

4.4-Variation of Parameter

#UCLA

#Y1Q3

#Math33B

Variation of Parameters

Key Definitions

Variation of Parameters - a method to find a particular solution to [4.3.1-Inhomogeneous 2nd Order Linear Differentials](#) when [4.3.2-Method of Undetermined Coefficients](#) is not possible
i.e. p, q are not constant or $g(t)$ is not "simple"

Variation of Parameters

Given the fundamental set of solutions y_1, y_2 to a [4.2-Homogenous 2nd Order Linear](#):

$$Y'' + PY' + QY = 0$$

s.t. y_1, y_2 are lin. indep. as given by the [4.1-2nd Order Linear Differentials > Wronskian](#):

$$W(t) := y_1 y_2' - y_2 y_1' \neq 0$$

Then the [4.3.1-Inhomogeneous 2nd Order Linear Differentials](#):

$$Y'' + PY' + QY = G(t)$$

has a particular sol.:

$$Y_P(T) = Y_1 \int \frac{-Y_2(T)G(T)}{W(T)}dT + Y_2 \int \frac{Y_1(T)G(T)}{W(T)}dT$$