

School of Information Technology & Engineering

WINTER 2022 - 23

Programme: B.Tech Due Date: 25-03-2022 Course Title: Information Security Management Course Code: CSE3502

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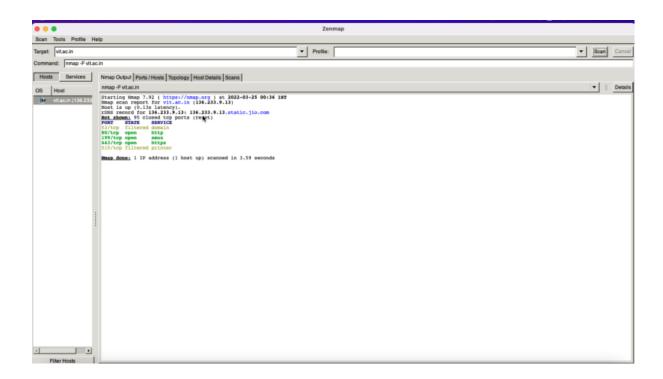
RegNo: 19BIT0010

Q1) Commands for Port Scanning using NMAP ANS

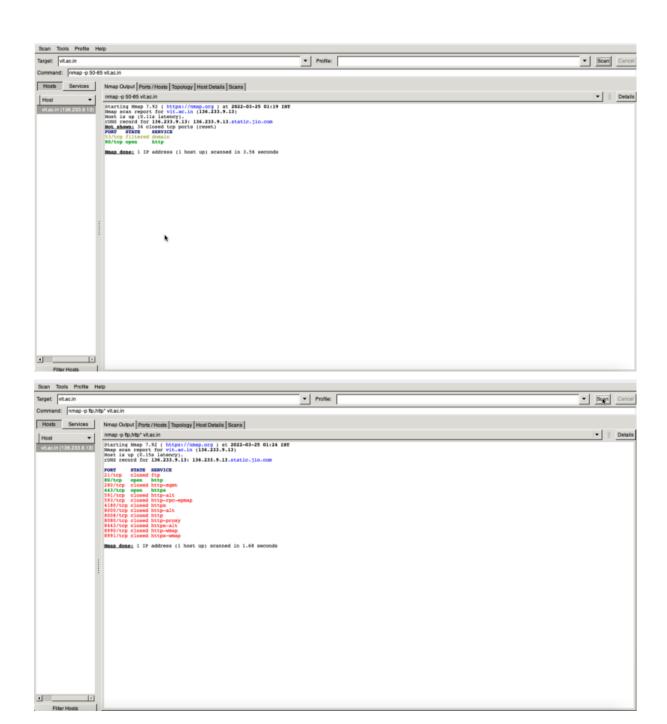
Procedure:

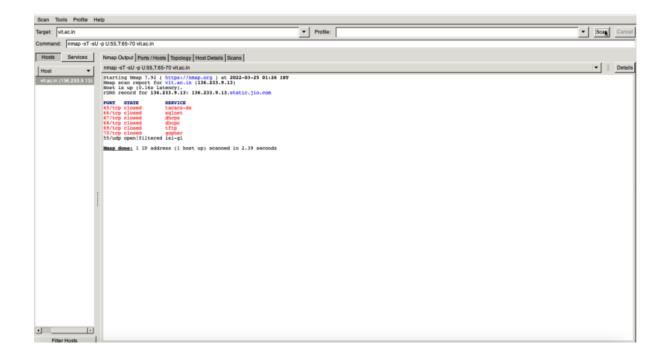
- After launching the nmap software, we begin by scanning the ports for vit.ac.in. Using the nmap -F vit.ac.in command. All of the active ports are returned to us. 136.233.9.13 is the IP address of vit.ac.in.
- Next, we'll use the command to execute aggressive port scanning.nmap -A vit.ac.in nmap -A vit.ac.in nmap -A vit.
- A scan for a specific port or a range of ports can also be performed. Providing port numbers The command nmap -p can be used to accomplish this.vit.ac.in. 50-85 vit.ac.in.
- Now we'll execute port scanning by specifying the name of the port.nmap -p ftp,http* vit.ac.in nmap -p ftp,http* vit.ac.in nmap -p ftp,http* vit.ac.in nmap -p ft After http, we use the * symbol to include https as well.Finally, we'll execute port scanning by providing protocol information and using the nmap command

OUTPUT:









Q2) Commands for Port Redirection and Tunneling using SSH

PROCEDURE:

- I. On the system, open a terminal and change the working directory to
- II. Using the cd.. command, navigate to the root directory. II. Using the command, install the open ssh server on the machine.

install openssl-server sudo apt-get

- III. Now, run the command sudo service ssh start to start the server.
- IV. We use the sudo command to test the ssh server's functionality.ssh status service

VI. Finally, we'll use the to conduct port redirection for the remote host.kali@10.0.2.15 ssh -R 127.0.0.1:443:136.233.9.13:443

OUTPUT:

```
root@kali -
 File Actions Edit View Help
   -(rom © mali) [*]
∦ <u>sudo</u> apt-get install openssh-server
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree ... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
 openssh-client openssh-sftp-server
Suggested packages:
 keychain libpam-ssh monkeysphere ssh-askpass molly-guard ufw
The following packages will be upgraded:
 openssh-client openssh-server openssh-sftp-server
3 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 134 not upgraded.
Need to get 1,367 kB of archives.
After this operation, 2,048 B disk space will be freed.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] Y
Err:i http://http.kali.org/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 openssh-sftp-server amd64 i:8.4pi-6
 404 Not Found [IP: 192,99,200,113 80]
Err:2 http://http.kali.org/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 openssh-server amd64 1:8.4p1-6
 484 Not Found [IP: 192.99.280.113 80]
Err:3 http://http.kali.org/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 openssh-client amd64 1:8.4p1-6
404 Not Found [IP: 192.99.200.113 80]
E: Failed to fetch http://http.kali.org/kali/pool/main/o/openssh/openssh-sftp-server_8.491-6_amd64.deb 404 Not Found [IP: 192.99.200.113 00]
E: Failed to fetch http://http.kali.org/kali/pool/main/o/openssh/openssh-server_8.4p1-6_amd64.deb 404 Not Found [IP: 192.99.200.113 80]
E: Failed to fetch http://http.kali.org/kali/pool/main/o/openssh/openssh-client_8.4p1-6_and64.deb 404 Not Found [IP: 192.99.200.113 80]
E: Unable to fetch some archives, maybe run apt-get update or try with --fix-missing?
       tokali) [v]
     sudo service ssh start
```

```
* sudg service ssh status

* ssh,service - OpenBSO Secure Shell server
Loaded: loaded: (/lib/systend/systend/sh.service; disabled; vendor preset: disabled)
Active: active (running) since Thu 2022-03-24 13:27:52 EDT; 2h 40min ago
Docs: man:sshd(8)

man:sshd(so)
man:sshd(so)
man:sshd(so)
man:sshd(so)
man:sshd(so)
process: 1107 ExecStartPre-/usr/sbin/sshd -t (code-exited, status-@/SUCCESS)
Main PID: 1168 (sshd)
Tasks: 1 (Linnit: 2294)
Menory: 2.2M

CPU: 322ms
CGroup: /system.slice/ssh.service
L168 sshd: /usr/sbin/sshd -D [listener] @ of 10-100 startups

Nar 24 13:29:50 kali sshd(1187): pam_unix(sshd:auth): authentication failure; logname= wid=0 evid=0 tty=ssh ruser= rhost=::1 user=root
Nar 24 13:39:50 kali sshd(1187): failed password for root from ::1 port 51894 ssh2
Nar 24 13:38:00 kali sshd(1187): failed password for root from ::1 port 51894 ssh2
Nar 24 13:38:00 kali sshd(1187): Connection closed by authenticating user root ::1 port 51894 ssh2
Nar 24 13:38:10 kali sshd(1187): Connection closed by authenticating user root ::1 port 51894 [preauth]
Nar 24 13:38:10 kali sshd(1187): PAN 2 more authentication failures; logname= wid=0 evid=0 tty=ssh ruser= rhost=::1 user=root
Nar 24 13:38:10 kali sshd(1187): pam_unix(sshd:session): session opened for user kali(wid=1000) by (wid=0)
Nar 24 13:38:00 kali sshd(1191): pam_unix(sshd:session): session opened for user kali(wid=1000) by (wid=0)
Nar 24 13:38:00 kali sshd(1266): pam_unix(sshd:session): session opened for user kali(wid=1000) by (wid=0)

Mar 24 13:38:00 kali sshd(1266): pam_unix(sshd:session): session opened for user kali(wid=1000) by (wid=0)
```

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(vort table)-[-]

# ssh -L 127.0.0.1:80:8.8.8.8.880 kali@localhost

kali@localhost's password:
Linux kali 5.10.0-kali9-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 5.10.46-4kali1 (2021-08-09) x86_64

The programs included with the Kali GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Kali GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Thu Mar 24 13:38:00 2022 from 10.0.2.15

(Massage from Kali developers)

We have kept /usr/bin/python pointing to Python 2 for backwards
compatibility, Learn how to change this and avoid this message:

→ https://www.kali.org/docs/general-use/python3-transition/

(Run: "touch ~/.hushlogin" to hide this message)
```