



Introduction to Database Systems

SQL Query Language: Part 1

Example Instances

R1

<u>sid</u>	<u>bid</u>	<u>day</u>
22	101	10/10/96
58	103	11/12/96

S1

<u>sid</u>	sname	rating	age
22	dustin	7	45.0
31	lubber	8	55.5
58	rusty	10	35.0

S2

<u>sid</u>	sname	rating	age
28	yuppy	9	35.0
31	lubber	8	55.5
44	guppy	5	35.0
58	rusty	10	35.0

Basic SQL Query

SELECT	[DISTINCT] <i>target-list</i>
FROM	<i>relation-list</i>
WHERE	<i>qualification</i>

- *relation-list* A list of relation names (possibly with a *range-variable* after each name).
- *target-list* A list of attributes of relations in *relation-list*
- *qualification* Comparisons (Attr *op* const or Attr1 *op* Attr2 combined using AND, OR and NOT).
- **DISTINCT** is an optional keyword indicating that the answer should not contain duplicates. Default is that duplicates are not eliminated!

Conceptual Evaluation Strategy

- Semantics of an SQL query defined in terms of the following conceptual evaluation strategy:
 - Compute the cross-product of *relation-list*.
 - Discard resulting tuples if they fail *qualifications*.
 - Delete attributes that are not in *target-list*.
 - If **DISTINCT** is specified, eliminate duplicate rows.
- This strategy is probably the least efficient way to compute a query! An optimizer will find more efficient strategies to compute *the same answers*.

Example of Conceptual Evaluation

```
SELECT S.sname  
FROM   Sailors S, Reserves R  
WHERE  S.sid=R.sid AND R.bid=103
```

(sid)	sname	rating	age	(sid)	bid	day
22	dustin	7	45.0	22	101	10/10/96
22	dustin	7	45.0	58	103	11/12/96
31	lubber	8	55.5	22	101	10/10/96
31	lubber	8	55.5	58	103	11/12/96
58	rusty	10	35.0	22	101	10/10/96
58	rusty	10	35.0	58	103	11/12/96

Find sailors who've reserved at least one boat

SQL ?!!

Find sailors who've reserved at least one boat

```
SELECT S.sid  
FROM Sailors S, Reserves R  
WHERE S.sid=R.sid
```

- Would adding DISTINCT to this query make a difference?
- What is the effect of replacing *S.sid* by *S.sname* in the SELECT clause?
Would adding DISTINCT to this variant of the query make a difference?

Find sid's of sailors who've reserved a red or a green boat

SQL ?!!

Find sid's of sailors who've reserved a red or a green boat

```
SELECT S.sid
FROM Sailors S, Boats B, Reserves R
WHERE S.sid=R.sid AND R.bid=B.bid
      AND (B.color='red' OR B.color='green')
```