# **Assignment 3**

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# 1 Task 1

## **1.1 Type** *word*

This definiation of wrod is basicly from requirement of assignment 3 We say two words v, w that v is an absolute prefix of w as v < w which is define as  $v \le w \land v \ne w$ .

## 1.2 abstract Data Type Dict

According to the specified problem statement in the assignment, we could describe the syntactic data type Dict as below. The encapsulated state is a dictionary word set W.

$$Dict = (W = \phi,$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{proc} \ addword^{Dict}(\mathbf{word} \ w) \cdot b, W : [ \ \mathtt{TRUE}, b = b_0 \wedge W = W_0 \cup \{w\}] \\ \mathbf{func} \ checkword^{Dict}(\mathbf{word} \ w) : \mathbb{B} \cdot \mathbf{var} \ b \cdot b, W : [ \ \mathtt{TRUE}, b = (w \in W_0)]; \ \mathbf{return} \ b \\ \mathbf{proc} \ delword^{Dict}(\mathbf{word} \ w) \cdot b, W : [w \in W, b = b_0 \wedge W = W_0 \setminus \{w\}] \end{pmatrix})$$

# 2 Task 2

Now we would like to refine Dict to a second data type DictA where we replace W with a trie t,the corresponding trie domain  $D = \mathbf{dom}(t)$ . It represents the set of all tries according to the domain. We shall use this definition later in our refinement.

#### 2.1 Datat Invariant

$$\forall w \in \mathbf{dom}(t), t(w) = 1, w' \le w (w' \in \mathbf{dom}(t))$$

## 2.2 Data Type Refinement

This suggests we should first build up a inductively defined predicate to ensure the provable relations between DictA and Dict.

$$r = (W = \{w \in \mathbf{dom}(t) | t(w) = 1\})$$

which we can translate into a function from concrete to abstract values:

$$f(t) = \{ w \in \mathbf{dom}(t) | t(w) = 1 \}$$

With that in mind we propose the initialisation predicate  $init^{DictA} = (i = 0)$  and operations given as follows.

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\begin{aligned} &\mathbf{proc}\ addword^{DictA}(\mathbf{word}\ w) \cdot b, t: \\ & [\ \mathsf{TRUE}, b = b_0 \wedge t = t_0 \cup \{w \mapsto 1\} \cup \{w' < w \wedge w' \notin \mathbf{dom}(t) | w' \mapsto 0\}] \\ &\mathbf{func}\ checkword^{DictA}(\mathbf{word}\ w) \mathbb{B} \cdot \mathbf{var}\ b \cdot b, t: \\ & [\ \mathsf{TRUE}, b = (w \in \mathbf{dom}(t)) \wedge t = t_0];\ \mathbf{return}\ b \\ &\mathbf{proc}\ delword^{DictA}(\mathbf{word}\ w) \cdot b, t: \\ & [\ \mathsf{TRUE}, b = b_0 \wedge (w \notin \mathbf{dom}(t) \vee t := t : w \mapsto 0)] \end{aligned}
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#### 2.3 Proof of Refinement

We need start the proof with the initialisation:

$$init^{DictA} \Rightarrow init^{Dict}[f^{(t)}/W]$$
  
 $\Leftrightarrow \quad \langle \text{Definition of } init^{DictA} \text{ and } init^{Dict} \rangle$   
 $\forall w \in \mathbf{dom}(t) (t(w) = 0) \Rightarrow W = \phi$ 

Since all our precondition of concrete is trivial which all of them are TRUE, we don't need to proof the condition  $(3_f)$ . But condition  $(4_f)$  must be checked for all three operations. For the addword we proof:

sss

For the *checkword* we proof:

sss

For the delword we proof:

sss