

## Set C B-Tree

- ① Given B-tree of Order - 6, that means each node has max 6 children.

$$\text{Internal nodes} = \left\lceil \frac{m}{2} \right\rceil = \left\lceil \frac{6}{2} \right\rceil = 3$$

$$\text{Each node has max } (m-1) \text{ keys} = 5$$

after insertion of 8, 18, 25, 49

[ 8 | 18 | 25 | 49 ]

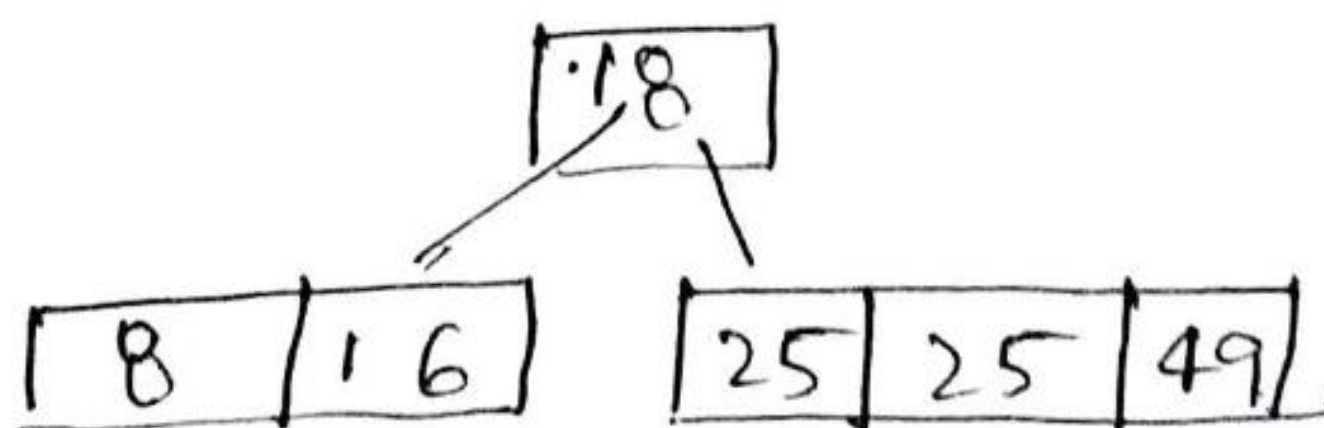
i. 25 : [ 8 | 18 | 25 | 25 | 49 ]

All the elements in the B-tree maintains sorted data

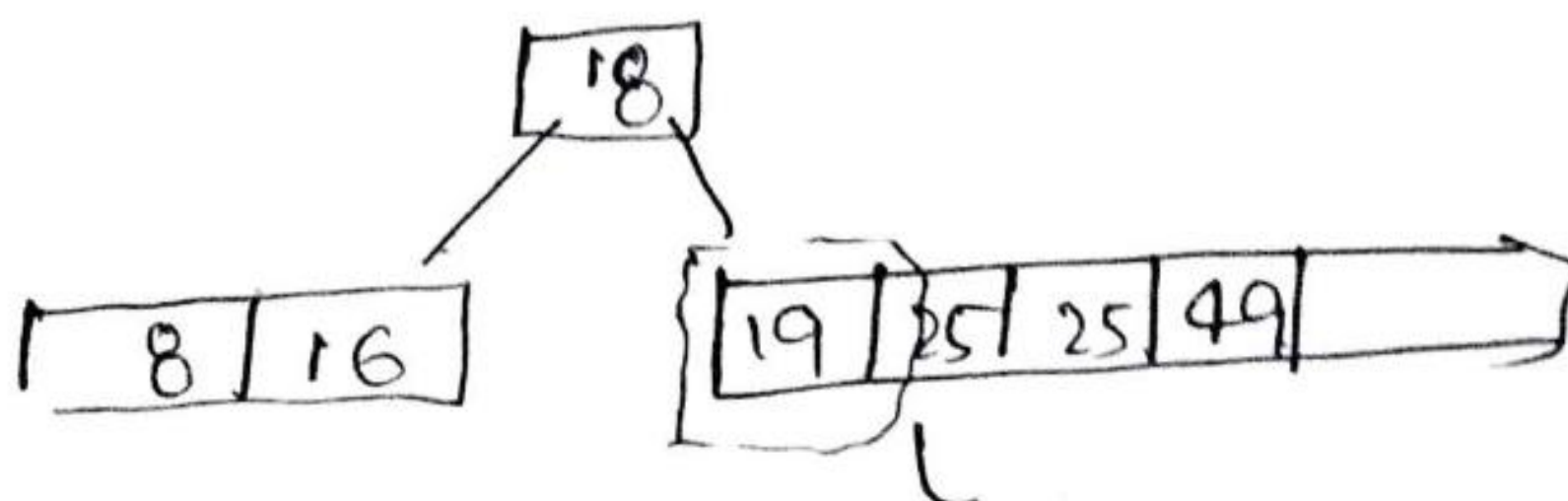
i. 16 :

[ 8 | 16 | 18 | 25 | 25 | 49 ]  
↑ middle (left)

- Size of max  
key > 5  
so split



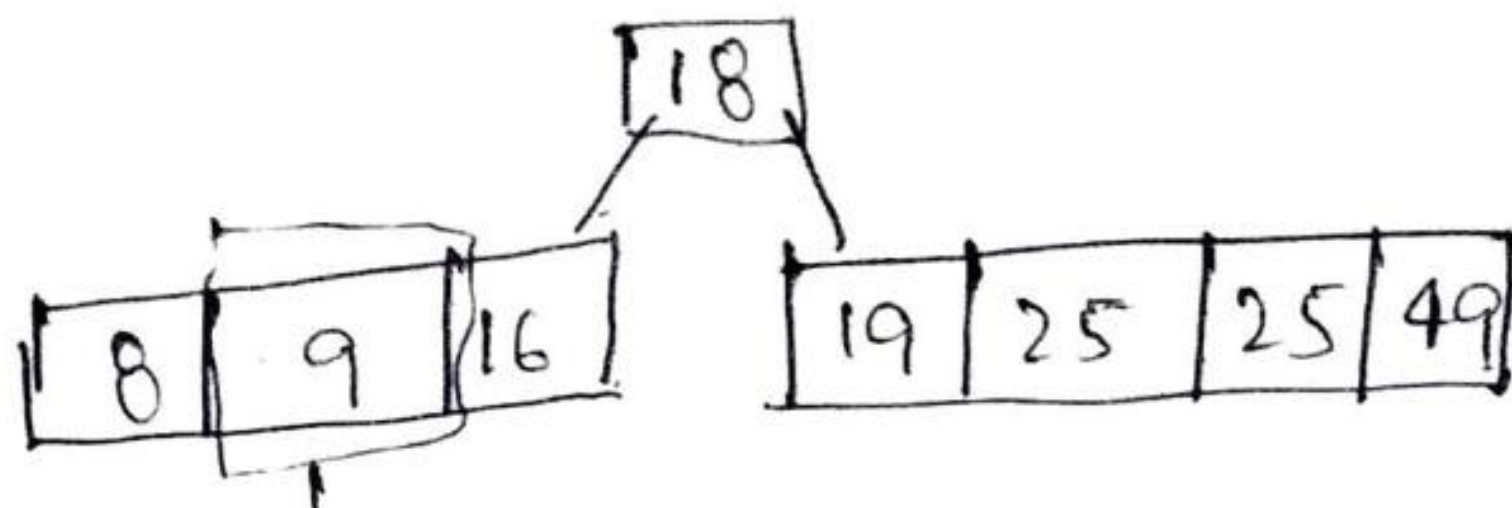
i. 19 :



without any modification  
it will insert on right side

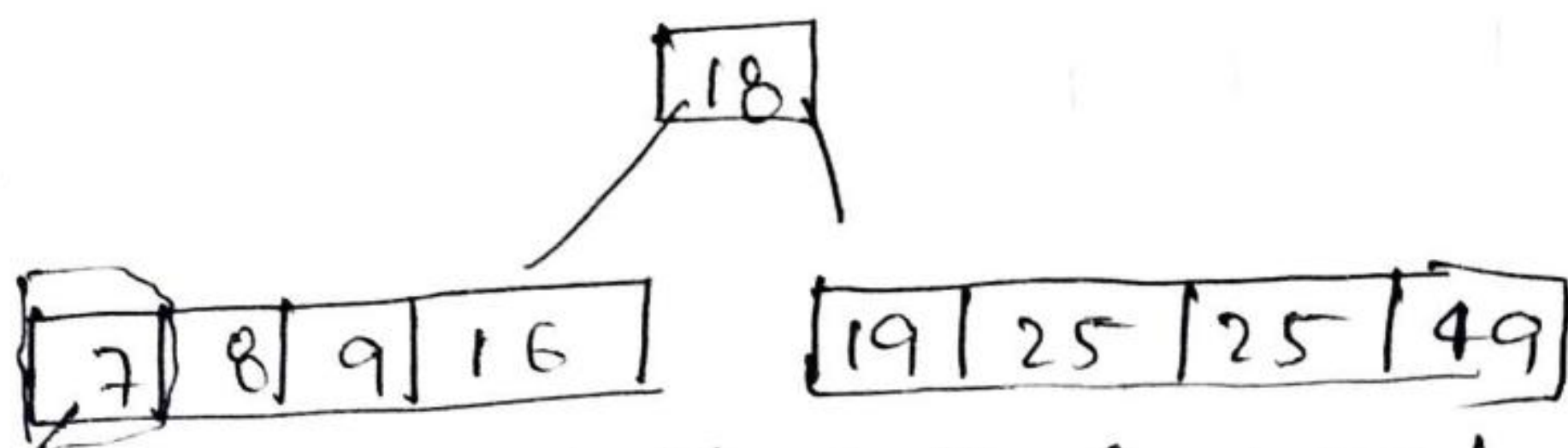


i 9 :



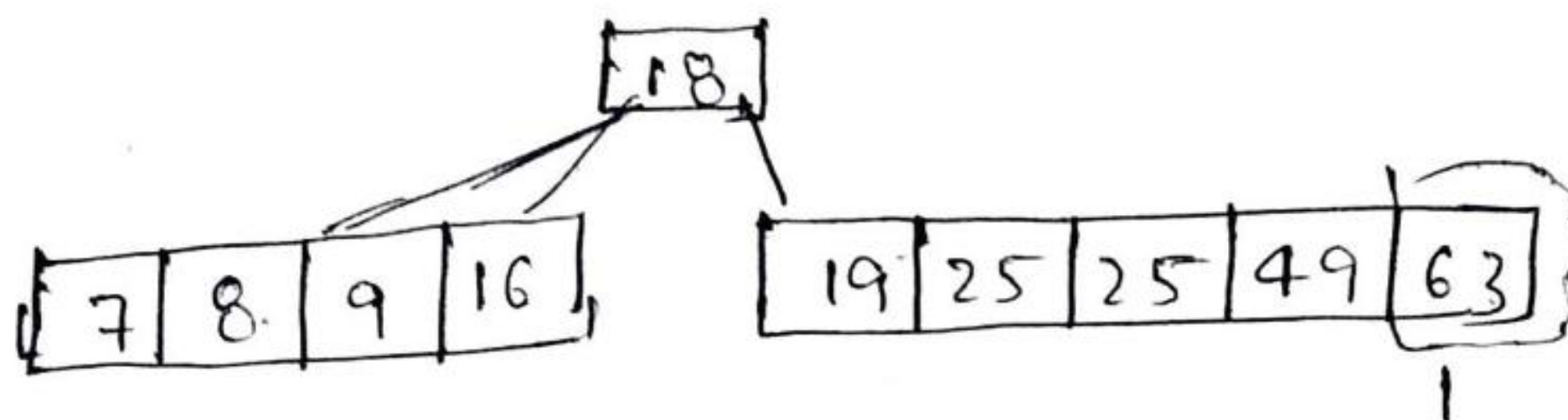
without any modification it will insert on left side

i 7 :



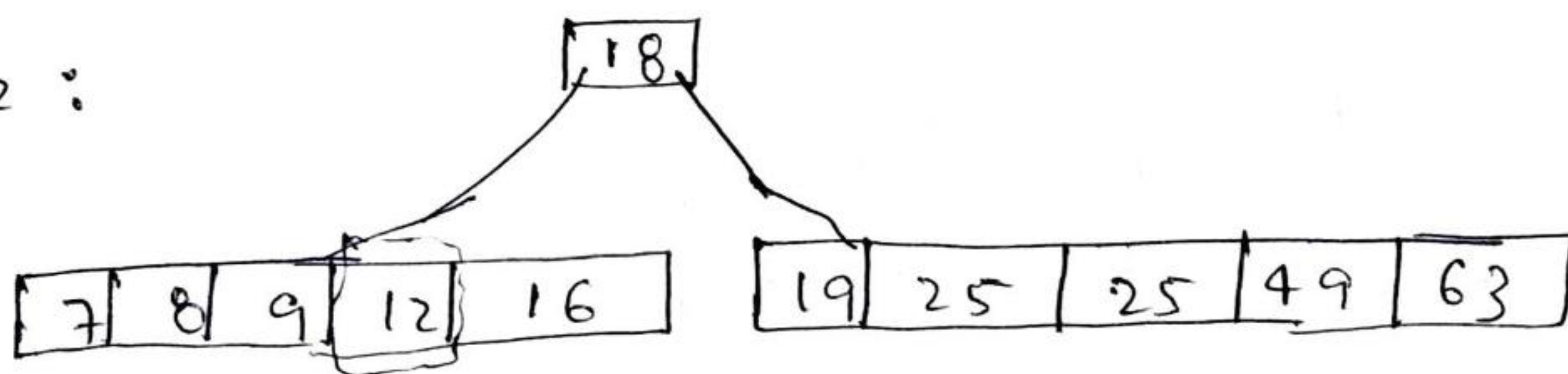
max size on left  $\leq 5$ , so insert

i 63 :



max size 5 keys insertion  
Completed, further more  
insertion need to split

i 12 :

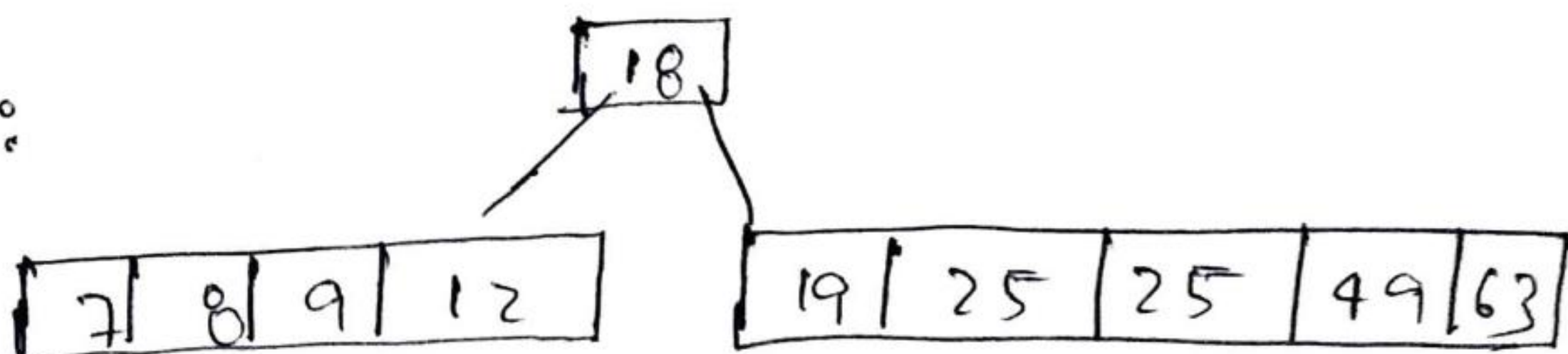


Both left and right side max keys insertion  
Completed furthermore insertion need to split  
the trees.



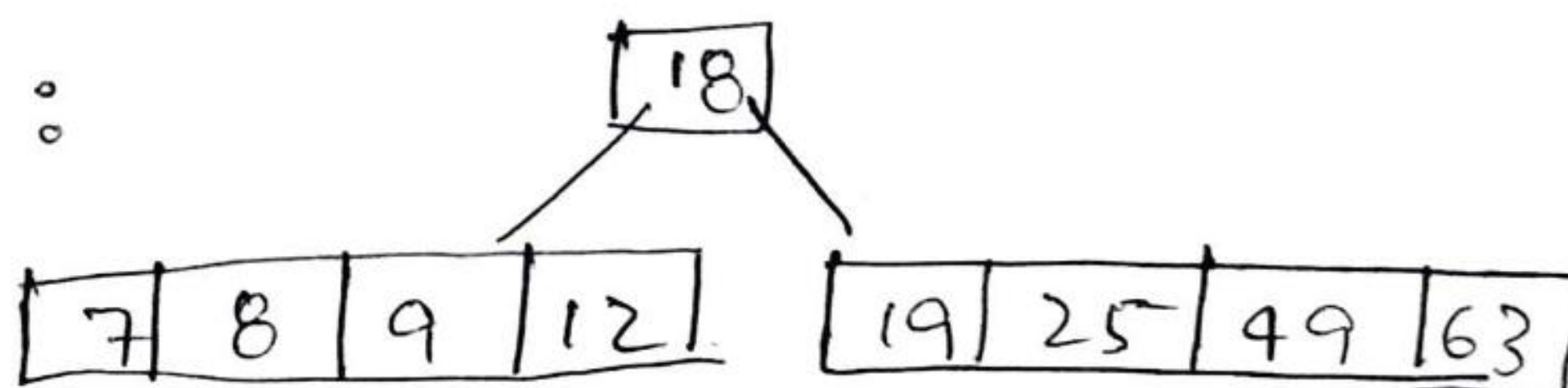
② Deletion of 16

d 16 :



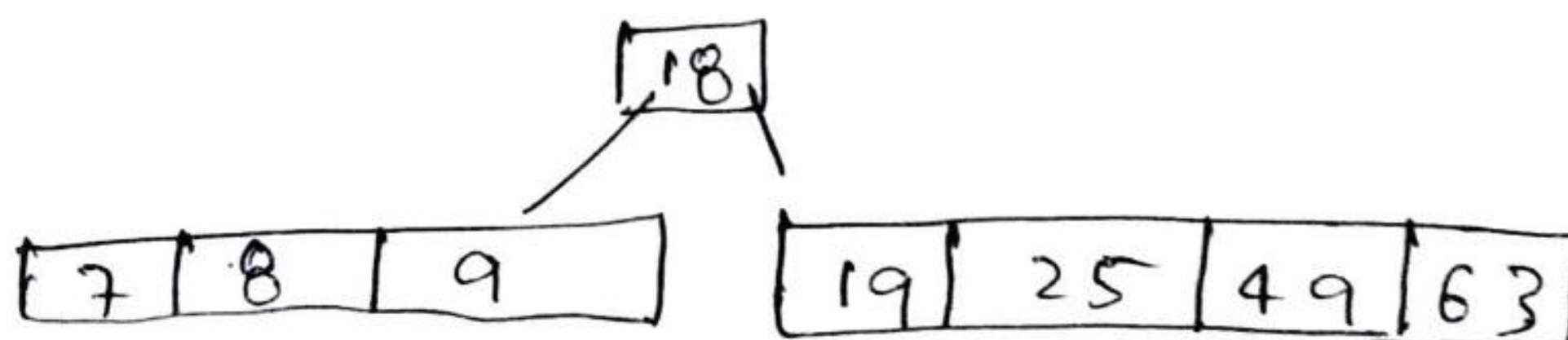
Deletion of 16 doesn't effect any modification because min key is  $\lceil \frac{M}{2} \rceil - 1 = 3 - 1 = 2$

d 25 :



doesn't effect any thing min key  $\geq 2$

d 12 :



Same as above like no underflow condition bcz of min keys  $\geq 2$ .