



AI for Senior Living Communities

Submitted by

Hariharan Gopalasamudram Sivaraman

Joyal Palackel

Poornima Manjunath Gowda

Teerth Vipulkumar Satwara

Master of Science in Engineering Management, Johns Hopkins University

Host: Mark Concannon (CEO & Founder), David Hidinger (Consulting Manager), Shannon Dyer (Senior Consultant)

Concannon Business Consulting

Supervised by: Alexander Cocron, Professor

Center for Leadership Education

Whiting School of Engineering

Johns Hopkins University

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1. Executive Summary

This report investigates the potential applications of Artificial Intelligence (AI) to support senior living communities (SLCs) in addressing key operational challenges and improving resident care. Based on extensive research and client interactions, we have analyzed the current state of senior living communities, identifying critical areas where AI can make a significant impact, including staffing, resident care, and emotional well-being.

The research process involved examining case studies, academic papers, and articles to gain a comprehensive understanding of the issues faced by senior living communities This helped us identify the main challenges: staff shortage and difficulties in providing care smoothly. A SWOT analysis and issue tree analysis were conducted to gain deeper insights into these challenges, forming the foundation for our recommendations.

Our findings demonstrate that AI has significant potential to address key challenges in senior living communities. We recommend implementing AI-driven solutions for optimizing staff scheduling and continuous resident monitoring, which can improve staff efficiency, reduce burnout, and enhance the quality of care. To maximize the impact of these solutions, we suggest integrating AI tools into staff scheduling and monitoring systems, utilizing wearable sensors and real-time health data to better allocate resources. Additionally, to support the emotional well-being of residents, we propose AI-powered companionship solutions. These include robotic companions, interactive plush toys, and deepfake avatars of loved ones, each offering varying levels of sophistication and adoption considerations.

By adopting these AI solutions, senior living communities can streamline operations, enhance resident care, and improve overall resident satisfaction, positioning themselves for success in an increasingly tech-driven healthcare environment.

2. Introduction

Our team, comprising of master's students pursuing Engineering Management at Johns Hopkins University, is collaborating with Concannon Business Consulting (CBC) to address challenges faced by senior living communities and how Artificial Intelligence (AI) can be used to tackle them. This report aims to explore how AI can enhance resident care, optimize operations, and improve overall quality of life for old age people.

Our Team

Name	Technical Track	Background
Hariharan Gopalasamudram	Innovation and Design	Electronics and
Sivaraman		Communication
Joyal S Palackel	Computer Science	Computer Science
Poornima Manjunath Gowda	Sustainability Leadership	Electronic and
-	-	Communication
Teerth Satwara	Computer Science	Computer Science

Table 1: Team member description

Our goal is to improve care and operational efficiency in senior living communities by prioritizing resident safety, streamlining care delivery, and enhancing overall operations. By leveraging innovative, data-driven solutions, we strive to elevate the quality of life for residents while deepening our expertise in stakeholder management and unlocking the potential of AI to create impactful advancements.

3. Background

Senior living communities provide vital housing and care solutions for older adults, ranging from independent living facilities to nursing homes and memory care centers. These communities are essential in addressing the diverse needs of aging populations, including health support, social engagement, and daily living assistance. However, as the global population ages, these communities face significant challenges in meeting growing demand and ensuring high standards of care.

The report explores how senior living communities can use AI solutions to improve resident care and operational efficiency. By categorizing AI use cases and conducting trend analyses, we identify specific pain points and actionable opportunities. The approach includes conducting research and case studies, such as examining Caspar AI and Walabot, to gather insights on successful AI implementations in senior care. This is followed by a technology infrastructure assessment to evaluate readiness for AI integration, along with an analysis of staff competency. Survey results are incorporated to assess staff familiarity with digital tools and identify training needs. Finally, recommendations are made to address challenges like fall detection and workforce management, with a focus on reducing staff burnout through companionship and support.

3.1 Key Challenges

1. Increasing Demand and Resource Constraints

- a. Aging populations have surged, placing pressure on infrastructure and care services [21].
- b. Staff shortages and high turnover disrupt continuity and quality of care [22].

2. Rising Operational Costs

- a. The costs of maintaining facilities, hiring qualified staff, and complying with regulations continue to climb [22].
- b. Inefficiencies in manual processes further burden financial resources.

3. Enhancing Resident Care

a. Residents often require personalized care due to chronic health issues or cognitive impairments. Loneliness is also a major concern as the seniors living there are far from their families [23].

4. Technology Adoption Barriers

- a. Many communities lack the readiness or technical knowledge to adopt modern tools like Artificial Intelligence (AI) [24].
- b. Limited awareness of AI's potential benefits and implementation strategies hampers adoption.

4. AI Tool Market Analysis

Advancements in artificial intelligence have revolutionized various aspects of modern life, including the senior living sector. By integrating AI-driven technologies, senior living communities are experiencing improved safety, personalized care, and operational efficiency. This section explores the utilization of AI in senior care, focusing on innovative solutions offered by Caspar AI and Walabot.

4.1 Caspar AI

4.1.1 Current Use Case

Caspar AI ensures diverse data collection methodologies to commit to their mission of enhancing senior living through the means of AI. Their primary approach is through the collection of ambient sensor data, by leveraging non-intrusive technologies such as radar, LiDAR, and other Wi-Fi based sensors to monitor crucial data like movement, vitals and surrounding conditions (temperature, noise). The sensors deployed ensure there is passive yet continuous tracking of day-to-day activities while keeping privacy intact. Additionally behavioral data is captured through room sensors placed across living spaces to observe activity trends, routines and deviation over time. Insights are obtained through recognizing patterns of patients. Integration with smart home devices, such as smart lights, thermostats, and motion detectors, allows Caspar AI to gather contextual data about environmental interactions that might influence residents' health and behavior [14].

4.1.2 Key Findings

The usage of ambient sensors provides abundant real-time data, aiding in real-time detection of subtle pattern or health changes. The integration of data by partnering up with electronic health records (EHR) has been a nice avenue for personalized care. Caspar AI vouches for data anonymity and ensures ethical handling of information and use those insights to train their LLM's.

4.1.3 Sensors Used and Data Collected

Type of Sensor	Data Observed/Collected
Radar Sensors	Movement patterns, fall detection, respiration rate, heart rate, sleep quality.
LiDAR Sensors	Room occupancy, 3D mapping of movements, fall detection, transitions between positions.
Wi-Fi-based Sensors	Activity detection, movement tracking, presence monitoring, sleep patterns.
Environmental Sensors	Temperature, humidity, noise levels, light levels, air quality.
Motion Detectors	Room entry/exit, movement frequency, activity levels in different areas.
Bed Sensors	Heart rate, respiration rate, sleep duration, bed exits, restlessness during sleep.
Smart Home Devices	Interaction data with lights, thermostats, and appliances (indicating routines).
Bathroom Sensors	Frequency of bathroom visits, duration of stay (potential hydration or health issues).
Pressure Sensors	Presence on chairs, beds, or other furniture (e.g., monitoring sedentary behavior).
Contactless Vitals Sensors	Pulse rate, respiratory patterns, potential arrhythmias, and stress levels.

Table 2: Sensors used by Caspar AI and Data collected by them

4.2 Walabot

4.2.1 Current Use Case

Walabot is an innovative company that utilizes advanced radar-based technology to improve safety and care within senior living communities. Its core offering involves installing discreet 4D imaging radar sensors in residents' rooms and common areas, providing thorough coverage without relying on multiple devices or intrusive cameras. These radar sensors use low-power radio frequency (RF) signals capable of penetrating barriers like furniture and curtains, allowing seamless and non-invasive monitoring of residents' movements and positioning. The system interprets motion by analysing reflected RF signals, identifying activities such as walking, sitting, or falling. Furthermore, its sophisticated algorithms monitor vital signs by detecting subtle micro-movements linked to breathing patterns. This enables Walabot to deliver real-time insights into residents' activity levels, sleep quality, and bathroom routines, fostering a deeper understanding of their overall health and well-being [15].

4.2.2 Key Findings

The use of non-camera-based monitoring prioritizes privacy, as no images or videos are captured, and all collected data is anonymized to focus exclusively on movement and positioning. This approach effectively addresses key concerns about dignity and confidentiality for residents and their families. With real-time data processing, the system can issue immediate alerts for critical events like falls, enabling caregivers or medical staff to respond swiftly. Additionally, the seamless integration of radar-based data with existing nurse call systems and analytics platforms helps care facilities optimize alert management and derive actionable insights. These capabilities empower care providers to detect patterns, such as shifts in activity levels or sleep disturbances, facilitating more proactive and tailored care planning for residents.

4.2.3 Data Collected

Type of Sensor	Data Observed/Collected
4D Imaging Radar Sensors	Motion detection- walking, sitting, standing
	Fall detection- sudden drops in position
	Micro-movements- breathing patterns
	Vital signs monitoring- respiration rates
	Presence detection- occupancy in a room
	Behavioral patterns- sleep duration, bathroom visits
	Unusual inactivity- lack of movement indicating potential
	distress or health issues

Table 3: Sensors used by Walabot and Data collected by them

4.3 Gaps to Address

Despite the advancements offered by Caspar AI and Walabot, several opportunities exist to enhance their capabilities in senior living care. Both the systems could benefit by focusing more on maintaining personal interactions with residents in SLC's. Loneliness and minimal social interaction are a major factor that impacts residents. Another market space that could be tapped is to come up with a device that can be implemented without any structural integration or changes. Furthermore, refining machine learning algorithms to better differentiate between genuine health risks and benign anomalies could reduce false alarms, thereby increasing caregiver trust in these technologies. These enhancements would not only address current gaps but also position these solutions as comprehensive tools for promoting safety, independence, and improved quality of life in senior living communities.

5. Technology Infrastructure Assessment

Senior living communities are increasingly adopting technologies to improve care delivery and operational efficiency. However, the integration of advanced AI solutions is still in its early stages. This section evaluates the current state of technology readiness, considering the existing infrastructure, the adoption of Electronic Health Records (EHR), scheduling management systems, and the integration of AI tools.

5.1 Resident Demographics and Technology Use

The adoption of technology among older adults is rising. Nearly 67% of seniors [1] are now using the internet, and 42% own smartphones. However, there remains a gap in digital literacy, especially among those over the age of 75. Many seniors are becoming increasingly comfortable with health technologies like telehealth and wearable devices, which makes AI-driven solutions in senior care more feasible. Despite this, user adoption varies, and many older adults still need support in using technology effectively.

These trends suggest that while senior living communities have the foundational technology in place, the readiness to adopt more complex AI solutions is mixed and will require tailored strategies for both residents and staff.

5.2 Existing Technology Landscape

Large senior living communities are increasingly turning to specialized technology providers for electronic health record (EHR) and customer relationship management (CRM) solutions. These providers offer comprehensive software suites that include bundled services such as health records, medication management, and scheduling optimization. Unlike enterprise systems like Epic or Cerner, which are more common in hospital settings, senior living communities tend to favour solutions that cater specifically to their needs, such as those provided by PointClickCare [2], MatrixCare [3], Netsmart myUnity[4], and Electronic Caregiver Platform (ECP) [5].

5.2.1 EHR Systems

The use of EHR systems in senior living communities has grown significantly. Brookdale Senior Living uses its custom solution, HealthPlus, to manage resident care. PointClickCare, a leader in the industry, is widely adopted by major players such as a, Atria Senior Living, Integral Senior Living, and Senior Lifestyle Corporation. These communities use PointClickCare for comprehensive EHR management, streamlining workflows across different care levels and improving care coordination. Additionally, MatrixCare is used by Life Care Services and several Life Plan Communities to manage care and integrate data insights. HumanGood, on the other hand, uses Netsmart myUnity[6] for its EHR, focusing on seamless integration of care services across its communities.

5.2.2 CRM Systems

In addition to EHR systems, CRM solutions play a crucial role in enhancing resident acquisition and engagement. Large senior living providers like Watermark Retirement Communities and Arrow Senior Living use PointClickCare's CRM tools [7] to track leads, manage resident inquiries, and improve communication. Similarly, MatrixCare's CRM is utilized by communities such as Kensington Senior Living and Life Plan Communities, enabling better resident retention and personalized communication. These CRM systems help senior living communities not only improve care but also maintain strong relationships with families and prospective residents, driving occupancy rates and overall satisfaction.

5.3 Current Growth Direction

As senior living communities evolve to meet the needs of an aging population, innovative technologies and strategic partnerships are shaping their growth trajectories. This section delves into the current growth directions, focusing on AI integration and the adoption of sensor-based monitoring to enhance both resident care and operational efficiency.

5.3.1 AI Integration in Scheduling

While PointClickCare and MatrixCare are making strides in integrating AI into their platforms, AI adoption across senior living communities is still in its early stages. Both providers are working to incorporate AI into their scheduling management systems to optimize workforce allocation, reduce staffing costs, and improve care delivery. This effort mirrors advancements in broader healthcare settings, where AI has already demonstrated its transformative potential. For example, Cerner AI for Healthcare and UKG (formerly Kronos) uses AI to analyze care patterns, forecast staffing demands and automate scheduling while seamlessly integrating with EHR systems. The integration of AI-powered predictive analytics into platforms used by senior living communities could further improve operational efficiency and reduce staff burnout as AI can help predict staffing needs based on factors such as resident health status, activity levels, and historical care data.

5.3.2 Sensors and Smart Technology for Monitoring

Senior living communities have begun integrating smart home technologies to improve patient care and ease staff workloads. These technologies enable greater independence for residents while also enhancing operational efficiency. For instance, HumanGood, in partnership with Inglis Housing Corporation [18], has equipped apartments with smart devices such as voice-controlled thermostats, door locks, and automated light switches, designed to support accessibility and independence for all residents. Similarly, Caspar AI has expanded its reach to communities like The Forest at Duke, Revel Communities, and Lutheran Life [19], leveraging AI to optimize care and improve resource management. Furthermore, Brooksdale and Asbury Communities have piloted the use of Amazon Alexa virtual assistants and wearable devices like Apple Watches to promote connectivity and improve resident engagement [20]. These examples reflect the growing adoption of smart technologies in senior living, creating a solid foundation for further advancements in AI-driven solutions for both resident care and staff efficiency.

5.4 Readiness and Key Gaps

The current landscape shows that senior living communities with integrated EHR and CRM systems, such as Brookdale [8], Atria [9], Integral Senior Living, and HumanGood, are better positioned for AI adoption. The seamless flow of data across these platforms enables AI-driven tools for predictive health monitoring, staffing optimization, and personalized care. However, communities relying on separate vendors for EHR and CRM systems face challenges with data interoperability, which can hinder or delay AI integration.

Key gaps include:

• Interoperability Issues: A lack of standardized data formats and communication protocols between systems complicates the integration of AI tools across platforms.

- Data Quality: Fragmented or inconsistent data reduces AI's ability to generate actionable insights for improving care and operational efficiency.
- Staff Adoption: Even with the right systems, a lack of staff familiarity and training on AI tools can slow adoption and limit their potential effectiveness.

6. AI Readiness Assessment

This assessment is designed to evaluate the technological readiness of senior living communities (SLCs) in adopting Artificial Intelligence (AI) and related technologies. It measures readiness across several key areas, including infrastructure, staff training, resident engagement with technology, system integration, and potential adoption barriers.

By scoring responses, the form provides a comprehensive understanding of an SLC's current position on the technology adoption spectrum. Based on the final score, tailored recommendations are offered to guide communities towards enhancing their operational efficiency, improving the quality of resident care, and reducing the burden on staff through technology adoption.

6.1 Assessment Features

1. **Staff Readiness**: Evaluates staff familiarity with digital tools, comfort level, and training program availability, as shown in Image 1

Does the SLC have a stable internet connection throughout the facility? *
○ Yes
○ No
What devices are available for staff, select all that are applicable: *
All of the Below
Laptops
Tablets
Desktops
Is there an IT team or external provider for technical support?*
○ Yes
○ No

Image 1: Staff Readiness Questions from Survey

2.	Resident Readiness : Questions in Image 2 gauges residents' adaptability to using technology for engagement and health monitoring.
	Are residents accustomed to using tech devices like tablets, wearables, or smartphones? *
	○ Yes
	○ No
	:::
	Have the residents been introduced to health monitoring technologies like wearables or smart * devices?
	○ Yes
	○ No
	Image 2: Resident Readiness Questions from Survey
3.	System Integration : Questions in Image 3 reviews the presence and interoperability of Electronic Health Records (EHR) and other AI tools.
	Does the SLC use Electronic Health Records (EHR) systems?*
	○ Yes
	○ No

	Is the EHR interoperable with external tools or systems? *
	○ Yes
	○ No

Image 3: Integration Questions from Survey

Image 4: Adoption Questions from Survey

4. Adoption Barriers: Questions in Image 4 identifies potential challenges like

6.2 Tailored Recommendations Using Readiness Metrics

6.2.1 Low Tech Readiness

For SLCs with limited technological infrastructure, the focus must first be on establishing foundational systems that enable future AI implementation. The following steps outline the necessary actions for achieving this readiness level

1. Stable Internet Connection

- a. Partner with Internet Service Providers (ISPs) to ensure the installation of high-speed internet.
- b. Deploy Wi-Fi boosters and repeaters across the facility to ensure strong and stable connectivity in all areas.

2. Investment in Devices

- a. Equip the community with essential hardware, such as tablets and desktops, for staff use and resident engagement.
- b. Prioritize devices that support digital workflows and connectivity with existing systems.

3. Digitalize Records with an EHR System

- a. Implement an Electronic Health Record (EHR) system to centralize resident data and improve care coordination.
- b. Ensure that staff are trained to use the EHR system effectively for tasks such as medication management and health monitoring.

4. Hire or Outsource IT Support:

a. Establish an IT team to oversee the installation and maintenance of technology.

b. If in-house support is not feasible, partner with external IT service providers to handle infrastructure setup and troubleshooting.

Achieving these foundational capabilities will prepare the SLC to implement advanced Albased solutions. Once these steps are completed, the community can transition to adopting recommendations outlined under the <u>Medium Tech Readiness</u> category.

6.2.2 Medium Tech Readiness

SLCs with medium technological infrastructure are ready to implement AI-driven solutions that provide immediate benefits to residents and staff. The primary recommendation for this readiness level is the adoption of ElliQ, an AI-powered robotic companion.

ElliQ is a user-friendly, off-the-shelf solution designed to enhance resident companionship and well-being. Its features include conversational engagement, health reminders, and activity suggestions, all tailored to the individual resident's needs.

To ensure smooth deployment and functionality of ElliQ, the following prerequisites must be met.

- 1. **Reliable Internet and Power Supply**: A consistent Wi-Fi network and uninterrupted power supply are essential for ElliQ to operate effectively.
- 2. **Basic IT Support**: An IT team or outsourced support must be available to troubleshoot minor issues and perform system updates.
- 3. Collaboration with ElliQ's Support Team: Work closely with ElliQ's technical team to integrate the device into the community and personalize its settings for individual residents.

6.2.3 High Tech Readiness

SLCs that have a strong technological infrastructure, and a tech-savvy workforce are well-positioned to implement comprehensive AI-driven solutions. At this readiness level, we recommend a combination of advanced technologies to maximize efficiency and resident care.

1. ElliQ for Companionship:

a. Communities that have not already implemented ElliQ can proceed with its deployment to enhance resident well-being.

2. Sensor Systems (Caspar AI, Walabot):

- a. Deploy advanced sensor systems for real-time resident monitoring and emergency alerts.
- b. Caspar AI and Walabot enable continuous tracking of activities, health patterns, and emergency situations, such as falls.

3. Predictive Scheduling System:

a. Partner with Software company and Caspar AI / Walabot to develop and deploy a predictive scheduling system that uses data collected from Caspar AI or Walabot to optimize staff allocation and reduce inefficiencies.

For a detailed implementation plan of each of the above recommendations, see the <u>Deep Dive</u> into <u>Recommendations</u> and <u>Implementation Plan</u> section.

At all the above mentioned readiness levels, the integration of these technologies will significantly enhance operational efficiency by leveraging real-time insights and automated scheduling. These advancements will improve resident care by proactively addressing health and safety concerns, ensuring timely and personalized support. Furthermore, the adoption of such solutions will foster a more adaptive and responsive care environment, enabling senior living communities to better meet the evolving needs of their residents and staff.

Irrespective of the technological readiness level, it is vital to establish ongoing practices to ensure the successful integration and sustainability of these solutions. Key steps include,

- **Yearly Maintenance**: Perform regular checks and updates for software and hardware to prevent system failures and ensure optimal performance.
- **Staff Training**: Organize training sessions to keep teams updated on the latest features, address challenges, and gather feedback for continuous improvement.
- **Information Sessions**: Conduct sessions for residents and staff to increase awareness about the possibilities and benefits of technology, reducing adoption barriers and fostering acceptance.

By following these practices, senior living communities can maximize the impact of AI-driven solutions and create a more adaptive and responsive care environment.

7. Deep Dive into Recommendations and Implementation Plan

This section provides an in-depth exploration of recommended AI-driven solutions and their implementation plans, focusing on enhancing resident care, improving operational efficiency, and addressing critical challenges in senior living communities.

7.1 ElliQ: AI-Powered Companion for Senior Living Communities

ElliQ shown in Image 6 is an AI-driven robotic companion designed to enhance the well-being of older adults by promoting independence and healthy living. Developed by Intuition Robotics, ElliQ offers a range of features tailored to support seniors in their daily lives.



Image 6: ElliQ Robot

7.1.1 Key Features of ElliQ

- **Engaging Interactions**: It initiates conversations, provides motivational quotes, and offers personalized suggestions to keep residents mentally active and socially engaged.
- **Health and Wellness Support:** It assists residents in maintaining their well-being by offering medication reminders, exercise guidance, and mindfulness activities like breathing and meditation sessions, promoting a balanced and healthy lifestyle.
- Cognitive Stimulation: Engages residents with games, AI-powered painting, and poetry to stimulate cognitive functions and creativity.
- Social Connectivity: It fosters meaningful connections by enabling video calls and messaging, photo sharing, and hosting engaging activities like live bingo sessions to enhance social interaction and strengthen bonds with loved ones.
- **Personalized Experience**: It learns from daily interactions, adapting its suggestions and activities to align with each resident's preferences and routines.

Note: For communities facing significant adoption barriers with ElliQ, alternative solutions are available, including interactive plush companions and future possibilities like deepfake avatars of loved ones. These alternatives are detailed in the Appendix.

7.1.2 Implementation Plan: ElliQ

The following are the implementation steps for incorporating ElliQ into senior living communities.

1. Preparation

• Infrastructure Assessment:

- o Ensure the facility has a stable internet connection and reliable power supply.
- Address any connectivity issues by installing Wi-Fi boosters or repeaters as needed.

• Staff Training:

- o Educate IT personnel and caregivers on ElliQ's functionalities, basic troubleshooting, and maintenance procedures.
- Provide comprehensive training to ensure staff can effectively support residents in using ElliQ.

• Resident Profile Integration:

 Collaborate with ElliQ's support team to input resident-specific data, including health records, daily schedules, and personal preferences, to personalize the experience.

2. Deployment

• Pilot Program:

- o Introduce ElliQ to a select group of residents to evaluate its effectiveness and gather feedback.
- o Monitor interactions to identify and address any challenges, making necessary adjustments to settings.

• Full-Scale Implementation:

- o Expand ElliQ deployment to all interested residents, ensuring each device is tailored to individual needs.
- o Maintain close observation during the initial phase to promptly resolve any issues.

3. Post-Implementation

- **Ongoing Training**: Conduct regular refresher courses for staff to stay updated on new features and advanced troubleshooting techniques.
- **Feedback Collection:** Create feedback channels to gather insights from residents and staff, using them to refine ElliQ's performance and user experience.
- **Maintenance and Updates:** Schedule routine updates and collaborate with ElliQ's support team to maintain optimal system performance.

By thoughtfully integrating ElliQ into the community, SLCs can significantly enhance residents' quality of life, promoting engagement, health, and social connectivity.

7.2 AI-Driven Health Monitoring for Senior Living Communities

Advancements in AI-powered monitoring solutions like Caspar.AI and Walabot are transforming senior living communities by enhancing safety, health monitoring, and operational efficiency. These technologies provide seamless integration with existing systems while maintaining the privacy and dignity of residents. This section explores the implementation of Caspar.AI and Walabot in senior living communities, focusing on how their innovative sensor-based approaches can address critical needs and enhance resident care.

7.2.1 Benefits of Caspar.AI and Walabot

Caspar.AI and Walabot bring transformative benefits to senior living communities by leveraging advanced sensor technologies to enhance safety and care. Caspar.AI's ambient sensors enable continuous, privacy-preserving monitoring of residents' health patterns, environmental changes, and movement, seamlessly integrating with existing EHR systems to provide personalized care plans. Similarly, Walabot's radar-based technology offers real-time fall detection and activity monitoring without the use of intrusive cameras, ensuring residents' dignity and privacy. These tools empower caregivers with actionable insights, facilitate timely interventions during emergencies, and reduce risks associated with falls or health anomalies. By streamlining operations and proactively addressing residents' needs, Caspar.AI and Walabot significantly contribute to creating safer and more responsive care environments in senior living communities.

7.2.2 Implementation Plan: Caspar.AI or Walabot

The implementation steps for Caspar.AI and Walabot are similar due to their shared goal of providing real-time monitoring and alerts through advanced sensor technology. The following plan applies to both systems:

1. Preparation

• Infrastructure Readiness

- o Verify stable internet connectivity and assess power supply needs.
- o Evaluate existing IT systems for compatibility with Caspar.AI or Walabot.

• Staff Training

• Train caregivers and IT personnel on the functionalities, alert mechanisms, and troubleshooting processes.

• Resident and Family Engagement

 Conduct awareness sessions to explain the benefits of the systems and address any privacy concerns.

2. Deployment

• Sensor Installation

- o Identify high-risk areas for monitoring, such as bedrooms, bathrooms, and common areas.
- o Coordinate with the vendor's installation team for proper setup and calibration.

• System Integration

o Integrate the system with EHRs, nurse call systems, and emergency response protocols to ensure smooth functionality.

Pilot Testing

- o Implement a trial phase to monitor performance and collect feedback from staff and residents.
- o Refine system settings based on pilot results.

3. Post-Implementation

• Continuous Monitoring

- o Regularly review alerts and data insights to ensure system accuracy and efficiency.
- o Update care plans based on system-generated recommendations.

• Ongoing Training

 Provide refresher courses for staff and introduce training for new features or updates.

• Maintenance and Support:

• Schedule routine maintenance checks and collaborate with vendor support teams for troubleshooting and updates.

By implementing Caspar.AI or Walabot, senior living communities can achieve significant improvements in resident safety and operational efficiency, all while maintaining privacy and dignity.

7.3 Predictive Scheduling System: Optimizing Workforce Allocation

The predictive scheduling system would leverage AI to analyze real-time and historical data, enabling SLCs to allocate staff effectively and improve operational efficiency. By integrating data from sensors like Caspar.AI or Walabot, this system addresses staffing challenges, reduces caregiver burnout, and enhances the quality of resident care.

7.3.1 Key Features of the Predictive Scheduling System

- **Data Integration:** Combines data from sensors, EHR systems, and monitoring tools to provide real-time insights into resident activity, health patterns, and care needs.
- **AI-Driven Insights:** Analyzes patterns and trends in care needs to predict peak workloads and optimize staffing levels.
- Automated Scheduling: Creates flexible staff schedules tailored to resident needs, staff availability, and skillsets, with adaptability for last-minute changes or emergencies.
- **Dashboards and Alerts**: Provides intuitive dashboards for real-time monitoring of staff allocation and care coverage, with alerts for addressing staffing gaps promptly.

7.3.2 Implementation Plan: Predictive Scheduling System

The following are the implementation steps for incorporating Predictive Scheduling System into senior living communities.

1. Preparation

• Data Collection and Integration

- o Partner with Caspar.AI or Walabot to collect resident data, including activity levels, health patterns, and care requirements.
- Collaborate with a software company to integrate this data into a unified system that supports predictive scheduling.

• Infrastructure Setup

- Ensure compatibility between existing EHR systems, sensor platforms, and the predictive scheduling tool.
- o Train IT staff on the integration process and system maintenance.

2. Development and Deployment

• Algorithm Design

- Work with software developers to create AI models that analyze data trends and predict care needs.
- o Test and refine algorithms using historical data before full deployment.

• Pilot Testing

- Conduct a pilot program to evaluate the scheduling system with a small group of staff and residents.
- Gather feedback from caregivers and supervisors to address any usability issues or gaps.

• Full Deployment

- o Roll out the system across the entire SLC, ensuring proper training for all users.
- Monitor system performance and fine-tune scheduling algorithms based on realtime data.

3. Post-Implementation

• Continuous Monitoring:

- o Regularly evaluate the system's effectiveness in meeting staffing needs and improving care delivery.
- o Adjust predictive algorithms as new data trends emerge.

Staff Feedback:

- o Implement a feedback mechanism to gather input from caregivers and supervisors on the system's usability and impact.
- o Use this feedback to enhance system features and usability.

• Ongoing Maintenance:

- Schedule routine updates to ensure compatibility with evolving technology and resident needs.
- o Collaborate with the software vendor for continuous support and troubleshooting.

By adopting the predictive scheduling system, senior living communities can transform their workforce management, creating a more adaptive, efficient, and resident-focused care environment. This system minimizes understaffing or overstaffing to optimize resource allocation, aligns staff availability with resident needs to enhance personalized care, and evenly distributes workloads to improve caregiver satisfaction while reducing burnout and turnover.

Conclusion

In conclusion, the integration of AI in senior living communities presents transformative opportunities to enhance resident care, optimize operations, and improve staff efficiency. Solutions like Caspar.AI, Walabot, and predictive scheduling systems address critical challenges while prioritizing privacy and dignity. By adopting these technologies and refining their implementation strategies, senior living communities can set a new standard in care delivery, fostering a safer, more supportive environment for residents.

AI adoption should align with each community's technological readiness to ensure successful implementation. Communities with low readiness should begin by building a strong digital foundation, including robust internet connectivity and essential systems like EHRs. Medium-readiness communities can start incorporating solutions like ElliQ, which support resident well-being and engagement. High-readiness communities are positioned to adopt comprehensive AI systems, such as predictive scheduling and advanced monitoring, to optimize operations and improve care delivery. A structured approach, including pilot programs, staff training, and seamless system integration, is key to successful implementation. By tailoring strategies to readiness levels, senior living communities can achieve significant advancements in operational efficiency while enhancing the quality of life for their residents.

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Appendix

I] Alternative Solutions to ElliQ

1. Interactive Plush Companions

For communities encountering challenges with adopting robotic companions like ElliQ, interactive plush companions provide a simpler alternative. These AI-enabled plush toys are inspired by technologies like Curio, designed to engage users with interactive features.

• Features:

- o Simulated conversations using microphones and speakers.
- o Optional integration of familiar voices to make interactions more personal.

• Benefits:

- A less complex user experience compared to advanced robotic systems, making it more approachable for certain residents.
- Suitable for residents who find robotic companions intimidating or overly sophisticated.

• Considerations:

- o **Development Costs**: Creating an AI-powered plush companion involves designing and building a new product with capabilities similar to ElliQ, which may result in significant development and production costs.
- Ethical Concerns: Use of familiar voices may raise issues of privacy, consent, and emotional impact.
- **Resident Perceptions**: Careful evaluation is needed to ensure plush toys are not perceived as infantilizing by residents, maintaining their dignity and comfort.

Interactive plush companions provide an alternative approach for emotional well-being in senior living communities, particularly for those unable to adapt to more advanced robotic solutions. However, they come with challenges related to development costs and ethical considerations that require careful evaluation.

2. Deepfake Avatars of Loved Ones

As a futuristic solution, AI-generated deepfake avatars have the potential to revolutionize emotional support in senior living communities by simulating interactions with loved ones, including those who have passed away.

• Features:

- o Digital recreations of family members or loved ones using deepfake technology.
- Capable of mimicking voice, appearance, and conversational patterns for personalized interactions.

• Potential Applications:

- o Helping residents cope with loneliness or grief by recreating a sense of connection with loved ones.
- o Supporting emotional well-being through meaningful, simulated interactions.

• Challenges:

o Ethical Concerns:

- Consent issues, particularly for creating avatars of deceased individuals.
- Risk of emotional harm if the technology is perceived as deceptive or unsettling.

• Regulatory Hurdles:

- Legal restrictions around the use of deepfake technology, particularly for commercial purposes.
- Compliance with privacy laws and resident rights.

o Technical and Social Barriers:

- Ensuring authenticity and emotional impact while minimizing potential distress.
- Developing frameworks for responsible usage.

Deepfake technology has been used in certain applications to help individuals cope with the loss of loved ones. For example:

- China's Virtual Avatar Services: Companies in China are offering services to create virtual avatars of deceased relatives, allowing families to engage in simulated conversations for emotional closure. [17]
- **Memorialize**: Other applications include memorial videos and interactions where AI recreates a loved one's voice and likeness to offer comfort during the grieving process. [17]

While promising, these applicational stages are not yet feasible for widespread adoption in senior living communities due to:

- Ethical Concerns: Consent issues for recreating deceased individuals, potential emotional harm, and authenticity challenges.
- **Regulatory Hurdles**: Privacy laws and legal restrictions on using deepfake technology.
- **Technical and Social Barriers**: The need for advanced infrastructure and frameworks for responsible use.