

# About The Project

## Context

This is an attempt to document the human cost of Israel-Palestine conflict. The Israeli-Palestinian conflict is one of the world's most enduring conflicts, with the Israeli occupation of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip reaching 54 years of conflict. Various attempts have been made to resolve the conflict as part of the Israeli-Palestinian peace process. In the year 2000, the relations between both states severely deteriorated with the eruption of the Al-Aqsa Intifada – a rapid escalation of the Israeli-Palestinian conflict. The events calmed down in 2005, with reconciliation and cease fire. The situation became more complicated with the split of the Palestinian Authority in 2007, the violent split of Fatah and Hamas factions, and Hamas' takeover of the Gaza Strip.

## Content

The datasets contain injuries and fatalities data from both sides from 2000 - 2021. It has year, month, number of people killed and injured from Israel and Palestine. There are 111,475 people injured and 10,000 killed from Palestine and another 5,160 people injured and 1,275 killed from Israel. The House Demolition dataset further helps us analyse the loss of infrastructure caused by warfare.

## Objective Of Project

To Answer The Following Questions:

- Which Years Have Seen Most Bloodshed In The Region?
- What Is The Countrywise Share Of Casualties?
- Compare The Decadal Change In Total Casualties
- Investigate The Reasons For Casualties Faced By Israelis In Their Worst Year Of Crisis
- Investigate The Reasons For Casualties Faced By Palestinians In Their Worst Year Of Crisis
- Is There Any Significant Rise Or Decline In Casualties With Respect To Different Months Of Year?
- Are Highest Casualties In Given Years Consistent With The Destruction Of Infrastructure?
- Analyse The Effects Of 2014 Invasion By Israeli Military
- Analyse The 2007 Battle Of Gaza