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Introduction to ES6 - Video 3.8

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Video 3.8

ES6 – Template Literals

- Can define a template for rendering strings
- ES5 Syntax:

```
var person = { name: "Lydia" };
var msg = "Dear " + person.name + ",\n" + "How are you? ";
```
- ES6 Syntax:

```
var person = { name: "Lydia" };
var msg = `Dear ${person.name},
How are you?`;
```

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Before we continue looking at client side JavaScript frameworks, I'd like to introduce a new version of JavaScript known as ES6.

ES6 stands for ECMAScript 6, which is the proper name for JavaScript.

It is the newest JavaScript specification that was released a few years ago.

ES6 is supported by just about every browser.

We're going to use ES6 notation for the rest of the course.

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Notes:

- At 5:05, we see a variable declared using the keyword "let". There is a good explanation of the difference between "let" and "var" at <http://www.jstips.co/en/javascript/keyword-var-vs-let/>

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