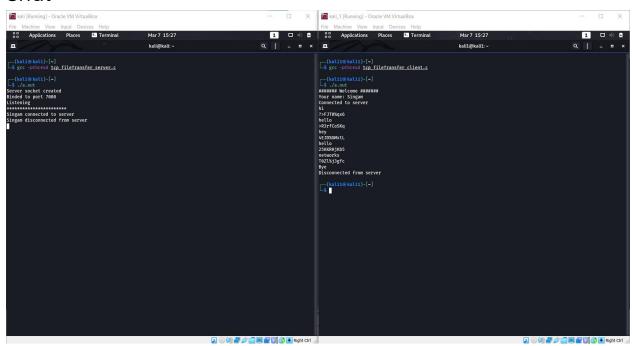
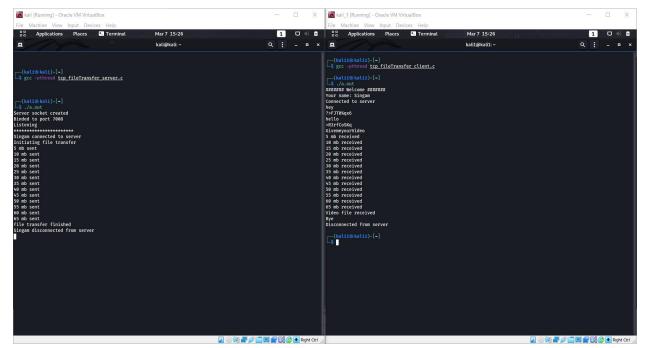
Networks Lab Experiment 6

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Chat



File transfer



File sent from server

```
___(kali@kali)-[~]
_$ ls -l | grep .mp4
-rwxrwxrwx 1 kali kali 69632912 Mar 7 13:29 sampleVideo.mp4
```

File received by client

```
____(kali1⊕ kali1)-[~]

$ ls -l | grep .mp4

-rw-r--r-- 1 kali1 kali1 69632912 Mar 7 16:00 receivedVideo.mp4
```

Note: This experiment is done with 2 different vms where one acts as server and other acts as client

Recording Data Transmission:

Command: ifstat -t -i eth0 0.1 > capture.txt

The *ifstat* command prints network interface statistics

- -t flag allows to add timestamp in front of each line
- -i flag specifies the list of interfaces to monitor
- 0.1 is to record transmission rate for every 0.1 seconds
- > capture.txt specifies to write statistics into a file

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
s ifstat -t -i eth0 0.1 > capture.txt
```

GNUPlot

It is a command-driven interactive plotting program

GNUPlot commands

```
set xdata time - set x axis as time

set timefmt "%H:%M:%S" - set time format

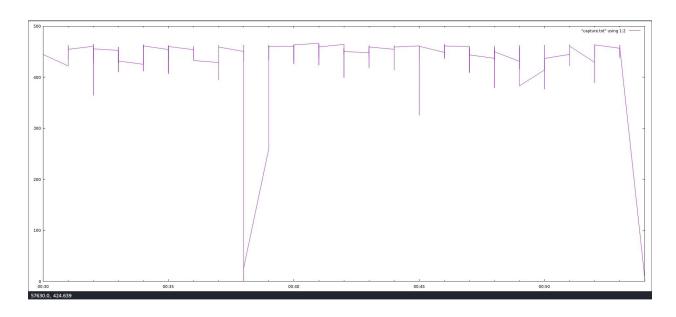
set xrange[ " " ] - set range of x values

plot "capture.txt" using 1:2 with lines - plot file with line graphs
```

```
—(kali⊗kali)-[~]
—$ gnuplot
       GNUPLOT
       Version 5.4 patchlevel 1 last modified 2020-12-01
        Copyright (C) 1986-1993, 1998, 2004, 2007-2020
        Thomas Williams, Colin Kelley and many others
                         http://www.gnuplot.info
        gnuplot home:
        faq, bugs, etc:
                         type "help FAQ"
        immediate help: type "help" (plot window: hit 'h')
Terminal type is now 'qt'
gnuplot> set xdata time
gnuplot> set timefmt "%H:%M:%S"
gnuplot> set xrange["16:00:30":"16:00:54"]
gnuplot> plot "capture.txt" using 1:2 with lines
gnuplot>
```

GNU plots

Transmission rate for every 0.1 sec



Transmission rate for every 1 sec

