# **GNU Enterprise : GDA Quick Hackers Guide**

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by Reinhard Müller

by

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Published Tue Aug 15 21:14:40 MST 2000 Copyright © 2000 by Free Software Foundation

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### **Chapter 1. Introduction**

### Why It Came About

Some days ago, I have spent several hours digging through the code of GDA before I could understand the structure of GDA deeper than that it consists of a server part and a client part. With this experience in mind, it was no surprise for me to hear from others, that they find the code hard to understand.

In my personal opinion, the code is very clear, when you only have recognized the structure how the different functions, objects and libraries work together.

As I think, that GDA is a good set of libraries, that more people should work on it and that even more people should use it, I decided to write this "quick hacker's guide".

#### **Intended Audience**

This document addresses people that want to understand how the code of gda works. After reading this document, you will not understand it, but there will be chances that you find it much easier to hack through the code than before.

You should read this document after having understood the basic concepts and goals of gda (I intend you just read the introduction on http://www.gnome.org/gnome-db) and having realized that gda is the non-visual part of gnome-db which can be used by any application.

A point specially regarded in this document is dependency on gtk/gnome, as that dependency can lead to problems when using gda with non-gnome applications.

This document is (read: should be) consistent with gnome-db.0.0.96.

### **Suggestions**

If you think this document is good, please feel free to read it as often as you like and give copies of it to as many people you like.

Editors Note: You have to love Reinhards attitude towards free software. :) It even carries into his documentation!

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### **Chapter 2. About Objects**

In the following, the term "objects" means not objects like in C++, but rather a data structure plus a set of functions that deal with this structure.

GDA has very much an object-oriented approach, in the sense that the internals of the data structure are virtually not known to the "user" of the structure, but he rather uses the functions to access them, in the sense of encapsulation.

### **Chapter 3. General Structure of GDA**

GDA is made up of several pieces as laid out below.

### Chapter 4. GDA Server Library

### **GDA\_Server Helper Objects**

The following objects are absolute low-level helper objects designed to ease the development of gda server implementations:

```
function prefixdata structuresource filegda_server_errorGda_ServerErrorgda-server-error.cgda_server_fieldGda_ServerFieldgda-server-field.c
```

This code is dependent from nothing but glib and some typedefs from gda.h

### **GDA\_Server Objects**

The following objects build the base of the gda providers:

function prefix	data structure	source file
gda_server_command	Gda_ServerCommand	gda-server-command.c
gda_server_connection	Gda_ServerConnection	gda-server-connection.c
gda_server_recordset	Gda_ServerRecordset	gda-server-recordset.c

The code of these objects is really neither gnome nor gtk dependent. CORBA dependency is only because they use some types defined in the idl.

Unfortunately, the header file gda-server-impl.h is very general (it's used by all sources in the gda-srv directory) and thus contains much stuff that wouldn't be needed by these files. So you can't even compile the above sources without gnome or gtk although the code itself wouldn't need it.

These objects can very much be regarded as "abstract" objects. Each provider must "overload" certain functions. This happens by providing a list of functions when starting the server code, from where the gda\_server\_\* objects take the functions to really call.

Each of these objects provide a member "user\_data" that can be used by the specific provider code to store backend specific data structures.

### **GDA\_Server\_Impl Objects**

Around the gda-server objects, another layer is built to match the complete idl of gda.

```
function prefix data structure source file impl_GDA_Parameter impl_POA_GDA_Parameter gda-server-impl-command.c impl_GDA_Command impl_POA_GDA_Command gda-server-impl-command.c impl_GDA_Connection impl_POA_GDA_Connection gda-server-impl-connection.c impl_GDA_Recordset impl_POA_GDA_Recordset gda-server-impl-recordset.c
```

These objects are neither gnome nor gtk dependent. But they make up complete CORBA-enabled objects matching gda.idl.

One could regard these objects as "wrappers" around the gda-server objects to make them match CORBA specifications.

There is no gda\_server\_parameter yet as none of the methods of gda\_server\_parameter are yet implemented:)

### GDA\_Server\_Impl

Unfortunately there is an own object called gda-server-impl which has nothing to do with the gda-server-impl-\* objects.

gda\_server\_impl is a gtk object that represents an instance of a running server. It is used for tasks like registering the server into the system, creating the factory etc.

GDA\_ConnectionFactory is a CORBA object that is able to create new GDA\_Connection CORBA objects. It's gnome dependent.

These two objects are really gtk and gnome dependent. The dependency results from the way how CORBA servers are registered into the system so that clients have a convenient way to find the server they want.

Hopefully these dependencies will be removed when OAF is used.

### **Chapter 5. GDA Server Implementations**

The actual server implementation just implements the missing functions mentioned under "gda\_server object".

These functions are implemented in gda-???-command.c, gda-???-connection.c and gda-???-recordset.c. The main-???.c source contains the main() routine for the server executable, which does nothing but initialize corba, create a gda\_server\_impl object and pass to it the list of function implementations. The main() function thus is gnome-dependent, the rest of the code isn't.

All of these functions use the field user\_data from the corresponding gda\_server\_\* object to store native data structures of the database.

Some GDA servers also implement a configuration tool, which is named gda-???-config and has absolutely nothing to do with the implementation of the server, as it's a totally high-level application.

### **Chapter 6. GDA Client Library**

### **GDA\_\*** Objects

The following objects are very much real objects in the sense that they are currently implemented as real GtkObjects, wich will soon be changed into GObject to make them all Gtk independent.

```
function prefix data structure source file gda_batch Gda_Batch gda-batch.c gda_command Gda_Command gda-command.c gda_connection Gda_Connection gda-connection.c gda_connection_pool Gda_ConnectionPool gda-connection-pool.c gda_error Gda_Error gda-error.c gda_field Gda_Field gda-field.c gda_recordset Gda_Recordset gda-recordset.c
```

### **GDA Sub Objects**

The code for the stub implementation is generated by orbit-idl automagically. Anyway, as it is its own layer, and the functions are called by the above gda\_\* objects, they are listed below:

```
function prefix data structure source file GDA_Fieldx GDA_Fieldx gda-stubs.c GDA_Parameter GDA_Parameter gda-stubs.c GDA_Connection GDA_Connection gda-stubs.c GDA_Recordset gda-stubs.c
```

The GDA\_Fieldx stub seems to be neither used from the gda-client library nor implemented by the gda-server library.

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