**SQL Server Assessment**

1. Clustered index has data in the root node - F
2. When not to use indexing ( 2 reasons) –
   1. Tables – rows are minimum
   2. Changing data
   3. Avoid performance/storage cost
3. \_\_\_\_\_full\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ recovery model does logs all the transactions.
4. Unique key creates an non clustered unique index. - T
5. Acronym for acid property – Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, Durability
6. Inside an insert trigger, we can use insert statement - T
7. What is denormalization? – Adding redundant data – increase speed – should not affect data integrity.
8. In domain intergrity, the rows are involved - F
9. \_\_\_sp\_helpdb\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_System Stored Procedure is used to display information about databases and database parameters
10. Create a SP – to calculate discount for sony products based on the month – if it’s the season of Diwali – give a discount of 40% or else it would be none. If the employee is a sony employee, then additional discount of 20% during Diwali and 20% during off-season. It should return the order with order id, customer name, address with total cost after discount and tax. details
11. Syntax for case expression with an example
12. Select into copies data into a new table from another table along with constraints - F