

$$H(\omega) = \frac{2}{10^4 + j\omega}$$

$$\frac{+225j - 24V}{15 + j24}$$

③

02)

$$R_L = 10\Omega \rightarrow$$

$$i_L = \sqrt{\frac{3.75}{10}} = 0.612$$

$$i_L = \frac{V_t}{R_t + R_L} = 0.8$$

$$R_L = 10\Omega$$

$$i_L = \sqrt{\frac{3}{10}} = 0.54$$

$$R_L = 45\Omega \rightarrow i_L = \sqrt{\frac{1.8}{45}} = 0.2A$$

$$\rightarrow i_L = \frac{V_t}{R_t + R_L} = 0.54$$

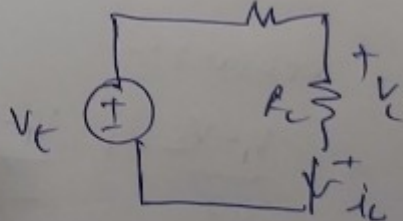
$$\rightarrow i_L = \frac{V_t}{R_t + R_L}$$

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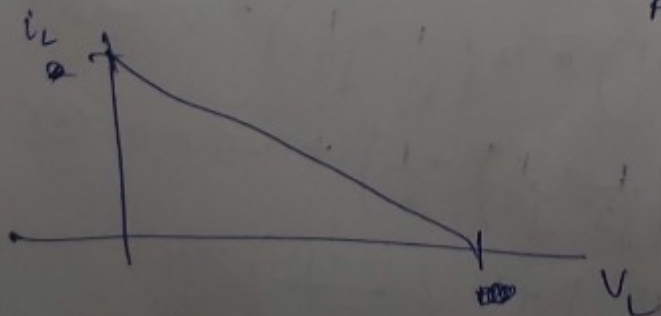
$$\rightarrow i_L = \sqrt{\frac{30}{1.5}} = 4.4A$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{V_t}{R_t + 9.5} = 0.2 \rightarrow \frac{V_t}{R_t + 30} = 4.4$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} V_t = 10V \\ R_t = 10\Omega \end{cases}$$



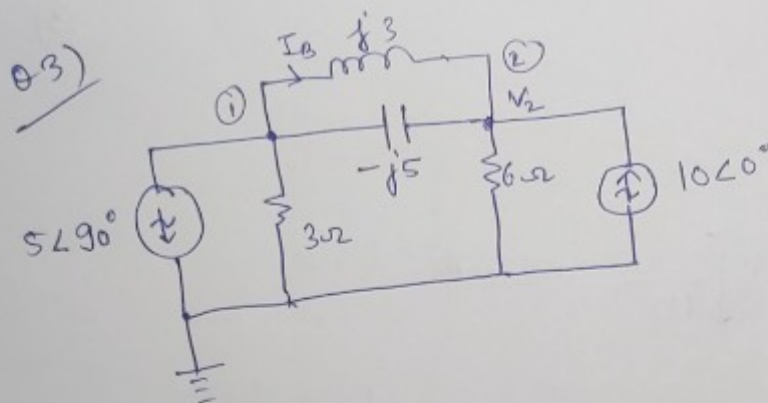
$$V_L = V_t - R_t i_L \rightarrow i_L = \frac{V_t - V_L}{R_t}$$



Max Power at $R_L = R_t = 5\Omega$

$$V_L = 5V$$

$$i_L = \frac{V_L}{2R_t} = 1A$$



→ KCL @ 1:-

$$\rightarrow -5\angle 90^\circ - \frac{V_1}{3} + \frac{V_2 - V_1}{-j5} - \frac{V_2 - V_1}{j3} = 0 \quad (1)$$

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KCL @ 2:-

$$\rightarrow \frac{V_1 - V_2}{j3} + \frac{V_1 - V_2}{-j5} - \frac{V_2}{6} + 10\angle 0^\circ = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\rightarrow -5\angle 90^\circ - \frac{V_1}{3} + \frac{V_1}{j5} + \frac{V_1}{j3} - \frac{V_2}{j5} - \frac{V_2}{j3} = 0$$

$$\rightarrow -5\angle 90^\circ + V_1 \left(\frac{1}{j5} + \frac{1}{j3} - \frac{1}{3} \right) - V_2 \left(\frac{1}{j5} + \frac{1}{j3} \right) = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\rightarrow V_1 \left(\frac{1}{j3} - \frac{1}{j5} \right) - V_2 \left(\frac{1}{j3} - \frac{1}{j5} \right) + \frac{V_2}{6} + 10\angle 0^\circ = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\rightarrow -5\angle 90^\circ + V_1 \left(\frac{9j + 15j + 15}{45} \right) + V_2 \left(\frac{j3 + j5}{15} \right) = 0$$

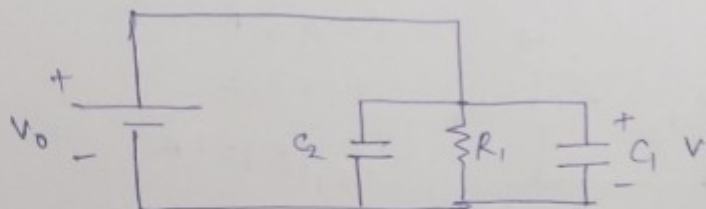
$$\rightarrow -45 \times 5\angle 90^\circ - V_1 (15 + j24) + V_2 (24j) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow V_1 = \frac{-45 \times 5\angle 90^\circ + V_2 (24j)}{15 + j24}$$

Q1) $t < 0 :-$

b)

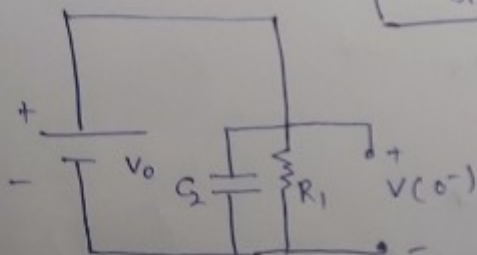
$$v(t) = ?$$



$$v(t) = v(\infty) + (v(0^-) - v(\infty))e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$v(0^-) :-$$

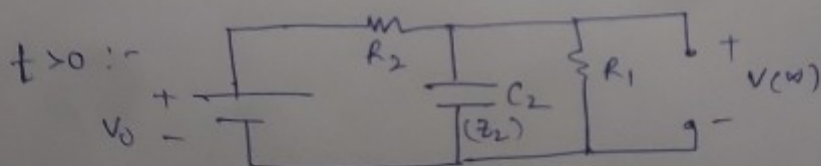
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$$C_{eq} = C_1 + C_2$$

$$R_{eq} = R_1$$

$$v(0^-) = V_0$$



$$v(\infty) = V_0 \left(\frac{Z_2 \parallel R_1}{(Z_2 \parallel R_1) + R_2} \right)$$

$$= V_0 \left(\frac{\frac{R_1}{j\omega C_2}}{R_1 + \frac{1}{j\omega C_2}} \right)$$

$$= V_0 \left[\frac{\frac{R_1}{j\omega C_2}}{\frac{R_1}{j\omega C_2} + R_1 R_2 + \frac{R_2}{j\omega C_2}} \right]$$

$$4V_2j \left(\frac{2j}{15} \right)$$

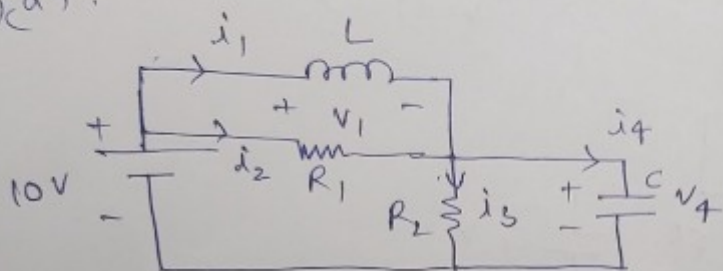
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$$25) + V_2 \left(\frac{4j-5}{30} \right) + \dots$$

$$- \frac{30}{15+j24} + 10\angle 0^\circ = 0$$

(2)

a) a).



$$R_2 = 1\Omega$$

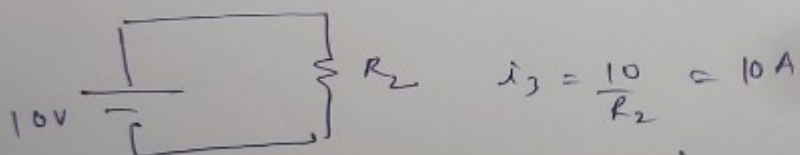
$$L = 1H$$

$$C = 0.5F$$

$$R_1 = 2\Omega$$

$$i_{L1}(0^-) = 2A$$

$$V_4(0^-) = 4V$$



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$$i_4 = 0$$

$$i_2 = 0$$

$$V_1 = 0$$

$$V_4 = 10V$$

$$t = 0^+ : \quad i_1(0^+) = i_1(0^-) = 2A$$

$$V_4(0^+) = V_4(0^-) = 4V$$

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(6)

$$-15(4j-5) + 10(15-j24) = 0$$

Qb) undd :
$$\frac{-225j + 24V_2j}{15+j24} \left(\frac{2j}{-15} \right) = 0 \quad (5)$$

$$-V_2 \left[\frac{30j - 18j - 15}{3j \times 5j \times 6} \right] + 10 \angle 0^\circ = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{+225j - 24V_2j}{15+j24} \left(\frac{2j}{15} \right) + V_2 \left(\frac{12j-15}{15 \times 6} \right) + 10 \angle 0^\circ = 0$$

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$$\Rightarrow 2 \left(\frac{2}{15} \right) \left(\frac{24V_2 - 225}{15+j24} \right) + V_2 \left(\frac{4j-5}{30} \right) + 10 \angle 0^\circ = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_2 \left[\frac{48}{225+j360} + \frac{4j-5}{30} \right] - \frac{30}{15+j24} + 10 \angle 0^\circ = 0$$

for convert

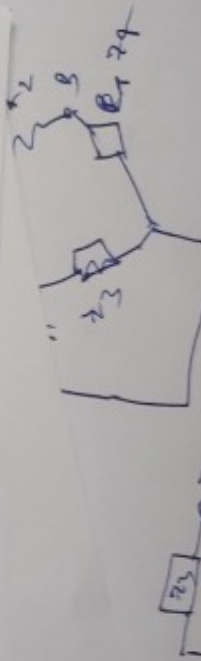
$$\frac{48}{15} \left(\frac{1}{15+j24} \right) \left(\frac{15-j24}{15-j24} \right) = \frac{16}{117} (15-j24)$$

$$= \frac{48(15-j24)}{15(225+(-24 \times 24))} - 15 \times \frac{351}{117}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_2 \left[\frac{16(j24-15)}{15 \times 117} + \frac{4j-5}{30} \right] + \frac{30(15-j24)}{351 \times 117} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_2}{117} \left[\frac{16(j24-15)}{15 \times 2} + \frac{117(4j-5)}{30 \times 10} \right] + \frac{10(15-j24)}{117} = 0$$

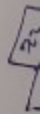
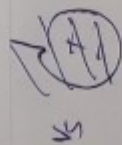
\(\Rightarrow\)



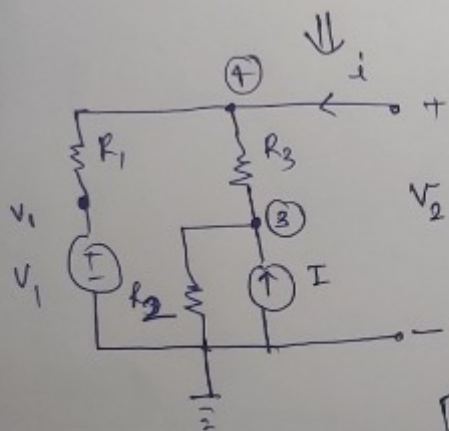
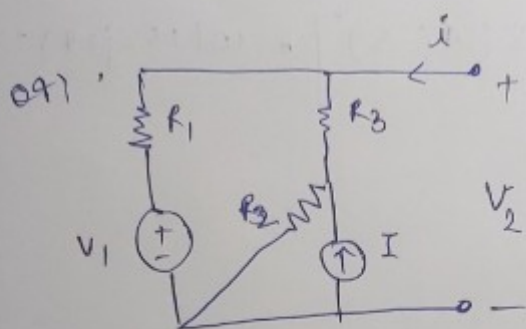
$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_2}{150} \left[160(j24 - 15) + 39 \times 15(4j - 5) \right] + 10(15 - j24) = 0$$



$$= \left(\frac{R_3}{R_1 + R_3} - \frac{R_4}{R_2 + R_4} \right)$$



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$$V_{oc} = V_2 = ?$$

$$V_4 = V_2 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

KCL @ 3 :-

$$\Rightarrow I + \frac{V_2 - V_3}{R_3} - \frac{V_3}{R_2} = 0 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

KCL @ 4 :-

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_1 - V_2}{R_1} + i + \frac{V_3 - V_2}{R_3} = 0 \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$\Rightarrow I + \frac{V_2}{R_3} - V_3 \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) = 0 \quad \times \frac{1}{R_3}$$

$$\Rightarrow i + \frac{V_1}{R_1} - V_2 \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) + \frac{V_3}{R_3} = 0 \quad \times \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{I}{R_3} + \frac{V_2}{R_3^2} - \frac{V_3}{R_3} \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) = 0 \quad \text{--- (a)}$$

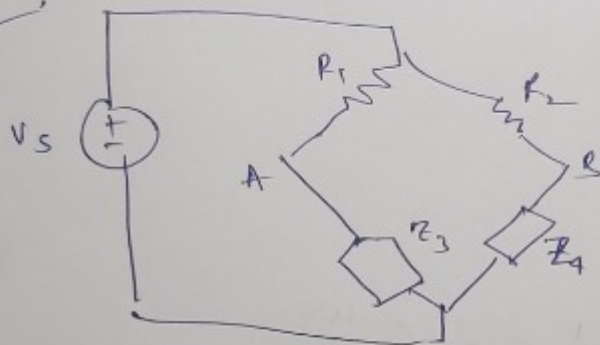
$$\Rightarrow i \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) + \frac{V_1}{R_1} \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) - \frac{V_2}{R_3} \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) +$$

$$\frac{V_3}{R_3} \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) = 0 \quad \text{--- (b)}$$

$$\frac{I}{R_3} + i \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) + \frac{V_1}{R_1} \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) - V_2 \left[\frac{1}{R_1 R_2} + \frac{1}{R_1 R_3} + \frac{1}{R_3^2} + \frac{1}{R_3 R_2} \right] = 0$$

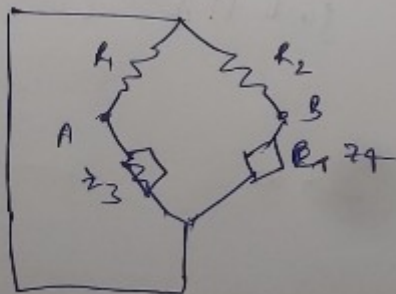
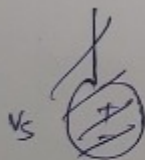
87)

10

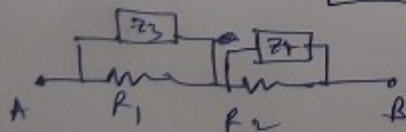


$$\Rightarrow V_A - V_B = V_{OC} = V_S \left(\frac{Z_3}{R_1 + Z_3} - \frac{Z_4}{R_2 + Z_4} \right)$$

$R_{Th} :-$



Soln:
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$$\Rightarrow R_{AB} = R_{Th} = Z_3 \parallel R_1 + Z_4 \parallel R_2$$

$$V = I \cdot R_{Th} \Rightarrow Z$$

96

11

For max V:

Res.

$$\frac{1}{R_{eq}} = \frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{j\omega C} - \frac{\omega C}{j}$$

$$= \frac{1}{R} + \frac{1 - j\omega^2 LC}{j\omega L}$$

Max V $\Rightarrow j\omega L \parallel \frac{j}{\omega C} \rightarrow \infty$

$$\frac{\omega L}{\omega C} \rightarrow \infty$$

$$j\omega L - \frac{j}{\omega C}$$

Solve
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$$\Rightarrow 2500 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = \omega$$

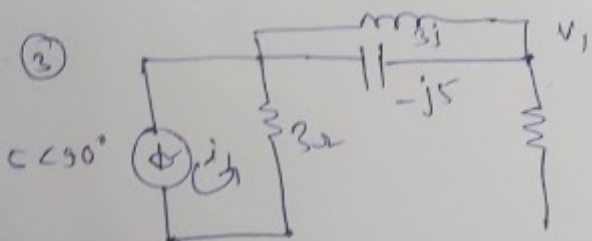
$$\Rightarrow Z_{eq} = R \parallel j\omega L \parallel -j/\omega C$$

$$\Rightarrow i R Z_{eq} = 40 \text{ @ } \omega = 2500$$

$$\Rightarrow (0.4 + \cos \omega t) R = 80$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{0.4}{\sqrt{2}} \right) R = 80$$

$$\Rightarrow R = 200\sqrt{2}$$



⑫

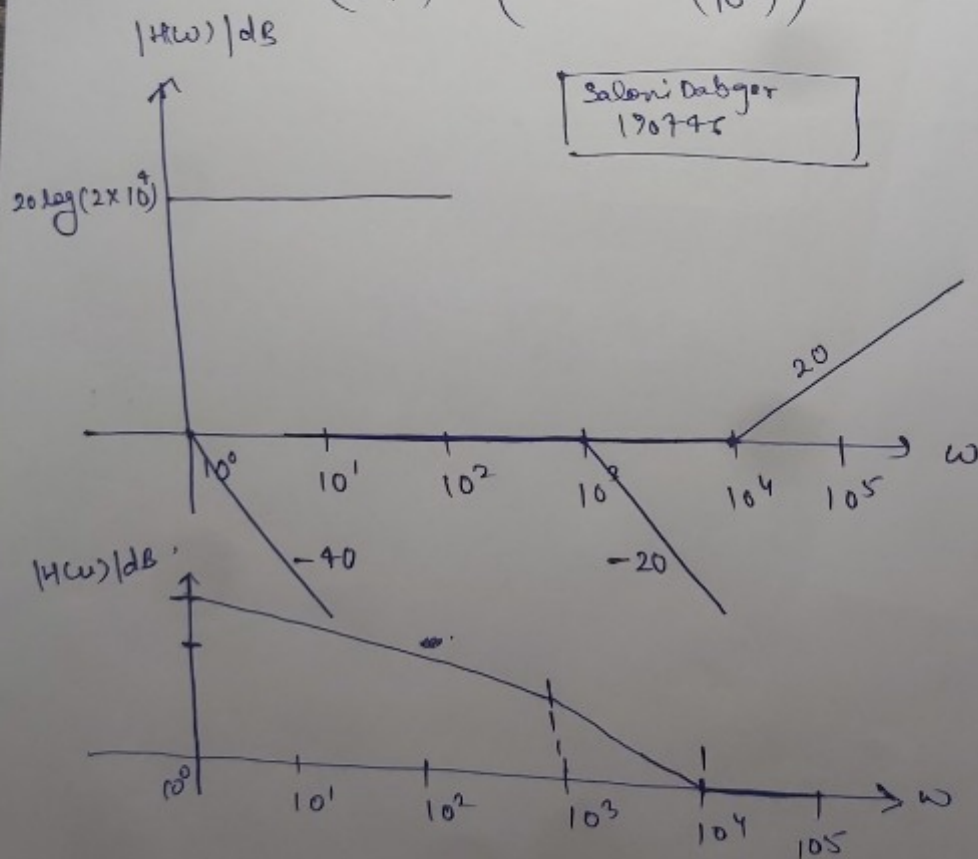
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08)

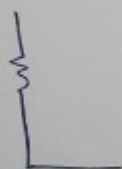
$$H(\omega) = \frac{2 (10^4 + j\omega)}{(j\omega)^2 \left(1 + \frac{j\omega}{1000}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 10^4 \left(1 + j\left(\frac{\omega}{10^4}\right)\right)}{\left(\frac{j\omega}{1}\right)^2 \left(1 + j\left(\frac{\omega}{10^3}\right)\right)}$$



09)
cont.

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\frac{I}{R_3} + j \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) + \frac{V}{R_1} \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right)}{\left(\frac{1}{R_1 R_2} + \frac{1}{R_1 R_3} + \frac{1}{R_3 R_2} \right)} = V_2 \quad (8)$$



$$R_{Th} = R_1 || (R_2 + R_3)$$

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