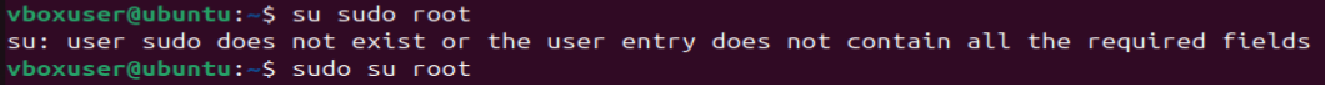
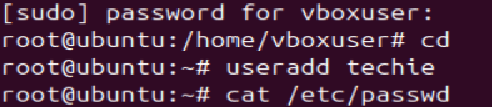
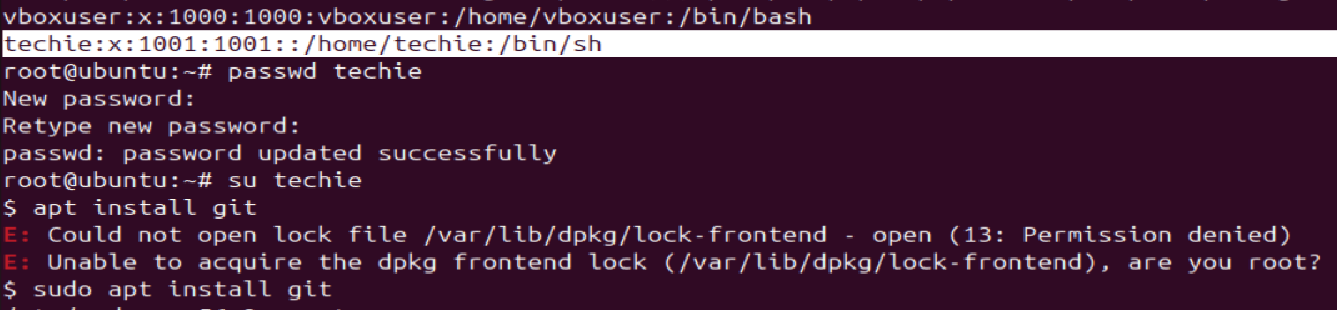
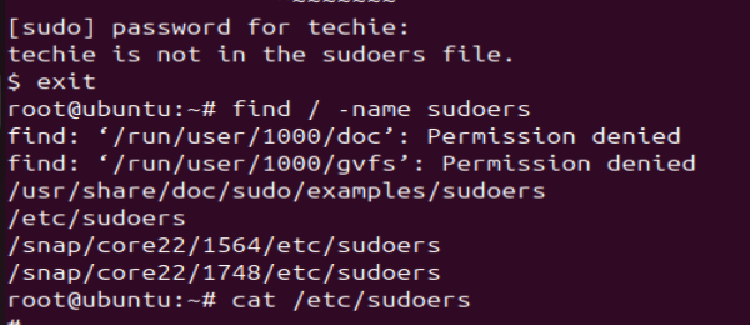
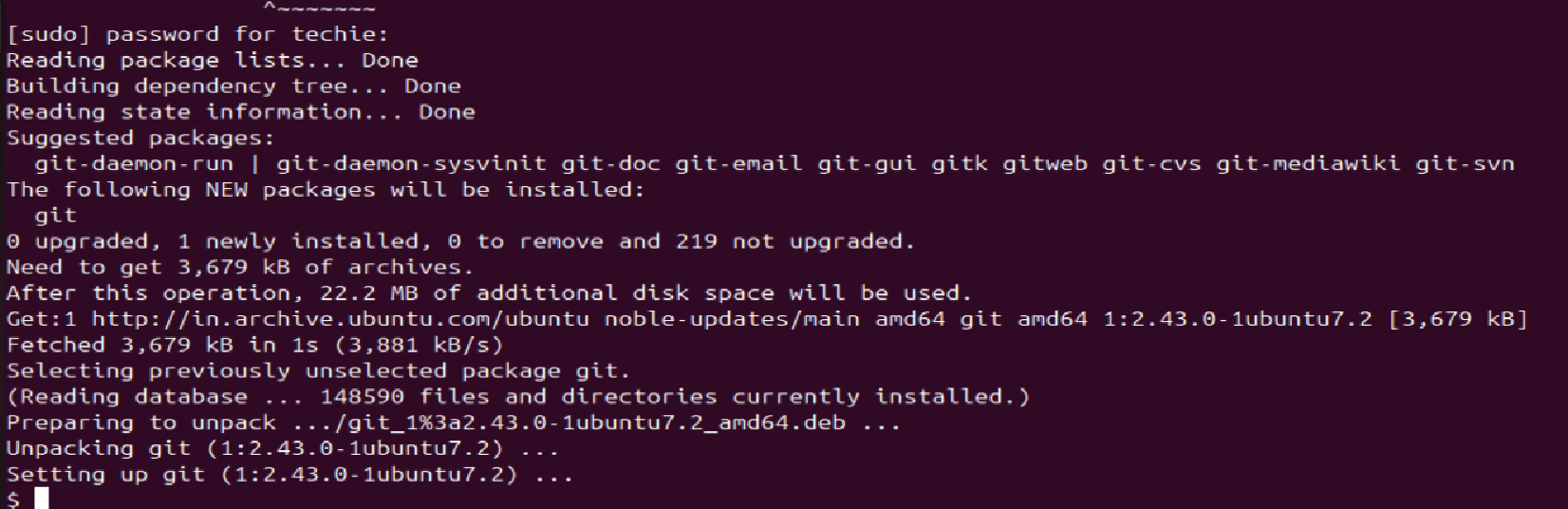
1. Create user with name Techie and provide sudo access to user.



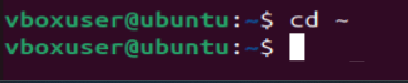




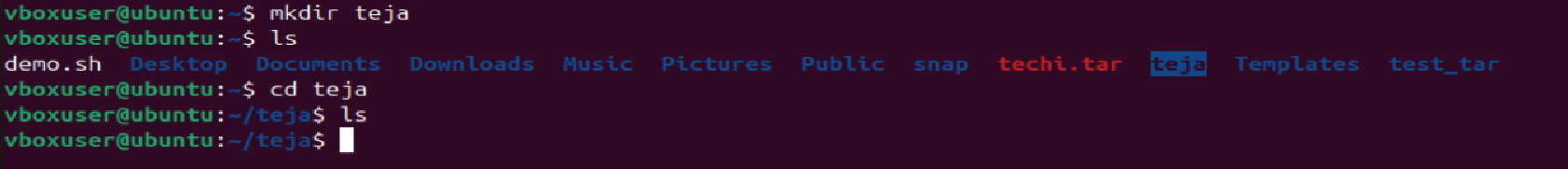




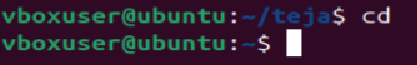
1. Navigate to the home directory.



1. Create a new directory.
2. List the contents of a directory.



1. Change the current directory.



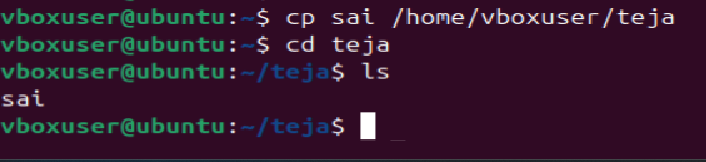
6) Create a new empty file.



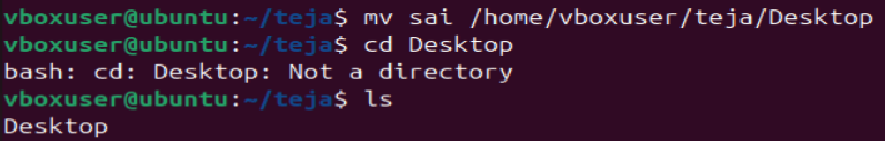
1. View the contents of a file.



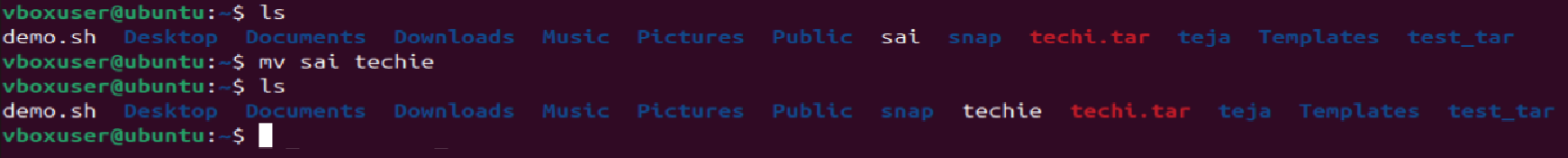
1. Copy a file to another location



1. Move a file to another location.



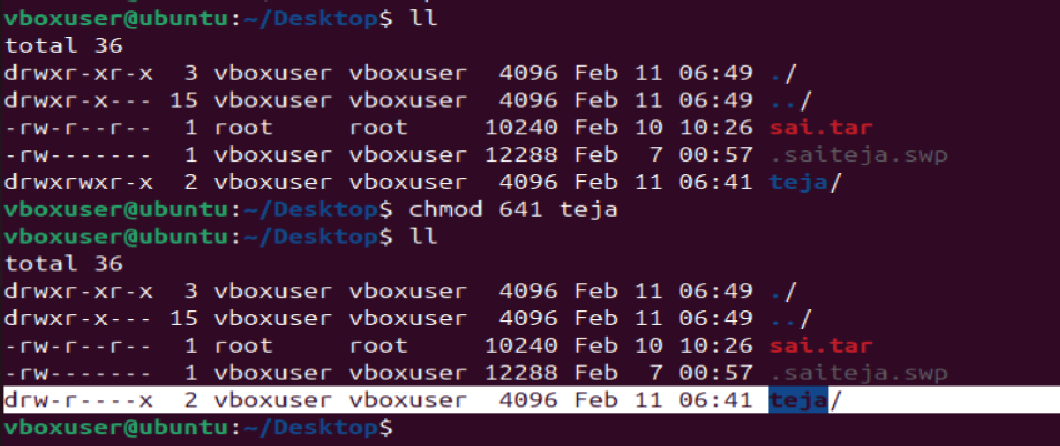
1. Rename a file.



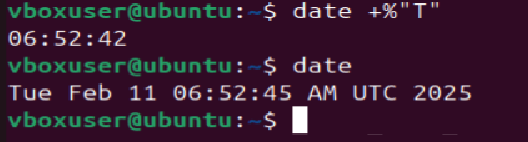
1. Delete a file.



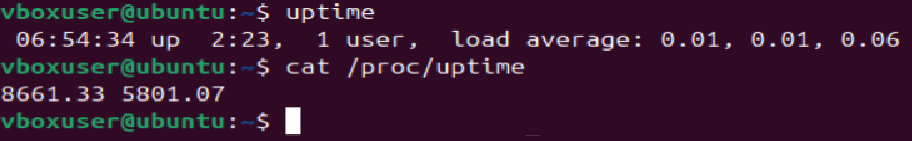
1. Grant or revoke permissions on a file or directory



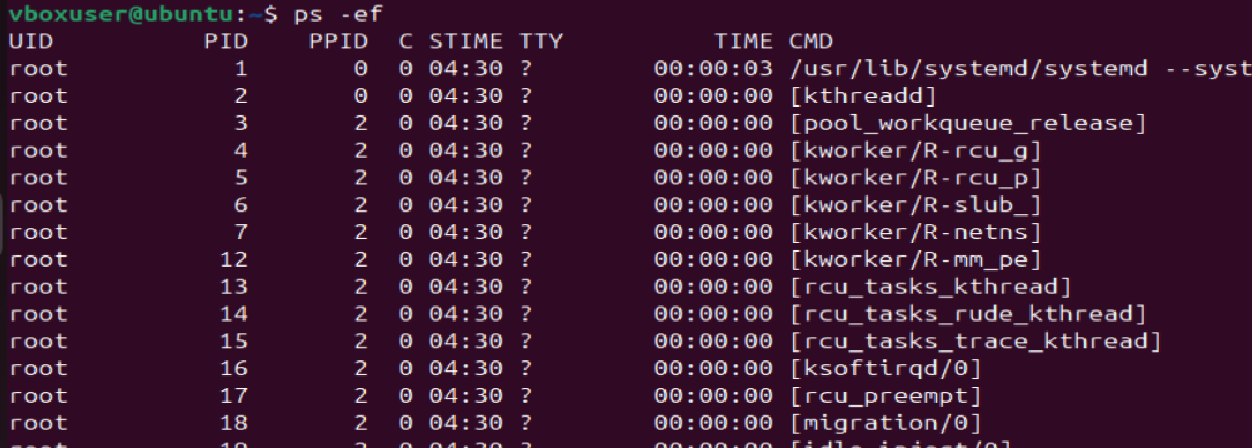
1. View the current date and time.



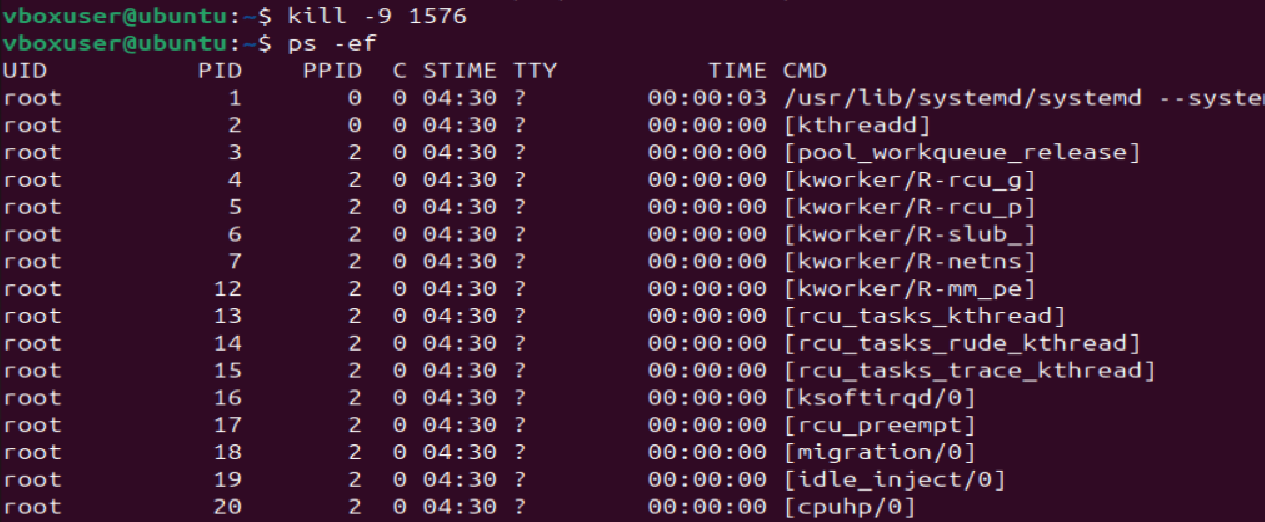
1. Check the system uptime.



1. View the running processes.

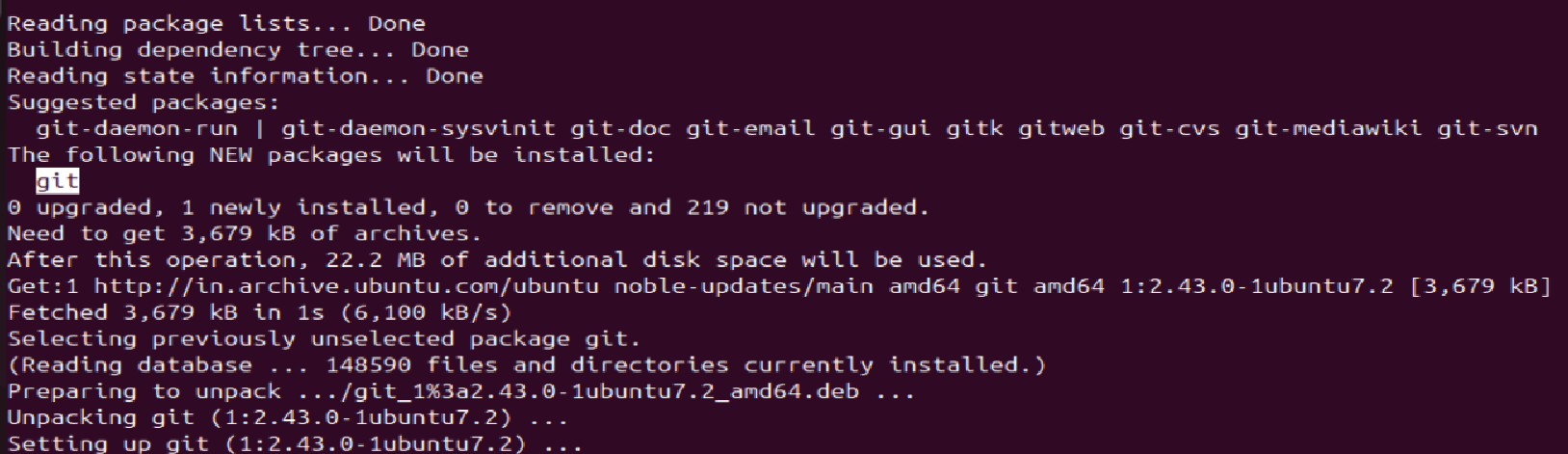


1. Kill a running process.



1. Install a package using the package manager (e.g., apt or yum)





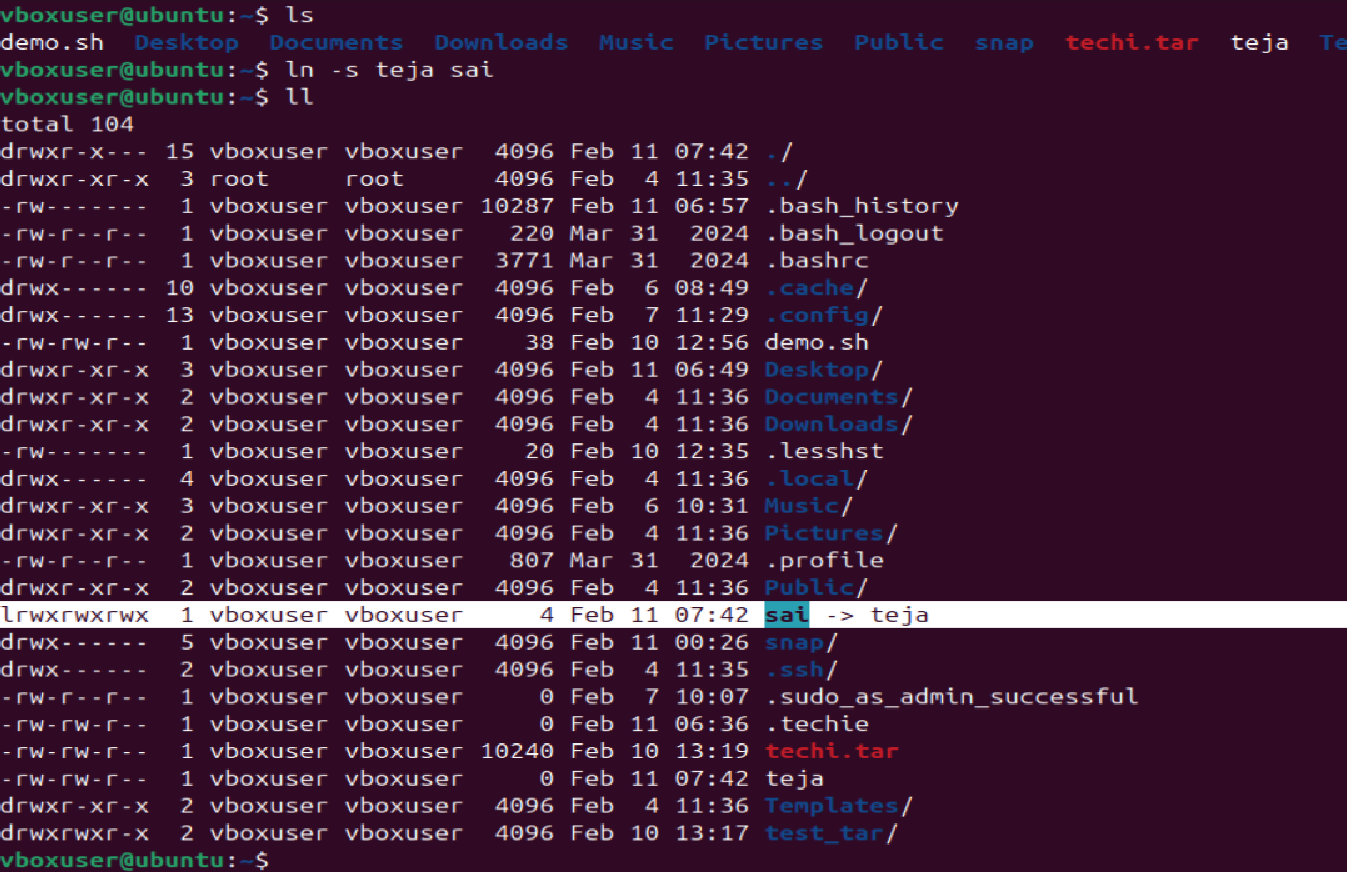
1. Update the system packages.

Command : sudo apt update git / sudo apt upgrade -y git

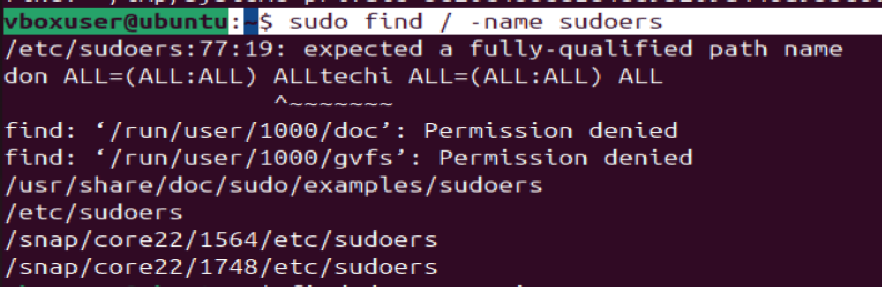


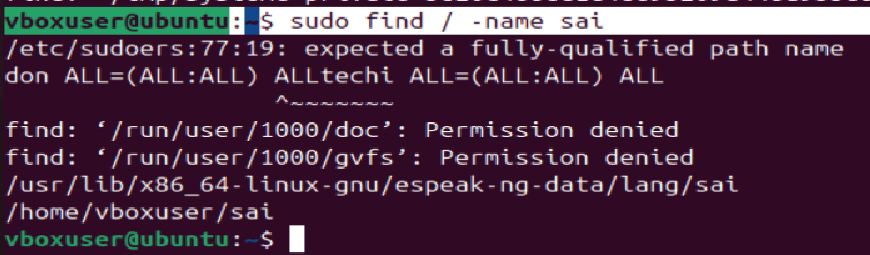
1. Create a symbolic link.

Command : ln -s oldfilename newfilename

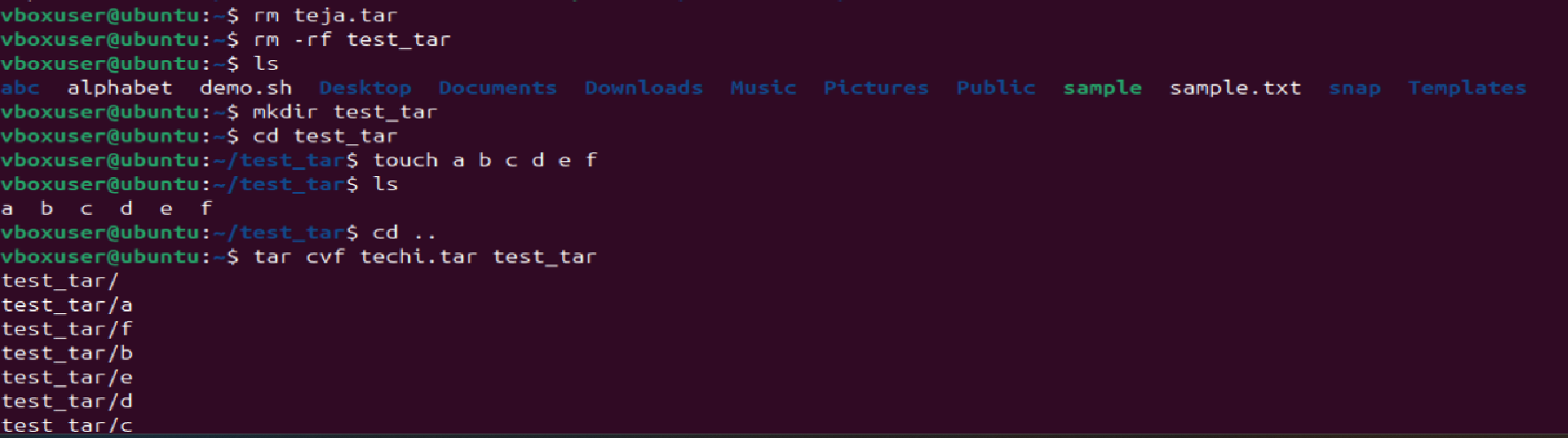


1. Search for files using the find command.





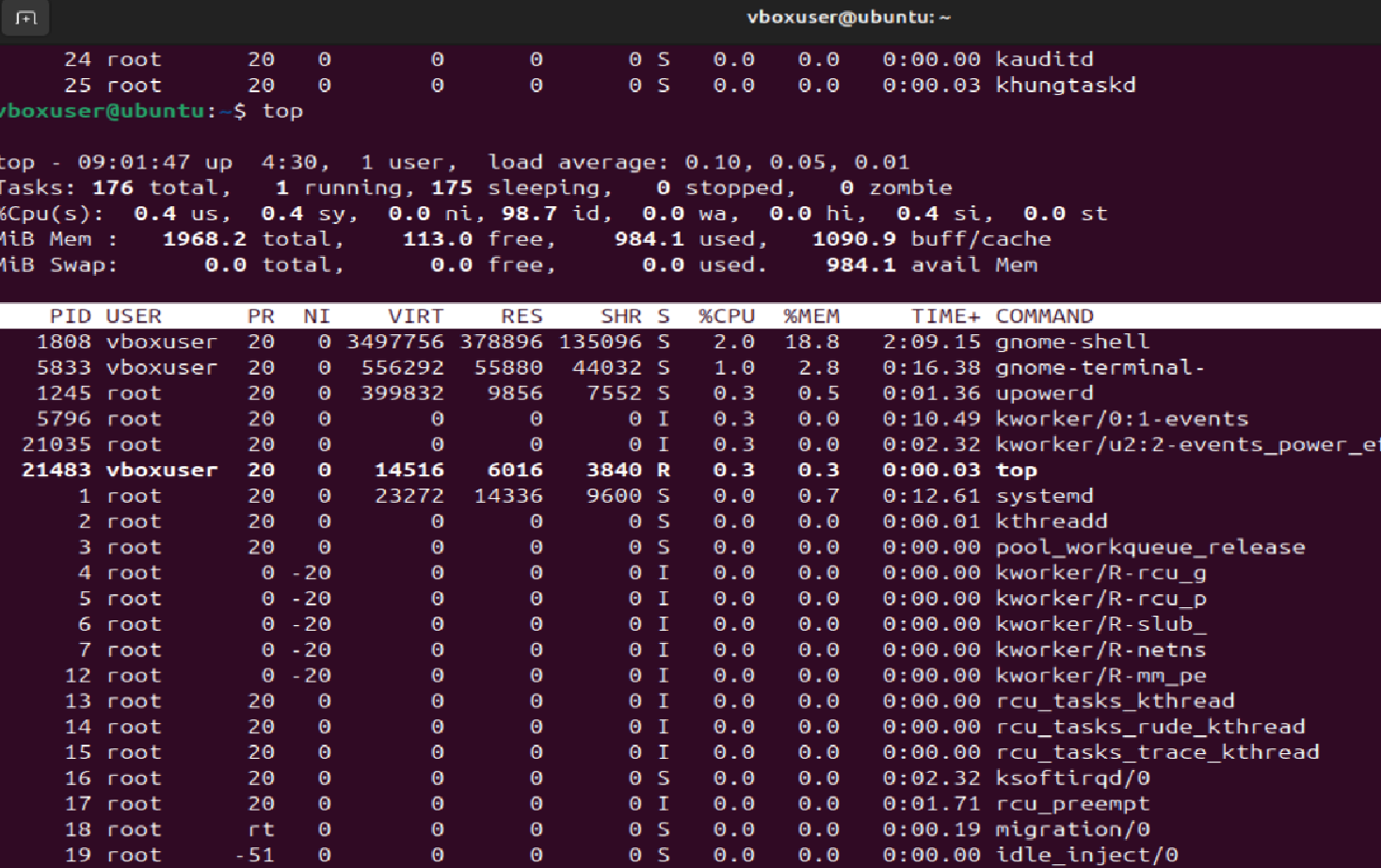
1. Compress and decompress files using tar.



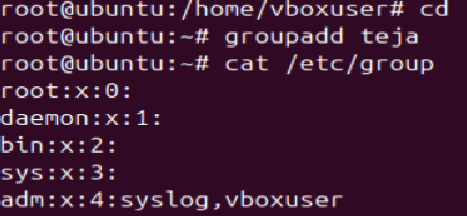


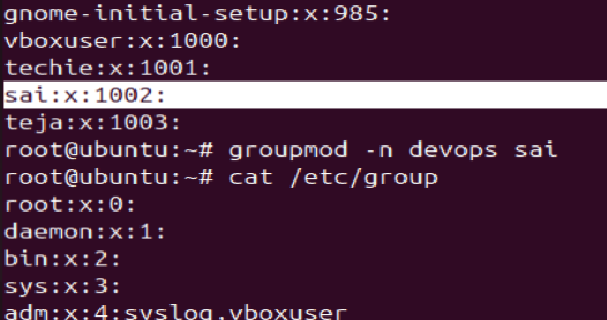


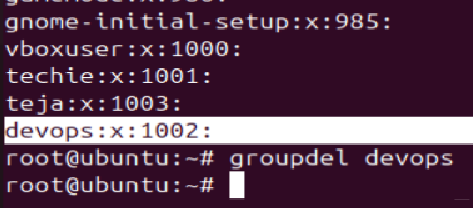
1. Monitor system resources with top or htop.



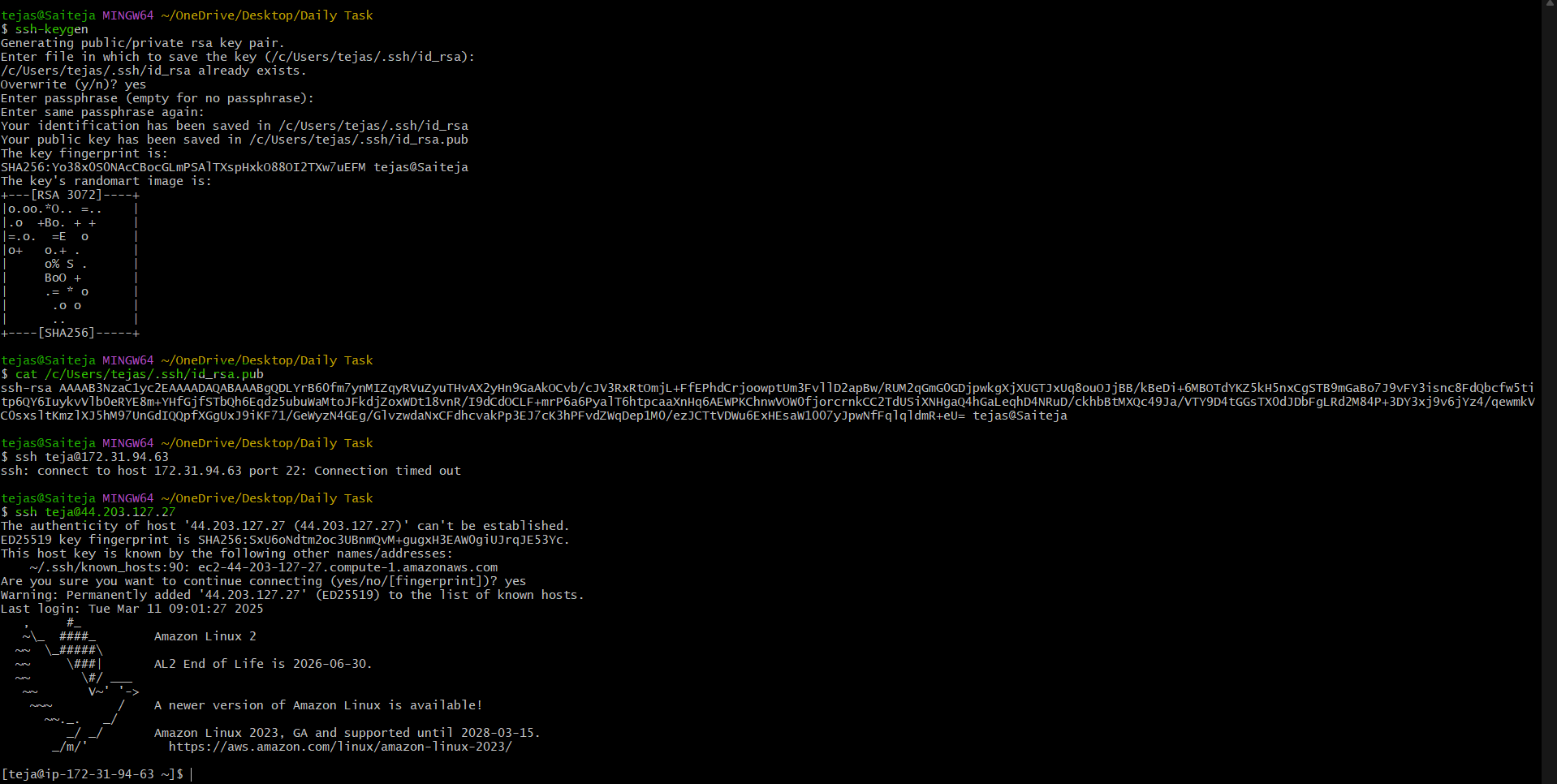
23) Create and manage user groups.



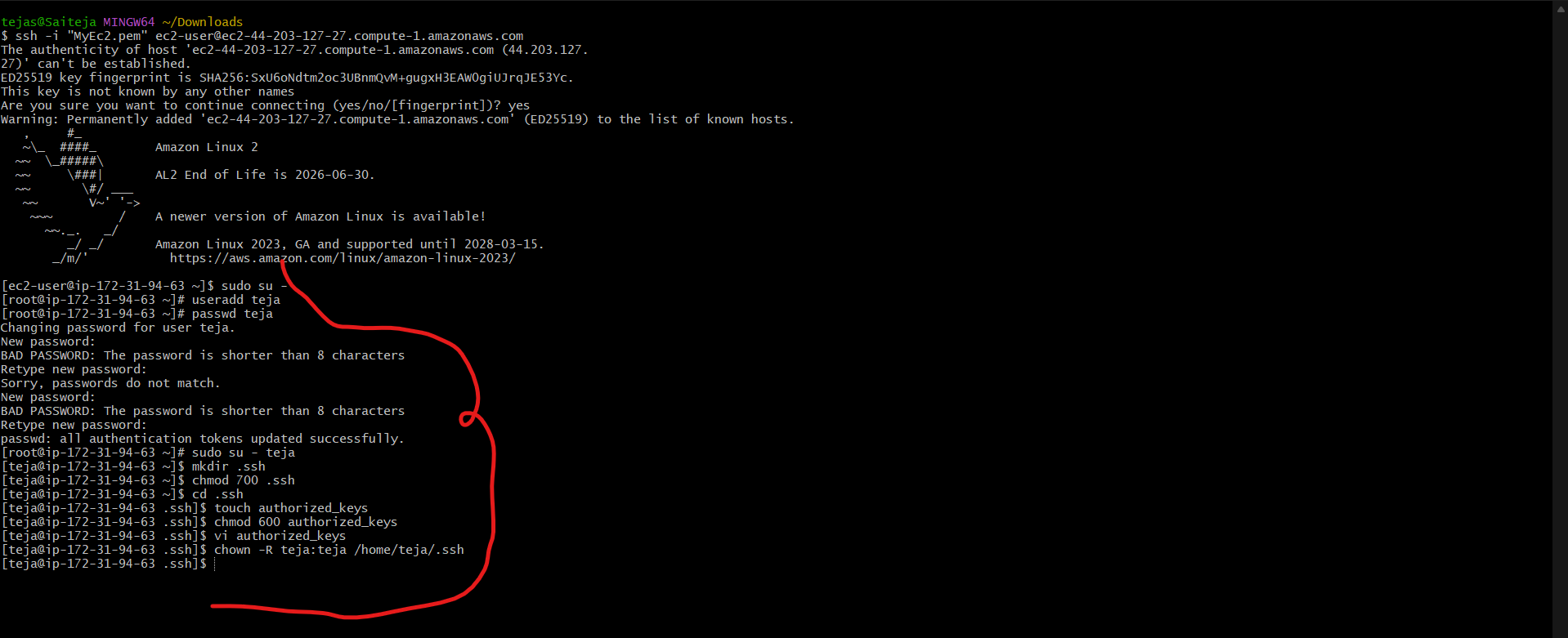




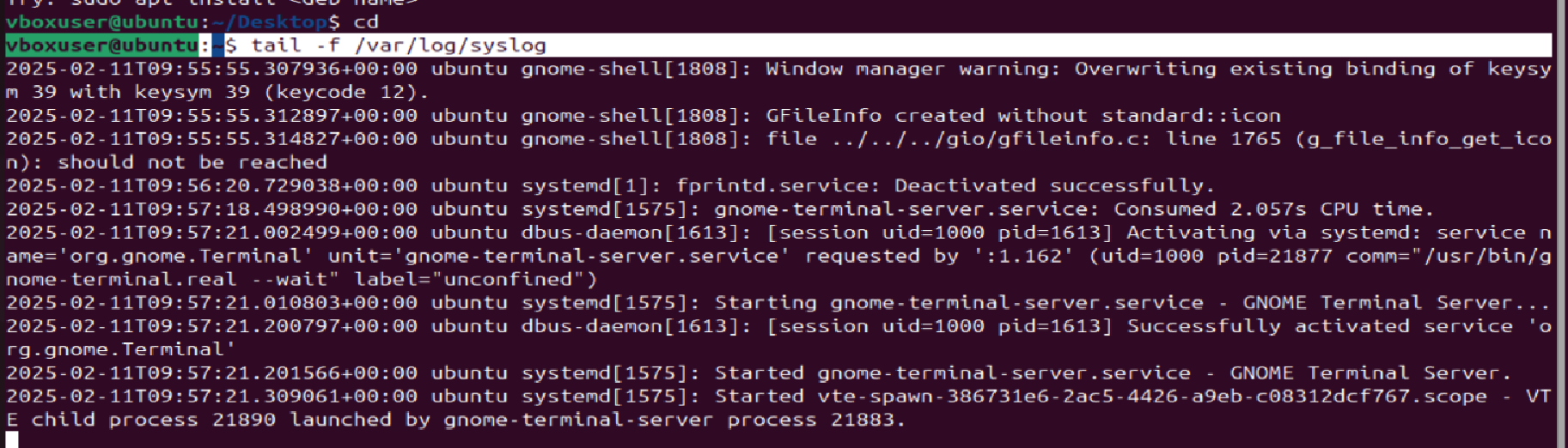
1. Set up SSH password less authentication  
   ---- open git bash in local and follow the highlighted steps



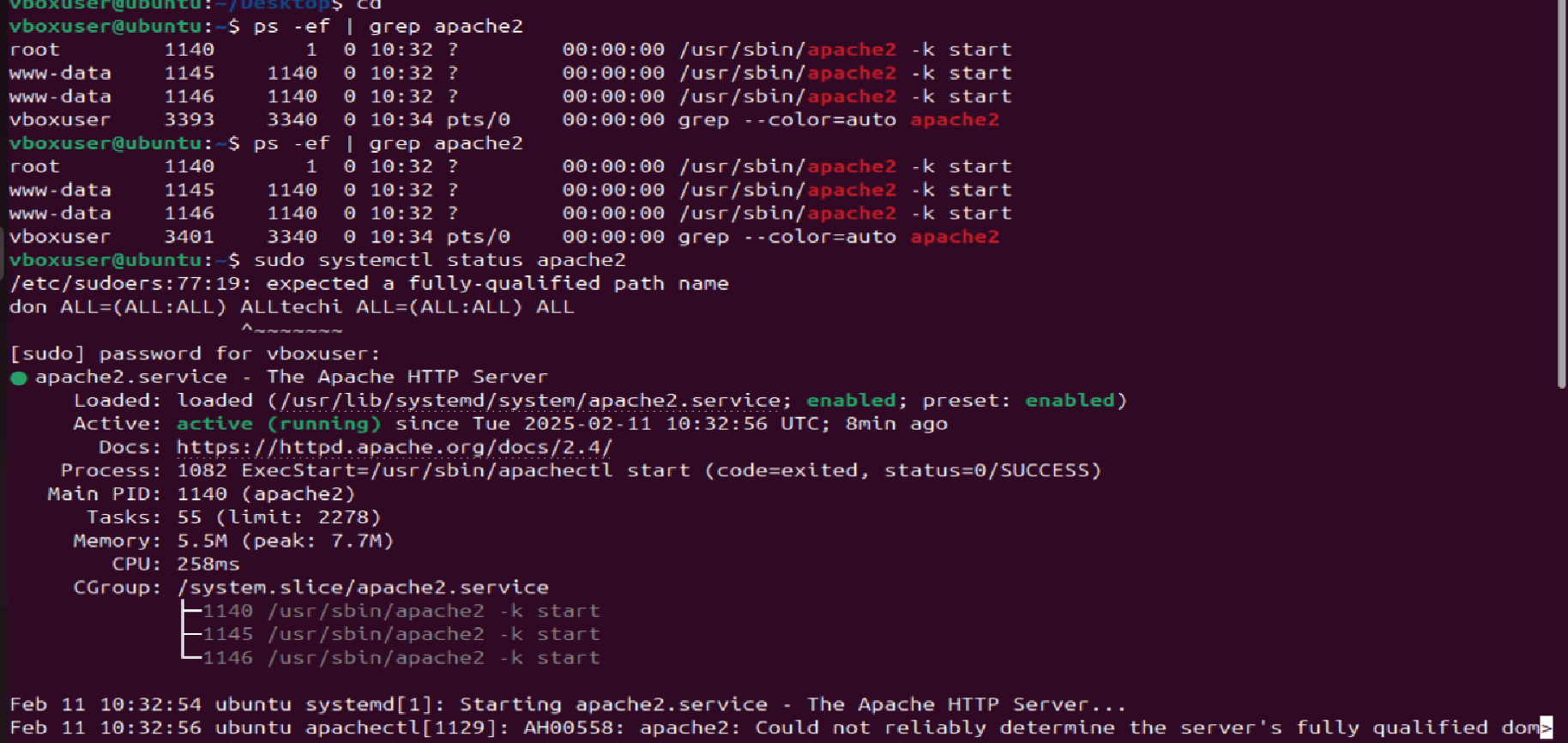
---- launch ec2 instances and connect to the instances and follow the highlighted steps

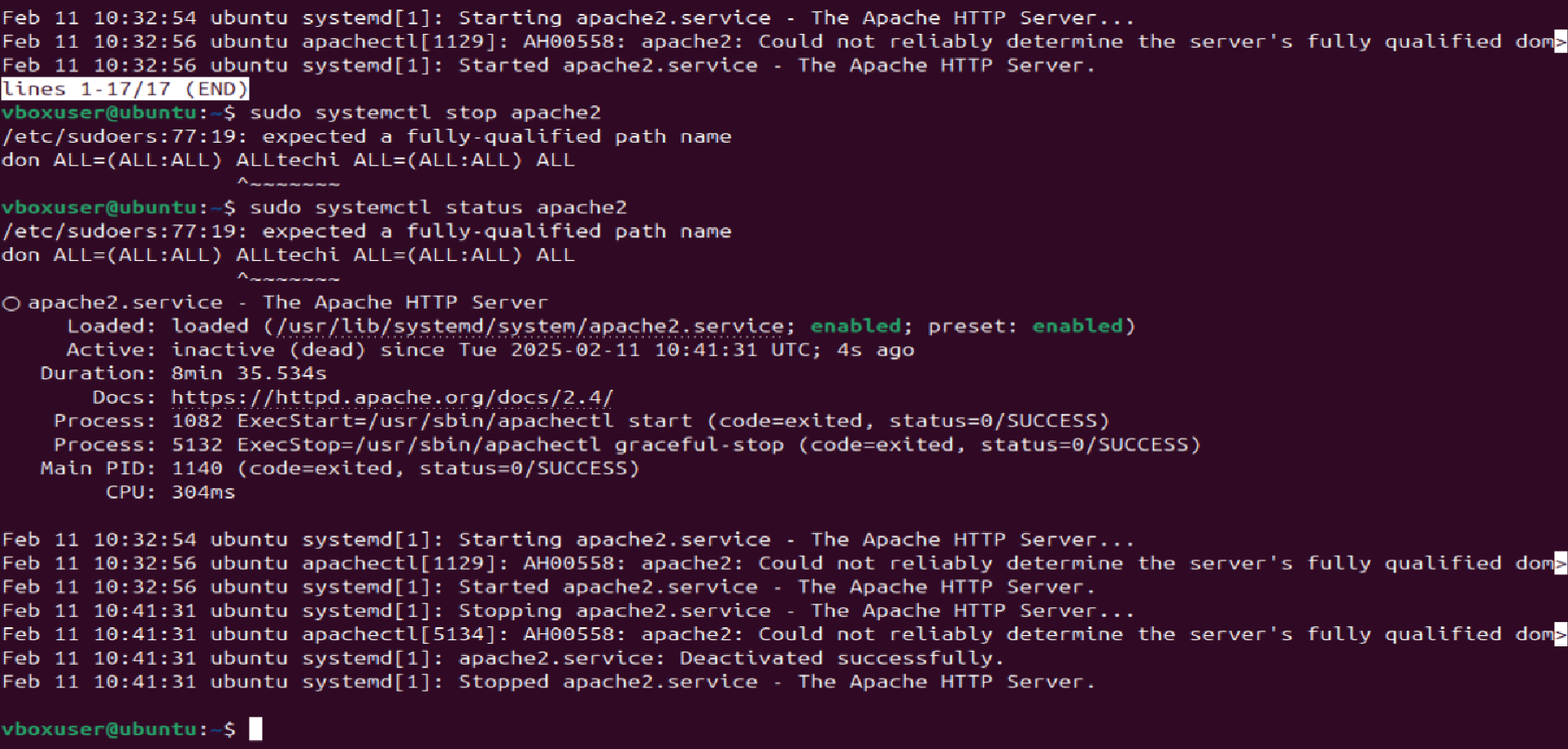


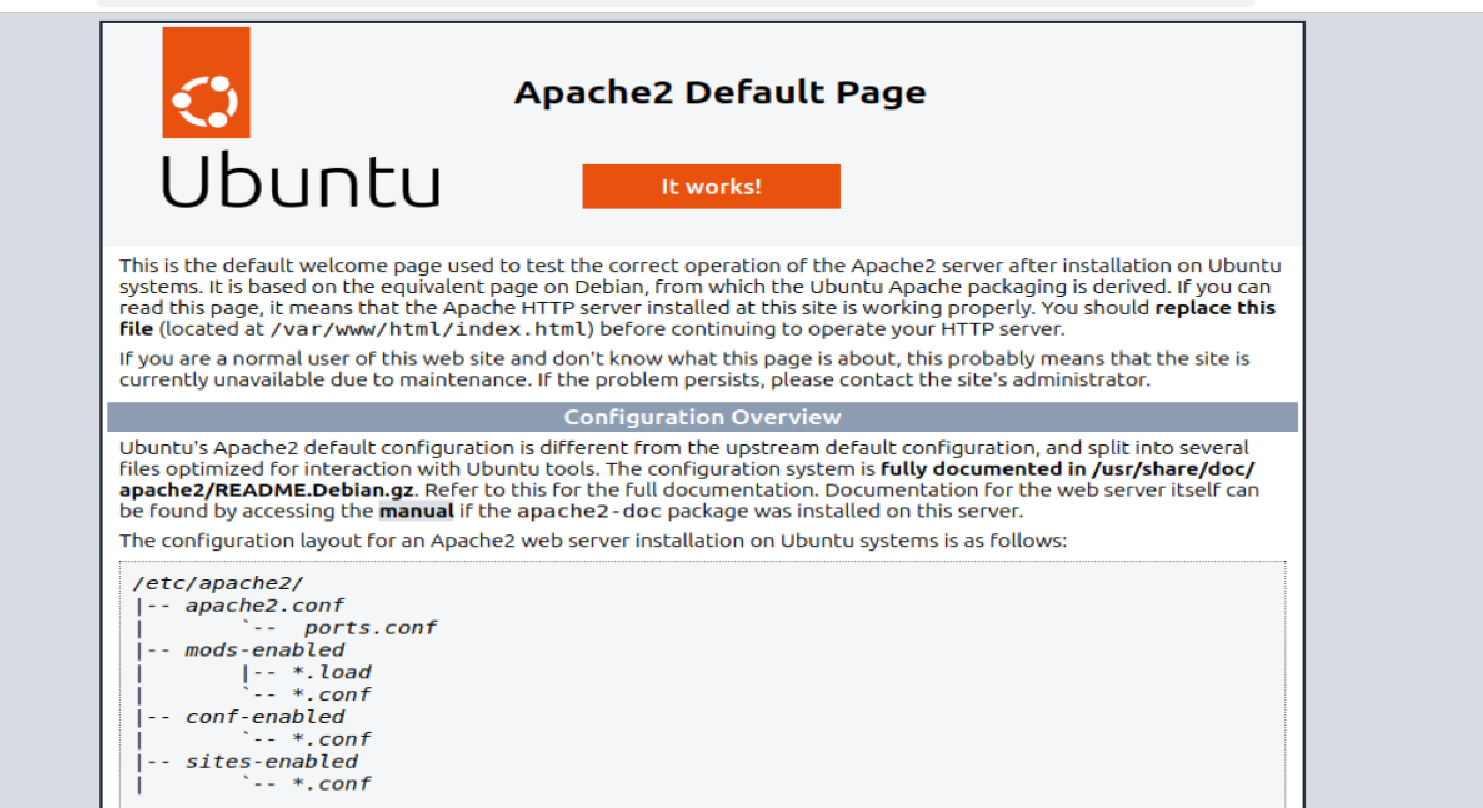
25) Monitor log files using tail or grep.



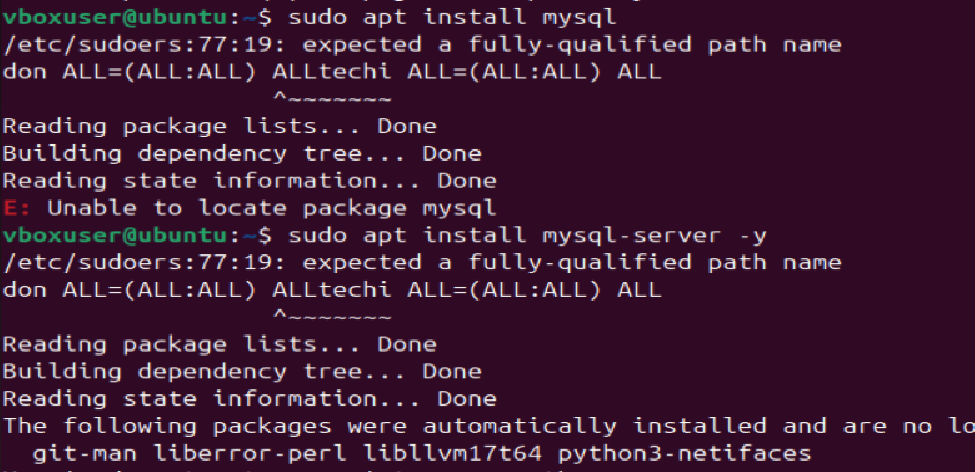
26) Set up a web server (e.g., Apache or Nginx).

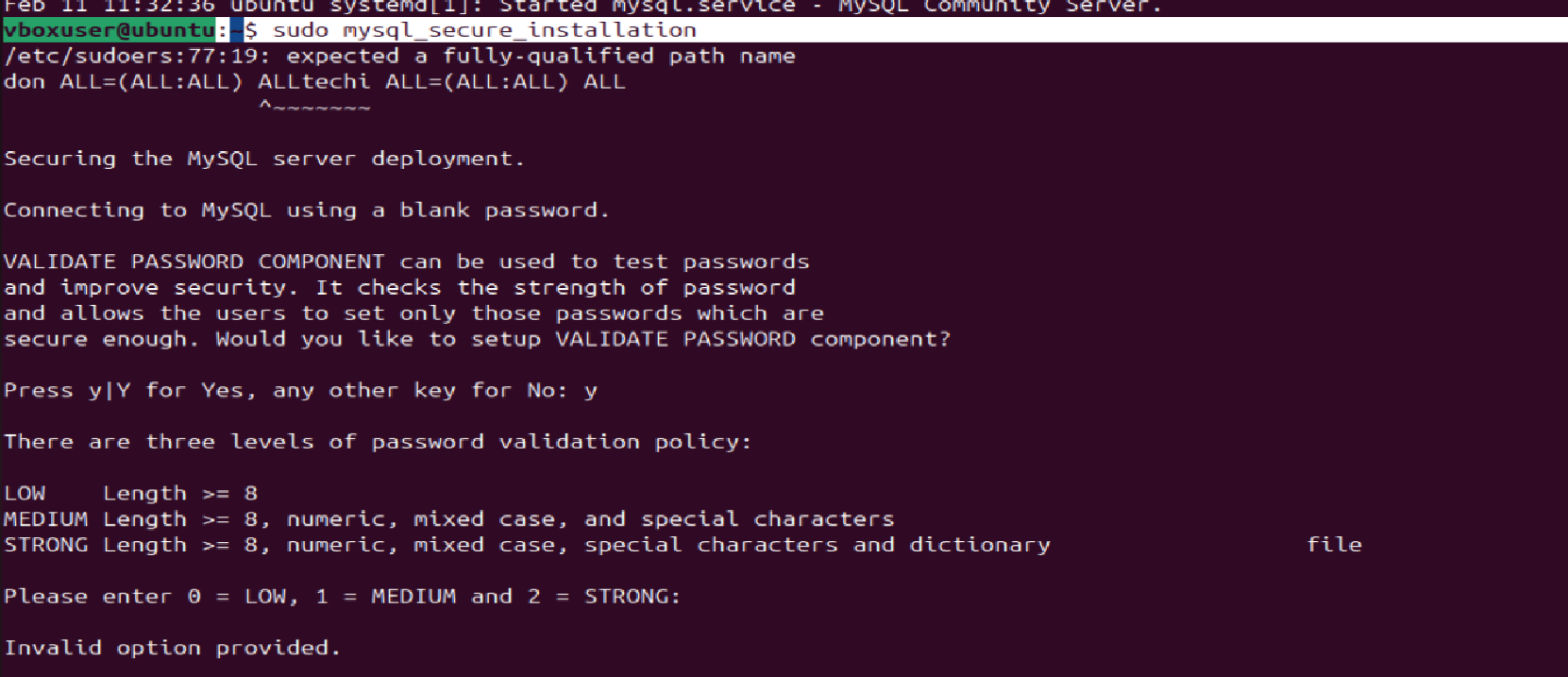






27) Configure and secure a MySQL Database.



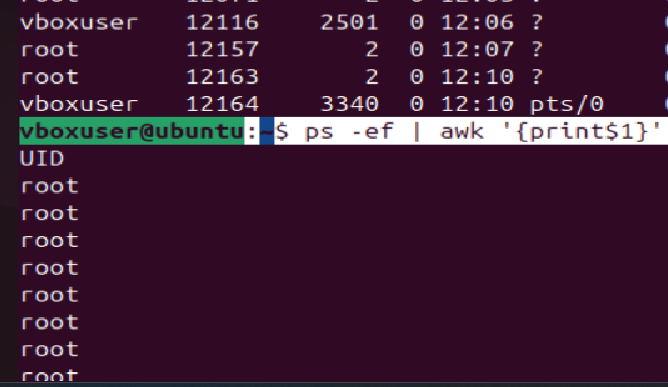


28) Set up a Application Server (e.g.,Apache Tomcat

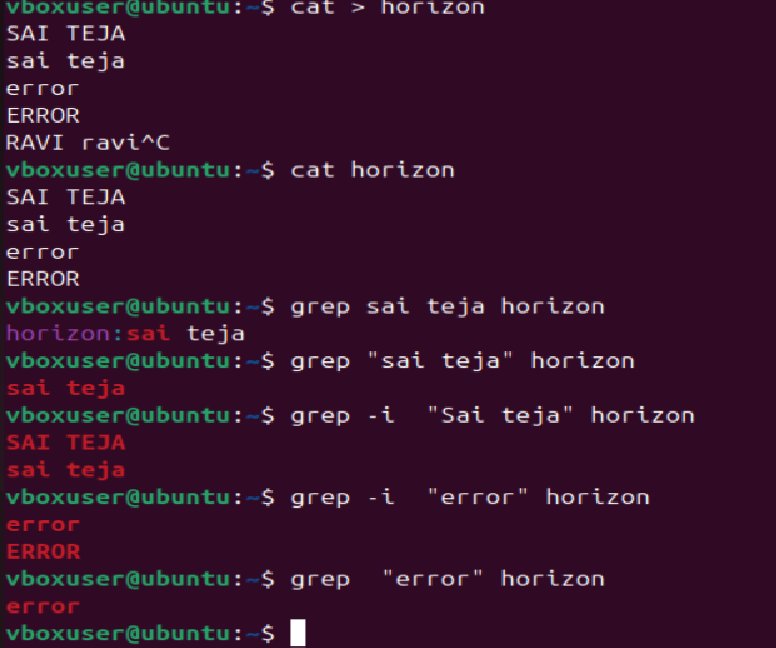


30) Print specific columns from a delimited file commad : ps -ef |ask ‘{print$2}’

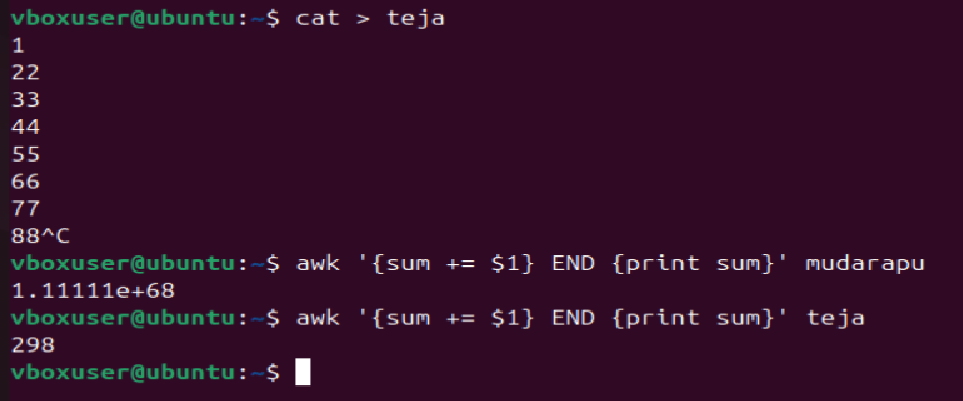




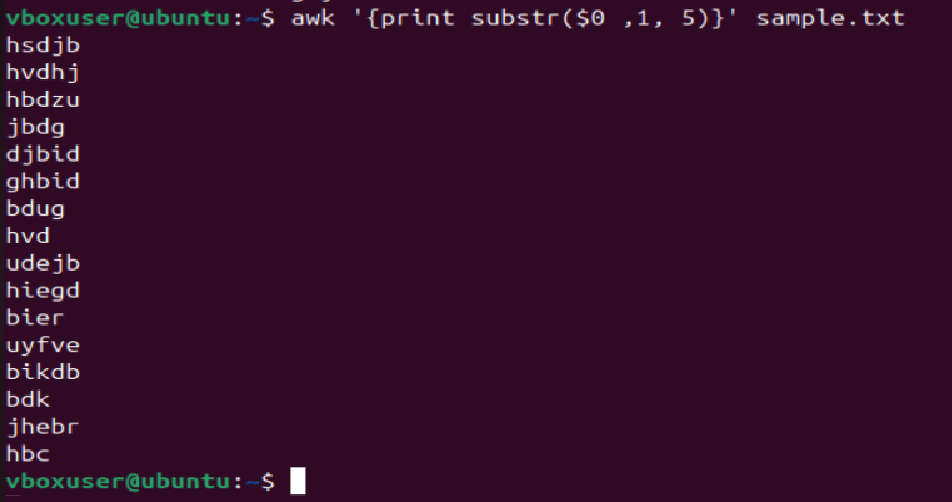
31) Filter and print lines based on a specific pattern or condition



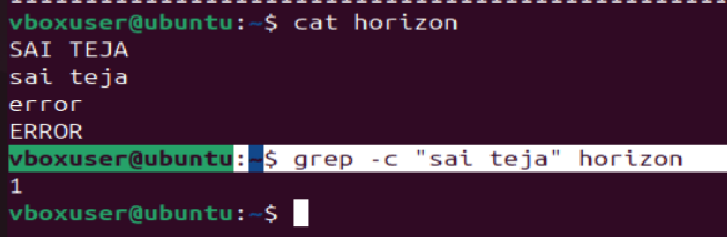
32) Calculate and print the average, sum, or other statistics of a column.



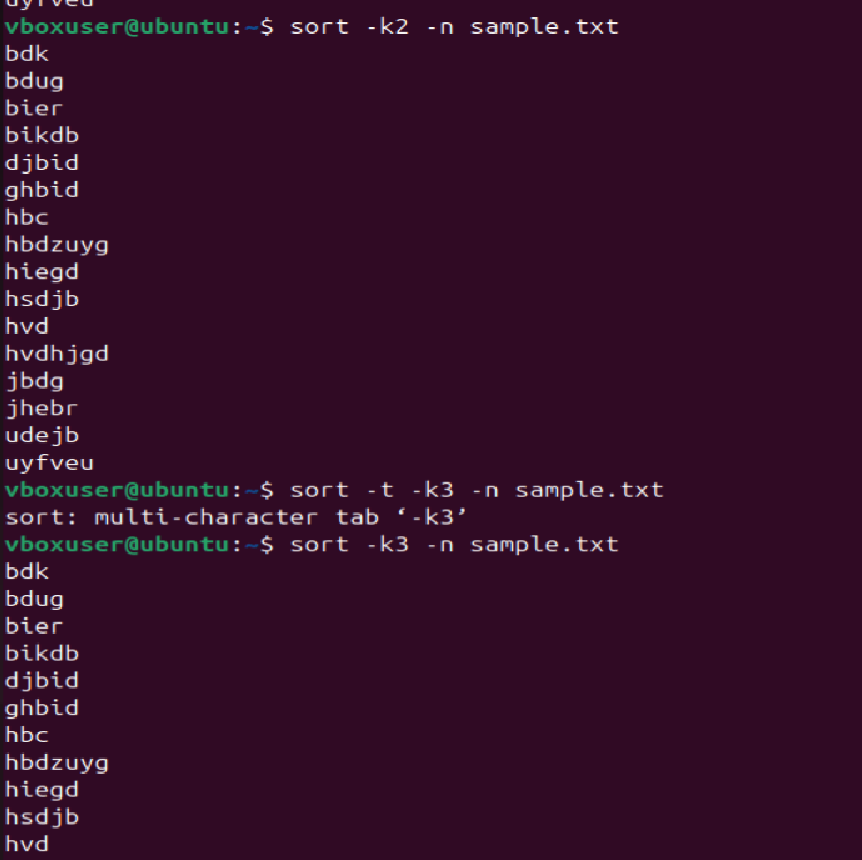
33) Perform string manipulation, such as extracting substrings or changing case



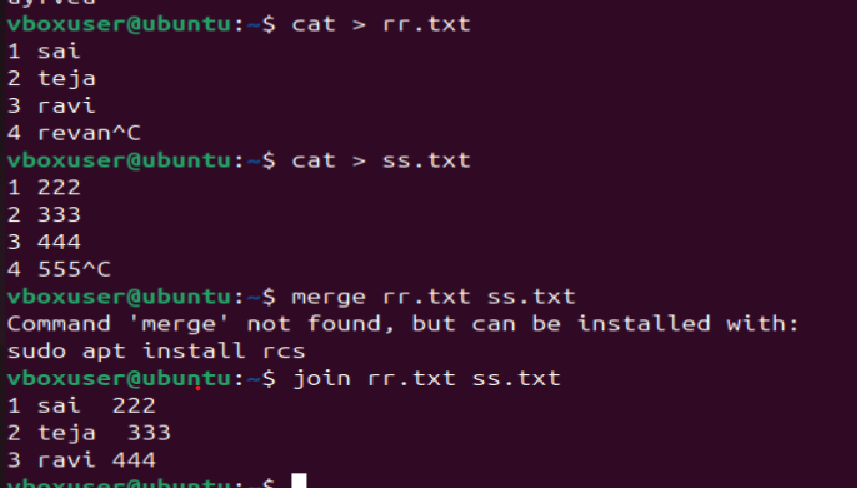
34) Count the occurrences of a specific pattern in a file.



35) Sort lines based on a specific field or column.

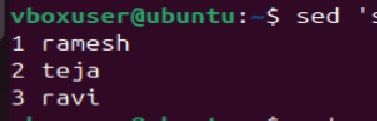


36) Merge multiple files based on a common field or column.

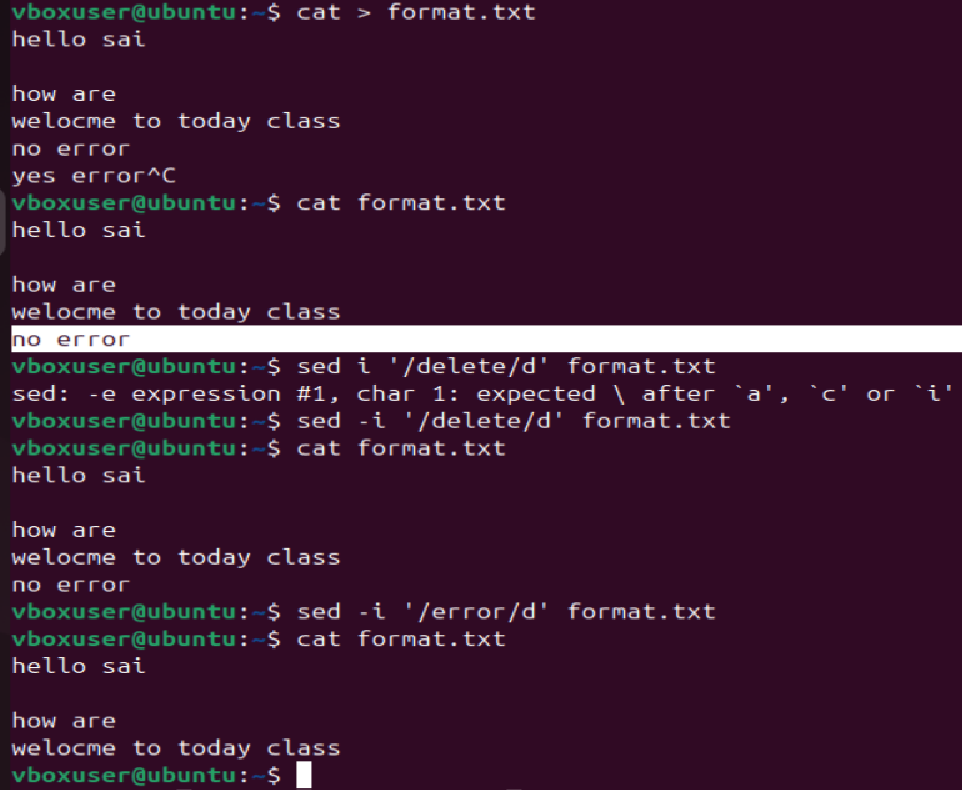


37) Substitute text in a file using search and replace.

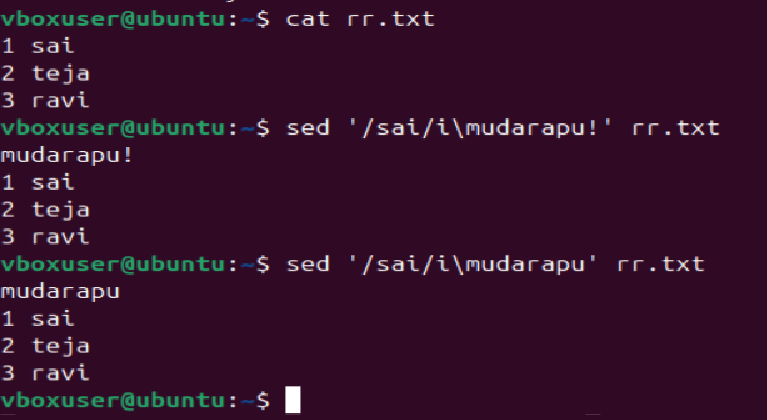




38) Delete specific lines based on a pattern or line number.



39) Append or insert text before or after a specific pattern or line.

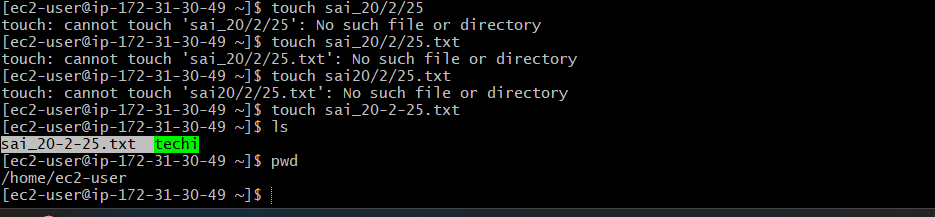


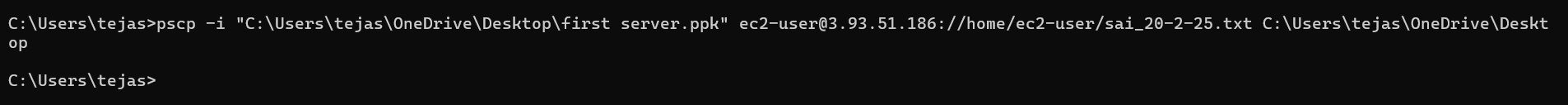
40) Print only specific lines from a file.

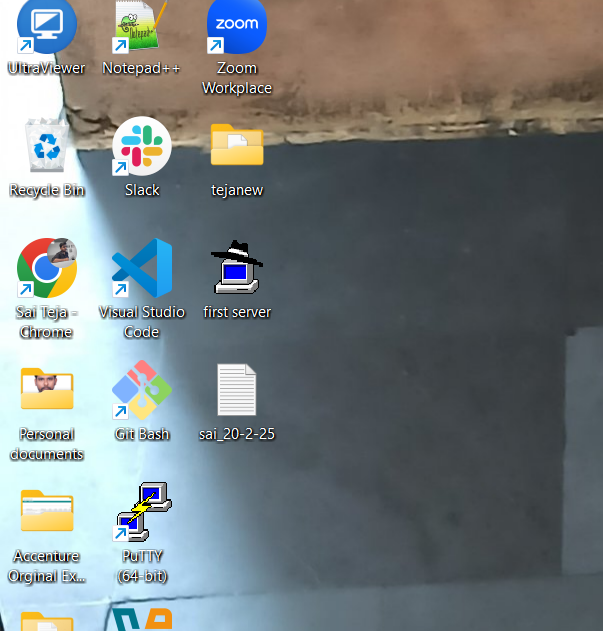
Command : head -n filename or sed -n ‘3p’ filename



41) Copy file from linux to windows machine

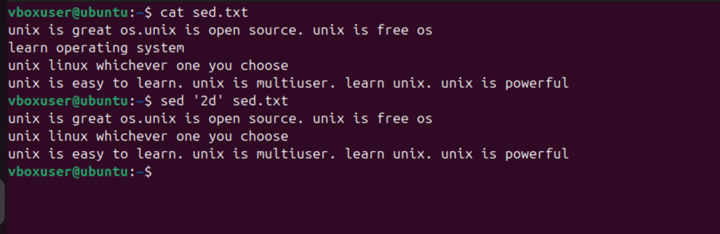






42) 5 use cases for AWK and 5 use cases for sed

Sed - To delete a particular line



**To replace all the occurrences of the pattern in a file:**

