

#### Logic Building Assignment: 17

Create separate visual Studio project for each problem statement separately.

1. Accept N numbers from user and return difference between summation of even elements and summation of odd elements.

```
6
Input:
           N:
           Elements: 85
                                 3
                                            93
                           66
                                       80
                                                  88
Output:
           53
                (234 - 181)
Program Layout:
#include<stdio.h>
int Difference(int Arr[], int iLength)
     // Logic
int main()
{
     int iSize = 0,iRet = 0,iCnt = 0;
     int *p = NULL;
     printf("Enter number of elements");
     scanf("%d",&iSize);
     p = (int *)malloc(iSize * sizeof(int));
     if(p == NULL)
     {
           printf("Unable to allocate memory");
           return -1;
     }
     printf("Enter %d elements ",iLength);
     for(iCnt = 0;i<iLength; iCnt++)</pre>
     {
           printf("Enter element : %d",iCnt+1);
           scanf("%d",&p[iCnt]);
     }
```



```
iRet = Difference(p, iSize);
printf("Result is %d",iRet);
free(p);
return 0;
}
```

# 2. Accept N numbers from user and display all such elements which are divisible by 5.

88

```
Input:
           N :
                      6
                                       80
           Elements: 85
                                             93
                            66
                                 3
Output:
           85
                80
Program Layout 4
#include<stdio.h>
void Display(int Arr[], int iLength)
{
     // Logic
int main()
     int iSize = 0,iRet = 0,iCnt = 0;
     int *p = NULL;
     printf("Enter number of elements");
     scanf("%d",&iSize);
     p = (int *)malloc(iSize * sizeof(int));
     if(p == NULL)
     {
           printf("Unable to allocate memory");
           return -1;
     }
     printf("Enter %d elements ",iLength);
     for(iCnt = 0;iCnt<iLength; iCnt++)</pre>
```



## 3. Accept N numbers from user and display all such elements which are even and divisible by 5.

```
Input:
           N :
                      6
           Elements: 85
                            66
                                 3
                                       80
                                            93
                                                  88
Output:
           80
Program Layout:
#include<stdio.h>
void Display(int Arr[], int iLength)
     // Logic
int main()
{
     int iSize = 0,iRet = 0,iCnt = 0;
     int *p = NULL;
     printf("Enter number of elements");
     scanf("%d",&iSize);
     p = (int *)malloc(iSize * sizeof(int));
     if(p == NULL)
     {
           printf("Unable to allocate memory");
           return -1;
     }
     printf("Enter %d elements ",iLength);
```



```
for(iCnt = 0;iCnt<iLength; iCnt++)
{
         printf("Enter element : %d",iCnt+1);
         scanf("%d",&p[iCnt]);
}

Display(p, iSize);

free(p);

return 0;
}</pre>
```

### 4. Accept N numbers from user and display all such elements which are divisible by 3 and 5.

88

```
Input:
           N:
                      6
           Elements: 85
                                 3
                           66
                                       15
                                            93
Output:
           15
Program Layout:
#include<stdio.h>
void Display(int Arr[], int iLength)
     // Logic
int main()
     int iSize = 0,iRet = 0,iCnt = 0;
     int *p = NULL;
     printf("Enter number of elements");
     scanf("%d",&iSize);
     p = (int *)malloc(iSize * sizeof(int));
     if(p == NULL)
     {
           printf("Unable to allocate memory");
           return -1;
     }
```



```
printf("Enter %d elements ",iLength);

for(iCnt = 0;iCnt<iLength; iCnt++)
{
        printf("Enter element : %d",iCnt+1);
        scanf("%d",&p[iCnt]);
}

Display(p, iSize);

free(p);

return 0;
}</pre>
```

# 5. Accept N numbers from user and display all such elements which are multiples of 11.

```
Input:
                      6
           N :
                           66
           Elements: 85
                                 3
                                       55
                                            93
                                                  88
                55
                      88
Output:
           66
Program Layout:
#include<stdio.h>
void Display(int Arr[], int iLength)
     // Logic
int main()
{
     int iSize = 0,iRet = 0,iCnt = 0;
     int *p = NULL;
     printf("Enter number of elements");
     scanf("%d",&iSize);
     p = (int *)malloc(iSize * sizeof(int));
     if(p == NULL)
     {
           printf("Unable to allocate memory");
           return -1;
```



```
}
     printf("Enter %d elements ",iLength);
     for(iCnt = 0;iCnt<iLength; iCnt++)</pre>
     {
           printf("Enter element : %d",iCnt+1);
           scanf("%d",&p[iCnt]);
     }
     Display(p, iSize);
     free(p);
     return 0;
}
```