A1110 Assignment 7

Tejal Kulkarni CS21BTECH11058

CBSE Probability Grade 12

May 16, 2022

Outline

- Question
- ② Given Information
- Required Formulae
- Solution of (i)
- Solution of (ii)

Question

Exercise 13.2 Q14: Probability of solving specific problem independently by A and B are $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ respectively. If both try to solve the problem independently, find the probability that

- (i) the problem is solved
- (ii) exactly one of them solves the problem

Given Information

Solution:

Let E and F be two events such that:

Event	Description	Probability
E	A solved the problem	$Pr(E) = \frac{1}{2}$
F	B solved the problem	$\Pr(F) = \frac{1}{3}$

Table

Required Formulae

E and F are independent events

$$\therefore \Pr(EF) = \Pr(E)\Pr(F) \tag{1}$$

$$Pr(EF') = Pr(E)Pr(F')$$
 (2)

$$Pr(E'F) = Pr(E')Pr(F)$$
(3)

Also, for any event X we can write,

$$Pr(X') = 1 - Pr(X) \tag{4}$$

Solution of (i)

Now,

(i) Probability that problem is solved =

$$Pr(E+F) = Pr(E) + Pr(F) - Pr(EF)$$
(5)

$$Pr(E+F) = Pr(E) + Pr(F) - Pr(E) Pr(F)$$
(6)

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3} \tag{7}$$

$$=\frac{4}{6}\tag{8}$$

$$=\boxed{\frac{2}{3}}\tag{9}$$

Solution of (ii)

(ii) Probability that exactly one of them solves the problem =

$$Pr(EF') + Pr(E'F) = Pr(E)Pr(F') + Pr(E')Pr(F)$$
 (10)

By (4),

$$Pr(E) Pr(F') + Pr(E') Pr(F) = Pr(E) (1 - Pr(F)) + (1 - Pr(E)) Pr(F)$$

(11)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\times\left(1-\frac{1}{3}\right)+\left(1-\frac{1}{2}\right)\times\frac{1}{3} \qquad (12)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}$$
(13)

$$= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} \tag{14}$$

$$=\frac{3}{6}=\left|\frac{1}{2}\right|\tag{15}$$