Secure Replica Allocation in Cloud Storage Systems with Heterogeneous Vulnerabilities



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Outlines

- Introduction
- Background
- •SecRA– A Secure Replica Allocation Scheme
- Storage Assurance Model
- Evaluation Results
- •Future Work

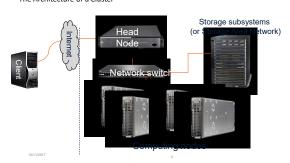
Cloud Storage Systems

- ·Large-scale data processing
- Scalability, availability, performance, security



Cloud Storage-A distributed Cluster System

• The Architecture of a Cluster



Heterogeneities in Large-Scale Distributed systems

- •A wide variety of:
 - Hardware (e.g., SSDs, HDDs, Tapes)
 - Software (e.g, HDFS, Lustre, PVFS)
- ▶ Heterogeneities affect performance

Can we leverage heterogeneity features to improve security for distributed systems?

Heterogeneity Influence on Storage Assurance

Do (Not) Put Our Eggs into One Basket











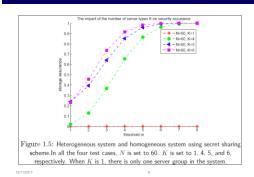


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Multiple server-type groups

- •Diversity make sense?
 - •A team with diversity make creativity
 - A system with diversity may improve security
 - Classify storage nodes of a system into different "server types" based on their different security level or strategy

Heterogeneity Impact in S-FAS(NAS '11)



Data Replication to Improve Reliability

- •Reliability is highly Desired
- Data Replication to enhance reliability
- There may be two cases
 - ullet Case 1: Each file fragment has the same number t of replicas.
 - Case 2: File fragments have various number (i.e., t1, t2, ..., tx) copies of replicas.

Top Desired Properties: Security, Performance and Reliability

- Diversity—Positive or Negative?
- Diversity in a Team
 - A team with diversity is more creative
- Make Good Use of Heterogeneous Feature in Storage Nodes to Improve
 - Performance- a lot of work done
 - Security-very little done
 - Reliability-very little done



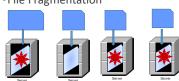
Objective

A storage solution for heterogeneous cloud storage

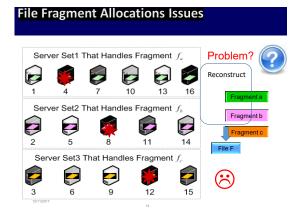
with data replication considering security and performance.

Fragmentation & Secret Sharing

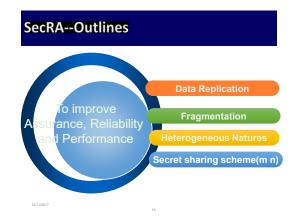
- •(m, n) Secret sharing e.g., (2, 3)
- File Fragmentation



Motivation: Storage nodes in a distributed system have heterogeneous vulnerabilities.



SecRA System Model



SecRA--Security

- Classify storage nodes into multiple servertype groups
- •Fragments of a file are assigned to storage nodes from as many different server-type groups as possible.
- •Replicas of the same fragment are assigned to nodes of the same server-type

SecRA--Performance

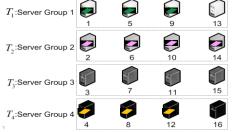
Assigns at least one complete replica set of a file to a subsystem that is close to clients.

A Case Study for SecRA

Store fragments of a file across more server-type groups

Store replicas of a fragment across less server-type groups

T;:Server Group 1



Assurance Model for SecRA

- •Multiplication Principle
- Conditional Probability
- Combinatorics

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Assurance Model for SecRA

Static Assurance

 $SA(\alpha) = 1 - P(V)$

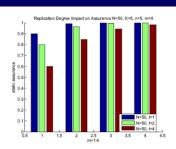
$$=1-\sum_{j=1}^{K}\{\frac{S_{j}}{N}*P(Z)*\frac{\sum\limits_{y=m}^{S_{j}}\left[T(m,y)+T(m+1,y)+\ldots+T(n,y)\right]}{C_{N}^{t}*C_{N-t}^{t}*C_{N-2t}^{t}*\ldots*C_{N-(n-1)t}^{t}}\}$$

$$\begin{split} T(x,y) &= C_x^x * C_{xt}^y - C_x^{x-1} * C_{(x-1)t}^y + \dots \\ &= \sum_{i=0}^{x-1} (-1)^i * C_x^{x-i} * C_{(x-i)t}^y \end{split}$$

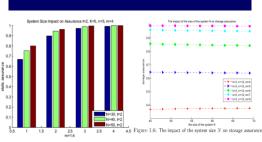
Design of Evaluation Experiments

- Replication Degree
- System Size
- •Number of Fragments of a File

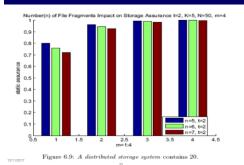
Preliminary Results(1)



Preliminary Results(2)



Preliminary Results(3)



Future Work

- •Dynamic replica reallocation scheme
- •Implement the scheme in a cloud storage system
- •Evaluate SecRa by real world trace

Summary

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Thank you!

Suggestions & Questions?

