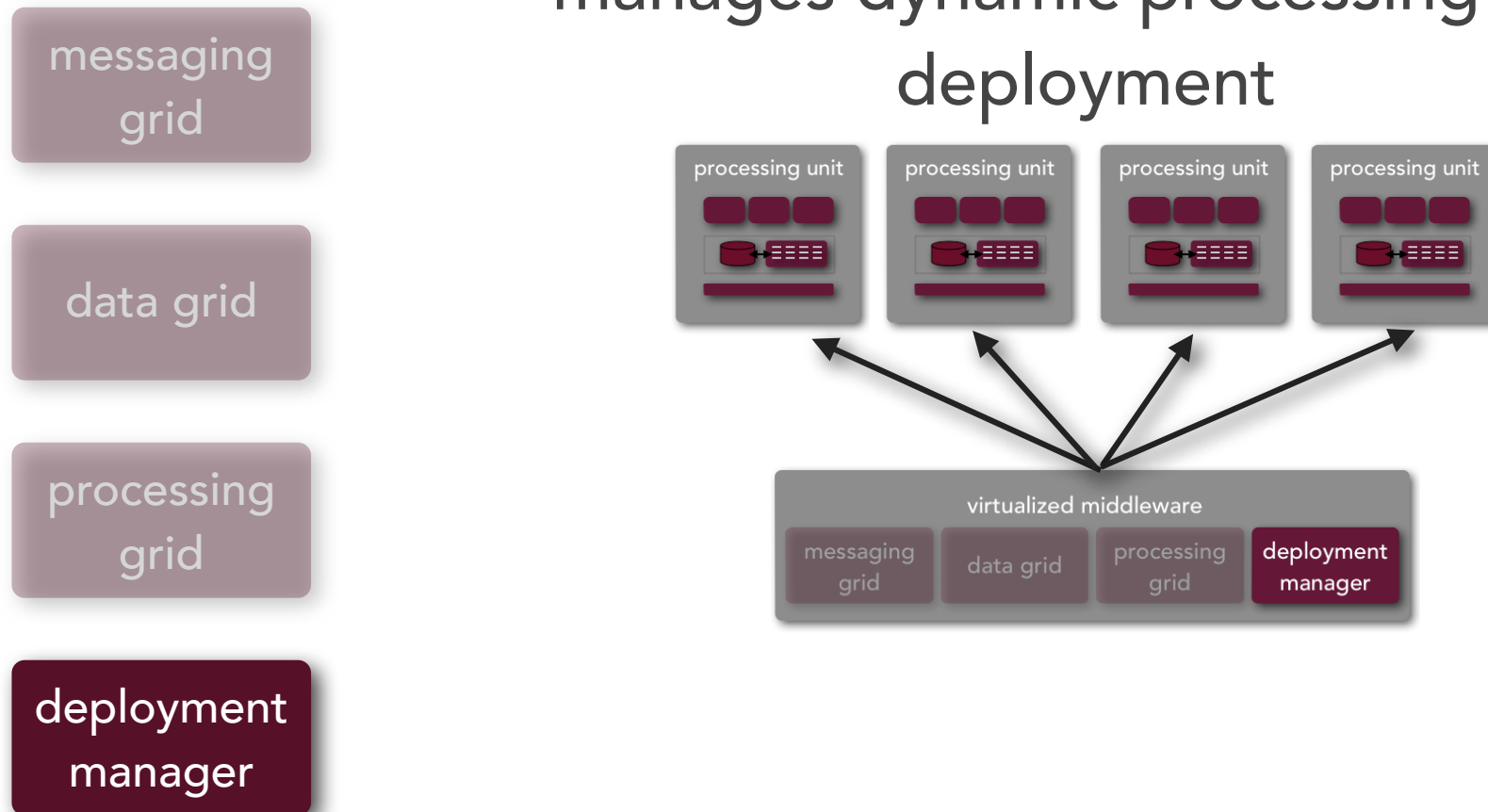




# space-based architecture

## middleware

manages dynamic processing unit  
deployment



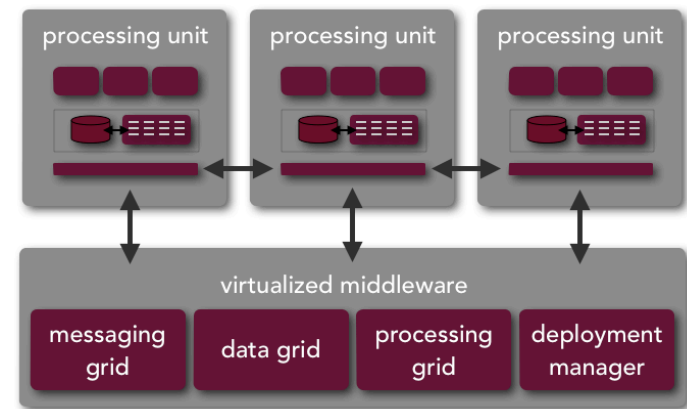
# space-based architecture

it's all about variable scalability...

good for applications that have variable load or inconsistent peak times

not a good fit for traditional large-scale relational database systems

relatively complex and expensive pattern to implement

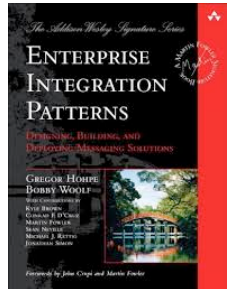


# for more information



Wikipedia (space-based architecture)

[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Space-based\\_architecture](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Space-based_architecture)



Enterprise Integration Patterns

<http://www.eaipatterns.com/PipesAndFilters.html>



Wikipedia (pipeline architecture)

[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pipeline\\_\(software\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pipeline_(software))

# ?'S



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### Published Books:

Java Message Service, 2nd Edition

97 Things Every Software Architect Should Know

Java Transaction Design Strategies



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Meme Wrangler

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