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A1110 Assignment 3

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Exercise 15.1 Q4: Three coins are tossed simultaneously 200 times with the following frequencies of different items:

Outcome	3 Heads	2 Heads	1 Head	No Head
Frequency	23	72	77	28

TABLE 1

If the three coins are simultaneously tossed again, compute the probability of 2 heads coming up. **Solution:** Let the random variable $X \in \{0,1,2,3\}$ denote the number of heads in the coin-tossing experiment. Now,

$$\Pr(X = i) = \frac{n(X = i)}{\sum_{i=0}^{3} n(X = i)}$$
 (1)

where $i \in \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ and n(X = i) is the frequency of getting i heads. Also,

Number of times 3 coins were tossed = 200 (2)

$$\implies \sum_{i=0}^{3} n(X=i) = 200 \tag{3}$$

And from Table 1,

$$n(X=2) = 72 \tag{4}$$

$$\therefore \Pr(X = 2) = \frac{72}{200} \tag{5}$$

$$=\frac{36}{100}=0.36\tag{6}$$

Hence, the probability of 2 heads coming up is $\boxed{0.36}$.

We have,

$$\Pr(X=0) = \frac{28}{200} = 0.14 \tag{7}$$

$$\Pr\left(X=1\right) = \frac{77}{200} = 0.385\tag{8}$$

$$\Pr\left(X=2\right) = \frac{72}{200} = 0.36\tag{9}$$

$$\Pr\left(X=3\right) = \frac{23}{200} = 0.115\tag{10}$$

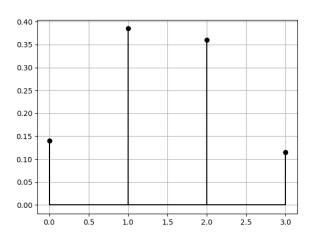


Fig. 1: Plot of PMF using above data

Now considering fair coins:

$$\Pr(X = 0) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$$
 (11)

$$\Pr(X = 1) = 3 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{8}$$
 (12)

$$\Pr(X=2) = 3 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{8}$$
 (13)

$$\Pr(X=3) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$$
 (14)

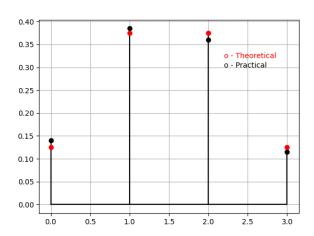


Fig. 2: Comparison of theoretical and practical PMF plots