Coding Challenge - Loan Management System

Create SQL Schema from the customer and loan class, use the class attributes for table column names.

SQL Code

```
create database loan management;
create table customers (
      customer id int primary key,
      name varchar(100),
      email address varchar(100),
      phone number varchar(15),
      address varchar(255),
      credit_score int
);
create table loans (
      loan id int primary key,
      customer id int,
      principal amount float,
      interest rate float,
      loan term int,
      loan_type enum('HomeLoan', 'CarLoan') not null,
      loan status enum('Pending', 'Approved', 'Rejected') default 'Pending',
      foreign key (customer id) references customers(customer id)
);
create table home loans (
      loan id int primary key,
      property address varchar(255),
      property value int,
      foreign key (loan id) references loans(loan id)
);
create table car loans (
      loan id int primary key,
      car model varchar(100),
```

```
car value int,
          foreign key (loan id) references loans(loan id)
);
select * from customers;
select * from loans;
select * from home loans;
select * from car_loans;
Output
       2 11:21:10 create database loan_management
                                                                                                                 1 row(s) affected
       3 11:22:24 create table customers ( customer_id int primary key, name varchar(100), email_address varchar(100), p... 0 row(s) affected
       4 11:27:23 create table loans ( loan_id int primary key, customer_id int, principal_amount float, interest_rate float, l... 0 row(s) affected
       5 11:28:36 create table home_loans ( loan_id int primary key, property_address varchar(255), property_value int, for... 0 row(s) affected
       6 11:29:50 create table car_loans ( loan_id int primary key, car_model varchar(100), car_value int, foreign key (loan...
       12 11:38:47 show databases
                                                                                                               11 row(s) returned
       13 11:39:07 select *from customers LIMIT 0, 1000
                                                                                                               0 row(s) returned
       14 11:39:32 select *from loans LIMIT 0, 1000
                                                                                                              0 row(s) returned
       15 11:39:48 select *from home_loans LIMIT 0, 1000
                                                                                                               0 row(s) returned
       16 11:40:07 select *from car_loans LIMIT 0, 1000
                                                                                                              0 row(s) returned
       Database
      crime
      information_schema
      loan_management
      mysql
      order_details
      performance_schema
      customer_id
                               email_address phone_number
                                                                    address
                                                                                 credit_score
                     NULL
                                                                    NULL
                                                                               NULL
                              NULL
                                                NULL
       loan_id
                  customer_id
                                 principal_amount
                                                      interest_rate
                                                                        loan_term
                                                                                      loan_type
                                                                                                    loan_status
     NULL
                                                                                                   NULL
                 property_address
                                       property_value
                                       NULL
       loan_id
                  car_model
                                car_value
                NULL
      NULL
                               NULL
```

1. Define a `Customer` class with the following confidential attributes:

a. Customer ID

- b. Name
- c. Email Address
- d. Phone Number
- e. Address
- f. creditScore

Code

entity/customer.py

```
address=None, credit_score=None):
      self.__phone = phone
  @email.setter
      return self. phone
```

2. Define a base class 'Loan' with the following attributes:

- a. loanId
- b. customer (reference of customer class)
- c. principalAmount
- d. interestRate
- e. loanTerm (Loan Tenure in months)
- f. loanType (CarLoan, HomeLoan)
- g. loanStatus (Pending, Approved)

Code

entity/<u>loan.py</u>

```
class Loan:
    def __init__(self, loan_id=None, customer=None, principal_amount=None,
interest_rate=None, loan_term=None, loan_type=None, loan_status=None):
        self.__loan_id = loan_id
        self.__customer = customer
```

```
self. principal amount = principal amount
@property
def loan id(self, loan id):
@property
    self. principal amount = principal amount
    return self. loan type
def loan type(self, loan type):
    self. loan type = loan type
```

3. Create two subclasses: 'HomeLoan' and 'CarLoan'.

These subclasses should inherit from the Loan class and add attributes specific to their loan types.

a. HomeLoan should have a propertyAddress (String) and propertyValue (int) attribute.

entity/home loan.py

```
from entity.loan import Loan
class HomeLoan(Loan):
 def init (self, loan id=None, customer=None, principal amount=None, interest rate=None,
loan_term=None, loan_type="HomeLoan", loan_status="Pending", property_address=None,
property value=None):
   super(). init (loan id, customer, principal amount, interest rate, loan term, loan type, loan status)
   self.__property_address = property_address
   self.__property_value = property_value
 def property address(self):
   return self.__property_address
 @property address.setter
 def property_address(self, property_address):
   self.__property_address = property_address
 @property
 def property_value(self):
   return self.__property_value
 @property value.setter
 def property_value(self, property_value):
    self.__property_value = property_value
```

```
return super().__str__() + ", Property Address: {}, Property Value: {}".format(
    self.property_address,
    self.property_value
)
```

b. CarLoan should have a carModel (String) and carValue (int) attribute. *entity/car_loan.py*

```
from entity.loan import Loan
class CarLoan(Loan):
 def init (self, loan id=None, customer=None, principal amount=None, interest rate=None,
loan_term=None, loan_type="CarLoan", loan_status="Pending", car_model=None, car_value=None):
    super().__init__(loan_id, customer, principal_amount, interest_rate, loan_term, loan_type, loan_status)
   self. car model = car model
    self. car value = car value
 def car model(self):
   return self.__car_model
 @car model.setter
 def car model(self, car model):
   self. car model = car model
 @property
 def car value(self):
   return self.__car_value
 @car value.setter
 def car value(self, car value):
    self. car value = car value
 def str (self):
   return super(). str () + ", Car Model: {}, Car Value: {}".format(
      self.car model,
      self.car_value
```

4. Implement the following for all classes.

a. Write default constructors and overload the constructor with parameters, generate getter and setter, (print all information of attribute) methods for the attributes.

main/main.py

```
from entity.customer import Customer
from entity.loan import Loan
from entity.home_loan import HomeLoan
from entity.car_loan import CarLoan
```

Output

```
PS E:\Loan_management> python -m main.main
[Customer] ID: 1, Name: Teja, Credit Score: 750
[Loan] ID: 101, Customer ID: 1, Principal: 100000, Interest Rate: 7.5, Term: 24 months, Type: HomeLoan, Status: Pending
[Loan] ID: 102, Customer ID: 1, Principal: 150000, Interest Rate: 8.0, Term: 36 months, Type: HomeLoan, Status: Pending, Property Address: No.10 A Street, Property Value: 900000
[Loan] ID: 103, Customer ID: 1, Principal: 50000, Interest Rate: 9.0, Term: 12 months, Type: CarLoan, Status: Pending, Car Model: Maruti Swift, Car Value: 450000
PS E:\Loan_management>
```

5. Define ILoanRepository interface/abstract class with following methods to interact with database.

a. applyLoan(loan Loan):

pass appropriate parameters for creating loan. Initially loan status is pending and stored in database. before storing in database get confirmation from the user as Yes/No

```
def apply_loan(self, loan):
    conn = None
    cursor = None
    try:
        confirm = input("Do you want to apply for the loan? (Yes/No):
").strip().lower()
    if confirm != 'yes':
        print("Loan application cancelled.")
        return

    conn = DBUtil.get_connection()
    if conn is None:
        print("Error: MySQL Connection not available.")
        return
```

b. calculateInterest(loanId):

This method should calculate and return the interest amount for the loan. Loan should be retrieved from database and calculate the interest amount if loan not found generate InvalidLoanException.

- i. Overload the same method with required parameters to calculate the loan interest amount. It is used to calculate the loan interest while creating loan.
- ii. Interest = (Principal Amount * Interest Rate * Loan Tenure) / 12

```
def calculate_interest(self, loan_id):
    conn = None
    cursor = None
    try:
        conn = DBUtil.get_connection()
        if conn is None:
            print("Error: MySQL Connection not available.")
            return

        cursor = conn.cursor()
        cursor.execute("SELECT principal_amount, interest_rate, loan_term FROM loans WHERE loan_id = %s", (loan_id,))
        row = cursor.fetchone()
```

```
if row:
    principal, rate, term = row
    interest = (principal * rate * term) / 1200
    print(f"Interest for Loan ID {loan_id}: ₹{interest:.2f}")
    return interest
else:
    raise InvalidLoanException(f"Loan not found for ID: {loan_id}")

except InvalidLoanException as e:
    print(f"Error: {e}")

finally:
    if 'cursor' in locals() and cursor:
        cursor.close()
```

```
def calculate_interest_manual(self, principal, rate, term):
   interest = (principal * rate * term) / 1200
   print(f"Manual Interest: ₹{interest:.2f}")
   return interest
```

c. loanStatus(loanId):

This method should display a message indicating that the loan is approved or rejected based on credit score, if credit score above 650 loan approved else rejected and should update in database.

```
def loan_status(self, loan_id):
    conn = None
    cursor = None
    try:
        conn = DBUtil.get_connection()
        if conn is None:
            print("Error: MySQL Connection not available.")
            return

        cursor = conn.cursor()
        cursor.execute("""
            SELECT c.credit_score FROM loans l
            JOIN customers c ON l.customer_id = c.customer_id
            WHERE l.loan_id = %s
        """, (loan_id,))
        row = cursor.fetchone()

        if row:
            credit_score = row[0]
            status = "Approved" if credit_score > 650 else "Rejected"
            cursor.execute("UPDATE loans SET loan_status = %s WHERE loan_id = %s", (status, loan_id))
            conn.commit()
            print(f"Loan Status for Loan ID {loan_id}: {status}")
        else:
            raise InvalidLoanException(f"Loan not found for ID: {loan_id}")
```

```
print(f"Error: {e}")

finally:
   if 'cursor' in locals() and cursor:
      cursor.close()
```

d. calculateEMI(loanId):

This method will calculate the emi amount for a month to repayment. Loan should be retrieved from database and calculate the interest amount, if loan not found generate InvalidLoanException.

- i. Overload the same method with required parameters to calculate the loan EMI amount. It is used to calculate the loan EMI while creating loan.
- ii. $EMI = [P * R * (1+R)^N] / [(1+R)^N-1] 1$. EMI: The Equated Monthly Installment.
- 2. P: Principal Amount (Loan Amount).
- 3. R: Monthly Interest Rate (Annual Interest Rate / 12 / 100).
- 4. N: Loan Tenure in months.

```
def calculate_emi(self, loan_id):
    conn = None
    cursor = None
    try:
        conn = DBUtil.get_connection()
        if conn is None:
            print("Error: MySQL Connection not available.")
            return

        cursor = conn.cursor()
        cursor.execute("SELECT principal_amount, interest_rate, loan_term FROM
loans WHERE loan_id = %s", (loan_id,))
        row = cursor.fetchone()

        if row:
            P, R_annual, N = row
            R = R_annual / (12 * 100)
            emi = (P * R * (1 + R) ** N) / ((1 + R) ** N - 1)
            print(f"EMI for Loan ID {loan_id}: ₹{emi:.2f}")
            return emi
        else:
            raise InvalidLoanException(f"Loan not found for ID: {loan_id}")

except InvalidLoanException as e:
        print(f"Error: {e}")

finally:
        if 'cursor' in locals() and cursor:
            cursor.close()
```

```
def calculate_emi_manual(self, principal, rate, term):
```

```
R = rate / (12 * 100)
emi = (principal * R * (1 + R) ** term) / ((1 + R) ** term - 1)
print(f"Error: {e}")
return emi
```

```
def calculate_emi_overload(self, *args):
    if len(args) == 1:
        return self.calculate_emi(args[0])
    elif len(args) == 3:
        return self.calculate_emi_manual(args[0], args[1], args[2])
    else:
        raise ValueError("Invalid arguments for calculate_emi_overload")
```

```
def calculate_interest_overload(self, *args):
    if len(args) == 1:
        return self.calculate_interest(args[0])
    elif len(args) == 3:
        return self.calculate_interest_manual(args[0], args[1], args[2])
    else:
        raise ValueError("Invalid arguments for calculate_interest_overload")
```

f. getAllLoan():

get all loan as list and print the details.

```
def get_all_loans(self):
    conn = None
    cursor = None
    try:
        conn = DBUtil.get_connection()
        if conn is None:
            print("Error: MySQL Connection not available.")
            return

        cursor = conn.cursor()
        cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM loans")
        rows = cursor.fetchall()
        print("All Loans:")
        for row in rows:
            print(row)
        except Exception as e:
        print("Error fetching loans:", e)
        finally:
        if 'cursor' in locals() and cursor:
            cursor.close()
```

g. getLoanById(loanId):

get loan and print the details, if loan not found generate InvalidLoanException.

```
def get_loan_by_id(self, loan_id):
    conn = None
```

```
cursor = None
try:
    conn = DBUtil.get_connection()
    if conn is None:
        print("Error: MySQL Connection not available.")
        return

cursor = conn.cursor()
    cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM loans WHERE loan_id = %s", (loan_id,))
    row = cursor.fetchone()

if row:
    print(f"Loan Details for ID {loan_id}:")
    print(row)
    return row
else:
    raise InvalidLoanException(f"Loan not found for ID: {loan_id}")

except InvalidLoanException as e:
    print(f"Error: {e}")

finally:
    if 'cursor' in locals() and cursor:
        cursor.close()
```

6. Define ILoanRepositoryImpl class and implement the ILoanRepository interface and provide implementation of all methods.

dao/iloan repository

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod

class ILoanRepository(ABC):

    @abstractmethod
    def apply_loan(self, loan):
        pass

    @abstractmethod
    def calculate_interest(self, loan_id):
        pass

    @abstractmethod
    def calculate_interest_overload(self, principal, rate, term):
        pass

    @abstractmethod
    def calculate_interest_overload(self, principal, rate, term):
        pass

    @abstractmethod
    def loan_status(self, loan_id):
        pass
```

```
@abstractmethod
def calculate_emi(self, loan_id):
    pass

@abstractmethod
def calculate_emi_overload(self, principal, rate, term):
    pass

@abstractmethod
def loan_repayment(self, loan_id, amount):
    pass

@abstractmethod
def get_all_loans(self):
    pass

@abstractmethod
def get_loan_by_id(self, loan_id):
    pass
```

exception/exceptions.py

```
class InvalidLoanException(Exception):
    def __init__(self, message="Loan not found with the given ID."):
        self.message = message
        super().__init__(self.message)
```

dao/iloan repository implementation

```
import mysql.connector
from dao.iloan_repository import ILoanRepository
from exeception.exceptions import InvalidLoanException
from util.db_conn_util import DBUtil
from entity.loan import Loan

class LoanRepositoryImpl(ILoanRepository):

    def apply_loan(self, loan):
        conn = None
        cursor = None
        try:
        confirm = input("Do you want to apply for the loan? (Yes/No):
").strip().lower()
        if confirm != 'yes':
            print("Loan application cancelled.")
            return

        conn = DBUtil.get_connection()
        if conn is None:
            print("Error: MySQL Connection not available.")
            return
```

```
values = (
              loan.loan type,
              cursor.close()
FROM loans WHERE loan id = %s", (loan id,))
          row = cursor.fetchone()
              principal, rate, term = row
              raise InvalidLoanException(f"Loan not found for ID:
      except InvalidLoanException as e:
```

```
cursor.close()
def calculate interest manual(self, principal, rate, term):
    interest = (principal * rate * term) / 1200
        cursor = conn.cursor()
        cursor.execute("""
        """, (loan id,))
           cursor.execute("UPDATE loans SET loan status = %s WHERE
            raise InvalidLoanException(f"Loan not found for ID:
    except InvalidLoanException as e:
           cursor.close()
```

```
cursor.execute("SELECT principal amount, interest rate, loan term
        row = cursor.fetchone()
            print(f"EMI for Loan ID {loan id}: ₹{emi:.2f}")
            raise InvalidLoanException(f"Loan not found for ID:
    except InvalidLoanException as e:
            cursor.close()
    emi = (principal * R * (1 + R) ** term) / ((1 + R) ** term - 1)
def calculate emi overload(self, *args):
    if len(args) == 1:
    elif len(args) == 3:
        return self.calculate emi manual(args[0], args[1], args[2])
def calculate interest overload(self, *args):
    if len(args) == 1:
    elif len(args) == 3:
        return self.calculate interest manual(args[0], args[1], args[2])
```

```
num_emis = int(amount // emi)
      cursor = None
          conn = DBUtil.get_connection()
          cursor = conn.cursor()
          rows = cursor.fetchall()
              cursor.close()
          cursor = conn.cursor()
(loan id,))
          row = cursor.fetchone()
          if row:
              raise InvalidLoanException(f"Loan not found for ID:
      except InvalidLoanException as e:
```

```
finally:
   if 'cursor' in locals() and cursor:
      cursor.close()
```

7. Create DBUtil class and add the following method.

a. static getDBConn():Connection Establish a connection to the database and return Connection reference

util/db_conn_util.py

util/db property util.py

8. Create LoanManagement main class and perform following operation:

a. main method to simulate the loan management system. Allow the user to interact with the system by entering choice from menu such as "applyLoan", "getAllLoan", "getLoan", "loanRepayment", "exit."

main/main.py

```
sys.path.append(os.path.abspath(os.path.join(os.path.dirname( file ),
from dao.iloan_repository_implementation import LoanRepositoryImpl
from entity.loan import Loan
def show menu():
def main():
  while True:
              principal = float(input("Enter Principal Amount: "))
               loan type = input("Enter Loan Type (HomeLoan/CarLoan):
").strip()
```

```
loan type=loan_type,
    repo.apply loan(loan)
repo.get all loans()
repo.get loan by id(loan id)
repo.calculate_interest(loan_id)
repo.calculate emi(loan id)
repo.loan repayment(loan id, amount)
repo.loan_status(loan_id)
```

```
print("Invalid choice. Please try again.")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Output

Apply for Loan

```
==== Loan Management System ====
1. Apply for a Loan
2. View All Loans
3. View Loan by ID
4. Calculate Interest
5. Calculate EMI
6. Make Loan Repayment
7. Update Loan Status
0. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter Loan ID (must be unique): 2
Enter Customer ID: 2
Enter Principal Amount: 60000
Enter Interest Rate: 5.6
Enter Loan Term (in months): 50
Enter Loan Type (HomeLoan/CarLoan): HomeLoan
Do you want to apply for the loan? (Yes/No): Yes
Loan application submitted successfully.
```

View ALL loans

```
Enter your choice: 2
All Loans:
(1, 1, 600000.0, 7.5, 60, 'HomeLoan', 'Pending')
(2, 2, 60000.0, 5.6, 50, 'HomeLoan', 'Pending')
(101, 1, 500000.0, 7.5, 60, 'HomeLoan', 'Approved')
(102, 2, 300000.0, 9.0, 48, 'CarLoan', 'Pending')
(103, 3, 250000.0, 8.5, 36, 'HomeLoan', 'Pending')
(104, 4, 450000.0, 10.0, 24, 'CarLoan', 'Pending')
```

```
Enter your choice: 3
Enter Loan ID: 2
Loan Details for ID 2:
(2, 2, 60000.0, 5.6, 50, 'HomeLoan', 'Pending')
```

Calculate Interest

```
Enter your choice: 4
Enter Loan ID: 2
Interest for Loan ID 2: ₹14000.00
```

Calculate EMI

```
Enter your choice: 5
Enter Loan ID: 2
EMI for Loan ID 2: ₹1348.22
```

Make Loan Payment

```
Enter your choice: 6
Enter Loan ID: 2
Enter Repayment Amount: 1400
EMI for Loan ID 2: ₹1348.22
Payment of ₹1400.00 will cover 1 EMI(s).
```

Update Loan Status

```
Enter your choice: 7
Enter Loan ID to update status: 2
Loan Status for Loan ID 2: Approved
```

Exit

```
Enter your choice: 0
Exiting Loan Management System.
PS E:\Loan_management>
```