

$$(xxi) \frac{1}{1 \cdot 2} + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} + \dots + \frac{1}{n(n+1)} = \frac{n}{n+1}$$

$$(1) n=1$$

$$LS = \frac{1}{2} \quad PS = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{matrix} a=1 \\ b=2 \\ c=3 \end{matrix} \quad 0=0 \quad \text{---} -1$$

$$(2) V(k) \Rightarrow V(k+1)$$

$$V(k): \frac{1}{1 \cdot 2} + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} + \dots + \frac{1}{k(k+1)} = \frac{k}{k+1}$$

$$V(k+1): \frac{1}{1 \cdot 2} + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} + \dots + \frac{1}{k(k+1)} + \frac{1}{(k+1)(k+2)} = \frac{(k+1)}{(k+2)}$$

$$LS = \frac{k}{(k+1)} + \frac{1}{(k+1)(k+2)} = \frac{k(k+2)+1}{(k+1)(k+2)} = \frac{k^2+2k+1}{(k+1)(k+2)} = \frac{(k+1)(k+1)}{(k+1)(k+2)} = \frac{k+1}{k+2} = PS$$

$$(xxii) \frac{1}{4 \cdot 5} + \frac{1}{5 \cdot 6} + \dots + \frac{1}{(n+3)(n+4)} = \frac{n}{4(n+4)}$$

$$(1) n=1 \quad LS = \frac{1}{20} \quad PS = \frac{1}{20} \quad LS=PS$$

$$(2) V(k) \Rightarrow V(k+1)$$

$$V(k+1): \frac{1}{4 \cdot 5} + \frac{1}{5 \cdot 6} + \dots + \frac{1}{(k+3)(k+4)} + \frac{1}{(k+4)(k+5)} = \frac{k+1}{4(k+5)}$$

$$\begin{matrix} a=1 \\ b=5 \\ c=4 \end{matrix} \quad \frac{-5 \pm 3}{2} = \begin{matrix} -1 \\ -4 \end{matrix}$$

$$LS = \frac{k}{4(k+4)} + \frac{1}{(k+4)(k+5)} = \frac{k(k+5)+4}{4(k+4)(k+5)} = \frac{k^2+5k+4}{4(k+4)(k+5)} = \frac{(k+1)(k+4)}{4(k+4)(k+5)} = \frac{k+1}{4(k+5)} = PS$$

$$(xvi) 1 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 7 + 3 \cdot 10 + \dots + n \cdot (3n+1) = n(n+1)^2$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \quad 0 \quad \frac{-4}{2} = -2$$

$$(1) n=1 \quad LS=4 \quad PS=2^2=4$$

$$(2)$$

$$V(k+1): 1 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 7 + 3 \cdot 10 + \dots + k \cdot (3k+1) + (k+1)(3k+4) = (k+1)(k+2)^2$$

$$LS=PS$$

$$LS = k(k+1)^2 + (k+1)(3k+4) = (k+1)(k(k+1) + (3k+4)) = (k+1)(k^2+k+4) = (k+1)(k+2)^2 = PS$$