

Discrete Mathematics Practical (Semester 3)

Reflexivity , Anti-Symmetry and Transitivity

```
In[110]:= pairQ[_,_]:= True;
pairQ[_]:= False;

In[112]:= relationQ[_?pairQ]:= True;
relationQ[_]:= False;
```

~Reflexivity

```
In[114]:= reflexiveQ[R_? relationQ]:= Module[{a, domain},
domain = Union[Flatten[R, 1]];
Catch[
Do[If[! MemberQ[R, {a, a}], Throw[False]], {a, domain}];
Throw[True]
]
]

In[115]:= reflexiveQ[{{1, 1}, {2, 2}, {3, 3}, {4, 4}}]
```

```
Out[115]= True
```

```
In[116]:= reflexiveQ[{{1, 1}, {2, 2}, {3, 3}, {3, 4}}]

Out[116]= False
```

Question - Create a relation R = {a, b : aεA, bεB and a divides b } (here input is set A)

```
In[117]:= dividesRelation[A : {_Integer}]:= 
Select[Tuples[A, 2], Divisible[#2, #1] &]
```

```
In[118]:= B = {2, 3, 5, 8};
Tuples[B, 2]
dividesRelation[B]

Out[119]= {{2, 2}, {2, 3}, {2, 5}, {2, 8}, {3, 2}, {3, 3}, {3, 5},
{3, 8}, {5, 2}, {5, 3}, {5, 5}, {5, 8}, {8, 2}, {8, 3}, {8, 5}, {8, 8}}

Out[120]= {{2, 2}, {2, 8}, {3, 3}, {5, 5}, {8, 8}}

In[121]:= reflexiveQ[{2, 2}, {2, 8}, {3, 3}, {5, 5}, {8, 8}]
```

Out[121]= True

~Anti-Symmetry

```
In[122]:= AntiSymmetricQ[R___?relationQ] :=
Module[{domain, a, b}, domain = Union[Flatten[R, 1]];
Catch
[Do[If[MemberQ[R, {a, b}] && MemberQ[R, {b, a}] && a != b,
Throw[False]], {a, domain}, {b, domain}];
Throw[True]
]
]
```

In[123]:= A = {{1, 1}, {2, 2}, {3, 3}};
B = {{1, 1}, {2, 2}, {3, 3}, {1, 4}, {4, 1}};
AntiSymmetricQ[A]

Out[125]= True

In[126]:= AntiSymmetricQ[B]

Out[126]= False

~Transitivity

```
In[127]:= TransitiveQ[R_?relationQ] :=
Module[{domain, a, b, c}, domain = Union[Flatten[R, 1]];
Catch[
[
Do[If[MemberQ[R, {a, b}] && MemberQ[R, {b, c}] &&
!MemberQ[R, {a, c}],
Throw[False]], {a, domain}, {b, domain}, {c, domain}];
Throw[True]
]
]
```

```
In[128]:= TransitiveQ[{1, 2}, {2, 3}, {1, 3}]
Out[128]= True
```

```
In[129]:= TransitiveQ[{2, 2}, {2, 8}, {3, 3}, {5, 5}, {8, 8}]
Out[129]= True
```

PARTIAL ORDER

```
In[130]:= partialOrderQ[R_?relationQ] :=
reflexiveQ[R] && AntiSymmetricQ[R] && TransitiveQ[R]
```

```
In[131]:= partialOrderQ[{2, 2}, {2, 8}, {3, 3}, {5, 5}, {8, 8}]
Out[131]= True
```

```
In[132]:= partialOrderQ[A]
Out[132]= True
```

```
In[133]:= partialOrderQ[B]
Out[133]= False
```

```
In[134]:= partialOrderQ[{{2, 2}, {2, 8}, {3, 3}, {5, 5}, {8, 8}}]
Out[134]= True

In[135]:= partialOrderQ[{{1, 1}, {2, 2}, {3, 3}, {4, 4}}]
Out[135]= True
```

COVERING RELATION

```
In[136]:= coversQ[R_?partialOrderQ, {x_, y_}] :=
Module[{z, checkSet},
Catch[
If[x == y, Throw[False]];
If[! MemberQ[R, {x, y}], Throw[False]];
checkSet = Complement[Union[Flatten[R, 1]], {x, y}];
Do[If[MemberQ[R, {x, z}] && MemberQ[R, {z, y}],
Throw[False]],
{z, checkSet}];
Throw[True]
]
]

In[137]:= r1 = {{1, 1}, {1, 2}, {1, 3}, {1, 4}, {2, 2}, {2, 3}, {2, 4}, {3, 3}, {3, 4}, {4, 4}};
coversQ[r1, {1, 2}]
Out[138]= True

In[139]:= coversQ[r1, {2, 2}]
Out[139]= False

In[140]:= coversQ[r1, {1, 4}]
Out[140]= False

In[141]:= coveringRelation[R_?partialOrderQ] :=
Select[R, coversQ[R, #] &]

In[142]:= coveringRelation[r1]
Out[142]= {{1, 2}, {2, 3}, {3, 4}}
```

```
In[143]:= P = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
Tuples[P, 2];
coveringRelation[dividesRelation[P]]

Out[145]= {{1, 2}, {1, 3}, {1, 5}, {2, 4}}
```

◦Divisor Lattice

```
In[146]:= divisorLattice[n_Integer] := dividesRelation[Divisors[n]]
divisorLattice[30]

Out[147]= {{1, 1}, {1, 2}, {1, 3}, {1, 5}, {1, 6}, {1, 10}, {1, 15}, {1, 30}, {2, 2},
{2, 6}, {2, 10}, {2, 30}, {3, 3}, {3, 6}, {3, 15}, {3, 30}, {5, 5}, {5, 10}, {5, 15},
{5, 30}, {6, 6}, {6, 30}, {10, 10}, {10, 30}, {15, 15}, {15, 30}, {30, 30}}

In[148]:= coveringRelation[divisorLattice[30]]

Out[148]= {{1, 2}, {1, 3}, {1, 5}, {2, 6}, {2, 10}, {3, 6}, {3, 15}, {5, 10}, {5, 15}, {6, 30}, {10, 30}, {15, 30}, {15, 30}}
```

◦Power Relation

```
In[149]:= powerRelation[A : {_Integer}] :=
Select[Tuples[Subsets[A], 2],
Intersection[#[[1]], #[[2]]] == #[[1]] &]

In[150]:= p1 = powerRelation[{1, 2}]

Out[150]= {{}, {}}, {{}, {1}}, {{}, {2}}, {{}, {1, 2}}, {{1}, {1}}, {{1}, {1, 2}}, {{2}, {2}}, {{2}, {1, 2}}, {{1, 2}, {1, 2}}}

In[151]:= coversQ[p1, {{1}, {1, 2}}]

Out[151]= True

In[152]:= coveringRelation[p1]

Out[152]= {{}, {1}}, {{}, {2}}, {{1}, {1, 2}}, {{2}, {1, 2}}}
```

Minimal Elements

```
In[153]:= minimalElements[R_?partialOrderQ, S_List] :=
Module[{M, s, t},
M = S;
Do[
Do[
If[MemberQ[R, {t, s}], M = Complement[M, {s}]]
, {t, Complement[S, {s}]}]
, {s, S}];
M
]

In[154]:= minimalElements[divisorLattice[30], {2, 3, 6}]
Out[154]= {2, 3}

In[155]:= B = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6};
div6 = dividesRelation[B]
Out[156]= {{1, 1}, {1, 2}, {1, 3}, {1, 4}, {1, 5}, {1, 6}, {2, 2}, {2, 4}, {2, 6}, {3, 3}, {3, 6}, {4, 4}, {5, 5}, {6, 6}}

In[157]:= minimalElements[div6, {2, 4, 6}]
Out[157]= {2}

In[158]:= minimalElements[div6, Range[6]]
Out[158]= {1}

In[159]:= minimalElements[divisorLattice[60], {10, 20, 15}]
Out[159]= {10, 15}

In[160]:= minimalElements[divisorLattice[60], {2, 20, 15}]
Out[160]= {2, 15}

In[161]:= minimalElements[divisorLattice[60], {2, 3, 5}]
Out[161]= {2, 3, 5}
```

Maximal Elements

```
In[162]:= maximalElements[R_?partialOrderQ, S_List] :=
Module[{M, s, t},
M = S;
Do[
Do[
If[MemberQ[R, {s, t}], M = Complement[M, {s}]]]
, {t, Complement[S, {s}]}]
, {s, S}];
M
]

In[163]:= maximalElements[divisorLattice[30], {2, 3, 6}]
Out[163]= {6}

In[164]:= maximalElements[div6, {2, 4, 6}]
Out[164]= {4, 6}

In[165]:= maximalElements[divisorLattice[60], {10, 20, 15}]
Out[165]= {15, 20}

In[166]:= maximalElements[div6, Range[6]]
Out[166]= {4, 5, 6}

In[167]:= maximalElements[divisorLattice[60], {2, 20, 15}]
Out[167]= {15, 20}

In[168]:= maximalElements[divisorLattice[60], {2, 3, 5}]
Out[168]= {2, 3, 5}
```

UPPER BOUND

```
In[169]:= upperBoundQ[R_?partialOrderQ, S_List, u_]:=Module[{s},
  Catch[
    Do[If[!MemberQ[R, {s, u}], Throw[False]],
     , {s, S}];
    Throw[True]
  ]
]

In[170]:= upperBoundQ[div6, {1, 2, 3}, 6]
Out[170]= True

In[171]:= upperBoundQ[div6, {1, 2, 3, 4}, 6]
Out[171]= False

In[172]:= 

In[173]:= upperBounds[R_?partialOrderQ, S_List]:=
  Module[{domR, d, U = {}},
    domR = Union[Flatten[R, 1]];
    Do[If[upperBoundQ[R, S, d], AppendTo[U, d]],
     , {d, domR}];
    U
  ]

In[174]:= upperBounds[div6, {1, 2, 3}]
Out[174]= {6}

In[175]:= upperBounds[divisorLattice[60], {1, 2, 5, 15}]
Out[175]= {30, 60}
```

LEAST UPPER BOUND

```
In[176]:= leastUpperBound[R_?partialOrderQ, S_List] :=
Module[{U, M},
  U = upperBounds[R, S];
  M = minimalElements[R, U];
  If[Length[M] != 1, Null, M[[1]]]
]

In[177]:= leastUpperBound[div6, {1, 2}]

Out[177]= 2
```

LOWER BOUND

```
In[178]:= lowerBoundQ[R_?partialOrderQ, S_List, l_] := Module[{s},
  Catch[
    Do[If[! MemberQ[R, {l, s}], Throw[False]],
      {s, S}];
    Throw[True]
  ]
]

In[179]:= lowerBoundQ[div6, {1, 2, 3}, 1]

Out[179]= True

In[180]:= lowerBoundQ[div6, {1, 2, 3}, 4]

Out[180]= False

In[181]:= lowerBoundQ[div6, {2, 3, 4}, 1]

Out[181]= True
```

```
In[182]:= lowerBounds[R_?partialOrderQ, S_List] :=
  Module[{domR, d, L = {}},
    domR = Union[Flatten[R, 1]];
    Do[If[lowerBoundQ[R, S, d], AppendTo[L, d]],
      , {d, domR}];
    L
  ]

In[183]:= lowerBounds[div6, {2, 6}]
Out[183]= {1, 2}

GREATEST LOWER BOUND

In[184]:= greatestLowerBound[R_?partialOrderQ, S_List] :=
  Module[{U, M},
    U = lowerBounds[R, S];
    M = maximalElements[R, U];
    If[Length[M] != 1, "does not exist", M[[1]]]
  ]

In[185]:= greatestLowerBound[div6, {3, 6}]
Out[185]= 3

In[186]:= greatestLowerBound[div6, {3, 5, 6}]
Out[186]= 1

In[187]:= greatestLowerBound[div6, {2, 4, 6}]
Out[187]= 2

In[188]:= d66 = Complement[div6, {{1, 1}}]
Out[188]= {{1, 2}, {1, 3}, {1, 4}, {1, 5}, {1, 6}, {2, 2}, {2, 4}, {2, 6}, {3, 3}, {3, 6}, {4, 4}, {5, 5}, {6, 6}>

Question 2.1 . Find join and meet:

In[189]:= P = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7};
           div7 = dividesRelation[P]
Out[190]= {{1, 1}, {1, 2}, {1, 3}, {1, 4}, {1, 5}, {1, 6}, {1, 7},
           {2, 2}, {2, 4}, {2, 6}, {3, 3}, {3, 6}, {4, 4}, {5, 5}, {6, 6}, {7, 7}}
```

```
In[191]:= leastUpperBound[div7, {3}]
Out[191]= 3

In[192]:= greatestLowerBound[div7, {3}]
Out[192]= 3

In[193]:= leastUpperBound[div7, {4, 6}]
In[194]:= greatestLowerBound[div7, {4, 6}]
Out[194]= 2

In[195]:= leastUpperBound[div7, {2, 3}]
Out[195]= 6

In[196]:= greatestLowerBound[div7, {2, 3}]
Out[196]= 1

In[197]:= leastUpperBound[div7, {2, 3, 6}]
Out[197]= 6

In[198]:= greatestLowerBound[div7, {2, 3, 6}]
Out[198]= 1

In[199]:= leastUpperBound[div7, {1, 5}]
Out[199]= 5

In[200]:= greatestLowerBound[div7, {1, 5}]
Out[200]= 1
```

Question 2.2 .

```
In[201]:= d60 = dividesRelation[{1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 12, 20, 30, 60}]
Out[201]= {{1, 1}, {1, 2}, {1, 4}, {1, 5}, {1, 6}, {1, 12}, {1, 20}, {1, 30}, {1, 60}, {2, 2}, {2, 4}, {2, 6}, {2, 12}, {2, 20}, {2, 30}, {2, 60}, {4, 4}, {4, 12}, {4, 20}, {4, 60}, {5, 5}, {5, 20}, {5, 30}, {5, 60}, {6, 6}, {6, 12}, {6, 30}, {6, 60}, {12, 12}, {12, 60}, {20, 20}, {20, 60}, {30, 30}, {30, 60}, {60, 60}}
```

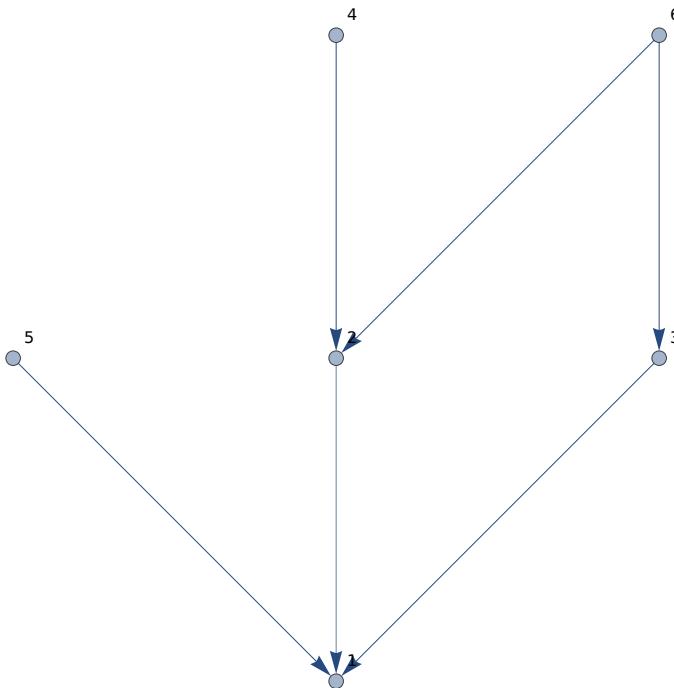
```
In[202]:= greatestLowerBound[d60, {20, 30}]
Out[202]= does not exist
```

```
In[203]:= leastUpperBound[d60, {2, 5}]
```

HASSE DIAGRAMS

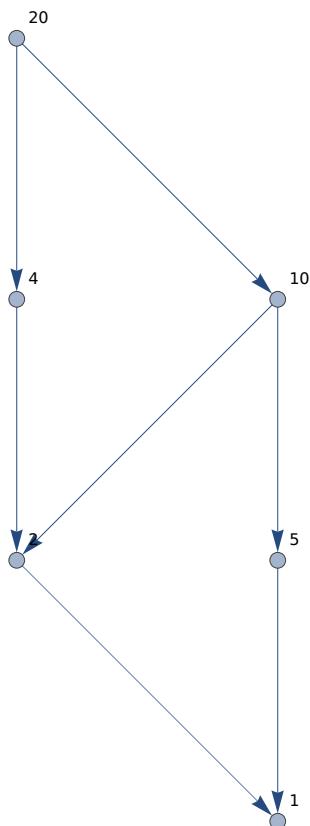
```
In[204]:= hasseDiagram[R_?partialOrderQ] := Module[edges,
  edges = coveringRelation[R] /. {a_, b_} → Rule[b, a];
  LayeredGraphPlot[edges, VertexLabeling → True]
]
```

```
In[205]:= hasseDiagram[div6]
Out[205]=
```



```
In[206]:= divisorLattice[20]
Out[206]= {{1, 1}, {1, 2}, {1, 4}, {1, 5}, {1, 10}, {1, 20}, {2, 2}, {2, 4}, {2, 10},
{2, 20}, {4, 4}, {4, 20}, {5, 5}, {5, 10}, {5, 20}, {10, 10}, {10, 20}, {20, 20}}
```

```
In[207]:= hasseDiagram[divisorLattice[20]]
Out[207]=
```



```
In[208]:= LayeredGraphPlot[{1 → 2, 2 → 4}, VertexLabeling → True]
```

```
Out[208]=
```



```
In[209]:=
```

```
In[210]:= hasLUBs[R_?partialOrderQ] := Module[{domR, a, b},
  domR = Union[Flatten[R, 1]];
  Catch[
    Do[If[leastUpperBound[R, {a, b}] === Null, Throw[False],
      , {a, domR}, {b, domR}];
    Throw[True]
  ]
]
```

```
In[211]:= hasGLBs[R_?partialOrderQ] := Module[{domR, a, b},
  domR = Union[Flatten[R, 1]];
  Catch[
    Do[If[greatestLowerBound[R, {a, b}] === Null,
      Throw[False]],
     , {a, domR}, {b, domR}];
  Throw[True]
]
]

In[212]:= latticeQ[R_?partialOrderQ] := hasLUBs[R] && hasGLBs[R]

In[213]:= div6
Out[213]= {{1, 1}, {1, 2}, {1, 3}, {1, 4}, {1, 5}, {1, 6}, {2, 2}, {2, 4}, {2, 6}, {3, 3}, {3, 6}, {4, 4}, {5, 5}, {6, 6}>

In[214]:= latticeQ[div6]
Out[214]= False

In[215]:= p1
Out[215]= {{}, {}}, {{}, {1}}, {{}, {2}}, {{}, {1, 2}}, {{1}, {1}}, {{1}, {1, 2}}, {{2}, {2}}, {{2}, {1, 2}}, {{1, 2}, {1, 2}}}

In[216]:= latticeQ[p1]
Out[216]= True

In[217]:= latticeQ[divisorLattice[20]]
Out[217]= True
```

Finding the following for a given boolean polynomial function.1. Representation of Boolean polynomial function and finding its value when the Boolean variable takes particular values over the Boolean Algebra{0,1}.2. Display in table form of all possible values of Boolean polynomial function over the Boolean {0,1}.

Logic Operators ($\&\&$, \wedge) AND ,($\|$, \vee) OR and (\neg , $!$, \neg)NOT

```
In[218]:= True || False
```

```
Out[218]= True
```

```
In[219]:= True || True
```

```
Out[219]= True
```

```
In[220]:= False || True
```

```
Out[220]= True
```

```
In[221]:= False || False
```

```
Out[221]= False
```

```
In[222]:= True v False
```

```
Out[222]= True
```

```
In[223]:= True && True
```

```
Out[223]= True
```

```
In[224]:= True && False
```

```
Out[224]= False
```

```
In[225]:= False && True
```

```
Out[225]= False
```

In[226]:=

False && False

Out[226]=

False

In[227]:=

False \wedge True

Out[227]=

False

In[228]:=

! True

Out[228]=

False

In[229]:=

\neg False

Out[229]=

True

In[230]:=

True && \neg True

Out[230]=

False

In[231]:=

False \vee \neg False

Out[231]=

True

In[232]:=

\neg True \wedge \neg False

Out[232]=

False

Representing Boolean Functions

$$1. f(x, y, z) = xy + yz + zx$$

In[233]:=

f[x_, y_, z_] := (x \wedge y) \vee (y \wedge z) \vee (z \wedge x);

f[p, q, r]

Out[234]=

(p && q) \parallel (q && r) \parallel (r && p)

In[235]:=

f[True, False, True]

Out[235]=

True

```
In[236]:= f[True, False, True]
Out[236]= True

In[237]:= f[True, q, r]
Out[237]= q || (q && r) || r

In[238]:= f[True, q, r] // Simplify
Out[238]= q || r

2. g(x, y) = ! (! (x + y) x + !!! y) + xy + x! y
In[239]:= g[x_, y_] := ! (! (x v y) a x) v !!! y) v (x a y) v (x a ! y)
g[False, False]
Out[240]= False

In[241]:= g[False, True]
Out[241]= True

3. h(x, y, z) = x (! (y + z)) + (xy + ! z) x
In[242]:= h[x_, y_, z_] := (x a (! (y v z))) v ((x a y) v ! z) a x;
h[0, 0, 0] // Simplify
Out[243]= False

In[244]:= h[1, 0, 0] // Simplify
Out[244]= True

In[245]:= h[0, 1, 0] // Simplify
Out[245]= False

In[246]:= h[0, 0, 1] // Simplify
Out[246]= False
```

```
In[247]:= h[1, 1, 0] // Simplify
```

```
Out[247]= True
```

```
In[248]:= h[0, 1, 1] // Simplify
```

```
Out[248]= False
```

```
In[249]:= h[1, 0, 1] // Simplify
```

```
Out[249]= False
```

Table Form

1. For Boolean Expression f:

```
In[250]:= BooleanTable[{p, q, r, f[p, q, r]}, {p, q, r}] // TableForm
```

```
Out[250]//TableForm=
True  True  True  True
True  True  False True
True  False True  True
True  False False False
False True  True  True
False True  False False
False False True  False
False False False False
```

```
In[251]:= Boole[BooleanTable[{p, q, r, f[p, q, r]}, {p, q, r}]] // TableForm
```

```
Out[251]//TableForm=
1  1  1  1
1  1  0  1
1  0  1  1
1  0  0  0
0  1  1  1
0  1  0  0
0  0  1  0
0  0  0  0
```

```
In[252]:= 
TableForm[Boole[BooleanTable[{p, q, r, f[p, q, r]}, {p, q, r}]],
TableHeadings -> {None, {p, q, r, f}}]

Out[252]//TableForm=


| p | q | r | f |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


```

2. For Boolean expression g:

```
In[253]:= 
BooleanTable[{p, q, g[p, q]}, {p, q}] // TableForm

Out[253]//TableForm=


| True  | True  | True  |
|-------|-------|-------|
| True  | False | True  |
| False | True  | True  |
| False | False | False |


```

```
In[254]:= 
Boole[BooleanTable[{p, q, g[p, q]}, {p, q}]] // TableForm

Out[254]//TableForm=


|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |


```

```
In[255]:= 
TableForm[Boole[BooleanTable[{p, q, g[p, q]}, {p, q}]],
TableHeadings -> {None, {p, q, g}}]

Out[255]//TableForm=


| p | q | g |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |


```

3. For Boolean expression h :

```
In[256]:= 
BooleanTable[{p, q, r, h[p, q, r]}, {p, q, r}] // TableForm

Out[256]//TableForm=


| True  | True  | True  | True  |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| True  | True  | False | True  |
| True  | False | True  | False |
| True  | False | False | True  |
| False | True  | True  | False |
| False | True  | False | False |
| False | False | True  | False |
| False | False | False | False |


```

```
In[257]:= Boole[BooleanTable[{p, q, r, h[p, q, r]}, {p, q, r}]] // TableForm
Out[257]//TableForm=
1   1   1   1
1   1   0   1
1   0   1   0
1   0   0   1
0   1   1   0
0   1   0   0
0   0   1   0
0   0   0   0

In[258]:= TableForm[Boole[BooleanTable[{p, q, r, h[p, q, r]}, {p, q, r}]],
TableHeadings -> {None, {p, q, r, h}}]
Out[258]//TableForm=


| p | q | r | h |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


```

Finding the following:1. Dual of a Boolean Polynomial/expression.2. Whether or not two Boolean polynomials are equivalent.3. Disjunctive normal form(Conjunctive Normal Form)from a given Boolean expression.4. Disjunctive normal form(Conjunctive Normal Form) when the Boolean polynomial expressed by a table of values.

1. Dual of a Boolean Polynomial/expression .

```
In[259]:= f[x_, y_, z_] := (x ∧ y) ∨ (y ∧ z) ∨ (z ∧ x)
dual[exp_] := exp /. {And -> Or, Or -> And, True -> False, False -> True}
d[x_, y_, z_] = dual[f[x, y, z]]
Out[261]=
(x || y) && (y || z) && (z || x)

In[262]:= % // Simplify
Out[262]=
(x && (y || z)) || (y && z)
```

```
In[263]:= TableForm[Boole[BooleanTable[{p, q, r, d[p, q, r], f[p, q, r]}, {p, q, r}]], TableHeadings -> {None, {p, q, r, d, f}}]
```

Out[263]//TableForm=

p	q	r	d	f
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0

Ques. Representing a given circuit diagram (expressed using gates) in the form of Boolean expression-s. To give Boolean expression of the given circuit diagram , we define each gate separately , and finally ask for the value of output G1.

In[265]:=

G4 = $\neg a$;

In[266]:=

G5 = $\neg c$;

In[267]:=

G2 = $a \wedge b$;

In[268]:=

G3 = G4 \wedge G5 \wedge b ;

In[269]:=

G1 = G2 \vee G3;

In[270]:=

G1

Out[270]=

(a $\&\&$ b) $\|$ (\neg a $\&\&$ \neg c $\&\&$ b)

2. Gate Diagram

```
In[271]:= G2 = a ∧ b ∧ c ;
In[272]:= G4 = ¬ c ;
In[273]:= G3 = a ∧ b ∧ G4 ;
In[274]:= G5 = ¬ a ;
In[275]:= G6 = ¬ c ;
In[276]:= G7 = G5 ∧ G6 ∧ b ;
In[277]:= G1 = G2 ∨ G3 ∨ G7 ;
In[278]:= G1
Out[278]= (a && b && c) || (a && b && ! c) || (! a && ! c && b)
```

Ques . Minimize a given Boolean expression to find minimal expressions . To obtain minimised expressions in DNF , we can use booleanMinimize.

```
In[279]:= BooleanMinimize[(a ∧ b) ∨ (! a ∧ b ∧ ! c)]
Out[279]= (a && b) || (b && ! c)
```

To obtain minimized expression in CNF , we can use BooleanMinimize with specification for CNF as under

```
In[280]:= BooleanMinimize[(a ∧ b) ∨ (! a ∧ b ∧ ! c), "CNF"]
Out[280]= (a ∨ ! c) ∧ b
```

To obtain minimized expression in whichever form as minimum length , we can use simplify

```
In[281]:= Simplify [(a ∧ b) ∨ (! a ∧ b ∧ ! c)]
Out[281]= (a ∨ ! c) ∧ b
```