

# Homework set 11 Sander Lindberg

## Exercise 1

### Exercises 11.1

2)

d) In a circuit an edge cannot repeat, therefore I have to find a walk that repeats at least one edge:

~~for~~  $B \rightarrow E \rightarrow G \rightarrow F \rightarrow E \rightarrow B$ .

$(\{BE\}, \{EG\}, \{GF\}, \{FE\}, \{BE\})$

e) In a cycle, the vertices and edges cannot repeat, in a circuit, the vertices can repeat:

$B \rightarrow C \rightarrow D \rightarrow E \rightarrow G \rightarrow F \rightarrow E \rightarrow B$ .

$(\{BC\}, \{CD\}, \{DE\}, \{EG\}, \{GF\}, \{FE\}, \{EB\})$

f) ~~No rep~~ No rep edges or vertices:

$B \rightarrow A \rightarrow C \rightarrow B$   $(\{BA\}, \{AC\}, \{CB\})$



## Exercise 2

### Exercises 11.2

- 8) b) The number of paths is  
 $\frac{1}{2}(n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3) \dots (n-m)).$

## Exercise 3

### Exercises 11.2

- a) a) A, B, C and H are incident with three edges  
W, X, Y, Z are also incident with three edges  
therefore they could be incident,  
but one form a cycle, while the other  
don't, therefore they are not isomorphic.
- b) They are not isomorphic.



## Exercise 4

### Exercises 11.3

$$2) \sum_{v \in V} \deg(v) = 2|E|$$

$$\sum_{v \in V} \deg(v) = 17 \cdot 2, \deg(v) \geq 3$$

$$\sum_{v \in V} \deg(v) = 34$$

Since max value has most of the smallest degree, I can have  $10 \cdot \deg(v) = 3$

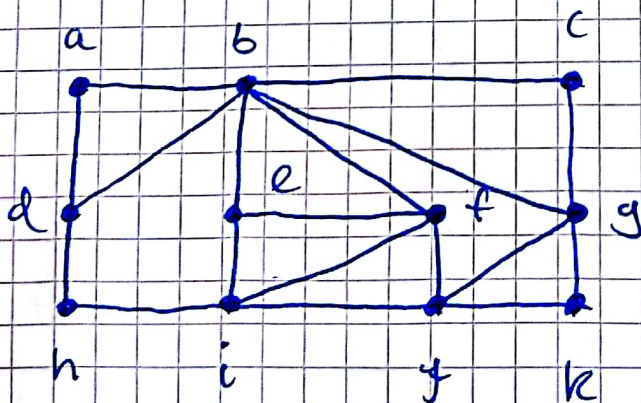
this leaves me with one  $\deg(v) = 4$ .

therefore  $|V| = 11$

## Exercise 5

### Exercises 11.3

20) b)



(Subgraph of fig. 44)

Euler trail:  $d \rightarrow a \rightarrow b \rightarrow d \rightarrow h \rightarrow i \rightarrow e \rightarrow f \rightarrow i \rightarrow j \rightarrow f \rightarrow b \rightarrow c \rightarrow g \rightarrow k \rightarrow j \rightarrow g \rightarrow b \rightarrow d$ .



## Exercise 6

### Exercises 12.1

14) Let  $V = \{x, y, w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n\}$   
be vertices for  $K_{2,n}$ , and  
 $V_1 = \{x, y\}$ ,  $V_2 = \{w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n\}$ .

all edges have one vertex in  $V_1$  and  
the other one in  $V_2$ .

$T$  is a spanning tree for  $K_{2,n}$  and  
has  $n+1$  edges and  $\deg(x) + \deg(y) = n+1$ .

Number of non isomorphic spanning trees

$$\text{is } \frac{n+1}{2}$$

## Exercise 7

### Exercises 12.2

2.6)

Preorder = 1, 2, 5, 4, 14, 15, 10, 16, 17, 3, 6, 9, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13

Postorder = 14, 15, 16, 17, 10, 5, 2, 6, 3, 7, 11, 12, 13, 8, 4, 1.