

Syntax of for

used to iterate over any iterable data type tuple, list, string...

for i in range(start_index, end_index, steps):

```
|
|
|
```

else:

```
|
|
```

start_index --> default is 0 (optional)
 end_index --> ending index, if n given goes upto n -1
 steps --> increment by number, default is 1 (optional)
 else block will be executed at last or if loop is brokek

```
In [3]: # for i in range (10):           # 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
# for i in range (1,10):             # 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
# for i in range (1,11):             # 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
# for i in range (0,11,2):           # 0 2 4 6 8 10
# for i in range (11,0,-1):          # 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
# for i in [10, 20, 30, 50, 60]:     # 10 20 30 50 60
# for i in "Tej Patel":              # T,e,j, ,P,a,t,e,l,
# for i in (10,5,2):                 # 10 5 2
# for i in range(10,15.5,2):         # invalid as only integers
    print(i, end=" ")

# print(list(range(10)))             # [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

10 5 2
```

Syntax of while

used to iterate while given condition is true

while condition:

```
|
```

else:

```
|
```

else block will be executed at last or if loop is brokek

```
In [8]: i = 0
while True :
    print(i, end=" ")
    i += 1
    if i > 10:
        break
else :
    print("This will not be executed at last")

print()

i = 0
while i < 10 :
    print(i, end=" ")
    i += 1
else :
    print("This will be executed at last")
```

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 This will be executed at last

for and while loop

Find the most optimal solution (minimum iteration same result)



01) WAP to print 1 to 10

```
In [1]:
```

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

02) WAP to print 1 to n

```
In [2]:
```

Enter n : 10
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

03) WAP to print odd numbers between 1 to n

```
In [4]:
```

Enter n : 50
1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 21 23 25 27 29 31 33 35 37 39 41 43 45 47 49

04) WAP to print numbers between two given numbers which is divisible by 2 but not divisible by 3

In [3]:

Enter n : 50

2 4 8 10 14 16 20 22 26 28 32 34 38 40 44 46 50

05) WAP to print sum of 1 to n numbers

In [6]:

Enter n : 8

36

06) WAP to print sum of series $1 + 4 + 9 + 16 + 25 + 36 + \dots n$

In [7]:

Enter n : 5

55

07) WAP to print sum of series $1 - 2 + 3 - 4 + 5 - 6 + 7 \dots n$

In [8]:

Enter n : 5

3

08) WAP to print multiplication table of given number.

In [3]:

Enter a number : 5

5 * 1 = 5

5 * 2 = 10

5 * 3 = 15

5 * 4 = 20

5 * 5 = 25

5 * 6 = 30

5 * 7 = 35

5 * 8 = 40

5 * 9 = 45

5 * 10 = 50

09) WAP to find factorial of the given number

In [10]:

Number : 6

Factorial of 6 is : 720

10) WAP to find factors of the given number

[Basic Task : only $n/2$ iterations]

[Advanced Task : only $n^{1/2}$ iterations]

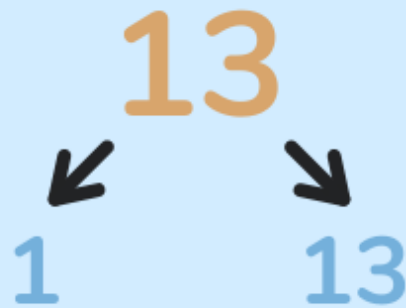
In [1]:

Number : 60

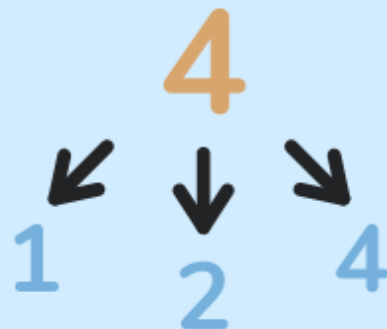
Factors of 60 are : 1 2 3 4 5 6 10 12 15 20 30

11) WAP to find whether the given number is prime or not.

How do prime numbers work?



13 has **only two factors** - itself and 1. So it is a prime number.



4 has **three factors** - itself, 1 and 2. So it is NOT a prime number.

In [11]:

```
Number : 103  
103 is Prime
```

12) WAP to print sum of digits of given number

In [12]:

```
Number : 35421  
Sum of digits of 35421 is 15
```

13) WAP to check whether the given number is palindrome or not

In [13]:

```
Number : 123321  
123321 is palindrome
```

01) WAP to check whether the given number is Armstrong or not.

As Example - If we take 371, it is an Armstrong number as the number of digits here is 3, so

$$371 = 3^3 + 7^3 + 1^3 = 27 + 343 + 1 = 371$$

Another Example is 9474, here the number of digits is 4, so

$$9474 = 9^4 + 4^4 + 7^4 + 4^4 = 6561 + 256 + 2401 + 256 = 9474$$

And obviously 0 and 1 are also Armstrong number.

In [14]:

```
Number : 153  
153 : No is armstrong
```

02) WAP to find out prime numbers between given two numbers.

In [17]:

```
Number 1 : 1
Number 2 : 50

1 2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47
```

03) WAP to calculate x^y without using any function.

[Basic Task : Using for loops only no use of `**` operators]

[Advance Task : without using `*`]

In [15]:

```
base (x) : 5
power (y) : 3

5 ^ 3 = 125
```

04) WAP to check whether the given number is perfect or not.

[Sum of factors including 1 excluding number itself]

Perfect Number	Positive Factors	Sum of all factors excluding itself
6	1, 2, 3, 6	6
28	1, 2, 4, 7, 14, 28	28
496	1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 31, 62, 124, 248, 496	496
8,128	1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 127, 254, 508, 1016, 2032, 4064, 8128	8,128

In [1]:

```
Number : 28
28 is perfect no.
```

05) WAP to find the sum of $1 + (1+2) + (1+2+3) + (1+2+3+4) + \dots + (1+2+3+4+\dots+n)$

In [2]:

```
Enter a number : 5
35
```

06) WAP to print Multiplication Table up to n

In [21]:

```
1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15
2  4  6  8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30
3  6  9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 33 36 39 42 45
4  8 12 16 20 24 28 32 36 40 44 48 52 56 60
5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75
6 12 18 24 30 36 42 48 54 60 66 72 78 84 90
7 14 21 28 35 42 49 56 63 70 77 84 91 98 105
8 16 24 32 40 48 56 64 72 80 88 96 104 112 120
9 18 27 36 45 54 63 72 81 90 99 108 117 126 135
10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150
11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 99 110 121 132 143 154 165
12 24 36 48 60 72 84 96 108 120 132 144 156 168 180
13 26 39 52 65 78 91 104 117 130 143 156 169 182 195
14 28 42 56 70 84 98 112 126 140 154 168 182 196 210
15 30 45 60 75 90 105 120 135 150 165 180 195 210 225
```