```
In [1]: !pip install pandas
       Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writea
       ble
       Collecting pandas
         Downloading pandas-2.2.3-cp310-cp310-manylinux 2 17 x86 64.manylinux2014
       x86 64.whl.metadata (89 kB)
                                                 ----- 89.9/89.9 kB 1.3 MB/s eta
       0:00:00a 0:00:01
       Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.22.4 in ./.local/lib/python3.10/si
       te-packages (from pandas) (2.1.3)
       Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in /opt/tljh/user/li
       b/python3.10/site-packages (from pandas) (2.9.0.post0)
       Collecting pytz>=2020.1 (from pandas)
         Downloading pytz-2024.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (22 kB)
       Collecting tzdata>=2022.7 (from pandas)
         Downloading tzdata-2024.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (1.4 kB)
       Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /opt/tljh/user/lib/python3.10/s
       ite-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas) (1.16.0)
       Downloading pandas-2.2.3-cp310-cp310-manylinux 2 17 x86 64.manylinux2014 x
       86 64.whl (13.1 MB)
                                                  - 13.1/13.1 MB <mark>5.9 MB/s</mark> eta 0:0
       0:0000:0100:01
       Downloading pytz-2024.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (508 kB)
                                                 — 508.0/508.0 kB 4.3 MB/s eta
       0:00:0000:0100:01
       Downloading tzdata-2024.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (346 kB)
                                                 346.6/346.6 kB 4.1 MB/s eta
       0:00:00a 0:00:01
       Installing collected packages: pytz, tzdata, pandas
       Successfully installed pandas-2.2.3 pytz-2024.2 tzdata-2024.2
       [notice] A new release of pip is available: 24.0 -> 24.3.1
       [notice] To update, run: pip install --upgrade pip
In [1]: import pandas as pd
In [4]: ss=pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5])
        print(type(ss))
        print(ss)
       <class 'pandas.core.series.Series'>
       1
            2
       2
            3
       3
            4
            5
       dtype: int64
        Series with customized index
In [6]: ss=pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5],index=[11,12,13,14,15])
        print(ss)
```

```
11 1
12 2
13 3
14 4
15 5
dtype: int64
```

Basic Mathematical opertions on series

```
In [11]: ss[1:3]
         ss+2
         ss*3
Out[11]: 11
          12
                 6
          13
                 9
          14
                12
          15
                15
          dtype: int64
In [20]: ss.loc[11:14]
Out[20]: 11
                1
          12
                2
          13
                3
          14
                4
          dtype: int64
```

Creating Data frame with multiple series

```
In [23]: data={
        'apples':[3,2,4,2],
        'oranges':[0,3,7,2]
}
    purchase=pd.DataFrame(data)
    print(purchase)

apples oranges
0     3     0
1     2     3
2     4     7
3     2     2
```

customize index and locate customer order

```
In [34]: purchase=pd.DataFrame(data,index=['mick','robert','amit','allu arjun'])
    print(purchase)
    print(20*'-','customer order',20*'-')
    print(purchase.loc['robert'])
```

```
apples oranges
       mick
                       3
       robert
                       2
                                3
                                7
                       4
       amit
                      2
                                2
       allu arjun
        ----- customer order -----
                2
       apples
                3
       oranges
       Name: robert, dtype: int64
In [38]: df=pd.read_csv('temdata.csv')
        print(df)
         city temp
       0 DWD
                 49
       1 LXR
                 50
In [39]: df=pd.read_csv('temdata.csv',index_col=0)
        print(df)
             temp
       city
       DWD
               49
       LXR
               50
In [40]: df=pd.read_csv('temdata.csv',index_col=1)
        print(df)
            city
       temp
       49
             DWD
       50
             LXR
In [6]: f=pd.read csv('datasets/petrol consumption.csv')
        print(f)
        f.shape
```

(0.)	_	Average_income	Paved_Highways	Population_Driver_licence
(%) 0 25	9.00	3571	1976	0.5
1 72	9.00	4092	1250	0.5
2 80	9.00	3865	1586	0.5
3 29	7.50	4870	2351	0.5
4 44	8.00	4399	431	0.5
5 71	10.00	5342	1333	0.5
6 51	8.00	5319	11868	0.4
7 53	8.00	5126	2138	0.5
8 29	8.00	4447	8577	0.5
9 52	7.00	4512	8507	0.5
10 30	8.00	4391	5939	0.5
11 25	7.50	5126	14186	0.5
12 74	7.00	4817	6930	0.5
13 45	7.00	4207	6580	0.5
14 08	7.00	4332	8159	0.6
15 86	7.00	4318	10340	0.5
16 72	7.00	4206	8508	0.5
17 40	7.00	3718	4725	0.5
18 24	7.00	4716	5915	0.7
19 77	8.50	4341	6010	0.6
20 63	7.00	4593	7834	0.6
21 02	8.00	4983	602	0.6
22 11	9.00	4897	2449	0.5
23 17	9.00	4258	4686	0.5
24 51	8.50	4574	2619	0.5
25 44	9.00	3721	4746	0.5
26 48	8.00	3448	5399	0.5
27 79	7.50	3846	9061	0.5
28 63	8.00	4188	5975	0.5

0.4

0.5

0.5

0.5

0.5

0.4

0.6

0.5

0.5

0.6

0.6

0.6

0.5

0.6

0.5

0.6

0.5

0.6

0.5

29	9.00	3601	4650	
93 30	7.00	3640	6905	
18 31	7.00	3333	6594	
13 32	8.00	3063	6524	
78 33	7.50	3357	4121	
47 34	8.00	3528	3495	
87 35	6.58	3802	7834	
29 36	5.00	4045	17782	
66 37	7.00	3897	6385	
86 38	8.50	3635	3274	
63 39	7.00	4345	3905	
72 40	7.00	4449	4639	
26 41	7.00	3656	3985	
63 42	7.00	4300	3635	
03 43	7.00	3745	2611	
08 44	6.00	5215	2302	
72 45	9.00	4476	3942	
71 46	7.00	4296	4083	
23 47	7.00	5002	9794	
93	2. t 1. C			
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Petrol_Consumptio 54 52 56 41 41 45 34 46 49 58 50 56 63 60 71	1 4 1 4 0 7 4 8 0 1 5 8 6 5 3 4		
18 19	86 64			

20	649
21	540
22	464
23	547
24	460
25	566
26	577
27	631
28	574
29	534
30	571
31	554
32	577
33	628
34	487
35	644
36	640
37	704
38	648
39	968
40	587
41	699
42	632
43	591
44	782
45	510
46	610
47	524

Out[6]: (48, 5)

In [48]: f.tail()

Out[48]:		Petrol_tax	Average_income	Paved_Highways	Population_Driver_licence(%)	Petro
	43	7.0	3745	2611	0.508	
	44	6.0	5215	2302	0.672	
	45	9.0	4476	3942	0.571	
	46	7.0	4296	4083	0.623	
	47	7.0	5002	9794	0.593	

In [50]: f.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

RangeIndex: 48 entries, 0 to 47 Data columns (total 5 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Petrol_tax	48 non-null	float64
1	Average_income	48 non-null	int64
2	Paved_Highways	48 non-null	int64
3	<pre>Population_Driver_licence(%)</pre>	48 non-null	float64
4	Petrol_Consumption	48 non-null	int64

dtypes: float64(2), int64(3)

memory usage: 2.0 KB

Handling duplicate return boolean series denoting rows

```
In [67]: import pandas as pd
         # Original DataFrame
         emp = pd.DataFrame({
             'name': ['vinay', 'vijay', 'Dhoni', 'D BOSS', 'vinay', 'Dhoni'],
             'age': [25, 28, 25, 20, 25, 23],
             'salary': [547, 745, 78, 7545, 547, 7875]
         })
         # # Concatenating the DataFrame with itself to create duplicates
         # emp = pd.concat([emp, emp])
         # # Identifying duplicates but showing only the first occurrence
         # duplicates = emp[emp.duplicated(keep='first')] # Shows only the second
         # print("Duplicates in the DataFrame (excluding first occurrence):")
         # print(duplicates)
         # Dropping duplicates and printing the result
         emp.drop duplicates(inplace=True)
         print("\nDataFrame after dropping duplicates:")
         print(emp)
        DataFrame after dropping duplicates:
            name age salary
        0 vinay 25 547
        1 vijay 28 745
2 Dhoni 25 78
3 D BOSS 20 7545
        5 Dhoni 23 7875
In [65]: emp.duplicated(subset=['salary'])
         emp.duplicated(subset=['age'])
         emp.duplicated(subset=['name'])
Out[65]: 0
              False
         1
              False
         2
             False
             False
              True
          dtype: bool
```

cuatomize to required duplicate row with argument keep, first, last, false, default

```
In [68]: print(emp)
    print('keeping required duplicates element \n')
    firstrow=emp.duplicated(keep='first')
    lastrow=emp.duplicated(keep='last')
    print('after manipulation')
    print(firstrow)
    print(lastrow)
```

```
name age salary
           vinay 25
        0
                         547
        1
           vijay 28
                          745
        2
           Dhoni 25
                          78
        3 D BOSS 20
                        7545
           Dhoni 23
                         7875
        keeping required duplicates element
       after manipulation
            False
        1
            False
        2
            False
        3
            False
        5
            False
        dtype: bool
            False
            False
        1
        2
            False
        3
            False
        5
            False
        dtype: bool
In [69]: from pathlib import Path
         ffp=Path('TopRatedMovies.json')
         ffp.touch()
         ffp.exists()
Out[69]: True
In [72]: mdf=pd.read json('TopRatedMovies.json')
        md.info
```

```
ValueError
                                          Traceback (most recent call las
t)
Cell In[72], line 1
---> 1 mdf=pd.read json('TopRatedMovies.json')
      2 md.info()
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/io/json/ json.py:815, in
read json(path or buf, orient, typ, dtype, convert axes, convert dates, ke
ep_default_dates, precise_float, date_unit, encoding, encoding errors, lin
es, chunksize, compression, nrows, storage options, dtype backend, engine)
            return json reader
    814 else:
--> 815
            return json reader.read()
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/io/json/ json.py:1025, i
n JsonReader.read(self)
   1023
                obj = self. get object parser(self. combine lines(data lin
es))
   1024 else:
-> 1025
            obj = self. get object parser(self.data)
   1026 if self.dtype backend is not lib.no default:
            return obj.convert_dtypes(
                infer objects=False, dtype backend=self.dtype backend
   1028
   1029
            )
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/io/json/ json.py:1051, i
n JsonReader._get_object_parser(self, json)
   1049 obj = None
   1050 if typ == "frame":
-> 1051
            obj = FrameParser(json, **kwargs).parse()
   1053 if typ == "series" or obj is None:
   1054
            if not isinstance(dtype, bool):
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/io/json/ json.py:1187, i
n Parser.parse(self)
   1185 @final
   1186 def parse(self):
            self. parse()
-> 1187
   1189
            if self.obj is None:
   1190
                return None
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/io/json/ json.py:1402, i
n FrameParser. parse(self)
   1399 orient = self.orient
   1401 if orient == "columns":
            self.obj = DataFrame(
-> 1402
   1403
                ujson loads(json, precise float=self.precise float), dtype
=None
   1404
            )
   1405 elif orient == "split":
        decoded = {
   1406
   1407
                str(k): v
                for k, v in ujson loads(json, precise float=self.precise f
   1408
loat).items()
   1409
            }
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py:778, in Da
taFrame. init (self, data, index, columns, dtype, copy)
```

```
772
           mgr = self. init mgr(
                data, axes={"index": index, "columns": columns}, dtype=dty
   773
pe, copy=copy
   774
    776 elif isinstance(data, dict):
        # GH#38939 de facto copy defaults to False only in non-dict ca
ses
--> 778
           mgr = dict to mgr(data, index, columns, dtype=dtype, copy=cop
y, typ=manager)
    779 elif isinstance(data, ma.MaskedArray):
            from numpy.ma import mrecords
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/internals/construct
ion.py:503, in dict to mgr(data, index, columns, dtype, typ, copy)
           else:
    500
                # dtype check to exclude e.g. range objects, scalars
    501
                arrays = [x.copy() if hasattr(x, "dtype") else x for x in
arrays]
--> 503 return arrays to mgr(arrays, columns, index, dtype=dtype, typ=typ,
consolidate=copy)
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/internals/construct
ion.py:114, in arrays to mgr(arrays, columns, index, dtype, verify integri
ty, typ, consolidate)
    111 if verify integrity:
           # figure out the index, if necessary
    113
            if index is None:
--> 114
                index = _extract_index(arrays)
    115
           else:
    116
                index = ensure index(index)
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/internals/construct
ion.py:667, in extract index(data)
                raise ValueError("Per-column arrays must each be 1-dimensi
    664
onal")
    666 if not indexes and not raw lengths:
--> 667
           raise ValueError("If using all scalar values, you must pass an
index")
    669 if have series:
    670
            index = union indexes(indexes)
ValueError: If using all scalar values, you must pass an index
```

viewing specified number of rows using head() function

```
In [13]: import pandas as pd
    df=pd.read_csv('datasets/petrol_consumption.csv')
    print(df.head())
    print(45*'-')
    print(df.head(3))
```

```
Petrol_tax Average_income Paved_Highways Population_Driver_licence
         (%)
         0
                    9.0
                                    3571
                                                      1976
                                                                                      0.52
         5
         1
                    9.0
                                    4092
                                                      1250
                                                                                      0.57
         2
         2
                   9.0
                                    3865
                                                      1586
                                                                                      0.58
         0
         3
                                                                                      0.52
                   7.5
                                    4870
                                                      2351
         9
         4
                    8.0
                                    4399
                                                       431
                                                                                      0.54
         4
            Petrol Consumption
         0
                            541
         1
                            524
         2
                            561
         3
                            414
         4
                            410
            Petrol_tax Average_income Paved_Highways Population_Driver_licence
         (%) \
         0
                    9.0
                                    3571
                                                      1976
                                                                                      0.52
         5
         1
                   9.0
                                    4092
                                                      1250
                                                                                      0.57
         2
         2
                    9.0
                                    3865
                                                      1586
                                                                                      0.58
         0
            Petrol Consumption
         0
                            541
         1
                            524
         2
                            561
In [14]: df.tail()
Out[14]:
              Petrol_tax Average_income Paved_Highways Population_Driver_licence(%) Petrol
          43
                     7.0
                                   3745
                                                   2611
                                                                               0.508
                     6.0
                                                   2302
                                                                               0.672
          44
                                   5215
          45
                    9.0
                                   4476
                                                   3942
                                                                               0.571
                                   4296
                                                   4083
                                                                               0.623
          46
                    7.0
          47
                    7.0
                                   5002
                                                   9794
                                                                               0.593
In [19]:
         Tempdata=pd.read csv("temdata.csv")
          print(Tempdata)
          print(60*'-')
          Tempdata.info()
```

```
city temp
       0 DWD
                 49
       1 LXR
                 50
       <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
       RangeIndex: 2 entries, 0 to 1
       Data columns (total 2 columns):
        # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
            -----
            city 2 non-null temp 2 non-null
        0
                                   object
                                   int64
        1
       dtypes: int64(1), object(1)
       memory usage: 160.0+ bytes
In [20]: Tempdata.shape
Out[20]: (2, 2)
```

duplicates finding

```
In [29]: Empd=pd.DataFrame({
              'name':['vinay','vivek','vinay','vinod','vinay'],
              'age': [25,28,25,30,25],
              'salary': [500,600,500,700,500]
         })
         Empd=pd.concat([Empd,Empd])
         print(Empd, "\n")
         print("Duplicate Elements")
         print(Empd.drop duplicates(inplace=False))
         Empd.duplicated()
```

```
name age salary
        25
                500
0 vinay
1 vivek 28
                600
2 vinay
        25
                500
3 vinod 30
                700
4 vinay 25
                500
0 vinay
        25
                500
1 vivek
          28
                600
2 vinay
          25
                500
3 vinod
          30
                700
4 vinay
          25
                500
Duplicate Elements
   name age salary
0 vinay
        25
                500
```

28

1 vivek 3 vinod 30 600

700

```
Out[29]: 0
              False
              False
         1
         2
              True
         3
            False
         4
            True
         0
              True
         1
               True
         2
               True
         3
               True
               True
         dtype: bool
```

to find duplicates on specifed collumns ->use subset

```
In [33]: |print(Empd.duplicated(subset=['salary']))
       Empd.duplicated(subset=['age'])
         False
      1
         False
      2
         True
      3
         False
      4
          True
      0
          True
      1
          True
      2
          True
      3
          True
          True
      dtype: bool
      ************************************
Out[33]: 0
          False
       1
          False
       2
          True
        False
          True
       0
           True
       1
          True
       2
           True
       3
           True
           True
       dtype: bool
```

customize to required duplicate row with argument keep, first, last, false, default

```
In [34]: print(Empd)
    print('keeping required duplicates element \n')
    firstrow=Empd.duplicated(keep='first')
    lastrow=Empd.duplicated(keep='last')
    print('after manipulation')
    print(firstrow)
    print(lastrow)
```

```
age
                       salary
            name
                    25
        0
                           500
           vinay
        1
           vivek
                    28
                           600
        2
                    25
                           500
           vinay
        3
           vinod
                    30
                           700
        4
                    25
                           500
           vinay
        0
                    25
                           500
           vinay
        1
           vivek
                    28
                           600
        2
                    25
                           500
           vinay
        3
           vinod
                    30
                           700
        4
           vinay
                    25
                           500
        keeping required duplicates element
        after manipulation
             False
        1
              False
        2
              True
        3
             False
        4
              True
        0
              True
        1
              True
        2
              True
        3
               True
        4
               True
        dtype: bool
              True
        0
        1
               True
        2
               True
        3
              True
        4
              True
        0
              True
        1
              False
        2
              True
        3
             False
        4
             False
        dtype: bool
In [41]: mdf=pd.read_json('TopRatedMovies.json')
         mdf.columns
         mdf.columns=[columns.upper() for columns in mdf]
         print(mdf)
           TITLE GENERE RELEASEYEAR
                                         RATING
           Devil
                                            4.5
        0
                   action
                                   2023
        1
             RRR
                  action
                                   2023
                                            4.5
        2
              UI
                  action
                                   2024
                                            5.0
In [ ]:
```