

1. Create project - RegistraionLogin and Create app – myapp in it

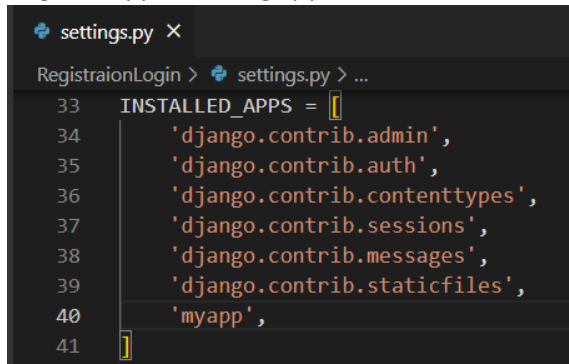
```
\my notes\Django>django-admin startproject RegistraionLogin

\my notes\Django>cd RegistraionLogin

\my notes\Django\RegistraionLogin>python manage.py startapp myapp

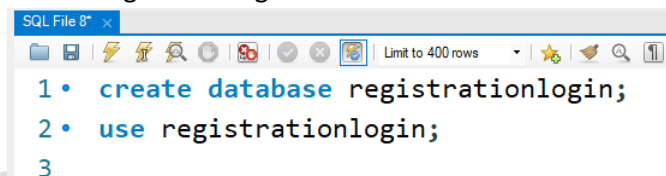
\my notes\Django\RegistraionLogin>
```

2. Register app in settings.py



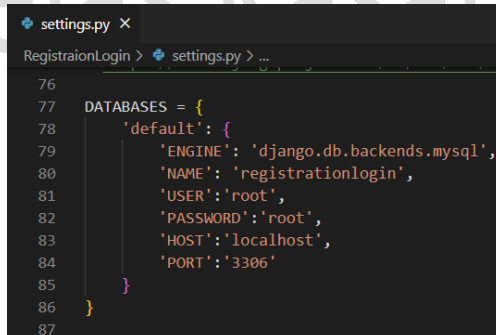
```
settings.py X
RegistraionLogin > settings.py > ...
33 INSTALLED_APPS = [
34     'django.contrib.admin',
35     'django.contrib.auth',
36     'django.contrib.contenttypes',
37     'django.contrib.sessions',
38     'django.contrib.messages',
39     'django.contrib.staticfiles',
40     'myapp',
41 ]
```

3. Create RegistraionLogin database in workbench



```
SQL File 8* X
Limit to 400 rows
1 • create database registrationlogin;
2 • use registrationlogin;
3
```

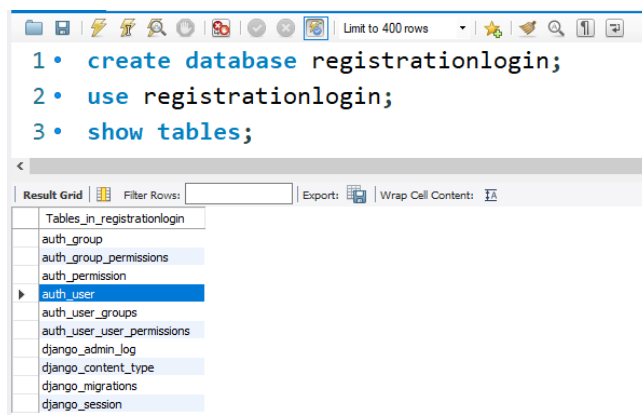
4. In settings.py change database details into mysql



```
settings.py X
RegistraionLogin > settings.py > ...
76
77 DATABASES = {
78     'default': {
79         'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.mysql',
80         'NAME': 'registrationlogin',
81         'USER': 'root',
82         'PASSWORD': 'root',
83         'HOST': 'localhost',
84         'PORT': '3306'
85     }
86 }
87
```

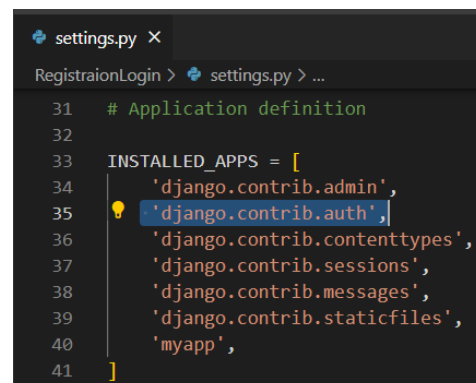
5. makemigrations
6. migrate
7. check tables in workbench

Where auth is name of application and user is name of model present inside auth application



```
1 • create database registrationlogin;
2 • use registrationlogin;
3 • show tables;
```

Tables_in_registrationlogin
auth_group
auth_group_permissions
auth_permission
auth_user
auth_user_groups
auth_user_user_permissions
django_admin_log
django_content_type
django_migrations
django_session



```
settings.py X
RegistraionLogin > settings.py > ...
31 # Application definition
32
33 INSTALLED_APPS = [
34     'django.contrib.admin',
35     'django.contrib.auth',
36     'django.contrib.contenttypes',
37     'django.contrib.sessions',
38     'django.contrib.messages',
39     'django.contrib.staticfiles',
40     'myapp',
41 ]
```

8. let's describe auth_user table to get its structure

4 • desc auth_user;

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
password	varchar(128)	NO		NULL	
last_login	datetime(6)	YES		NULL	
is_superuser	tinyint(1)	NO		NULL	
username	varchar(150)	NO	UNI	NULL	
first_name	varchar(150)	NO		NULL	
last_name	varchar(150)	NO		NULL	
email	varchar(254)	NO		NULL	
is_staff	tinyint(1)	NO		NULL	
is_active	tinyint(1)	NO		NULL	
date_joined	datetime(6)	NO		NULL	

9. create templates folder, register it in settings.py

```
settings.py X
RegistraionLogin > settings.py > ...
55 TEMPLATES = [
56     {
57         'BACKEND': 'django.template.backends
58         'DIRS': [BASE_DIR/'templates'],
59         'APP_DIRS': True,
```

10. create myapp folder in templates and create register.html file

```
▼ REGISTRAIONLOGIN
  > myapp
  > RegistraionLogin
  ▼ templates\myapp
    <> register.html
    ⚙ manage.py
```

11. code for register.html

```
<body>
  <table align="center" border="1" cellpadding="5" cellspacing="5">
    <form method="POST">
      {% csrf_token %}
      <thead>
        <tr>
          <th colspan="2">Registration Form</th>
        </tr>
      </thead>
      <tbody>
        <tr>
          <td><label for="username">UserName</label></td>
          <td><input type="text" id="username" name="username" value=""></td>
        </tr>
        <tr>
          <td><label for="password">Password</label></td>
          <td><input type="password" id="password" name="password" value=""></td>
        </tr>
        <tr>
          <td><label for="password2">Confirm Password</label></td>
          <td><input type="password" id="password2" name="password2" value=""></td>
        </tr>
        <tr>
          <td><input type="reset"></td>
          <td><input type="submit"></td>
        </tr>
      </tbody>
    </form>
  </table>
</body>
```

12. create view to show registration form

```
views.py X
myapp > views.py > ...
1 from django.shortcuts import render
2 from django.http import HttpResponse
3
4 # Create your views here.
5 def register_user(request):
6     return render(request, 'myapp/register.html')
7
```

13. create url pattern for above view at application level (create myapp_urls.py in myapp folder)

```
myapp_urls.py X
myapp > myapp_urls.py > ...
1 from django.urls import path
2 from myapp import views
3
4 urlpatterns = [
5     path('register/', views.register_user),
6 ]
7
```

14. create url for myapp -> myapp_url.py in urls.py (at project level)

```
urls.py X
RegistraionLogin > urls.py > ...
16 """
17 from django.contrib import admin
18 from django.urls import path, include
19
20 urlpatterns = [
21     path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
22     path('myapp/', include('myapp.myapp_urls')),
23 ]
24
```

15. runserver

16. check output



Registration Form	
UserName	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="password"/>
Confirm Password	<input type="password"/>
<input type="button" value="Reset"/>	<input type="button" value="Submit"/>

17. create superuser

```
C:\TEJAS KASARE (Very imp folder)\my notes\Django\RegistraionLogin>python manage.py createsuperuser
Username (leave blank to use 'admin'): tejas
Email address: tejas@gmail.com
Password:
Password (again):
Superuser created successfully.
```

18. check superuser details in auth_user table

```
5 • select * from auth_user;
```

<

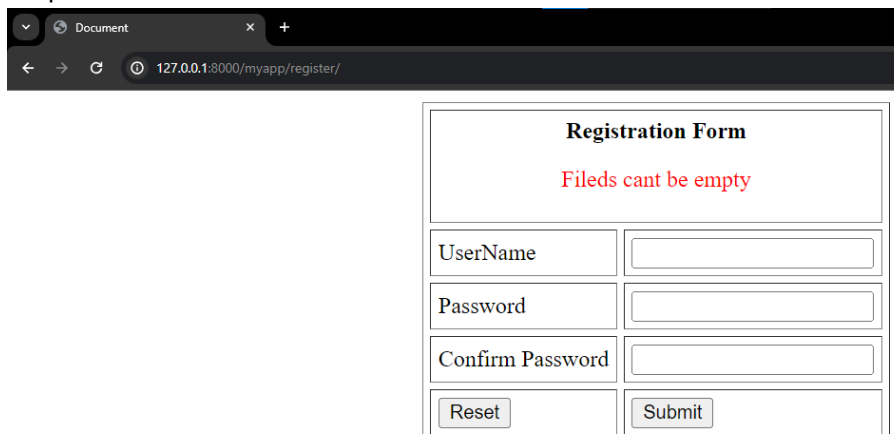
19. collect user data from registration form and insert into table – auth_user (update view logic)

```
views.py  X
myapp > views.py > ...
4 from django.contrib.auth.models import User
5 # Create your views here.
6 def register_user(request):
7     data={}
8     if request.method=="POST":
9         uname=request.POST['username']
10        upass=request.POST['password']
11        uconf_pass=request.POST['password2']
12        #implementing validation
13        if (uname==' ' or upass =='' or uconf_pass ==''):
14            data['error_msg']='Fields cant be empty'
15            return render(request,'myapp/register.html',context=data)
16        elif(upass!=uconf_pass):
17            data['error_msg']='Password and confirm password does not matched'
18            return render(request,'myapp/register.html',context=data)
19        elif(User.objects.filter(username=uname).exists()):
20            data['error_msg']=uname + ' already exist'
21            return render(request,'myapp/register.html',context=data)
22        else:
23            user=User.objects.create(username=uname)
24            #here username and password are column names present inside auth_user table
25            user.set_password(upass) #encrypting password
26            user.save() #saving data into table
27            return HttpResponse("Registration done")
28        return render(request,'myapp/register.html')
```

20. update register.html to show error

```
<body>
<table align="center" border="1" cellpadding="5" cellspacing="5">
  <form method="POST">
    {% csrf_token %}
    <thead>
      <tr>
        <th colspan="2">
          Registration Form
          {% if error_msg %}
          <p style="color: red; font-weight: lighter;">{{error_msg}}</p>
          {% endif %}
        </th>
      </tr>
    </thead>
  </form>
</body>
```

21. output



Registration Form	
Fields cant be empty	
UserName	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="password"/>
Confirm Password	<input type="password"/>
Reset	Submit

22. login functionality

- a. create login.html in templates > myapp folder

```
login.html X
templates > myapp > login.html
8 <body>
9 <table align="center" border="1" cellpadding="5" cellspacing="5">
10 <form method="POST">
11     {% csrf_token %}
12 <thead>
13 <tr>
14 <th colspan="2">
15     Login Form
16     {% if error_msg %}
17 <p style="color: red; font-weight: lighter;">{{error_msg}}</p>
18     {% endif %}
19 </th>
20 </tr>
21 </thead>
22 <tbody>
23 <tr>
24 <td><label for="username">UserName</label></td>
25 <td><input type="text" id="username" name="username" value=""></td>
26 </tr>
27 <tr>
28 <td><label for="password">Password</label></td>
29 <td><input type="password" id="password" name="password" value=""></td>
30 </tr>
31 <tr>
32 <td><input type="reset"></td>
33 <td><input type="submit"></td>
34 </tr>
35 </tbody>
36 </form>
37 </table>
38 </body>
```

- b. create view to view login form

```
33 def login_user(request):
34     return render(request, 'myapp/login.html')
35
```

- c. create url for above view (in application level – myapp_urls.py)

```
myapp_urls.py X
myapp > myapp_urls.py > ...
1 from django.urls import path
2 from myapp import views
3
4 urlpatterns = [
5     path('register/', views.register_user),
6     path('login/', views.login_user),
7 ]
8
```

- d. logic to perform login operation

```
33 def login_user(request):
34     data={}
35     if request.method=="POST":
36         uname=request.POST['username']
37         upass=request.POST['password']
38         #implementing validation
39         if (uname==' ' or upass =='' ):
40             data['error_msg']='Fields cant be empty'
41             return render(request,'myapp/login.html',context=data)
42         elif(not User.objects.filter(username=uname).exists()):
43             data['error_msg']=uname + ' user is not registered'
44             return render(request,'myapp/login.html',context=data)
45         else:
46             #from django.contrib.auth import authenticate
47             user=authenticate(username=uname,password=upass)
48             print(user)
49             if user is not None:
50                 return redirect('/myapp/home')
51             else:
52                 data['error_msg']='Wrong Password'
53                 return render(request,'myapp/login.html',context=data)
54     return render(request,'myapp/login.html')
```

There are 2 important line

1 – authenticate() function – accepts username and password and return User object if user exist with given credentials otherwise None(line 47 above)

2- on successful login, we are redirecting to home page. So we need to create home.html file, view to display home.html and finally url for view.

- e. Creating home.html in templates > myapp folder

```
<> home.html X
templates > myapp > <> home.html
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3 <head>
4 | <title>Document</title>
5 </head>
6 <body>
7 | <h1>Welcome to home</h1>
8 </body>
9 </html>|
```

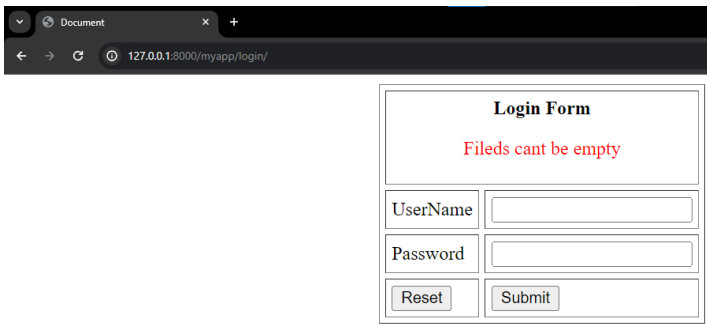
- f. Creating view to display home.html

```
55
56 def home(request):
57     return render(request,'myapp/home.html')
58
```

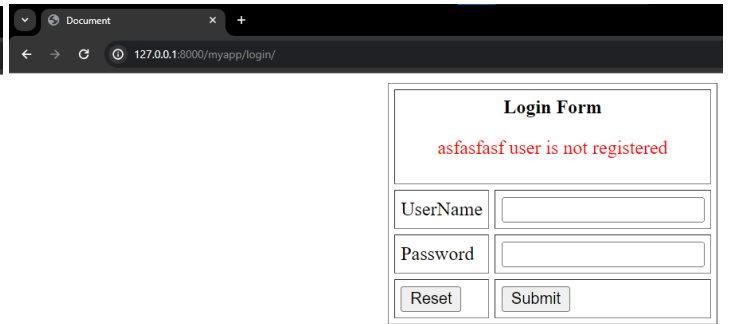
- g. url for above view

```
myapp_urls.py X
myapp > myapp_urls.py > ...
1 from django.urls import path
2 from myapp import views
3
4 urlpatterns = [
5     path('register/', views.register_user),
6     path('login/', views.login_user),
7     path('home/', views.home),
8 ]
9
```

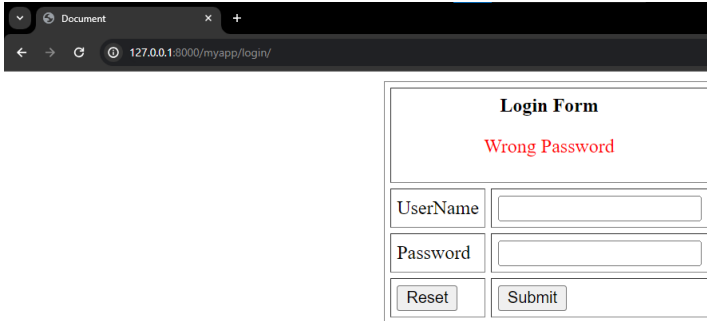
h. rnsrver and check for output



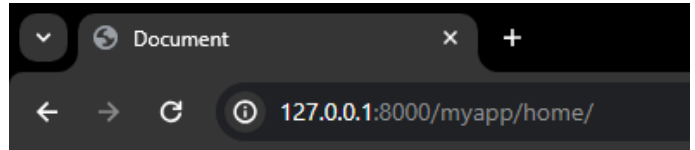
A screenshot of a web browser window with the address bar showing `127.0.0.1:8000/myapp/login/`. The page displays a login form titled "Login Form" with a red error message "Filedts cant be empty". The form contains two input fields labeled "UserName" and "Password", and two buttons labeled "Reset" and "Submit".



A screenshot of a web browser window with the address bar showing `127.0.0.1:8000/myapp/login/`. The page displays a login form titled "Login Form" with a red error message "asfasfasf user is not registered". The form contains two input fields labeled "UserName" and "Password", and two buttons labeled "Reset" and "Submit".



A screenshot of a web browser window with the address bar showing `127.0.0.1:8000/myapp/login/`. The page displays a login form titled "Login Form" with a red error message "Wrong Password". The form contains two input fields labeled "UserName" and "Password", and two buttons labeled "Reset" and "Submit".



23. Session

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