

## SMART CONTRACT TUTORIAL (Part 1)

This tutorial will guide you through an introduction of writing and deploying a smart contract on a blockchain. You will learn the basics of smart contracts, the Hello World equivalent of blockchain development.

The technologies and software that will be used for this tutorial are:

- Alchemy (<https://www.alchemy.com/>)
- Metamask (<https://metamask.io/>)
- Visual Studio Code (<https://code.visualstudio.com/>)
- Unix System Terminal (This tutorial is performed on Ubuntu 20.04)
- Ropsten Test Network (<https://ropsten.etherscan.io/>)
- Node.JS (version 14+) (<https://nodejs.org/en/>)
- Hardhat (<https://hardhat.org/>)

### STEP 1: Metamask

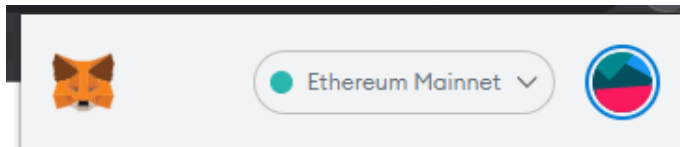
1. <https://metamask.io/>
2. Download the appropriate browse extension
3. Save your secret key phrase. If you lose this, you can not recover your account

### STEP 2: Ropsten Test Network

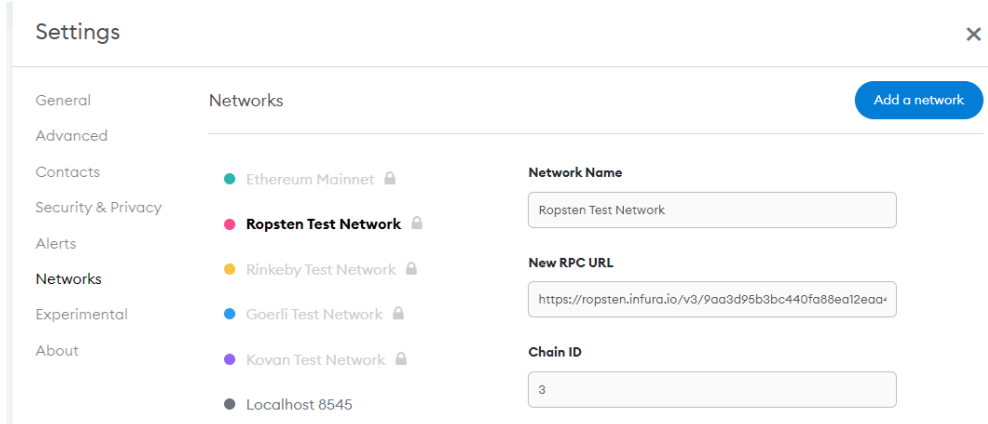
After you have your Metamask wallet set up, connect to the **Ropsten Test Network**.

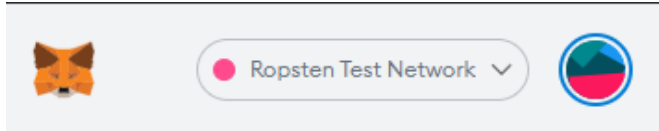
You will see your default network is connected to the *Ethereum Mainnet*.

Click on the arrow on the top next to your account circle, and click **Show/Hide Test Network**

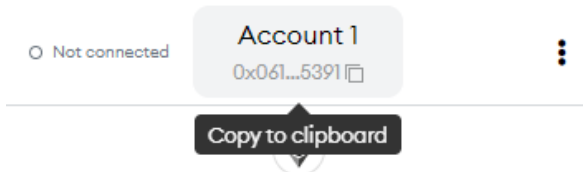


Enable Test Networks and connect to Ropsten Test Network.





After you have connected to the Ropsten Test Network, copy your wallet address for the next step.



The Ropsten Test Network is a test network most similar to the Ethereum Mainnet. Test nets are used solely for the purpose of testing smart contract deployment and features. It allows for developers to examine transaction gas fee usage and make adjustments to their contracts before officially deploying to the Ethereum mainnet. Testing contracts before Mainnet deployment is essential as the blockchain is immutable.

Go to <https://faucet.dimensions.network/>

Paste your wallet address to request rETH from the Ropsten faucet.

A screenshot of the 'Ropsten Ethereum (rETH) Faucet' website. The title is in large blue letters. Below it, it says 'Receive 1 rETH per request'. There is a form with the label 'Enter Your Ropsten Address' and a text input field containing '0x.....'. Below the input field is a checkbox labeled 'I am human' and an hCaptcha logo. At the bottom of the form is a blue button labeled 'Send Ropsten ETH'. At the very bottom, it says '2566875 ETH left in Faucet. Gas Limit 400k'.

This ETH is **not** real money. It is only for testing purposes. It will take approximately 2 hours for your rETH to arrive at your wallet.

## STEP 3: Alchemy

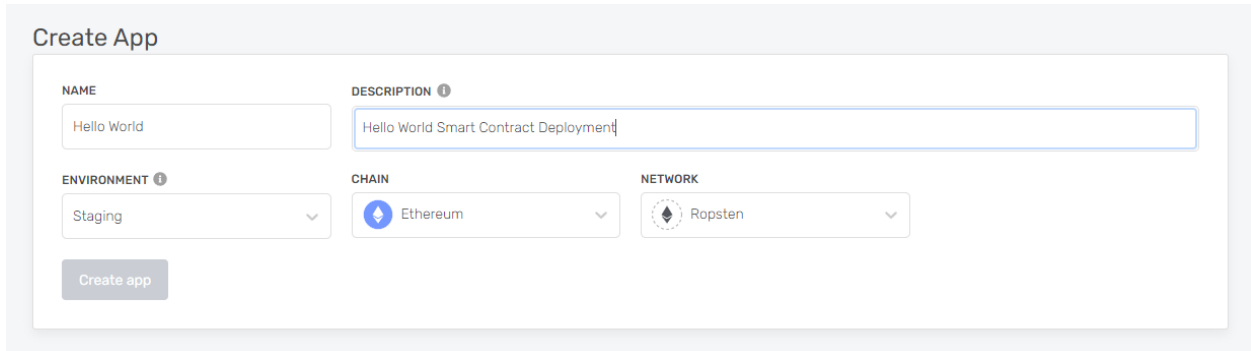
Next, you will make an account on Alchemy, a Web3 developer platform focused on making blockchain development easy.

Follow the next steps.

1. <https://www.alchemy.com/>
2. Make an account
3. Click Create App and set the next parameters

- a. Name: Hello World
- b. Description: Hello World Smart Contract Deployment
- c. Environment: Staging
- d. Chain: Ethereum
- e. Network: Ropsten

The selections for this tutorial should look like the image below.



The screenshot shows the 'Create App' interface. It contains five input fields: 'NAME' with the value 'Hello World', 'DESCRIPTION' with the value 'Hello World Smart Contract Deployment', 'ENVIRONMENT' with a dropdown menu showing 'Staging', 'CHAIN' with a dropdown menu showing 'Ethereum', and 'NETWORK' with a dropdown menu showing 'Ropsten'. Each dropdown menu has a small downward arrow. At the bottom left of the form is a button labeled 'Create app'.

## STEP 4: Initialize Project

Now that you have your Metamask and Alchemy set up, it's time to begin creating the project. Go to home directory or directory of your choosing in terminal

```
mkdir hello-world  
cd hello-world
```

Once you have your project folder, initialize your project with npm.

```
npm init -- yes
```

If you do not have **npm** installed, your terminal will direct you on how.

You will also need to have **Node.JS** installed. However, the default version that comes with Ubuntu (v10) will not suffice. You must manually update your Node.JS to a later version via the following code.

```
curl -sL https://deb.nodesource.com/setup_14.x | sudo -E bash -
```

```
sudo apt-get install -y nodejs
```

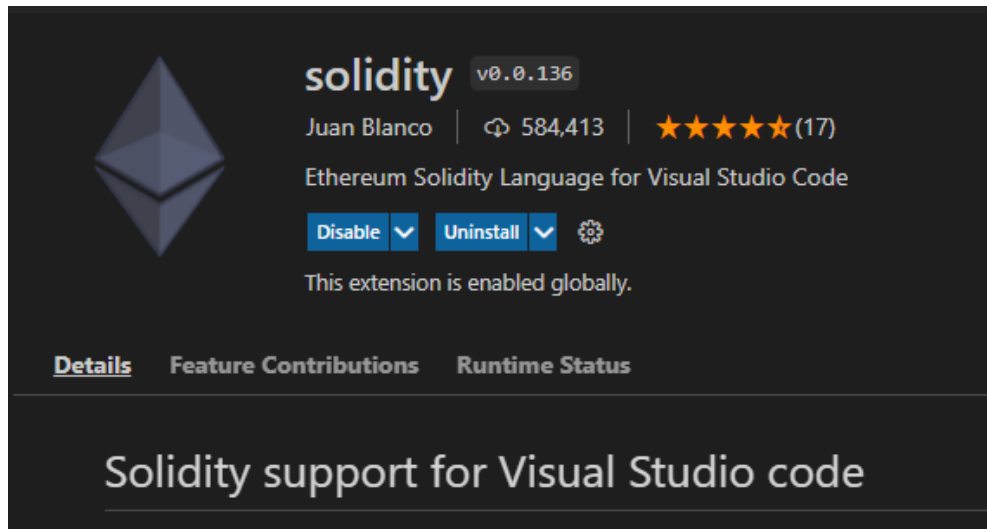
Check your version. It should be **v14**.

```
node -version
```

```
npm -version
```

You can check out the *package.json* file that's been created in the terminal or open it in **VS code (recommended)**.

- You can add descriptions via VS code or your editor of choice
- Download the *Solidity plugin* via VS Code



## STEP 5: Download Hardhat

**Hardhat** is a development environment for Ethereum Virtual Machine smart contracts.

You can read more at: <https://hardhat.org/>

Download hardhat

```
npm install --save-dev hardhat
```

You will likely see some warning vulnerabilities but they can be ignored.

## STEP 6: Create Hardhat Project

Create Hardhat project

```
npx hardhat
```

This will generate an empty **hardhat.config.js** in your folder. This file will be utilized later to specify the setup of the project.

Add project folders

```
mkdir contracts
```

- `contracts/` is where you'll keep your smart contract code file

```
mkdir scripts
```

- `scripts/` is where you'll keep scripts to deploy and interact with your contract

## STEP 7: Write Contract

Create a **HelloWorld.sol** file in `contracts/`

- Copy the following code into **HelloWorld.sol**.
- You can read more about the Solidity programming language at: <https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.8.12/>

```

// Specifies the version of Solidity, using semantic versioning.
// Learn more:
https://solidity.readthedocs.io/en/v0.5.10/layout-of-source-files.html#pragma
pragma solidity >=0.7.3;

// Defines a contract named `HelloWorld`.
// A contract is a collection of functions and data (its state). Once
// deployed, a contract resides at a specific address on the Ethereum
// blockchain. Learn more:
https://solidity.readthedocs.io/en/v0.5.10/structure-of-a-contract.html
contract HelloWorld {

    //Emitted when update function is called
    //Smart contract events are a way for your contract to communicate that
    //something happened on the blockchain to your app front-end, which can be
    //'listening' for certain events and take action when they happen.
    event UpdatedMessages(string oldStr, string newStr);

    // Declares a state variable `message` of type `string`.
    // State variables are variables whose values are permanently stored in
    // contract storage. The keyword `public` makes variables accessible from
    // outside a contract and creates a function that other contracts or clients
    // can call to access the value.
    string public message;

    // Similar to many class-based object-oriented languages, a constructor
    // is a special function that is only executed upon contract creation.
    // Constructors are used to initialize the contract's data. Learn
    // more:https://solidity.readthedocs.io/en/v0.5.10/contracts.html#constructors
    constructor(string memory initMessage) {

        // Accepts a string argument `initMessage` and sets the value into
        // the contract's `message` storage variable).
        message = initMessage;
    }

    // A public function that accepts a string argument and updates the
    // `message` storage variable.
    function update(string memory newMessage) public {
        string memory oldMsg = message;
        message = newMessage;
        emit UpdatedMessages(oldMsg, newMessage);
    }
}

```

```
}  
}
```

## STEP 8: Connect Metamask & Alchemy

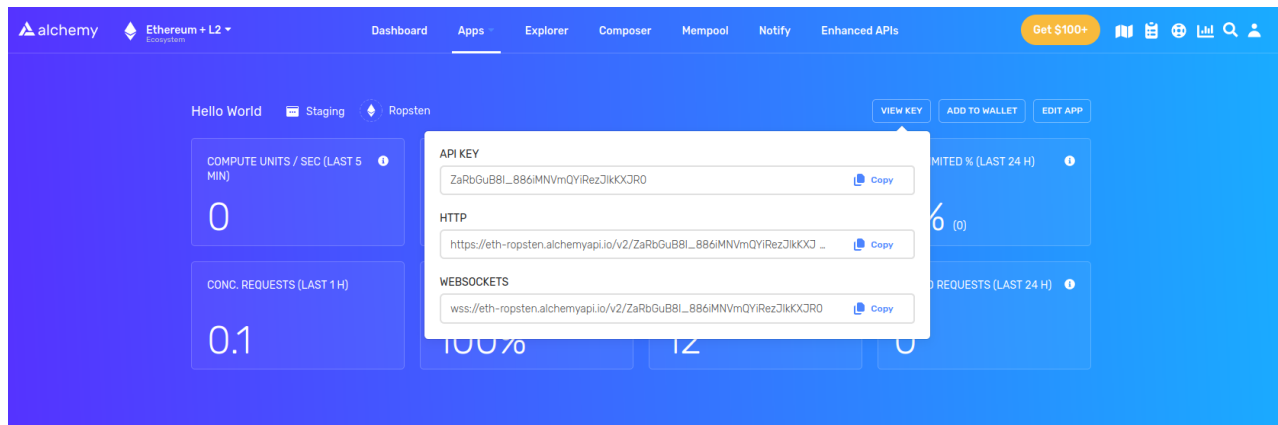
```
npm install dotenv --save
```

Make a **.env** file

- **(dot)env** in your root folder \hello-world

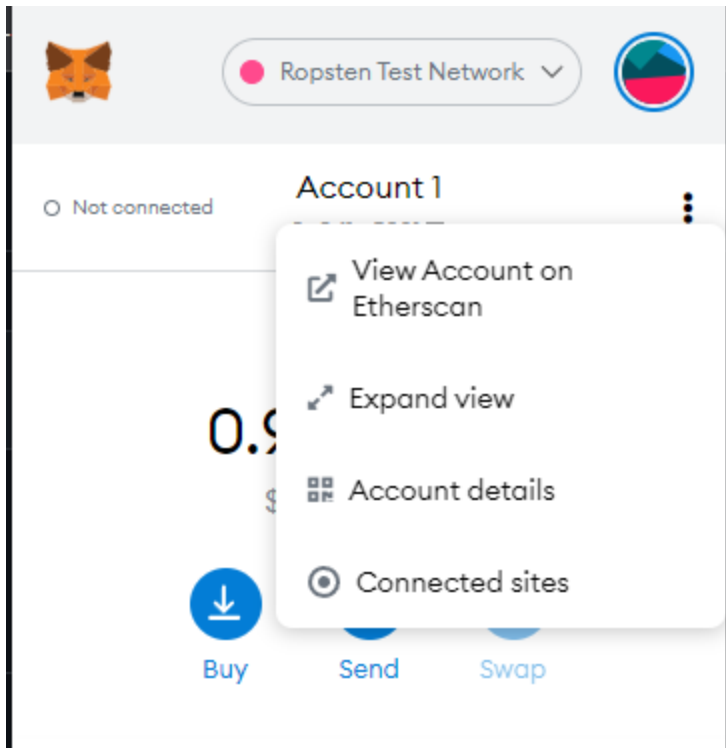
Add **HTTP Alchemy API URL**

- Available on Alchemy dashboard
- Copy your HTTP Alchemy API URL
- Paste to **(dot)env**



Add Metamask private key

- Click on the 3 vertical dots on the top right under your account circle
- Go to account details
- Export private key
- Paste to **(dot)env**



(dot)env should contain these 2 lines.

```
API_URL = "https://eth-ropsten.alchemyapi.io/v2/your-api-key"
PRIVATE_KEY = "your-metamask-private-key"
```

Make a **.gitignore** in root directory

```
touch .gitignore
```

This hides the .env file with your secret keys from the internet

## STEP 9: Install *Ethers.js*

*Ethers.js* is a library that makes it easier to interact and make requests to Ethereum

```
npm install --save-dev @nomiclabs/hardhat-ethers "ethers@^5.0.0"
```

Update your **hardhat.config.js** to:

```
/**
 * @type import('hardhat/config').HardhatUserConfig
 */

require('dotenv').config();
require("@nomiclabs/hardhat-ethers");

const { API_URL, PRIVATE_KEY } = process.env;
```

```

module.exports = {
  solidity: "0.7.3",
  defaultNetwork: "ropsten",
  networks: {
    hardhat: {},
    ropsten: {
      url: API_URL,
      accounts: [`0x${PRIVATE_KEY}`]
    }
  },
}

```

## STEP 10: Compile contract

```
npx hardhat compile
```

SPDX license identifier **not** provided **in** source **file** warning can be ignored.

## STEP 11: Write deploy script

Go to **scripts/** folder and create **deploy.js** and add the below code.

```

async function main() {
  const HelloWorld = await ethers.getContractFactory("HelloWorld");

  // Start deployment, returning a promise that resolves to a contract
  object
  const hello_world = await HelloWorld.deploy("Hello World!");
  console.log("Contract deployed to address:", hello_world.address);
}

main()
  .then(() => process.exit(0))
  .catch(error => {
    console.error(error);
    process.exit(1);
  });

```



## STEP 12: Deploy contract

```
npx hardhat run scripts/deploy.js --network ropsten
```

You will see your contract deployed on a unique blockchain address:

Contract deployed to address: `0x6cd7d44516a20882cEa2DE9f205bF401c0d23570`

Copy and save the address.

## STEP 13: View deployed contract

You can view your deployed contract on the Ropsten testnet

- <https://ropsten.etherscan.io/>
- Copy and paste your deployed address to the search bar

The screenshot shows the Etherscan interface for the Ropsten Testnet Network. The top navigation bar includes the Etherscan logo, a search bar with filters, and links for Home, Blockchain, Tokens, Misc, and Ropsten. The main content area displays contract details for the address 0x90af458bE6C6575d8F4F9743D640dE14Abe58138. The 'Contract Overview' section shows a balance of 0 Ether. The 'More Info' section shows 'My Name Tag' as 'Not Available' and 'Creator' as 0x061fe9d9068daaaba... at txn 0x14566d3de336c442b2... Below this, the 'Transactions' tab is active, showing a table with 1 transaction. The transaction details are as follows:

Txn Hash	Method	Block	Age	From	To	Value	Txn Fee
0x14566d3de336c442b2...	0x60806040	12016727	1 day 12 hrs ago	0x061fe9d9068daaaba...	IN Contract Creation	0 Ether	0.000461784016

- Check your metamask Eth balance. You will see a small deduction that was used as a transaction fee to deploy your contract.

The screenshot shows a Metamask wallet interface. At the top is the Ethereum logo. Below it, the balance is displayed as 0.9995 ETH, with a corresponding value of \$2,791.62 USD. At the bottom, there are three circular buttons: 'Buy' (with a downward arrow), 'Send' (with an upward arrow), and 'Swap' (with a double arrow).

- For this deployment, it cost me 0.005 eth, approx \$14 at the current price of 1 ethereum.

You can also go to your *Alchemy* dashboard to see what's going on under the hood of your contract deployment.

Recent Requests		Recent Invalid Requests		Recent Rate Limited Requests	
#	METHOD	ERROR CODE	HTTP	RESPONSE TIME	SENT
1	eth_getTransactionByHash	✓	200	37ms	1h ago
<div>PARAMS RAW REQUEST</div> <div>0: 0x14566d3de336c442b267d0dbfef2205693aa9c31664e8d62e0af3f28915f6e32</div>		<div>RESULT RAW RESPONSE</div> <div>Access List: [] Block Hash: null Block Number: null Chain Id: 3 From: 0x061fe9d9068daacba88eeda913c41d971f95391 Gas: 341432 Gas Price: 1352491907 Hash: 0x14566d3de336c442b267d0dbfef2205693aa9c31664e8d62e0af3f... Input: 0x608060405234801561001057600080fd5b50604051610664380380... Max Fee Per Gas: 1352491907 Max Priority Fee Per Gas: 1352491895 Nonce: 0 R: 0x1d0d67eae026f414082807e5a54e361a5405b3d40a0f63676f9a29... S: 0x58b63d3cb0cb8d324bc05609b9922e4f3b29f2f75bbf6ee2e8c32e... To: null Transaction Index: null Type: 2 V: 0 Value: 0</div>			
2	eth_chainId	✓	200	23ms	1h ago
3	eth_sendRawTransaction	✓	200	49ms	1h ago
<div>PARAMS RAW REQUEST</div> <div>0: 0x02f9071d038084509d637784509d6383830535b88080b906c46080604052348015610010...</div>		<div>RESULT RAW RESPONSE</div> <div>Value: 0x14566d3de336c442b267d0dbfef2205693aa9c31664e8d62e0af3f28915f6e32</div>			
4	eth_chainId	✓	200	24ms	1h ago
5	eth_getTransactionCount	✓	200	41ms	1h ago
6	eth_feeHistory	✓	200	36ms	1h ago
7	eth_getBlockByNumber	✓	200	32ms	1h ago
8	eth_estimateGas	✓	200	47ms	1h ago
9	eth_chainId	✓	200	28ms	1h ago
10	eth_chainId	✓	200	27ms	1h ago

See the *JSON-RPC* calls that Hardhat/Ethers made when you called the `.deploy()` function from *deploy.js*. For example:

```
eth_sendRawTransaction
```

Requests to write contract on the Ropsten testnet

```
eth_getTransactionByHash
```

Requests to read info about your transaction given the hash

Congratulations!

You have successfully deployed a *Hello World* smart contract onto the Ropsten test network.

If you'd like to deploy on other testnets, please refer to the Part 2 document.