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Practical:-10

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▼ Case Study of Loan Prediction

import numpy as np # linear algebra import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read_csv)

Input data files are available in the "../input/" directory.

For example, running this (by clicking run or pressing Shift+Enter) will list the files in the input directory

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

% matplotlib inline

import seaborn as sns

▼ Loading and Summarizing Data

train_data = pd.read_csv("train.csv")
train_data.head()

9		Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Terr
	00 L	P001002	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	NaN	360.
	1 ₁ L	P001003	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128.0	360.
	2 2 L	.P001005	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66.0	360.
	3 L	P001006	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120.0	360.
	4)

train_data.describe()

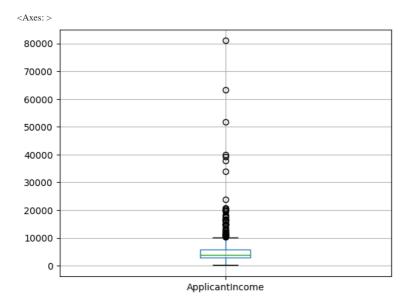
	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	Credit_History
count	614.000000	614.000000	592.000000	600.00000	564.000000
mean	5403.459283	1621.245798	146.412162	342.00000	0.842199
std	6109.041673	2926.248369	85.587325	65.12041	0.364878
min	150.000000	0.000000	9.000000	12.00000	0.000000
25%	2877.500000	0.000000	100.000000	360.00000	1.000000
50%	3812.500000	1188.500000	128.000000	360.00000	1.000000
7 5%	5795.000000	2297.250000	168.000000	360.00000	1.000000
max	81000.000000	41667.000000	700.000000	480.00000	1.000000

▼ Distribution Analysis

train_data['ApplicantIncome'].hist(bins=70,grid=False)

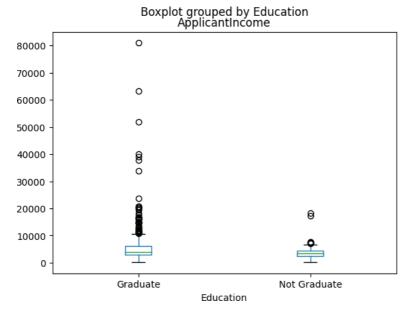


 $train_data.boxplot(column = 'ApplicantIncome')$

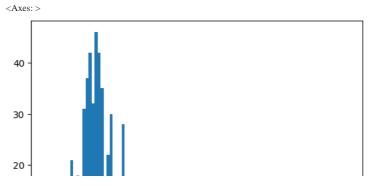


train_data.boxplot(column = 'ApplicantIncome', grid =False, by = 'Education')

 $<\!\!Axes: title\!\!=\!\!\{'center'\!: 'ApplicantIncome'\}, xlabel\!=\!'Education'\!\!>$



 $train_data['LoanAmount'].hist(bins=100,grid=False)$

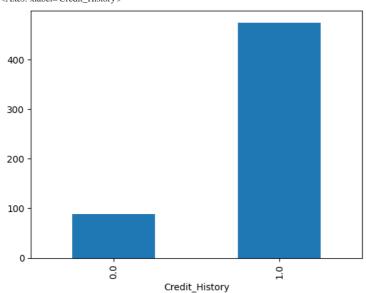


▼ Categorical Value Analysis

temp.plot(kind = 'bar')

temp = train_data['Credit_History'].value_counts(ascending = True)

<Axes: xlabel='Credit_History'>



▼ Data Munging

train_data.apply(lambda x: sum(x.isnull()),axis=0)

0 Loan_ID Gender 13 Married Dependents 15 Education 0 $Self_Employed$ ApplicantIncome CoapplicantIncome LoanAmount Loan_Amount_Term 14 Credit_History 50 Property_Area
Loan_Status 0 0 dtype: int64

 $train_data['LoanAmount'].fillna(train_data['LoanAmount'].mean(), inplace=True)$

 $train_data['Self_Employed'].fillna('No',inplace=True)$

 $\label{lem:condition} $$ train_data[Gender].mode()[0], inplace=True)$$ train_data[Married'].fillna(train_data[Married'].mode()[0], inplace=True)$$ train_data[Dependents'].fillna(train_data[Dependents'].mode()[0], inplace=True)$$$

 $train_data[Loan_Amount_Term']. fillna(train_data['Loan_Amount_Term']. mode()[0], inplace=True) \\ train_data['Credit_History']. fillna(train_data['Credit_History']. mode()[0], inplace=True) \\$

train_data.head()

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Terr
00	LP001002	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	5849	0.0	146.412162	360.
11	LP001003	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	4583	1508.0	128.000000	360.
22	LP001005	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	3000	0.0	66.000000	360.
3	LP001006	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	2583	2358.0	120.000000	360.

 $train_data.apply(lambda~x: sum(x.isnull()), axis=0)$

Loan_ID 0 Gender Married Dependents Education 0 Self_Employed 0 ApplicantIncome 0 CoapplicantIncome 0 LoanAmount Loan_Amount_Term 0 Credit_History 0 Property_Area 0 Loan_Status dtype: int64

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

 $var_mod = ['Gender', 'Married', 'Dependents', 'Education', 'Self_Employed', 'Property_Area', 'Loan_Status']$

le = LabelEncoder()

for i in var_mod:

 $train_data[i] = le.fit_transform(train_data[i])$

train_data.head()

	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Terr
00	LP001002	1	0	0	0	0	5849	0.0	146.412162	360.
11	LP001003	1	1	1	0	0	4583	1508.0	128.000000	360.
2	LP001005	1	1	0	0	1	3000	0.0	66.000000	360.
38	LP001006	1	1	0	1	0	2583	2358.0	120.000000	360.
44	LP001008	1	0	0	0	0	6000	0.0	141.000000	360.
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▼ Training Model

$$\begin{split} X &= train_data[['Credit_History', 'Gender', 'Married', 'Education']] \\ y &= train_data['Loan_Status'] \end{split}$$

from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier model = DecisionTreeClassifier()

model.fit(X,y)

predictions = model.predict(X)

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score print(accuracy_score(predictions,y))

0.8094462540716613