

# SME M1

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## Practice Problems

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Sketch your graphs freehand. Don't use a ruler unless it's absolutely necessary. Use blank (no lines) paper if you have it. We are not trying to produce perfect graphs: we just want graphs that contain the essential ideas about a curve. Don't include details that are not important.

Make sure that you do the following:

- Plot the axes and label them.
- Label all the important features (lines, curves, points of intersection, etc.)
- Label and explain graph operations (shift, rotate, etc.)
- Give equations for your curves, and for each operation step.

### 1 Constant curves and points

1. On the same pair of axes, plot  $y = 1$ ,  $y = 5$  and  $y = -3$ .
2. Plot  $x = -2$ ,  $x = -1$  and  $x = 5$  on the same axes.
3. Plot the point  $P(1, 3)$  and show the constant lines. Give an interpretation of the symbol  $(1, 3)$  in English.
4. Plot the point  $Q(-3, -2)$  and give an interpretation in English. Show all important features of this graph, including the constant curves, axes, labels etc.

### 2 Shift operations

5. Start with  $y = 5$  and plot  $y = 5 + 1$  by doing a shift operation.
6. Start with  $y = -2$  and do a shift operation to get the graph of  $y = -2 - 4 = -6$ .
7. Do a shift on  $x = a$ ,  $a > 0$ , to get the graph of  $x = a - 2$ .

8. Do a shift on  $x = -a$ ,  $a > 0$  to get the graph of  $x = -a + 1$ .

9. Start with  $y = a$ ,  $a > 0$ , and do a LHS shift to get the graph of  $y + 1 = a$ .

10. Start with  $x = -3$  and do a LHS shift to get the graph of  $x - 4 = -3$ .

11. Begin with  $y = 5$  do a LHS shift and a RHS shift to get the graph of  $y + 1 = 5 + 1$ . Show both shift operations in your drawing.

12. Begin with  $x = -5$ . Do two shift operations: a LHS shift and a RHS shift to get  $x + 2 = 5 - 1$ . Show both operations in your graph drawing.

### 3 Stretch and shrink

13. Start with  $y = 5$  and  $x = 5$ . Do stretch operations by multiplying the right-hand sides by 2. Label the operations. Show what they do.

14. Start with  $y = -6$  and  $x = -6$ . Draw them on the same axes. Do shrink operations by multiplying the right-hand sides by  $1/3$ . Label the operations and show what they do.

15. Reflect  $x = 2$  and  $y = -2$  by multiplying the left-hand-side by  $-1$ . Show the effects of the operations on your graph.

16. Fill in the table. Start with curve  $y = a$  where  $a$  is a positive,  $a > 0$ . How can we get the desired result?

Curve	Operations on $y = a$
$y + 1 = a$	Stretch by 2, then shift down by 1.
$y = 2a - 1$	
$y = 2(a + 1)$	
$y = (2a + 5)/3$	

17. Start with  $y = a$ . How can we get the desired curve? What operations must we do?

Curve	Operations on $y = a$
$\frac{y}{3} - 1 = a$	Stretch by 3 then shift up by 1.
$y + 2 = a$	
$3y - 1 = a$	
$\frac{1}{2}y - 2 = a$	

18. Start with curve  $x = a$  where  $a$  is a positive. How can we get the desired result? Fill in the table.

Curve	Operations on $x = a$
$x + 1 = a$	Shift right by 1, then stretch by 2.
$x = 2a - 1$	
$x = 2(a + 1)$	
$x = \frac{2a + 1}{3}$	

19. Start with curve  $x = a$  where  $a$  is a positive. How can we get the desired result? Fill in the table.

Curve	Operations on $x = a$
$x + 2 = a$	Shift left by 1, then shrink to 1/2.
$3x - 1 = a$	
$\frac{1}{2}x - 2 = a$	
$2(x + 1) = a$	

## 4 Reflection

20. For  $a > 0$ , plot  $y = a$ ,  $x = a$  and their reflections  $y = -a$ ,  $x = -a$ .

21. For positive constant  $a$ , plot  $y = -4a$  by doing operations. Start with  $y = a$ . First do a stretch by 4, then do a reflection.

22. Let  $a > 0$ . Plot  $x = -(a + 1)$ . Start with  $x = a$ , do a shift, then a reflection. Label everything and show the effect of the operations.

23. Plot  $y = -(a - 1)/2$  by doing three operations: shift, shrink, reflect. Start with the basic curve  $y = a$ , with positive  $a$ .

24. Start with  $x = 5$ . Plot  $-2(x + 1) = 5$  by doing three operations: shift, shrink and then reflect.

## 5 Rotations

25. Start with  $y = 5$ . Do a reflection. Then rotate by  $90^\circ$ . Then reflect. Then rotate by  $-90^\circ$ . Draw all the steps and show the result. Label everything. Don't forget to label the axes and the operations that you are doing.

26. Start with  $x = -5$ . Do a  $-90^\circ$  rotation. Then do a reflection. Then do a  $90^\circ$  rotation. Draw all steps and label everything.

27. Start with  $y = 1$ . Do a shift up by 1. Reflect. Stretch by 2. Rotate by  $90^\circ$ . What do you get? Show all the steps and label everything.

## 6 Curves $y = x$ and $y = x^2$

Use the special square technique to help you draw  $y = x$  and  $y = x^2$ .

28. Start with  $y = x$ . Rotate by  $90^\circ$ . Reflect. Rotate by  $-90^\circ$ . What do you get?

29. Plot  $y = (2x + 1)/2$ . Start with  $y = x$ . Do a stretch. Then shift. Then a shrink. What do you get? Label everything. Show the operations.

30. Plot  $y = 3(x + 1)$ . Start with  $y = x$ . Do a shift, then a stretch.

31. Plot  $y = -(x^2 + 2)$ . Start with  $y = x$ . Do a shift, then reflect.

32. Plot  $y = -x^2/2$ . Start with the parabola  $y = x^2$ . Do a shrink and then a reflect. Show all the steps and label everything.

33. Plot  $y = -2x^2 + 1$ . Start with  $y = x^2$ . Do a stretch. Then a reflect. Finally do a shift. Show all the steps. Label everything and show the operations that you are doing.