

**1.**

Assume:

```
int x = rand();
```

```
int y = rand();
```

```
unsigned ux = (unsigned) x;
```

Are the following statements always true?

**a.**

```
ux >> 3 == ux/8
```

**b.**

```
given x > 0,
```

```
((x << 5) >> 6) > 0
```

**c.**

```
~x + x >= ux
```

**d.**

```
given x & 15 == 11,
```

```
( ~(x >> 3) & (x >> 2)) << 31) >= 0
```

**e.**

```
given ((x < 0) && (x + x < 0))
```

```
x + ux < 0
```

**f.**

```
given ((x < 0) && (y < 0) && (x + y > 0))
```

```
((x | y) >> 30) == -1
```

**2.**

Given: x has a 4 byte value of 255

What is the value of the byte with the lowest address in a

**a.**

big endian system?

**b.**

little endian system?