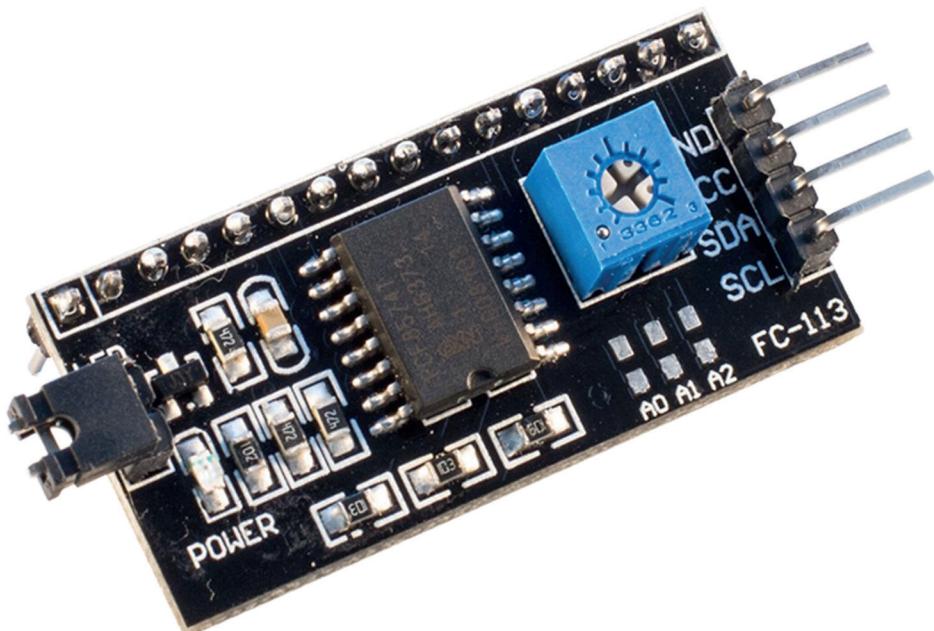


# Serielle Schnittstelle I2C für LCD Displays Datenblatt



**Contents:**

- 1. Specification**
- 2. Board Layout**
- 3. I2C Address Setup**

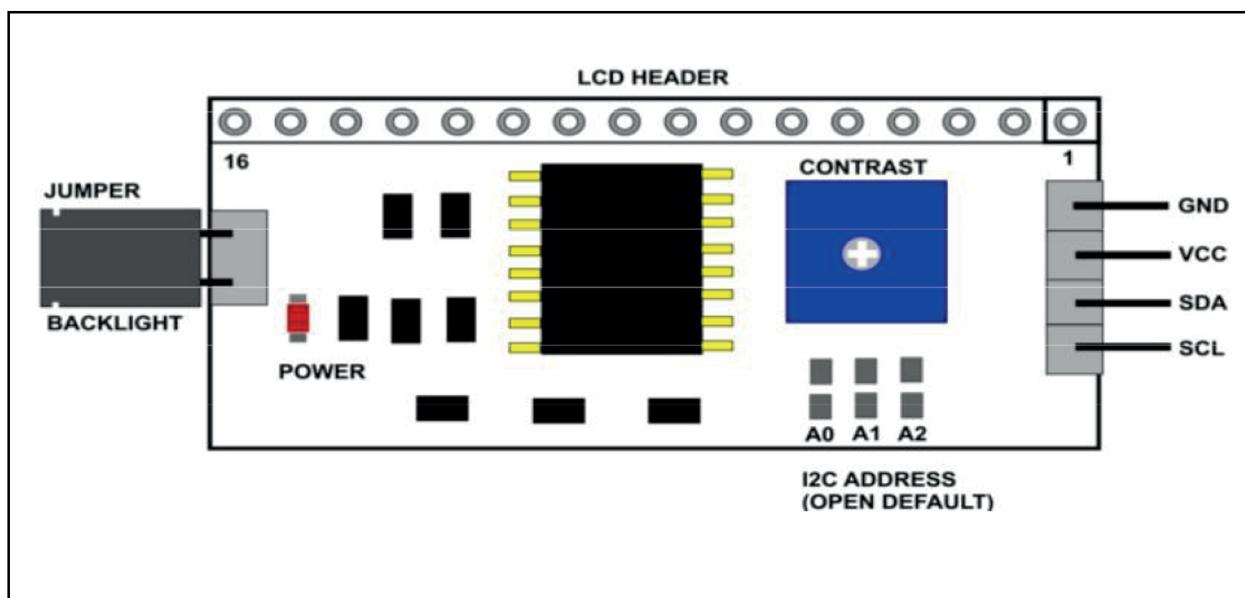
## 1. Specification

Compatible with 16x2 and 20x4 LCD's

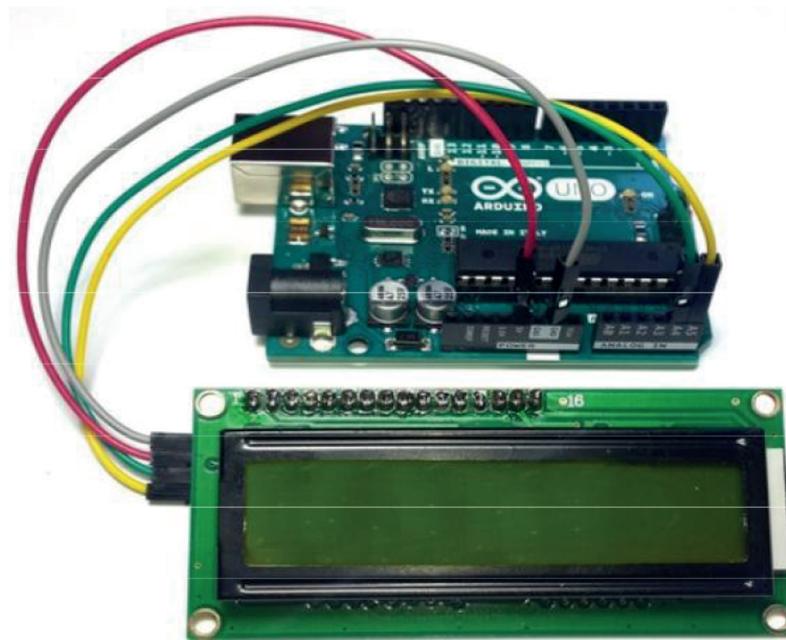
Default I2C Address = 0X27

Address selectable - Range 0x20 to 0x27

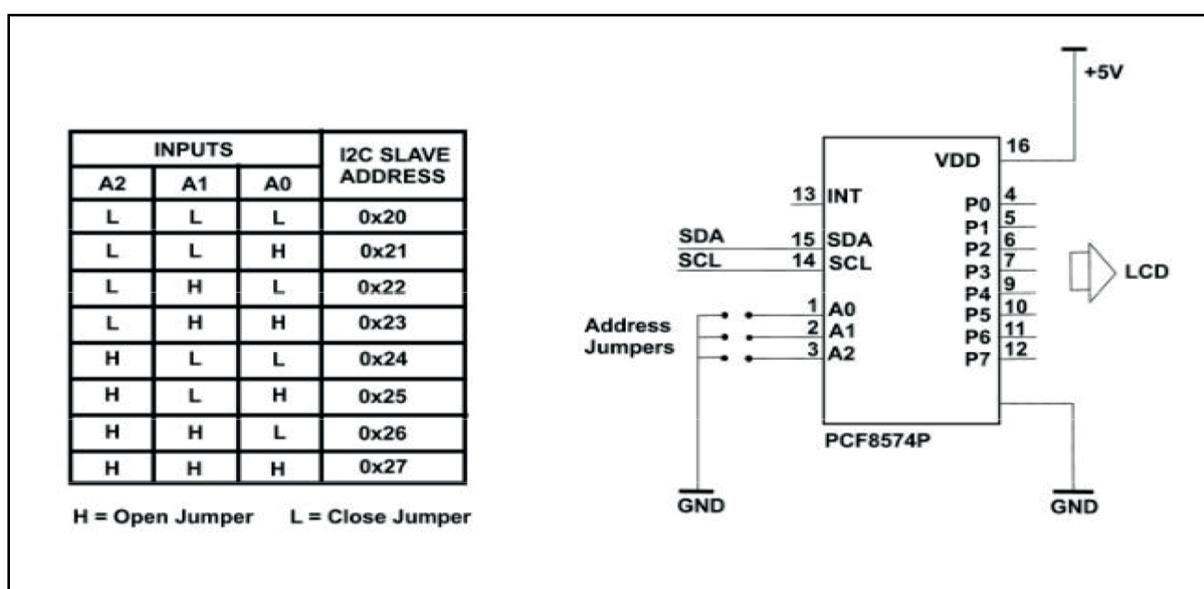
## 2. Board Layout

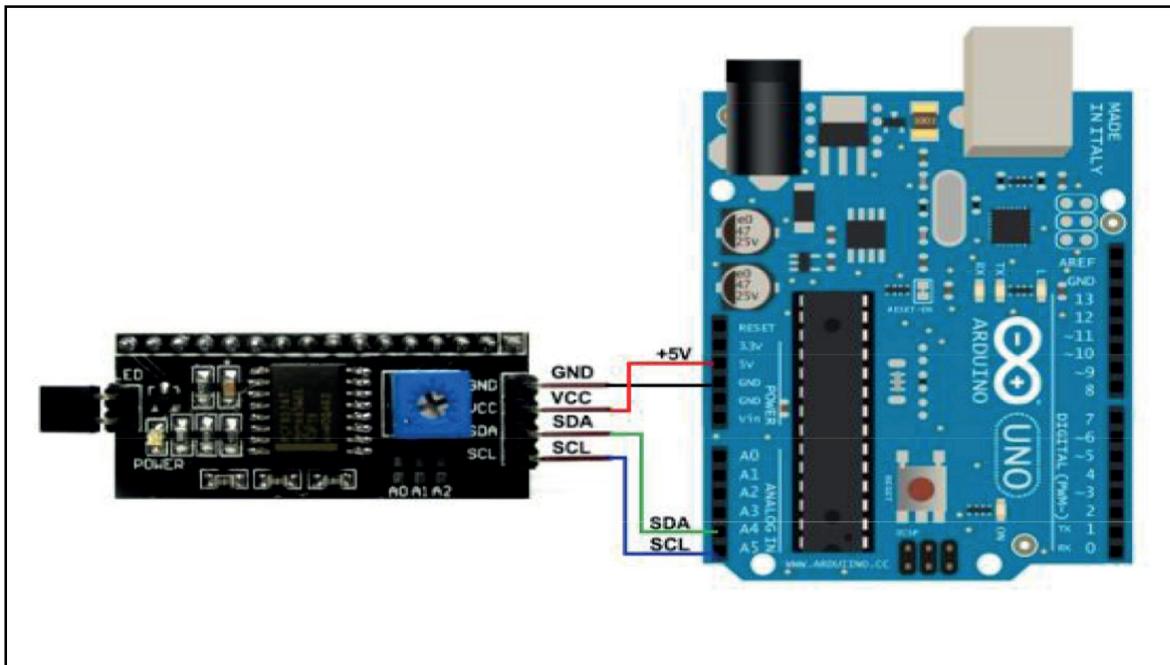


### 3. I2C Address Setup



The LCD2004 board utilized the PCF8574 I/O expander. This nifty little chip provides eight bits of parallel I/O addressable by a I2C bus address – 0x00 to 0x27. SainSmart tied all address leads to Vcc, so the LCD2004 board's I2C address is permanently fixed at hex 27. This is rather limiting since no additional LCD2004s can be added to the bus. Anyway, you simply address the board and write an eight bit value which is then presented on the output pins of the PCF8574, which, in this case, are connected to the HD44780 based LCD screen.





```
//Arduino Code
#include <Wire.h>
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>

LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x27,2,1,0,4,5,6,7,3, POSITIVE); // Initialize LCD Display at address 0x27
                                                    // unmodified backpack

void setup() {
    // activate LCD module
    lcd.begin (16,2); // for 16 x 2 LCD module
    lcd.setBacklightPin(3,POSITIVE);
    lcd.setBacklight(HIGH);
}

void loop() {
    lcd.home (); // set cursor to 0,0
    lcd.print(" Hello, world!");
    lcd.setCursor (0,1); // go to start of 2nd line
    lcd.print(millis());
    delay(1000);
    lcd.setBacklight(LOW); // Backlight off
    delay(500);
    lcd.setBacklight(HIGH); // Backlight on

    delay(1000);
} // END
```