

# **Data Analysis**

## **DataCo Smart Supply Chain**

**November 21, 2025**

# Project Timeline



1. Choose dataset from the Kaggle platform



2. Creating a dedicated project environment and setting up the PostgreSQL database.

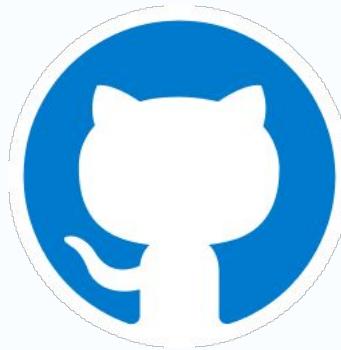


3. Integrating data using Python, then performing detailed analysis and generating insightful data visualizations.



4. Developing a final report outlining key findings, and providing actionable recommendations based on the data analysis.

# Our Technology Stack



## Data Processing

### Python + Pandas

Efficient data manipulation, cleaning, and analysis, forming our data processing backbone.

## Database

### PostgreSQL with the psycopg2

Enabling communication between our Python applications and the database.

## Visualization

### Matplotlib & Seaborn

For extensive customization and high-level interface to create insightful and aesthetically pleasing statistical graphics.

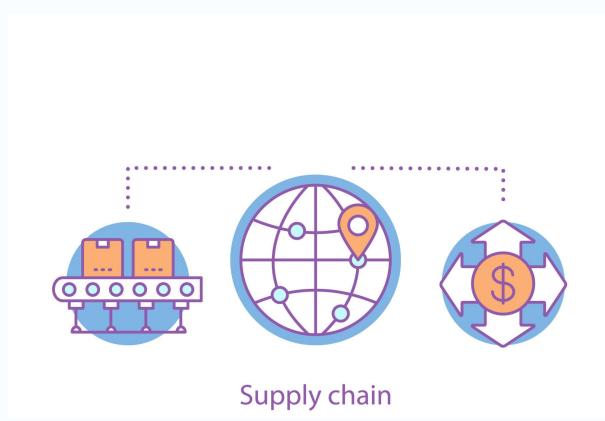
## Collaboration

### GitHub

Allowing our team to work together efficiently, manage code changes, and maintain project history.

# Supply Chain Data Analysis

“DataCo Smart Supply Chain for Big Data Analysis” from Kaggle



URL:  
<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/shashwatwarkar/dataco-smart-supply-chain-for-big-data-analysis>

## GOAL

Focuses on analyzing supply chain data, and identify key trends and patterns, risks, and opportunities for business improvement.

### Files

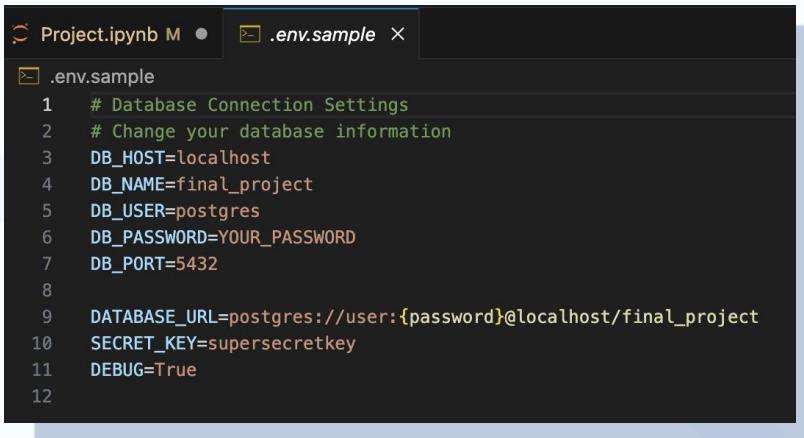
DataCoSupplyChainDataset.csv	91.5 MB	<a href="#">Download</a>
DescriptionDataCoSupplyChain.csv	3.36 KB	<a href="#">Download</a>
tokenized_access_logs.csv	91 MB	<a href="#">Download</a>

### ▼ 63 columns

A	String	29
#	Decimal	10
Key	Id	9
	Other	15

# Python Integration

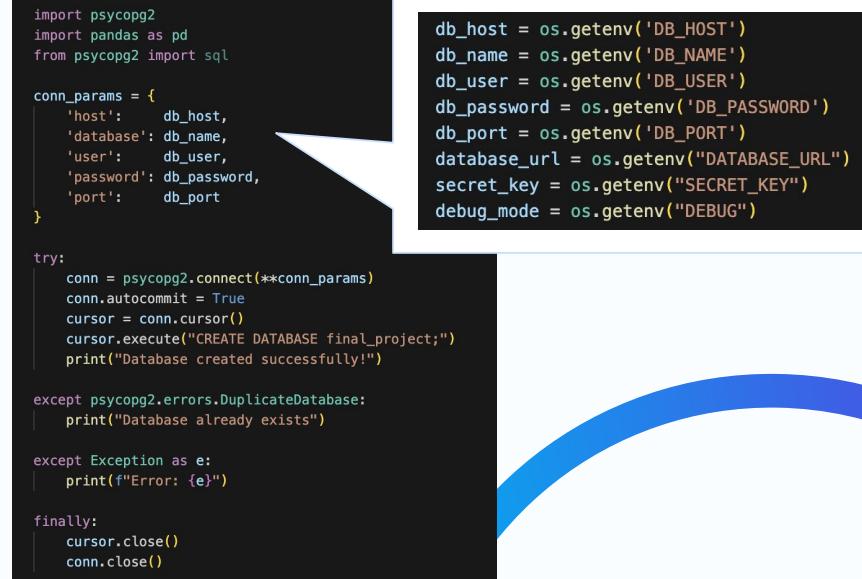
## Create Environment & Database Setup



```
Project.ipynb M .env.sample X  
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.env.sample  
1 # Database Connection Settings  
2 # Change your database information  
3 DB_HOST=localhost  
4 DB_NAME=final_project  
5 DB_USER=postgres  
6 DB_PASSWORD=YOUR_PASSWORD  
7 DB_PORT=5432  
8  
9 DATABASE_URL=postgres://user:{password}@localhost/final_project  
10 SECRET_KEY=supersecretkey  
11 DEBUG=True  
12
```

Each team member can use their own `.env` file

- Keeps sensitive information secure and prevents hardcoding passwords in code
- Allows easy switching between different database environments



```
import psycopg2  
import pandas as pd  
from psycopg2 import sql  
  
conn_params = {  
    'host': db_host,  
    'database': db_name,  
    'user': db_user,  
    'password': db_password,  
    'port': db_port  
}  
  
try:  
    conn = psycopg2.connect(**conn_params)  
    conn.autocommit = True  
    cursor = conn.cursor()  
    cursor.execute("CREATE DATABASE final_project;")  
    print("Database created successfully!")  
  
except psycopg2.errors.DuplicateDatabase:  
    print("Database already exists")  
  
except Exception as e:  
    print(f"Error: {e}")  
  
finally:  
    cursor.close()  
    conn.close()
```

# Python Integration

## Combining Data with JOINS

```
# Convert to lowercase all
```

```
for col in
    supply_chain_df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns:
        supply_chain_df[col] = supply_chain_df[col].str.lower()
```

```
# JOIN
```

```
join_sql = """
    SELECT *
    FROM supply_chain_df s
    LEFT JOIN access_log_df a
    ON s.department_name = a.department;
"""

df_joined = pd.read_sql_query(join_sql, conn)
df_joined
```

```
== BEFORE ==  
== SUPPLY CHAIN ==  
department_name  
0 Discs Shop  
1 Technology  
2 Pet Shop  
3 Fitness  
4 Footwear  
5 Health and Beauty  
6 Book Shop  
7 Apparel  
8 Fan Shop  
9 Golf  
10 Outdoors
```



```
== AFTER ==  
== SUPPLY CHAIN ==  
department_name  
0 Discs Shop  
1 Technology  
2 Pet Shop  
3 Fitness  
4 Footwear  
5 Health and Beauty  
6 Book Shop  
7 Apparel  
8 Fan Shop  
9 Golf  
10 Outdoors
```

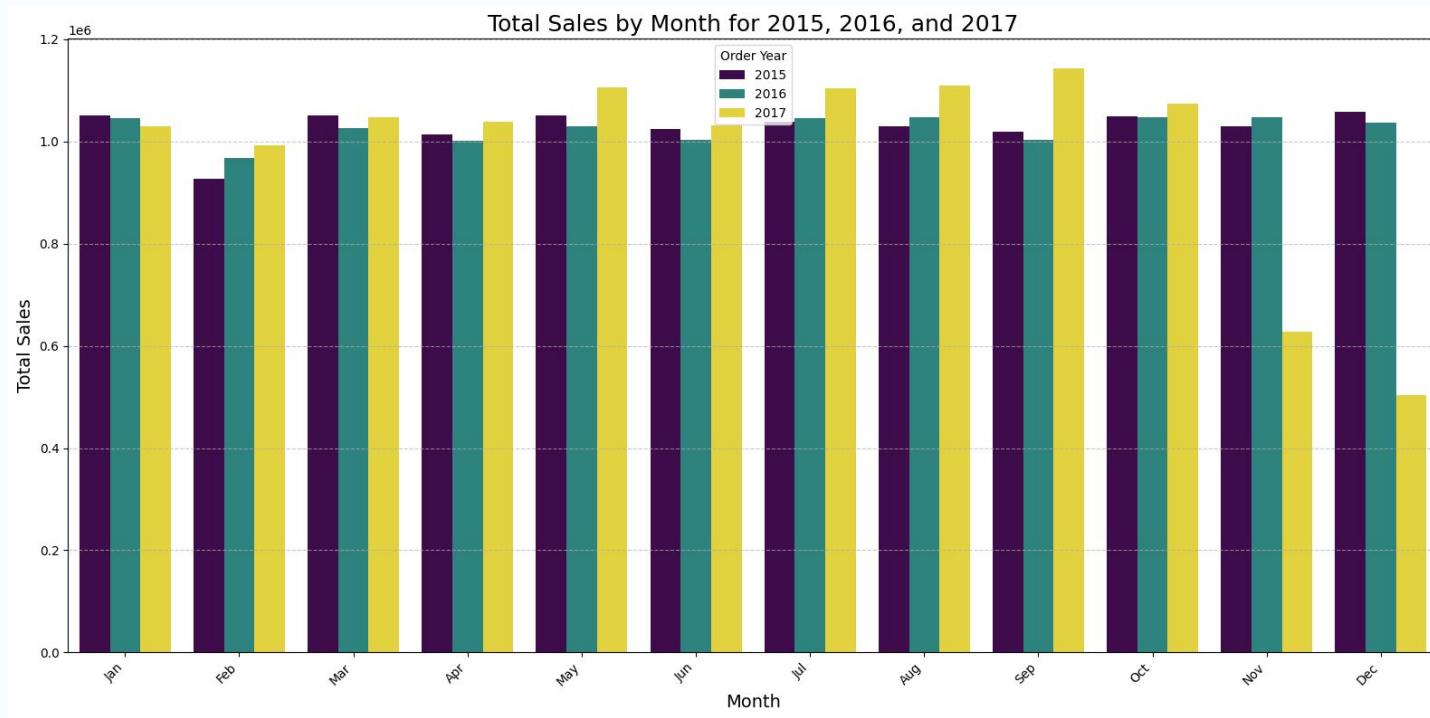
```
== ACCESS LOGS ==  
department  
0 apparel  
1 fan shop  
2 golf  
3 fitness  
3 fitness  
4 outdoors  
5 footwear
```



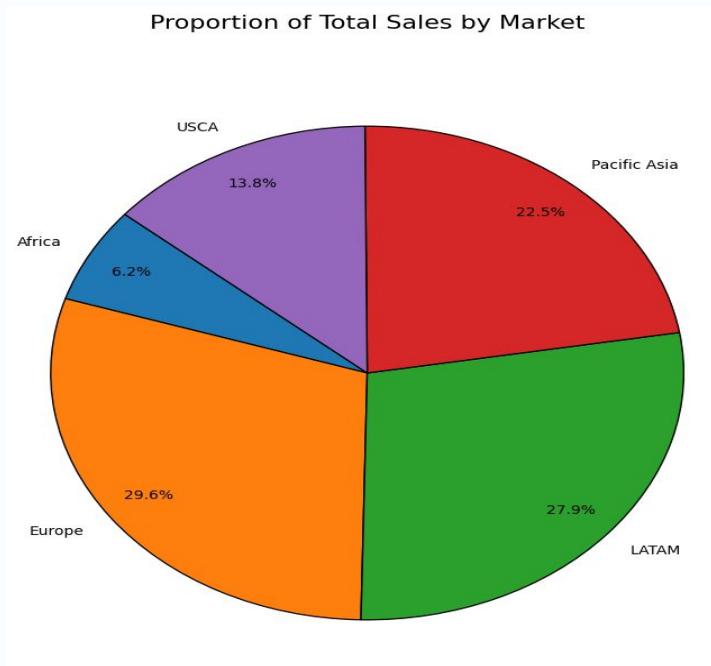
```
== ACCESS LOGS ==  
department  
0 apparel  
1 fan shop  
2 golf  
3 fitness  
3 fitness  
4 outdoors  
5 footwear
```

# Data Visualization

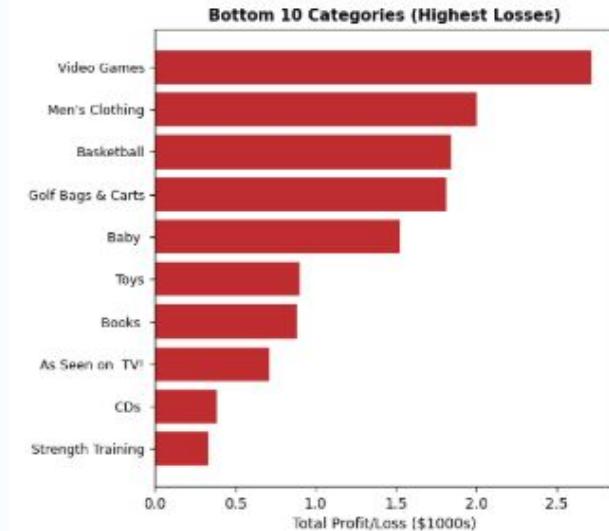
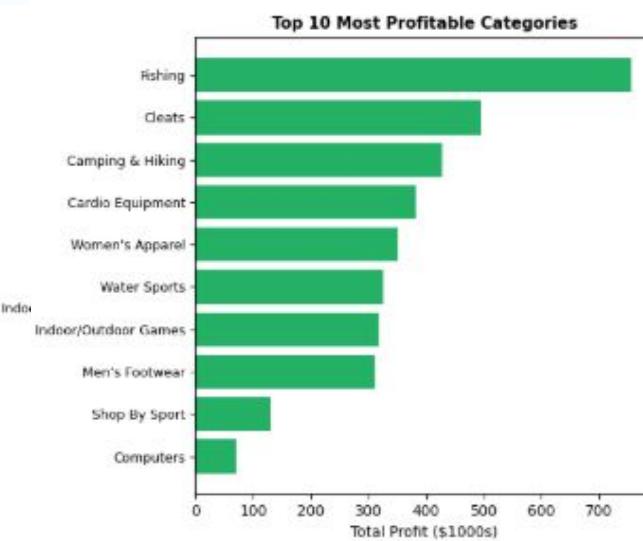
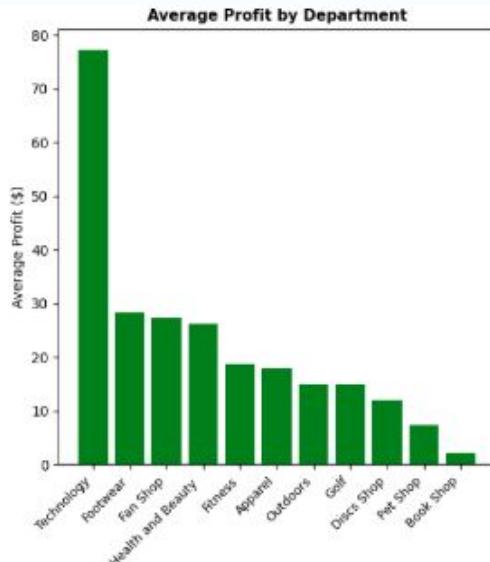
# Date Analysis



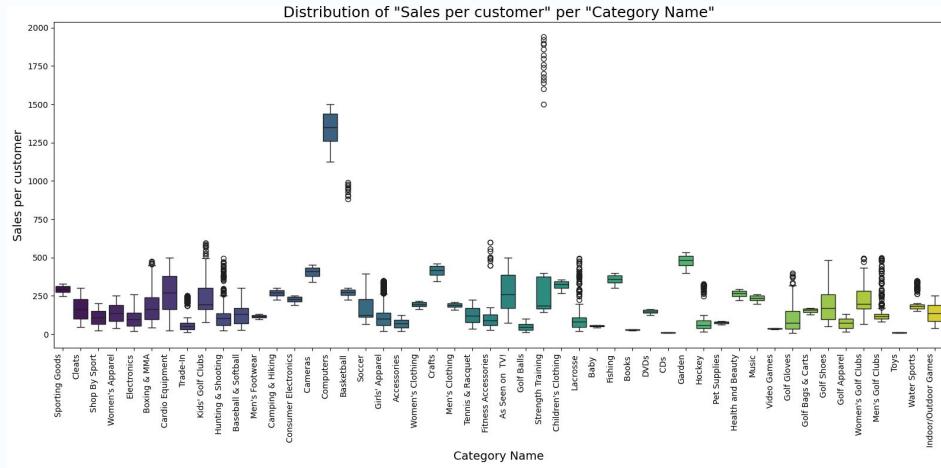
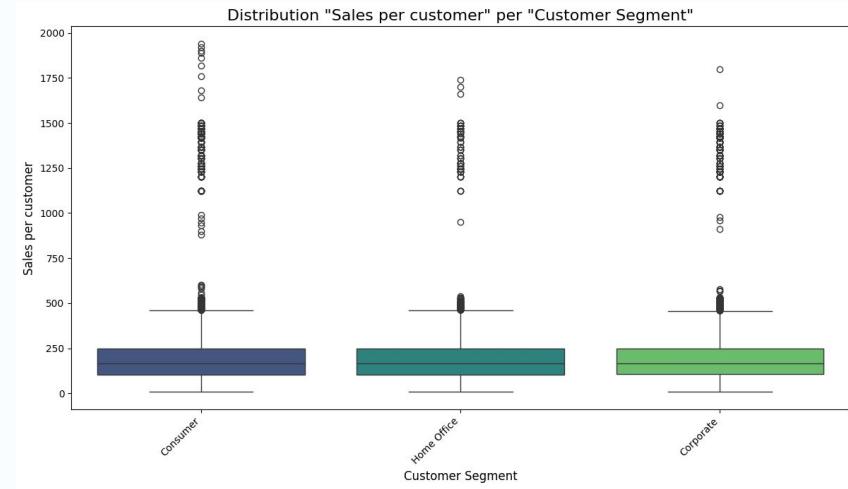
# Market Analysis



# Product & Category Performance Analysis

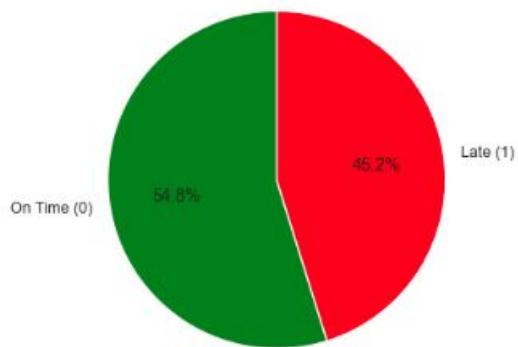


# Sales per Customer Analysis

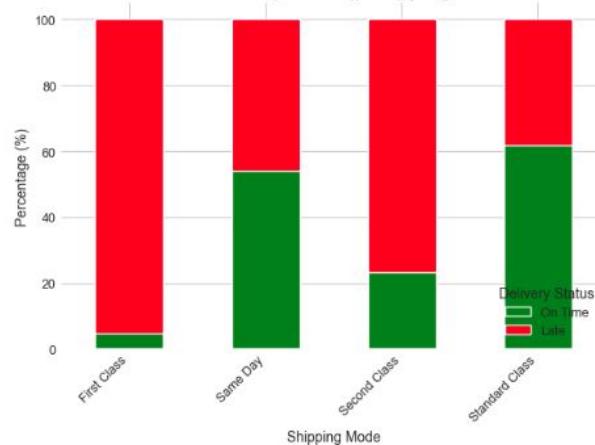


# Delivery Analysis

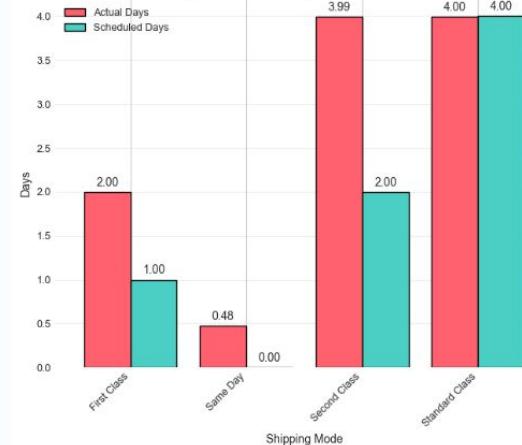
Late Delivery Risk Distribution



Late Delivery Rate by Shipping Mode



Average Shipping Days by Shipping Mode



# **Business Recommendation**

# Actionable Recommendations

Operational Excellence

Customer Experience

Category Strategy

# Actionable Recommendations

Operational Excellence

Customer Experience

Category Strategy

# Actionable Recommendations

## Operational Excellence

45.2% late delivery happened — our highest exposure area. This directly impacts customer trust and drives support costs.

### Immediate actions:

- Implement predictive late-delivery alert system
- Optimize fulfillment center staffing during market-specific peak hours
- Review carrier partnerships and SLA compliance



# Actionable Recommendations

Operational Excellence

Customer Experience

Category Strategy

# Actionable Recommendations

## Customer Experience - Delivery

Change shipping mode more realistic

Same Day

Within - same day

First Class

Within - 1 day

Second Class

Within - 2 day

Standard

Within - 4 day

Implement delivery predict

Fixed delivery days policy

Same Day

Within - same day  
for morning order  
and daily use

Primary

Within - 2-3 day  
(Predict base)

Standard

Within - 5-7 days  
(Predict base)

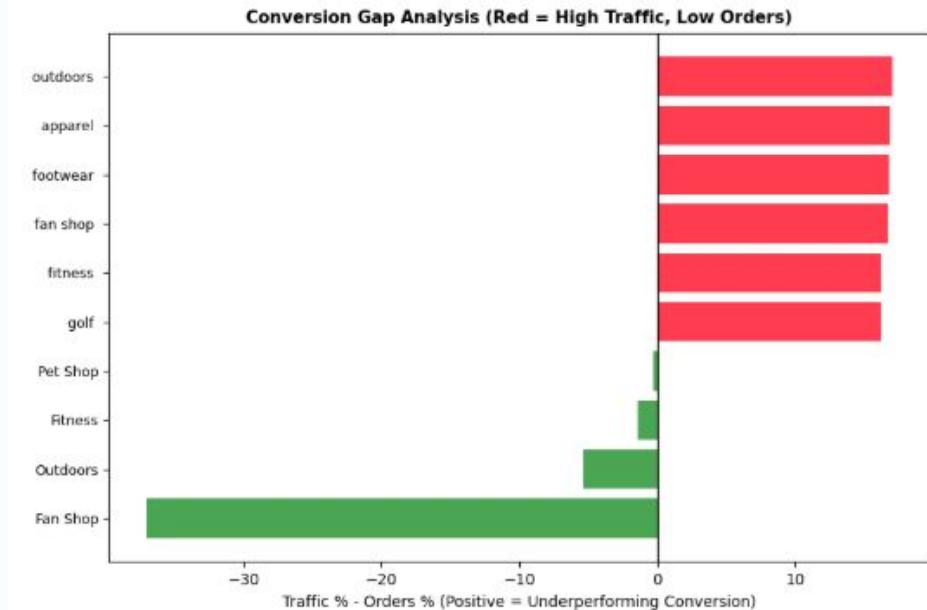
Show predict delivery  
days first

# Actionable Recommendations

## Customer Experience - Web page

Some category lost a lot of opportunities on web traffic.

Should make more attractive web page or publish time sale coupon.



# Actionable Recommendations

Operational Excellence

Customer Experience

Category Strategy

# Actionable Recommendations

## Category Strategy

- Reduce low performance category products
- Expand high profit low volume zone



# Key Learnings

- How to share environment
- How we can make visualizations for big data
- How hard to handle big data includes a lot of columns
- Difficult to collaborate with others about data science rather than developing applications



# **Thank You & Questions**