

Start coding or [generate](#) with AI.

import the pandas library and aliasing as pd

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
data = np.array(['a','b','c','d'])
s=pd.Series(data)
print(s)
```

```
0    a
1    b
2    c
3    d
dtype: object
```

```
us=pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5],index = ['a','b','c','d','e'])
print(s[0])
```

```
1
```

```
s=pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5],index=['a','b','c','d','e'])
print(s)
print(s[:3])
```

```
a    1
b    2
c    3
d    4
e    5
dtype: int64
a    1
b    2
c    3
dtype: int64
```

```
print(s['a'])
```

```
1
```

```
print(s[['a','c','d']])
```

```
a    1
c    3
d    4
dtype: int64
```

```
df=pd.DataFrame()
print(df)
```

```
Empty DataFrame
Columns: []
Index: []
```

```
data=[1,2,3,4,5]
df=pd.DataFrame(data)
print(df)
```

```
0
0  1
1  2
2  3
3  4
4  5
```

```
data=[['Alex',10],['Bob',12],['Shamithaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa',13]]
df=pd.DataFrame(data,columns=['Name','Age'])
print(df)
```

```
      Name  Age
0     Alex   10
1      Bob   12
2  Shamithaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa  13
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
data=[['Alex',10],['Bob',12],['Shamithaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa',13]]
df=pd.DataFrame(data,columns=['Name','Age'],dtype=float)
print(df)
```

```

      Name  Age
0      Alex  10.0
1       Bob  12.0
2  Shamithaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa  13.0
<ipython-input-4-7ceeb70c6172>:2: FutureWarning: Could not cast to float64, falling back to object. This behavior is deprecated. In
df=pd.DataFrame(data,columns=['Name','Age'],dtype=float)
```

Creating a dataframe

```
data = [{'a': 1, 'b': 2}, {'a': 5, 'b': 10, 'c': 20}]
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
print(df)
```

```

   a  b  c
0  1  2 NaN
1  5 10 20.0
```

list of dictionaries and row indices

```
data = [{'a': 1, 'b': 2}, {'a': 5, 'b': 10, 'c': 20}]
df= pd.DataFrame(data,index=['first','second'])
print(df)
```

```

      a  b  c
first  1  2 NaN
second 5 10 20.0
```

```
data = [{'a': 1, 'b': 2}, {'a': 5, 'b': 10, 'c': 20}]
#with two column indices, values same as dictionary keys
df1=pd.DataFrame(data,index=['first','second'],columns=['a','b'])
df2=pd.DataFrame(data,index=['first','second'],columns=['a','b1'])
print(df1)
print(df2)
```

```

      a  b
first  1  2
second 5 10
      a  b1
first  1 NaN
second 5 NaN
```

```
d = {'one': pd.Series([1,2,3],index=['a','b','c']),'two':pd.Series([1,2,3,4],index=['a','b','c','d'])}
df=pd.DataFrame(d)
print(df)
```

```

      one  two
a  1.0    1
b  2.0    2
c  3.0    3
d  NaN    4
```

```
d = {'one': pd.Series([1,2,3],index=['a','b','c']),'two':pd.Series([1,2,3,4],index=['a','b','c','d'])}
df=pd.DataFrame(d)
print(df['one'])
```

```

a    1.0
b    2.0
c    3.0
d    NaN
Name: one, dtype: float64
```

COLUMN ADDITION

```
d={'one':pd.Series([1,2,3],index=['a','b','c']),'two':pd.Series([1,2,3,4],index=['a','b','c','d'])}
df=pd.DataFrame(d)
print("Adding a new coulumn by passing as Series: ")
df['three']=pd.Series([10,20,30],index=['a','b','c'])
print(df)
print("Adding a new coulumn using the existing columns in DataFrame: ")
df['four']=df['one']+df['three']
print(df)
```

Adding a new coulumn by passing as Series:

	one	two	three
a	1.0	1	10.0
b	2.0	2	20.0
c	3.0	3	30.0
d	NaN	4	NaN

Adding a new coulumn using the existing columns in DataFrame:

	one	two	three	four
a	1.0	1	10.0	11.0
b	2.0	2	20.0	22.0
c	3.0	3	30.0	33.0
d	NaN	4	NaN	NaN

#Using the previous DataFrame , we will delete a column , using del function

```
d={'one':pd.Series([1,2,3],index=['a','b','c']),'two':pd.Series([1,2,3,4],index=['a','b','c','d']),'three':pd.Series([10,20,30],index=[
df=pd.DataFrame(d)
print("Our dataframe is: ")
print(df)
```

Our dataframe is:

	one	two	three
a	1.0	1	10.0
b	2.0	2	20.0
c	3.0	3	30.0
d	NaN	4	NaN

#using del function

```
print("Deleting the first column using the DEL function: ")
del(df['one'])
print(df)
```

Deleting the first column using the DEL function:

	two	three
a	1	10.0
b	2	20.0
c	3	30.0
d	4	NaN

#using pop function

```
print("Deleting another column using POP function: ")
df.pop('two')
print(df)
```

Deleting another column using POP function:

	three
a	10.0
b	20.0
c	30.0
d	NaN

Rows can be selectd by passing row label to a loc function

```
d={'one':pd.Series([1,2,3],index=['a','b','c']),'two':pd.Series([1,2,3,4],index=['a','b','c','d'])}
df=pd.DataFrame(d)
print(df.loc['b'])
```

	one	two
b	2.0	2.0

Name: b, dtype: float64

```
d={'one':pd.Series([1,2,3],index=['a','b','c']),'two':pd.Series([1,2,3,4],index=['a','b','c','d'])}
df=pd.DataFrame(d)
print(df.iloc[2])
```

	one	two
c	3.0	3.0

Name: c, dtype: float64

Multiple rows can be selected using ':' operator

```
d={'one':pd.Series([1,2,3],index=['a','b','c']),'two':pd.Series([1,2,3,4],index=['a','b','c','d'])}
df=pd.DataFrame(d)
print(df[2:4])
```

	one	two
c	3.0	3
d	NaN	4

Addition of rows

```
df=pd.DataFrame([[1,2],[3,4]],columns=['a','b'])
df2=pd.DataFrame([[5,6],[7,8]],columns=['a','b'])
df=df.append(df2)
print(df)
```

```
   a  b
0  1  2
1  3  4
0  5  6
1  7  8
```

<ipython-input-21-d31ad2479008>:3: FutureWarning: The frame.append method is deprecated and will be removed from pandas in a future version. Use df=df.append(df2)

DELETION OF ROW

```
df=pd.DataFrame([[1,2],[3,4]],columns=['a','b'])
df2=pd.DataFrame([[5,6],[7,8]],columns=['a','b'])
df=df.append(df2)
#Drop row with label 0
df=df.drop(0)
print(df)
```

```
   a  b
1  3  4
1  7  8
```

<ipython-input-23-6cdd276a5b23>:3: FutureWarning: The frame.append method is deprecated and will be removed from pandas in a future version. Use df=df.append(df2)

```
d=pd.read_csv("/content/advertising (1).csv")
```

```
d.head()
```

	TV	Radio	Newspaper	Sales
0	230.1	37.8	69.2	22.1
1	44.5	39.3	45.1	10.4
2	17.2	45.9	69.3	12.0
3	151.5	41.3	58.5	16.5
4	180.8	10.8	58.4	17.9

```
d.tail()
```

	TV	Radio	Newspaper	Sales
195	38.2	3.7	13.8	7.6
196	94.2	4.9	8.1	14.0
197	177.0	9.3	6.4	14.8
198	283.6	42.0	66.2	25.5
199	232.1	8.6	8.7	18.4

```
d.shape
```

```
(200, 4)
```

```
d.describe()
```

	TV	Radio	Newspaper	Sales
count	200.000000	200.000000	200.000000	200.000000
mean	147.042500	23.264000	30.554000	15.130500
std	85.854236	14.846809	21.778621	5.283892
min	0.700000	0.000000	0.300000	1.600000
25%	74.375000	9.975000	12.750000	11.000000
50%	149.750000	22.900000	25.750000	16.000000
75%	218.825000	36.525000	45.100000	19.050000
max	296.400000	49.600000	114.000000	27.000000

d.info

```
<bound method DataFrame.info of          TV  Radio  Newspaper  Sales
0    230.1    37.8         69.2    22.1
1     44.5    39.3         45.1    10.4
2     17.2    45.9         69.3    12.0
3    151.5    41.3         58.5    16.5
4    180.8    10.8         58.4    17.9
..     ...     ...         ...     ...
195   38.2     3.7         13.8     7.6
196   94.2     4.9          8.1    14.0
197  177.0     9.3          6.4    14.8
198  283.6    42.0         66.2    25.5
199  232.1     8.6          8.7    18.4

[200 rows x 4 columns]>
```