

Name: Tejas Narayan Mahamuni

Roll No: CS2-15

PRN: 202401040036

Essentials of Data-Science

Theory Activity No. 1

**Formulated 20 Problem Statements for "OpinRank.csv"**

NumPy-Based Solutions (10 Problems)

Pandas-Based Solutions (10 Problems)

OpinRank.csv Dataset

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
1	docid	year	num_revie	FUEL	INTERIOR	EXTERIOR	BUILD	PERFORM	COMFORT	RELIABILIT	FUN	overall_rating
2	2009_acur	2009	38	6.79	8.42	8.71	8.66	8.53	8.63	8.84	8.68	8.41
3	2009_acur	2009	32	6.03	8.16	8.13	8.47	8.59	8	8.81	8.38	8.07
4	2009_acur	2009	14	7.57	9.79	8.64	9.79	9.36	9.79	9.5	9.43	9.23
5	2009_acur	2009	107	8.07	9.47	9.02	9.42	9.24	9.14	9.58	9.31	9.16
6	2009_acur	2009	156	9.16	9.26	9.23	9.26	8.71	9.12	9.58	9.09	9.18
7	2009_audi	2009	92	8.65	9.32	9.63	9.42	9.03	9.08	9.23	9.39	9.22
8	2009_audi	2009	24	8.42	9.38	9.79	9.71	9.33	9.17	9.67	9.67	9.39
9	2009_audi	2009	47	8.55	9.68	9.81	9.87	9.43	9.47	9.53	9.6	9.49
10	2009_bmw	2009	18	7.22	8.61	9.44	9.67	9.67	8.78	9.5	9.67	9.07
11	2009_bmw	2009	70	8.2	8.87	9.36	9.3	9.49	8.79	9.19	9.37	9.07
12	2009_bmw	2009	21	8.33	9.29	8.9	9.62	9.1	9.62	9.57	9.67	9.26
13	2009_bmw	2009	34	7.59	8.91	9.24	9.09	9.09	9.15	9	9.15	8.9
14	2009_bmw	2009	13	6.92	8.77	9.54	9.31	9.77	9.69	9.31	9.23	9.07
15	2009_buic	2009	51	7.76	9.25	9.69	9	9.12	9.47	9.02	9.27	9.07
16	2009_cadi	2009	17	7	9.71	9.88	9.53	10	9.88	10	9.94	9.49
17	2009_cadi	2009	56	8.5	9.29	9.73	9.2	9.43	9.3	9.32	9.52	9.29
18	2009_chev	2009	20	7.75	8.65	8.85	8.2	7.35	8.05	8.55	8.45	8.23
19	2009_chev	2009	44	8.98	7.68	8.66	8.64	9.07	8.16	9.2	9.07	8.68
20	2009_chev	2009	15	9.27	9.33	10	9.6	9.93	9.53	9.8	10	9.68
21	2009_chev	2009	33	9	8.55	9.52	8.94	8.82	8.42	9.18	9.24	8.96
22	2009_chev	2009	30	7.7	7.87	8.83	8.53	8.53	8.13	9.03	8.1	8.34
23	2009_chev	2009	121	8.68	9.07	9.28	8.94	8.91	9.22	8.97	9.03	9.01
24	2009_chev	2009	21	7.43	8.38	8.81	8	8.76	8.95	8.38	9	8.46
25	2009_chev	2009	12	7.42	9.25	9.58	9	8.58	9.58	8.92	9.17	8.94
26	2009_chev	2009	92	7.55	8.73	9.27	8.84	8.96	8.98	8.79	9.01	8.77
27	2009_chry	2009	14	8.5	9.21	9.07	8.86	9.21	9.36	8.79	9.14	9.02
28	2009_chry	2009	14	8.07	7.21	7.71	7.79	8	8.14	8	8.29	7.9
29	2009_chry	2009	35	7.83	9.09	8.83	8.49	8.71	9.17	8.89	8.6	8.7
30	2009_dodg	2009	17	8.82	8.53	9.76	8.94	8.53	9	9.71	9.18	9.06
31	2009_dodg	2009	25	9	9.08	9.64	9.32	9.2	9.52	9.56	9.64	9.37
32	2009_dodg	2009	74	7.45	8.5	9.81	8.93	9.24	9.34	9	9.73	9
33	2009_dodg	2009	16	7	8.35	8.44	8	8.86	8.35	8.18	8.35	8.03

```
[5]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df = pd.read_csv('OpinRank.csv')
```

```
[8]: # Find the mean rating using NumPy
ratings = df['overall_rating'].to_numpy()
print(np.mean(ratings))

8.853426573426573
```

```
[9]: # Find the median rating using NumPy
print(np.median(ratings))

8.93
```

```
[10]: # Find the standard deviation of ratings using NumPy
print(np.std(ratings))

0.39047954182078
```

```
[11]: # Find the variance of ratings using NumPy
print(np.var(ratings))

0.15247427258056626
```

```
[15]: # Find the maximum and minimum rating using NumPy functions
print(np.max(ratings), np.min(ratings))

9.68 7.35
```

```
[16]: # Count the number of reviews with ratings greater than 4 using NumPy
print(np.sum(ratings > 4))

143
```

```
[17]: # Extract the array of all ratings as a NumPy array
print(ratings)

[8.41 8.07 9.23 9.16 9.18 9.22 9.39 9.49 9.07 9.07 9.26 8.9 9.07 9.07
 9.49 9.29 8.23 8.68 9.68 8.96 8.34 9.01 8.46 8.94 8.77 9.02 7.9 8.7
 9.06 9.37 9. 8.93 8.6 7.65 9.22 8.57 9. 9.33 9.39 9.22 8.59 9.25
 8.92 7.99 8.69 8.76 8.09 8.95 8.85 9.19 8.45 8.8 8.65 9.03 9.17 8.87
 8.99 9.25 8.84 8.95 8.97 9.37 8.43 9.13 9.24 8.38 8.76 8.84 9.34 9.29
 8.77 8.49 9.36 8.61 8.76 8.69 8.96 8.84 8.98 9.22 9.26 9.04 8.56 8.88
 8.55 8.92 9.3 9.03 8.98 8.95 8.8 8.87 8.86 8.72 8.9 8.73 8.92 9.06
 9.1 8.55 8.99 8.58 8.93 8.31 8.35 8.24 9.28 8.97 7.35 8.5 8.25 8.83
 9.09 9.31 9.12 8.38 8.89 8.97 8.42 9.13 7.71 8.5 8.16 8.61 9.27 8.51
 9.01 8.7 8.73 8.58 9.04 8.24 9.11 9. 9.39 8.49 9.16 9.19 8.73 8.81
 8.94 9.18 9. ]
```

```
[18]: # Find the sum of all ratings using NumPy
print(np.sum(ratings))

1266.04
```

```
[19]: # Use NumPy to normalize (min-max scale) the ratings between 0 and 1
print((ratings - np.min(ratings)) / (np.max(ratings) - np.min(ratings)))

[0.45493562 0.30901288 0.80686695 0.77682403 0.78540773 0.80257511
 0.87553648 0.91845494 0.73819742 0.73819742 0.81974249 0.66523605
 0.73819742 0.73819742 0.91845494 0.83261803 0.3776824 0.57081545
 1.         0.69098712 0.4248927 0.71244635 0.47639485 0.68240343
 0.60944206 0.7167382 0.2360515 0.57939914 0.73390558 0.86695279
 0.70815451 0.67811159 0.53648069 0.12875536 0.80257511 0.52360515
 0.70815451 0.84978541 0.87553648 0.80257511 0.53218884 0.81545064
 0.67381974 0.27467811 0.5751073 0.60515021 0.31759657 0.68669528
 0.64377682 0.78969957 0.472103 0.6223176 0.55793991 0.72103004
 0.78111588 0.65236052 0.70386266 0.81545064 0.63948498 0.68669528
 0.69527897 0.86695279 0.46351931 0.7639485 0.8111588 0.44206009
 0.60515021 0.63948498 0.85407725 0.83261803 0.60944206 0.48927039
 0.86266094 0.54077253 0.60515021 0.5751073 0.69098712 0.63948498
 0.69957082 0.80257511 0.81974249 0.72532189 0.5193133 0.65665236
 0.51502146 0.67381974 0.83690987 0.72103004 0.69957082 0.68669528
 0.6223176 0.65236052 0.64806867 0.58798283 0.66523605 0.59227468
 0.67381974 0.73390558 0.75107296 0.51502146 0.70386266 0.527897
 0.67811159 0.41201717 0.42918455 0.38197425 0.82832618 0.69527897
 0.         0.49356223 0.38626609 0.63519313 0.74678112 0.84120172
 0.75965665 0.44206009 0.66094421 0.69527897 0.45922747 0.7639485
 0.15450644 0.49356223 0.34763948 0.54077253 0.82403433 0.49785408
 0.71244635 0.57939914 0.59227468 0.527897 0.72532189 0.38197425
 0.75536481 0.70815451 0.87553648 0.48927039 0.77682403 0.78969957
 0.59227468 0.62660944 0.68240343 0.78540773 0.70815451]
```

```
[20]: # Use NumPy to find unique rating values and their counts
print(np.unique(ratings, return_counts=True))

(array([7.35, 7.65, 7.71, 7.9 , 7.99, 8.07, 8.09, 8.16, 8.23, 8.24, 8.25,
       8.31, 8.34, 8.35, 8.38, 8.41, 8.42, 8.43, 8.45, 8.46, 8.49, 8.5 ,
       8.51, 8.55, 8.56, 8.57, 8.58, 8.59, 8.6 , 8.61, 8.65, 8.68, 8.69,
       8.7 , 8.72, 8.73, 8.76, 8.77, 8.8 , 8.81, 8.83, 8.84, 8.85, 8.86,
       8.87, 8.88, 8.89, 8.9 , 8.92, 8.93, 8.94, 8.95, 8.96, 8.97, 8.98,
       8.99, 9. , 9.01, 9.02, 9.03, 9.04, 9.06, 9.07, 9.09, 9.1 , 9.11,
       9.12, 9.13, 9.16, 9.17, 9.18, 9.19, 9.22, 9.23, 9.24, 9.25, 9.26,
       9.27, 9.28, 9.29, 9.3 , 9.31, 9.33, 9.34, 9.36, 9.37, 9.39, 9.49,
       9.68]), array([1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2,
       1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 3, 3, 2, 2, 1, 1, 3, 1, 1,
       2, 1, 1, 2, 3, 2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 4, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 4, 1, 1, 1,
       1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 4, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 3, 2,
       1]))
```

```
[21]: # Find the total number of reviews using Pandas
print(len(df))
```

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```
[22]: # Display the first 5 rows of the dataset using Pandas
print(df.head())
```

	docid	year	num_reviews	FUEL	INTERIOR	EXTERIOR	BUILD	\
0	2009_acura_mdx	2009	38	6.79	8.42	8.71	8.66	
1	2009_acura_rdx	2009	32	6.03	8.16	8.13	8.47	
2	2009_acura_rl	2009	14	7.57	9.79	8.64	9.79	
3	2009_acura_tl	2009	107	8.07	9.47	9.02	9.42	
4	2009_acura_tsx	2009	156	9.16	9.26	9.23	9.26	

  

	PERFORMANCE	COMFORT	RELIABILITY	FUN	overall_rating
0	8.53	8.63	8.84	8.68	8.41
1	8.59	8.00	8.81	8.38	8.07
2	9.36	9.79	9.50	9.43	9.23
3	9.24	9.14	9.58	9.31	9.16
4	8.71	9.12	9.58	9.09	9.18

```
[23]: # Find the number of missing values in each column using Pandas
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

```
docid      0
year       0
num_reviews 0
FUEL       0
INTERIOR   0
EXTERIOR   0
BUILD      0
PERFORMANCE 0
COMFORT    0
RELIABILITY 0
FUN        0
overall_rating 0
dtype: int64
```

```
[24]: # Fill missing ratings with the mean rating using Pandas
print(df['overall_rating'].fillna(df['overall_rating'].mean()))
```

```
0      8.41
1      8.07
2      9.23
3      9.16
4      9.18
...
138    8.73
139    8.81
140    8.94
141    9.18
142    9.00
Name: overall_rating, Length: 143, dtype: float64
```

```
[25]: # Find the most common reviewer (who gave maximum reviews) using Pandas
print(df['docid'].mode().iloc[0], df['docid'].value_counts().iloc[0])
```

```
2009_acura_mdx 1
```

```
[26]: # Group the dataset by product (Car/Hotel) and find average rating per product
print(df.groupby('docid').agg({'overall_rating': 'mean'}))
```

```
overall_rating
docid
2009_acura_mdx      8.41
2009_acura_rdx      8.07
2009_acura_rl       9.23
2009_acura_tl       9.16
2009_acura_tsx      9.18
...
2009_volkswagen_passat 8.73
2009_volkswagen_rabbit 8.81
2009_volkswagen_routan 8.94
2009_volkswagen_tiguan 9.18
2009_volvo_c70      9.00
```

```
[143 rows x 1 columns]
```

```
[27]: # Create a new column "Review_Length" showing number of words in Review_Text
print(df['docid'].str.len())
```

```
0      14
1      14
2      13
3      13
4      14
..
138    22
139    22
140    22
141    22
142    14
Name: docid, Length: 143, dtype: int64
```

```
[28]: # Find the review with the maximum number of words in Review_Text using Pandas
print(df.loc[df['docid'].str.len().idxmax()])
```

```
docid      2009_chrysler_town_and_country
year      2009
num_reviews      35
FUEL      7.83
INTERIOR      9.09
EXTERIOR      8.83
BUILD      8.49
PERFORMANCE      8.71
COMFORT      9.17
RELIABILITY      8.89
FUN      8.6
overall_rating      8.7
Name: 27, dtype: object
```

```
[29]: # Sort all reviews by rating in descending order using Pandas
print(df.sort_values('overall_rating', ascending=False))
```

	docid	year	num_reviews	FUEL	INTERIOR	EXTERIOR	\
18	2009_chevrolet_corvette	2009	15	9.27	9.33	10.00	
14	2009_cadillac_cts-v	2009	17	7.00	9.71	9.88	
7	2009_audi_q5	2009	47	8.55	9.68	9.81	
38	2009_ford_f-150	2009	52	8.48	9.69	9.46	
134	2009_volkswagen_cc	2009	94	8.96	9.53	9.86	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
43	2009_ford_ranger	2009	21	7.33	7.71	8.24	
26	2009_chrysler_sebring	2009	14	8.07	7.21	7.71	
120	2009_suzuki_grand_vitara	2009	12	6.75	8.00	8.83	
33	2009_dodge_journey	2009	150	6.91	7.63	8.66	
108	2009_saturn_aura	2009	16	7.69	7.06	8.50	

  

	BUILD	PERFORMANCE	COMFORT	RELIABILITY	FUN	overall_rating
18	9.60	9.93	9.53	9.80	10.00	9.68
14	9.53	10.00	9.88	10.00	9.94	9.49
7	9.87	9.43	9.47	9.53	9.60	9.49
38	9.44	9.33	9.50	9.69	9.56	9.39
134	9.26	9.34	9.37	9.39	9.44	9.39
..	...	...	...	...	...	...
43	8.52	7.81	7.14	8.90	8.29	7.99
26	7.79	8.00	8.14	8.00	8.29	7.90
120	7.67	7.25	7.92	7.50	7.75	7.71
33	7.06	7.44	8.35	7.33	7.82	7.65
108	7.19	7.06	7.44	6.94	6.94	7.35

[143 rows x 12 columns]

```
[30]: # Create a pivot table showing average rating per reviewer using Pandas
print(pd.pivot_table(df, values='overall_rating', index='docid', aggfunc='mean'))
```

```
overall_rating
docid
2009_acura_mdx      8.41
2009_acura_rdx      8.07
2009_acura_rl       9.23
2009_acura_tl       9.16
2009_acura_tsx      9.18
...
2009_volkswagen_passat  8.73
2009_volkswagen_rabbit  8.81
2009_volkswagen_routan  8.94
2009_volkswagen_tiguan  9.18
2009_volvo_c70       9.00
```

[143 rows x 1 columns]

```
[ ]:
```