

# Process Scheduling

## (Operating System)



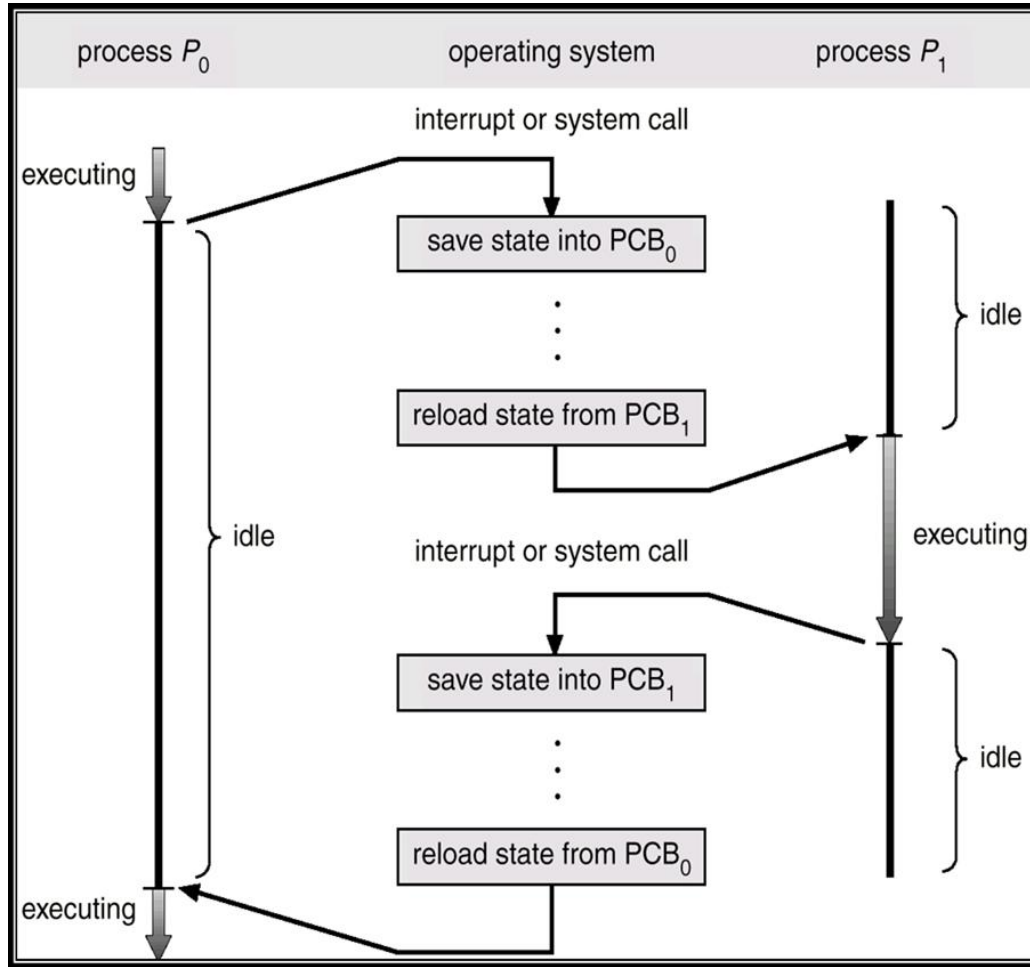
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- **Dispatcher & swap**
- **Preemptive and non-preemptive Scheduling**
- **Scheduling Algorithms**
  - FCFS
  - SJF & SRTF
  - RR

# CPU Switch



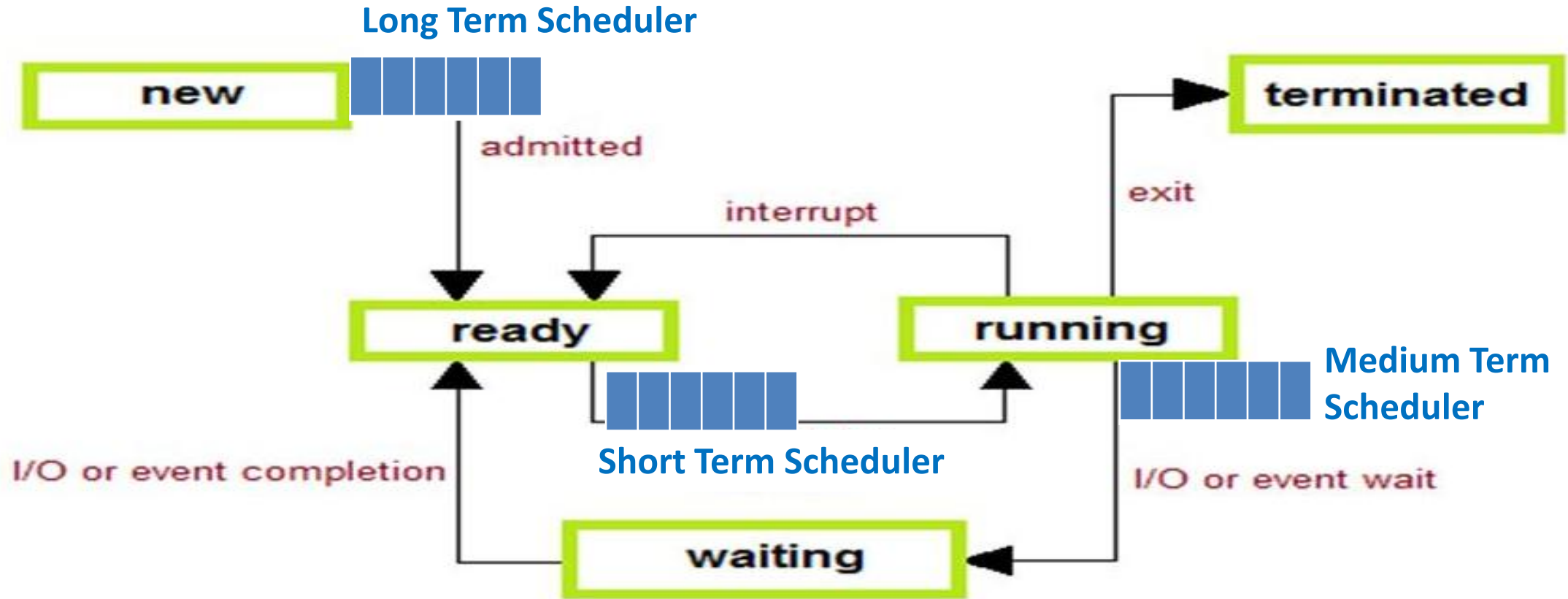
1	5000	27	12004
2	5001	28	12005
3	5002	-----Timeout	
4	5003	29	100
5	5004	30	101
6	5005	31	102
-----Timeout		32	103
7	100	33	104
8	101	34	105
9	102	35	5006
10	103	36	5007
11	104	37	5008
12	105	38	5009
13	8000	39	5010
14	8001	40	5011
15	8002	-----Timeout	
16	8003	-----I/O Request	
17	100	41	100
18	101	42	101
19	102	43	102
20	103	44	103
21	104	45	104
22	105	46	105
23	12000	47	12006
24	12001	48	12007
25	12002	49	12008
26	12003	50	12009
		51	12010
		52	12011
		-----Timeout	

# Dispatcher

- **Module which gives control of CPU to the process selected by short term scheduler**
  - Switch context
  - Switching to user mode
  - Jump to exact location in the program to restart the process
- **Dispatch latency**
  - Time taken by dispatcher to stop on process and start execution of the other process

1	5000	27	12004
2	5001	28	12005
3	5002	-----Timeout	
4	5003	29	100
5	5004	30	101
6	5005	31	102
-----Timeout		32	103
7	100	33	104
8	101	34	105
9	102	35	5006
10	103	36	5007
11	104	37	5008
12	105	38	5009
13	8000	39	5010
14	8001	40	5011
15	8002	-----Timeout	
16	8003	41	100
-----I/O Request		42	101
17	100	43	102
18	101	44	103
19	102	45	104
20	103	46	105
21	104	47	12006
22	105	48	12007
23	12000	49	12008
24	12001	50	12009
25	12002	51	12010
26	12003	52	12011
		-----Timeout	

- **Long term ( Job Scheduler)**
  - selects which processes should be brought into the ready queue
  - Degree of multiprogramming
  - I/o bound or CPU bound
- **Medium term ( swapping scheduler)**
  - Swapping is necessary to improve the process mix. Swap-in and swap-out of processes.
- **Short term (CPU scheduler)**
  - selects which process should be executed next and allocates CPU



- **Non-preemptive scheduling**
  - when a process terminates or
  - when an explicit system request causes a wait state
- **Preemptive scheduling**
  - An interrupt occurs
  - When new processes become ready with higher priority

# Acronyms

- **CPU utilization** – keep the CPU as busy as possible
- **Throughput** – # of processes, complete their execution per time unit
- **Turnaround time** – amount of time taken between submission of program to execute and return of the output.
- **Waiting time** – amount of time a process waits in the ready queue
- **Response time** – amount of time it takes from when a request was submitted until the first response is produced, not output (for time-sharing environment)
- **Arrival Time** - time when a process enters into the ready state and is ready for its execution

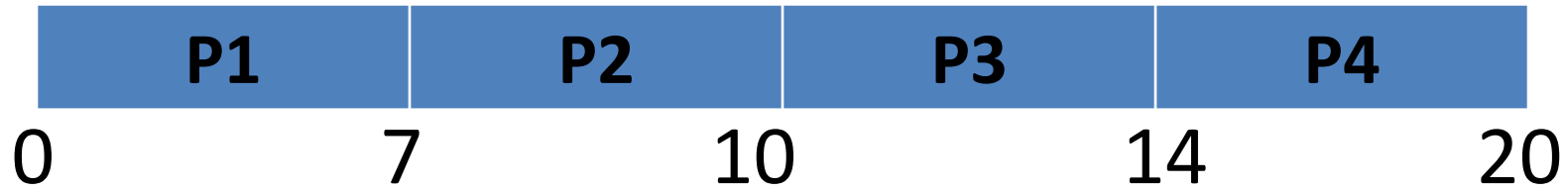


- **First-come, First-Served (FCFS)**
  - Complete the jobs in order of arrival
- **Shortest Job First (SJF)**
  - Complete the job with shortest next CPU requirement (e.g., burst)
  - Provably optimal w.r.t. average waiting time
- **Priority**
  - Processes have a priority number
  - Allocate CPU to process with highest priority
- **Round-Robin (RR)**
  - time quantum or time slice based
  - For now, assume a FIFO queue of processes

# FCFS

- Draw Gantt chart and compute average wait time

Process	Burst time
P1	7
P2	3
P3	4
P4	6



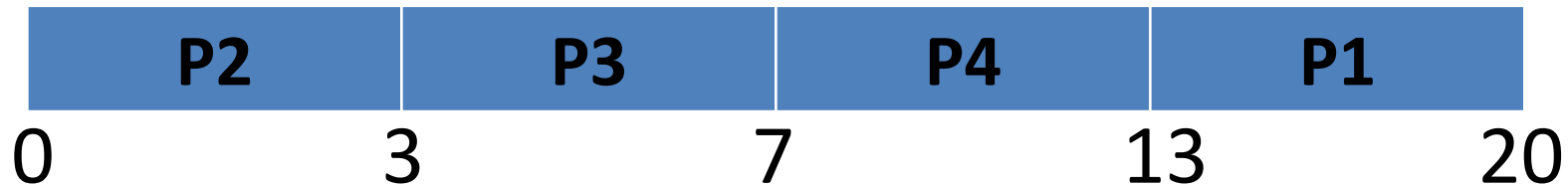
Process	Burst time	Waiting Time
P1	7	0
P2	3	7
P3	4	10
P4	6	14
Average		7.75

- **Non pre-emptive**
  - once CPU given to the process it cannot be preempted until completes its CPU burst
- **Pre-emptive**
  - if a new process arrives with CPU burst length less than remaining time of current executing process, preempt. This scheme is known as the Shortest-Remaining-Time-First (SRTF)

# SJF

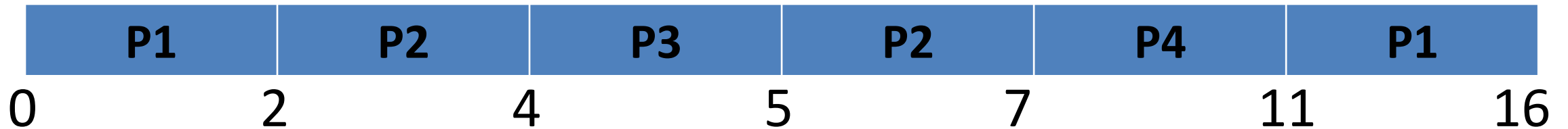
Process	Burst time	Waiting Time
P1	7	13
P2	3	0
P3	4	3
P4	6	7
		Avg: 5.75

Process	Arrival Time	Burst time
P1	0.0	7
P2	2.0	4
P3	4.0	1
P4	5.0	4



# SRTF

Process	Arrival Time	Burst time	Waiting Time
P1	0.0	7	9
P2	2.0	4	1
P3	4.0	1	0
P4	5.0	4	2
			Avg : 3

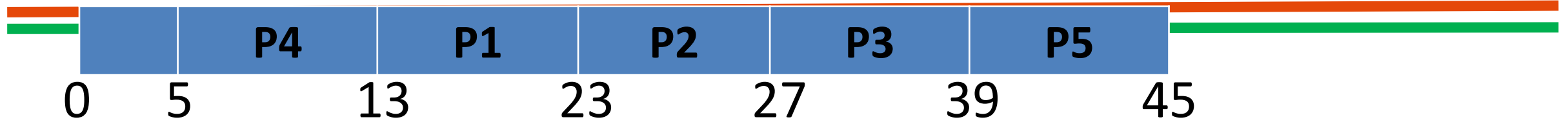


# Scheduling with Priority

- **Calculate TAT and waiting time**
  - Turnaround time = Process finish time – Arrival time
  - Waiting time = Turnaround time – CPU Burst time

Process	Arrival Time	Burst time	Priority
P1	10	10	2
P2	15	4	1
P3	20	12	4
P4	5	8	3
P5	25	6	5

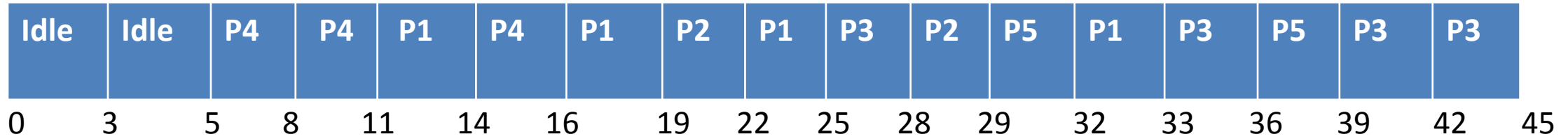
# Priority



Process	Arrival Time	Burst time	Priority	Finish Time	Turnaround time	Waiting time
P1	10	10	2	23	13	3
P2	15	4	1	27	12	8
P3	20	12	4	39	19	7
P4	5	8	3	13	8	0
P5	25	6	5	45	20	14

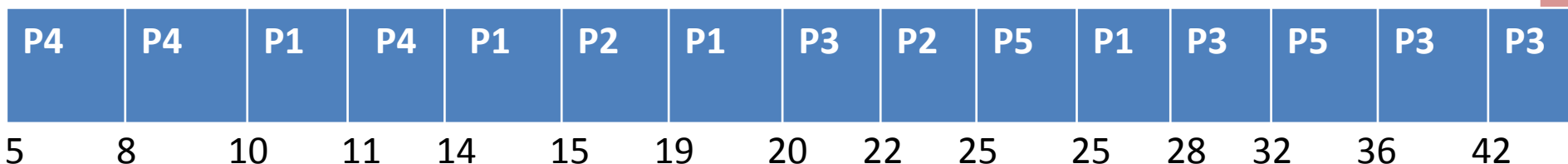
- Average Turnaround time : 14.4 and average waiting time is 6.4





Process	Arrival Time	Burst time	Finish Time	Turnaround time	Waiting time
P1	10	10	33	23	13
P2	15	4	29	14	10
P3	20	12	45	25	13
P4	5	8	16	11	3
P5	25	6	39	14	8
				Avg: 87/5 =17.4	Avg: 47/5 =9.4

### Request Queue



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# Thank You