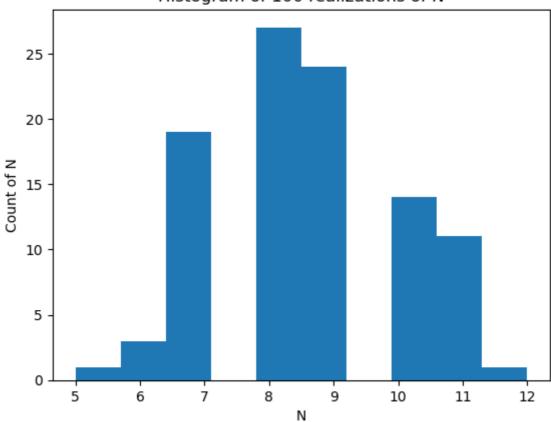
```
In [1]: # Tejas Acharya
        # EE-541
        # Homework 01
        # Problem 02
In [2]: #Importing Libraries
        import random
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [3]: #Constants
        MIN = 0
        MAX = 1
        SUM = 4
In [4]: def generate random variable():
             count = 0
            total = 0
            while (total <= SUM):</pre>
                 total += random.uniform(MIN, MAX)
                 count += 1
             return count
        realizations 100 = [generate random variable() for i in range(100)]
         realizations 1000 = [generate random variable() for i in range(1000)]
         realizations 10000 = [generate random variable() for i in range(10000)]
        plt.figure()
In [6]:
        plt.hist(realizations 100)
        plt.xlabel('N')
        plt.ylabel('Count of N')
        plt.title('Histogram of 100 realizations of N')
        plt.show()
```

## Histogram of 100 realizations of N

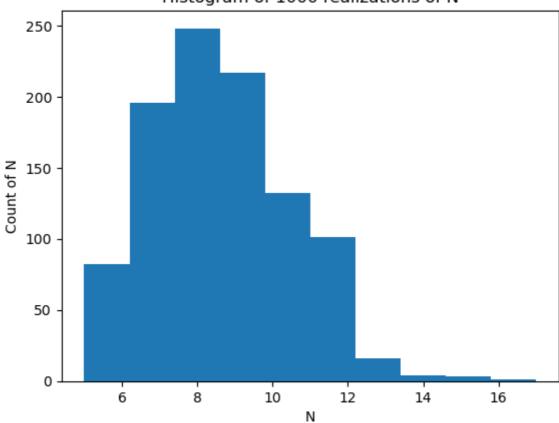


```
In [7]: plt.figure()
   plt.hist(realizations_1000)

   plt.xlabel('N')
   plt.ylabel('Count of N')
   plt.title('Histogram of 1000 realizations of N')

   plt.show()
```

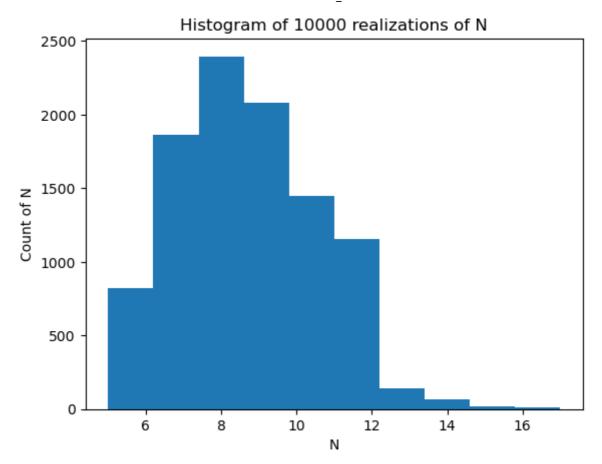
## Histogram of 1000 realizations of N



```
In [8]: plt.figure()
   plt.hist(realizations_10000)

   plt.xlabel('N')
   plt.ylabel('Count of N')
   plt.title('Histogram of 10000 realizations of N')

   plt.show()
```



In [9]: print('By observing the larger realizations of N, we can safely say that the By observing the larger realizations of N, we can safely say that the approximate value of E[N] is 8.