

## data for 1y swaps

```
In [217... data=pd.read_excel("1 yr Swap-Swaption Implied Vols.xlsx")
data.set_index('Date', inplace=True)
data=data.reindex(index=data.index[::-1])
data=data.fillna(method="ffill")
```

data

```
Out[217]:
```

	1m Implied Vol	3m Implied Vol	1 yr Swap rate
--	----------------	----------------	----------------

Date			
2018-04-23	0.144928	0.169911	2.0960
2018-04-24	0.140990	0.164891	2.0938
2018-04-25	0.141131	0.166400	2.1031
2018-04-26	0.130362	0.159992	2.1070
2018-04-27	0.124474	0.150861	2.1054
...	...	...	...
2022-12-23	0.203641	0.229629	4.8410
2022-12-27	0.211042	0.230953	4.8901
2022-12-28	0.208031	0.232956	4.8695
2022-12-29	0.209882	0.227612	4.8741
2022-12-30	0.208813	0.233495	4.9060

1208 rows × 3 columns

## using moving average 1yr

```
In [218... #1m 1y
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from datetime import datetime
import pandas_datareader.data as web

# extract 5-year par swap rates from FRED

#par_swap_rates = web.DataReader(['DGS30'], 'fred', start_date, end_date)
par_swap_rates=data["1 yr Swap rate"]

# drop rows with missing data

# compute daily log returns of par swap rates
log_returns = np.log(par_swap_rates) - np.log(par_swap_rates.shift(1))

# compute annualized volatilities of log returns
#volatilities = log_returns.rolling(window=252).std() * np.sqrt(252)
volatilities = data["1m Implied Vol"]

# compute 50-day and 200-day moving averages
ma_50 = par_swap_rates.rolling(window=50).mean()
ma_200 = par_swap_rates.rolling(window=200).mean()

# compute 50-day and 200-day moving average volatilities
ma_vol_50 = volatilities.rolling(window=50).mean()
ma_vol_200 = volatilities.rolling(window=200).mean()

# fill NaN values in volatilities with 0

# define trading signals based on volatilities, moving averages, and stop loss
signals = np.where((par_swap_rates > ma_50) &
                    (ma_50 > ma_200) &
                    (volatilities > ma_vol_50) &
                    (volatilities > ma_vol_200) &
                    (par_swap_rates.shift(1) > ma_50.shift(1)) &
                    (par_swap_rates.shift(1) > ma_200.shift(1)) &
                    (volatilities.shift(1) > ma_vol_50.shift(1)) &
                    (volatilities.shift(1) > ma_vol_200.shift(1)) &
                    (par_swap_rates - par_swap_rates.shift(1) > -0.01), 1,
                    np.where((par_swap_rates < ma_50) &
                              (ma_50 < ma_200) &
                              (volatilities < ma_vol_50) &
                              (volatilities < ma_vol_200) &
                              (par_swap_rates.shift(1) < ma_50.shift(1)) &
                              (par_swap_rates.shift(1) < ma_200.shift(1)) &
                              (volatilities.shift(1) < ma_vol_50.shift(1)) &
                              (volatilities.shift(1) < ma_vol_200.shift(1)) &
                              (par_swap_rates - par_swap_rates.shift(1) < 0.01), -1, 0))

# compute daily returns of trading strategy
daily_returns_1m_1y = signals * log_returns
```

The chart displays the cumulative returns of a portfolio over a five-year period. The y-axis, 'Cumulative Returns', is scaled from 1.0 to 4.5. The x-axis, 'Date', spans from 2019 to 2023. The portfolio's value remains stable at 1.0 until early 2020, after which it experiences a rapid ascent, reaching a peak of about 4.7 in early 2022. Following a minor decline, it recovers to the same level by late 2022 and remains constant through 2023.

Date	Cumulative Returns
2018-01-01	1.00
2019-01-01	1.00
2020-01-01	1.05
2021-01-01	1.05
2022-01-01	1.00
2022-03-01	4.70
2022-05-01	4.60
2022-07-01	4.70
2023-01-01	4.70

In [ ]:

In [220... #3m1y

[illegible]

```

(par_swap_rates.shift(1) < ma_50.shift(1)) &
(par_swap_rates.shift(1) < ma_200.shift(1)) &
(volatilities.shift(1) < ma_vol_50.shift(1)) &
(volatilities.shift(1) < ma_vol_200.shift(1)) &
(par_swap_rates - par_swap_rates.shift(1) < 0.01), -1, 0))

# compute daily returns of trading strategy
daily_returns_3m_ly = signals * log_returns

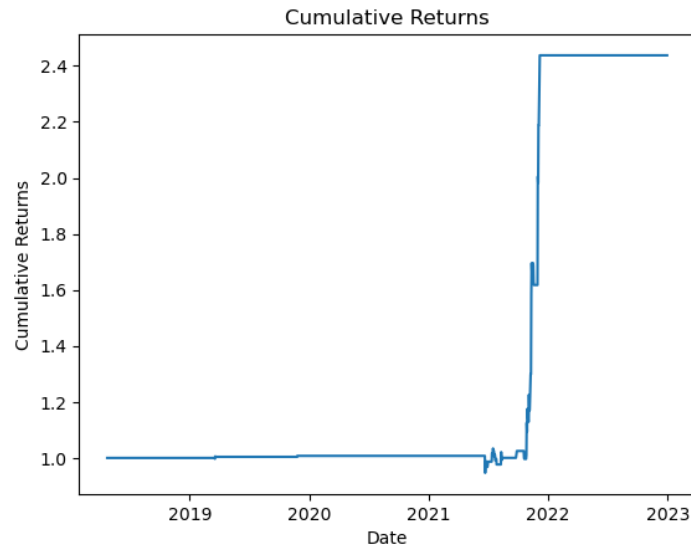
# fill NaN values in daily returns with 0

# compute cumulative returns of trading strategy
cum_returns_3m_ly = np.exp(daily_returns_3m_ly.cumsum())

#plot cumulative returns of trading strategy
plt.plot(cum_returns_3m_ly)
plt.title('Cumulative Returns')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Cumulative Returns')
plt.show()

# print final cumulative return
print('Final Cumulative Return:', cum_returns_3m_ly.iloc[-1])

```



Final Cumulative Return: 2.4375899623032558

In [221]: daily\_returns\_3m\_ly.to\_excel("test.xlsx")

## 2yr swap

```

In [222]: data=pd.read_excel("2 year Implied Vols.xlsx")
data.set_index('Date', inplace=True)

data=data.ffill(axis = 1)
data=data.reindex(index=data.index[::-1])

#data["2yr Swap"]
#data["1m Implied Vol"]
data=data.dropna()
data

```

Out[222]:

	1m Implied Vol	3m Implied Vol	2 Year Swap Rates
2018-04-24	0.340398	0.381207	2.3366
2018-04-25	0.334828	0.385543	2.3411
2018-04-26	0.313995	0.370068	2.3383
2018-04-27	0.294942	0.364437	2.3380
2018-04-30	0.294993	0.343473	2.3440
...	...	...	...
2022-12-23	0.510203	0.591321	4.3561
2022-12-27	0.556761	0.598744	4.4103
2022-12-28	0.534786	0.601169	4.4145
2022-12-29	0.535681	0.596111	4.4075
2022-12-30	0.536232	0.599912	4.4500

1078 rows × 3 columns

## Using the moving average 2yr

In [223]...

```
#1m2y
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from datetime import datetime
import pandas_datareader.data as web

# extract 5-year par swap rates from FRED

#par_swap_rates = web.DataReader(['DGS30'], 'fred', start_date, end_date)
par_swap_rates = data["2 Year Swap Rates"]

# drop rows with missing data

# compute daily log returns of par swap rates
log_returns = np.log(par_swap_rates) - np.log(par_swap_rates.shift(1))

# compute annualized volatilities of log returns
#volatilities = log_returns.rolling(window=252).std() * np.sqrt(252)
volatilities = data["1m Implied Vol"]

# compute 50-day and 200-day moving averages
ma_50 = par_swap_rates.rolling(window=50).mean()
ma_200 = par_swap_rates.rolling(window=200).mean()

# compute 50-day and 200-day moving average volatilities
ma_vol_50 = volatilities.rolling(window=50).mean()
ma_vol_200 = volatilities.rolling(window=200).mean()

# fill NaN values in volatilities with 0

# define trading signals based on volatilities, moving averages, and stop loss
signals = np.where((par_swap_rates > ma_50) &
                    (ma_50 > ma_200) &
                    (volatilities > ma_vol_50) &
                    (volatilities > ma_vol_200) &
                    (par_swap_rates.shift(1) > ma_50.shift(1)) &
                    (par_swap_rates.shift(1) > ma_200.shift(1)) &
                    (volatilities.shift(1) > ma_vol_50.shift(1)) &
                    (volatilities.shift(1) > ma_vol_200.shift(1)) &
                    (par_swap_rates - par_swap_rates.shift(1) > -0.01), 1,
                    np.where((par_swap_rates < ma_50) &
                              (ma_50 < ma_200) &
                              (volatilities < ma_vol_50) &
                              (volatilities < ma_vol_200) &
                              (par_swap_rates.shift(1) < ma_50.shift(1)) &
                              (par_swap_rates.shift(1) < ma_200.shift(1)) &
                              (volatilities.shift(1) < ma_vol_50.shift(1)) &
                              (volatilities.shift(1) < ma_vol_200.shift(1)) &
                              (par_swap_rates - par_swap_rates.shift(1) < 0.01), -1, 0))

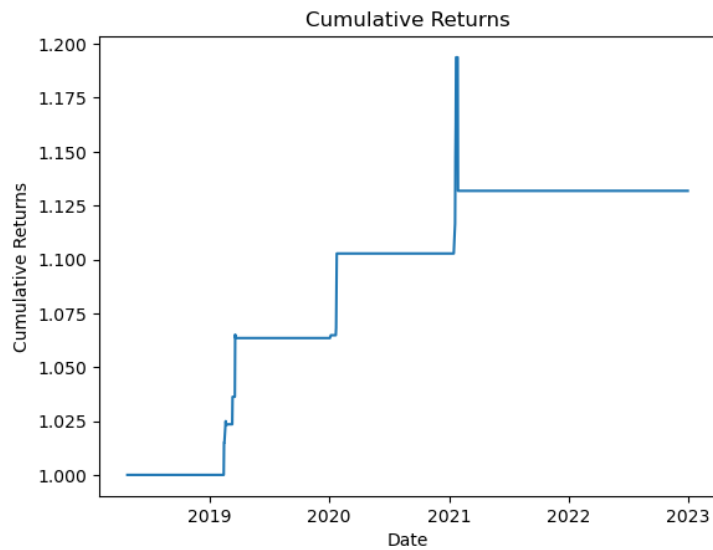
# compute daily returns of trading strategy
daily_returns_lm_2y = signals * log_returns

# fill NaN values in daily returns with 0

# compute cumulative returns of trading strategy
cum_returns_lm_2y = np.exp(daily_returns_lm_2y.cumsum())

# plot cumulative returns of trading strategy
plt.plot(cum_returns_lm_2y)
plt.title('Cumulative Returns')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Cumulative Returns')
plt.show()

# print final cumulative return
print('Final Cumulative Return:', cum_returns_lm_2y.iloc[-1])
```



Final Cumulative Return: 1.13179464904834

In [224..

```
#3m2y
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from datetime import datetime
import pandas_datareader.data as web

# extract 5-year par swap rates from FRED
start_date = datetime(2018, 4, 23)
end_date = datetime(2022, 12, 30)
#par_swap_rates = web.DataReader(['DGS30'], 'fred', start_date, end_date)
par_swap_rates=data["2 Year Swap Rates"]

# drop rows with missing data
par_swap_rates.dropna(inplace=True)

# compute daily log returns of par swap rates
log_returns = np.log(par_swap_rates) - np.log(par_swap_rates.shift(1))

# compute annualized volatilities of log returns
#volatilities = log_returns.rolling(window=252).std() * np.sqrt(252)
volatilities = data["3m Implied Vol"]

# compute 50-day and 200-day moving averages
ma_50 = par_swap_rates.rolling(window=50).mean()
ma_200 = par_swap_rates.rolling(window=200).mean()

# compute 50-day and 200-day moving average volatilities
ma_vol_50 = volatilities.rolling(window=50).mean()
ma_vol_200 = volatilities.rolling(window=200).mean()

# fill NaN values in volatilities with 0
volatilities.fillna(0, inplace=True)

# define trading signals based on volatilities, moving averages, and stop loss
signals = np.where((par_swap_rates > ma_50) &
                    (ma_50 > ma_200) &
                    (volatilities > ma_vol_50) &
                    (volatilities > ma_vol_200) &
                    (par_swap_rates.shift(1) > ma_50.shift(1)) &
                    (par_swap_rates.shift(1) > ma_200.shift(1)) &
                    (volatilities.shift(1) > ma_vol_50.shift(1)) &
                    (volatilities.shift(1) > ma_vol_200.shift(1)) &
                    (par_swap_rates - par_swap_rates.shift(1) > -0.01), 1,
                    np.where((par_swap_rates < ma_50) &
                              (ma_50 < ma_200) &
                              (volatilities < ma_vol_50) &
                              (volatilities < ma_vol_200) &
                              (par_swap_rates.shift(1) < ma_50.shift(1)) &
                              (par_swap_rates.shift(1) < ma_200.shift(1)) &
                              (volatilities.shift(1) < ma_vol_50.shift(1)) &
                              (volatilities.shift(1) < ma_vol_200.shift(1)) &
                              (par_swap_rates - par_swap_rates.shift(1) < 0.01), -1, 0))

# compute daily returns of trading strategy
daily_returns_3m_2y = signals * log_returns

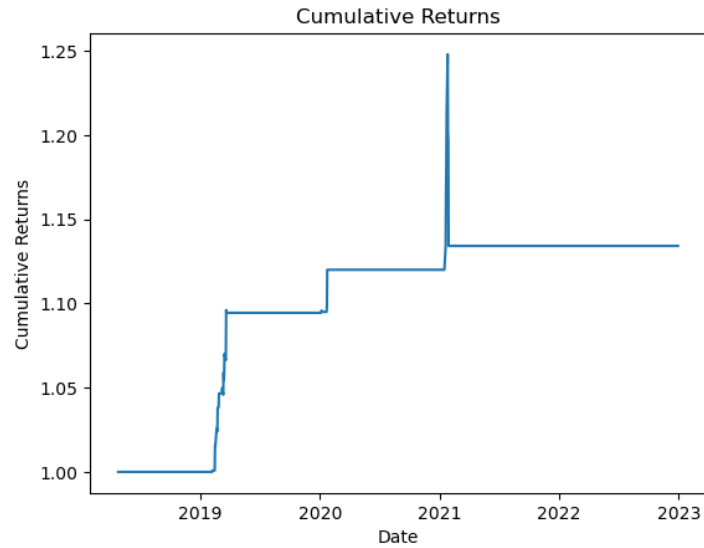
# fill NaN values in daily returns with 0
daily_returns_3m_2y.fillna(0, inplace=True)

# compute cumulative returns of trading strategy
cum_returns_3m_2y = np.exp(daily_returns_3m_2y.cumsum())

# plot cumulative returns of trading strategy
plt.plot(cum_returns_3m_2y)
plt.title('Cumulative Returns')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Cumulative Returns')
plt.show()

# print final cumulative return
print('Final Cumulative Return:', cum_returns_3m_2y.iloc[-1])
```



Final Cumulative Return: 1.1341310654309862

## 5yr swap

```
In [239... data=pd.read_excel("5 year Implied Vols.xlsx")
print(data)
data.set_index('Date', inplace=True)

data=data.fillna(method='ffill')
data=data.reindex(index=data.index[::-1])

#data["2yr Swap"]
#data["1m Implied Vol"]
```

	Date	1m Implied Vol	3m Implied Vol	5 Year Swap Rates
0	2022-12-30	1.571649	1.714200	3.7420
1	2022-12-29	1.589110	1.713599	3.7013
2	2022-12-28	1.578554	1.702463	3.7295
3	2022-12-27	1.659759	1.709536	3.6891
4	2022-12-23	1.529695	1.692305	3.6290
...	...	...	...	...
1174	2018-04-26	1.020927	1.056979	2.5250
1175	2018-04-25	1.070361	1.102958	2.5390
1176	2018-04-24	1.033601	1.073848	2.5640
1177	2018-04-23	1.040448	1.073650	2.5450
1178	NaT	NaN	NaN	2.5380

[1179 rows x 4 columns]

```
In [240... print(data)
```

	Date	1m Implied Vol	3m Implied Vol	5 Year Swap Rates
	NaT	1.040448	1.073650	2.5380
	2018-04-23	1.040448	1.073650	2.5450
	2018-04-24	1.033601	1.073848	2.5640
	2018-04-25	1.070361	1.102958	2.5390
	2018-04-26	1.020927	1.056979	2.5250
	...	...	...	...
	2022-12-23	1.529695	1.692305	3.6290
	2022-12-27	1.659759	1.709536	3.6891
	2022-12-28	1.578554	1.702463	3.7295
	2022-12-29	1.589110	1.713599	3.7013
	2022-12-30	1.571649	1.714200	3.7420

[1179 rows x 3 columns]

```
In [241... data.to_excel("test.xlsx")
```

## Moving average 5yr

```
In [242... #1m5y
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from datetime import datetime
import pandas_datareader.data as web

# extract 5-year par swap rates from FRED
```

```

start_date = datetime(2018, 4, 23)
end_date = datetime(2022, 12, 30)
#par_swap_rates = web.DataReader(['DGS30'], 'fred', start_date, end_date)
par_swap_rates=data["5 Year Swap Rates"]

# drop rows with missing data

# compute daily log returns of par swap rates
log_returns = np.log(par_swap_rates) - np.log(par_swap_rates.shift(1))

# compute annualized volatilities of log returns
#volatilities = log_returns.rolling(window=252).std() * np.sqrt(252)
volatilities = data["1m Implied Vol"]

# compute 50-day and 200-day moving averages
ma_50 = par_swap_rates.rolling(window=50).mean()
ma_200 = par_swap_rates.rolling(window=200).mean()

# compute 50-day and 200-day moving average volatilities
ma_vol_50 = volatilities.rolling(window=50).mean()
ma_vol_200 = volatilities.rolling(window=200).mean()

# fill NaN values in volatilities with 0
#volatilities.fillna(method='ffill', inplace=True)

# define trading signals based on volatilities, moving averages, and stop loss
signals = np.where((par_swap_rates > ma_50) &
                    (ma_50 > ma_200) &
                    (volatilities > ma_vol_50) &
                    (volatilities > ma_vol_200) &
                    (par_swap_rates.shift(1) > ma_50.shift(1)) &
                    (par_swap_rates.shift(1) > ma_200.shift(1)) &
                    (volatilities.shift(1) > ma_vol_50.shift(1)) &
                    (volatilities.shift(1) > ma_vol_200.shift(1)) &
                    (par_swap_rates - par_swap_rates.shift(1) > -0.01), 1,
                    np.where((par_swap_rates < ma_50) &
                              (ma_50 < ma_200) &
                              (volatilities < ma_vol_50) &
                              (volatilities < ma_vol_200) &
                              (par_swap_rates.shift(1) < ma_50.shift(1)) &
                              (par_swap_rates.shift(1) < ma_200.shift(1)) &
                              (volatilities.shift(1) < ma_vol_50.shift(1)) &
                              (volatilities.shift(1) < ma_vol_200.shift(1)) &
                              (par_swap_rates - par_swap_rates.shift(1) < 0.01), -1, 0))

# compute daily returns of trading strategy
daily_returns_lm_5y = signals * log_returns

# fill NaN values in daily returns with 0
daily_returns_lm_5y.fillna(method='ffill', inplace=True)

# compute cumulative returns of trading strategy
cum_returns_lm_5y = np.exp(daily_returns_lm_5y.cumsum())

# plot cumulative returns of trading strategy
#plt.plot(cum_returns_lm_5y)
#plt.title('Cumulative Returns')
#plt.xlabel('Date')
#plt.ylabel('Cumulative Returns')
#plt.show()

# print final cumulative return
print('Final Cumulative Return:', cum_returns_lm_5y.iloc[-1])

```

Final Cumulative Return: 1.1483946488953982

In [243... cum\_returns\_lm\_5y

```

Out[243]:
Date
NaT      NaT
2018-04-23    1.000000
2018-04-24    1.000000
2018-04-25    1.000000
2018-04-26    1.000000
...
2022-12-23    1.148395
2022-12-27    1.148395
2022-12-28    1.148395
2022-12-29    1.148395
2022-12-30    1.148395
Name: 5 Year Swap Rates, Length: 1179, dtype: float64

```

```

In [244... #3m5y
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from datetime import datetime
import pandas_datareader.data as web

# extract 5-year par swap rates from FRED
start_date = datetime(2018, 4, 23)
end_date = datetime(2022, 12, 30)
#par_swap_rates = web.DataReader(['DGS30'], 'fred', start_date, end_date)
par_swap_rates=data["5 Year Swap Rates"]

# drop rows with missing data
#par_swap_rates.dropna(inplace=True)

```

```

# compute daily log returns of par swap rates
log_returns = np.log(par_swap_rates) - np.log(par_swap_rates.shift(1))

# compute annualized volatilities of log returns
#volatilities = log_returns.rolling(window=252).std() * np.sqrt(252)
volatilities = data["3m Implied Vol"]

# compute 50-day and 200-day moving averages
ma_50 = par_swap_rates.rolling(window=50).mean()
ma_200 = par_swap_rates.rolling(window=200).mean()

# compute 50-day and 200-day moving average volatilities
ma_vol_50 = volatilities.rolling(window=50).mean()
ma_vol_200 = volatilities.rolling(window=200).mean()

# fill NaN values in volatilities with 0

# define trading signals based on volatilities, moving averages, and stop loss
signals = np.where((par_swap_rates > ma_50) &
                  (ma_50 > ma_200) &
                  (volatilities > ma_vol_50) &
                  (volatilities > ma_vol_200) &
                  (par_swap_rates.shift(1) > ma_50.shift(1)) &
                  (par_swap_rates.shift(1) > ma_200.shift(1)) &
                  (volatilities.shift(1) > ma_vol_50.shift(1)) &
                  (volatilities.shift(1) > ma_vol_200.shift(1)) &
                  (par_swap_rates - par_swap_rates.shift(1) > -0.01), 1,
                  np.where((par_swap_rates < ma_50) &
                          (ma_50 < ma_200) &
                          (volatilities < ma_vol_50) &
                          (volatilities < ma_vol_200) &
                          (par_swap_rates.shift(1) < ma_50.shift(1)) &
                          (par_swap_rates.shift(1) < ma_200.shift(1)) &
                          (volatilities.shift(1) < ma_vol_50.shift(1)) &
                          (volatilities.shift(1) < ma_vol_200.shift(1)) &
                          (par_swap_rates - par_swap_rates.shift(1) < 0.01), -1, 0))

# compute daily returns of trading strategy
daily_returns_3m_5y = signals * log_returns

# fill NaN values in daily returns with 0
#daily_returns_3m_5y.fillna(0, inplace=True)

# compute cumulative returns of trading strategy
cum_returns_3m_5y = np.exp(daily_returns_3m_5y.cumsum())

# plot cumulative returns of trading strategy
#plt.plot(cum_returns_3m_5y)
#plt.title('Cumulative Returns')
#plt.xlabel('Date')
#plt.ylabel('Cumulative Returns')
#plt.show()

# print final cumulative return
print('Final Cumulative Return:', cum_returns_3m_5y.iloc[-1])

```

Final Cumulative Return: 1.1167697546124298

In [ ]:

In [231]... cum\_returns\_3m\_5y

```

Out[231]:
Date
2022-12-30      NaN
2022-12-29      1.000000
2022-12-28      1.000000
2022-12-27      1.000000
2022-12-23      1.000000
...
2018-04-26      1.184250
2018-04-25      1.184250
2018-04-24      1.184250
2018-04-23      1.184250
NaT              1.187516
Name: 5 Year Swap Rates, Length: 1179, dtype: float64

```

```

In [232]... daily_ret= pd.DataFrame()
daily_ret['1m1y']= daily_returns_1m_1y
daily_ret['3m1y']= daily_returns_3m_1y
daily_ret['1m2y']= daily_returns_1m_2y
daily_ret['3m2y']= daily_returns_3m_2y
daily_ret['1m5y']= daily_returns_1m_5y
daily_ret['3m5y']= daily_returns_3m_5y

```

In [233]... daily\_ret.fillna(method="ffill", inplace=True)

In [234]... daily\_ret.to\_csv("test.csv")



```
In [ ]: cum_ret= pd.DataFrame()  
cum_ret['1m1y']= cum_returns_1m_1y  
cum_ret['3m1y']= cum_returns_3m_1y  
cum_ret['1m2y']= cum_returns_1m_2y  
cum_ret['3m2y']= cum_returns_3m_2y  
cum_ret['1m5y']= cum_returns_1m_5y  
cum_ret['3m5y']= cum_returns_3m_5y
```

```
In [ ]: cum_ret
```

Out[ ]:

	1m1y	3m1y	1m2y	3m2y	1m5y	3m5y
Date						
2023-04-19	1.000000	1.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-18	1.000000	1.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-17	1.000000	1.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-14	1.000000	1.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-13	1.000000	1.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2018-04-27	1.883829	1.692239	1.0	1.0	4.008678	1.18425
2018-04-26	1.882398	1.692239	1.0	1.0	4.008678	1.18425
2018-04-25	1.882398	1.692239	1.0	1.0	4.008678	1.18425
2018-04-24	1.882398	1.692239	1.0	1.0	4.008678	1.18425
2018-04-23	1.882398	1.692239	NaN	NaN	4.008678	1.18425

1278 rows x 6 columns

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]: daily_ret= pd.DataFrame()  
daily_ret['1m1y']= daily_returns_1m_1y  
daily_ret['3m1y']= daily_returns_3m_1y  
daily_ret['1m2y']= daily_returns_1m_2y  
daily_ret['3m2y']= daily_returns_3m_2y  
daily_ret['1m5y']= daily_returns_1m_5y  
daily_ret['3m5y']= daily_returns_3m_5y  
daily_ret.head(20)
```

Out[ ]:

	1m1y	3m1y	1m2y	3m2y	1m5y	3m5y
Date						
2023-04-19	0.0	0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-18	-0.0	-0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-17	-0.0	-0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-14	-0.0	-0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-13	-0.0	-0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-12	-0.0	-0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-11	0.0	0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-10	0.0	0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-07	-0.0	-0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-06	-0.0	-0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-05	-0.0	-0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-04	0.0	0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-04-03	0.0	0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-03-31	0.0	0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-03-30	0.0	0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-03-29	-0.0	-0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-03-28	-0.0	-0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-03-27	-0.0	-0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-03-24	-0.0	-0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2023-03-23	0.0	0.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

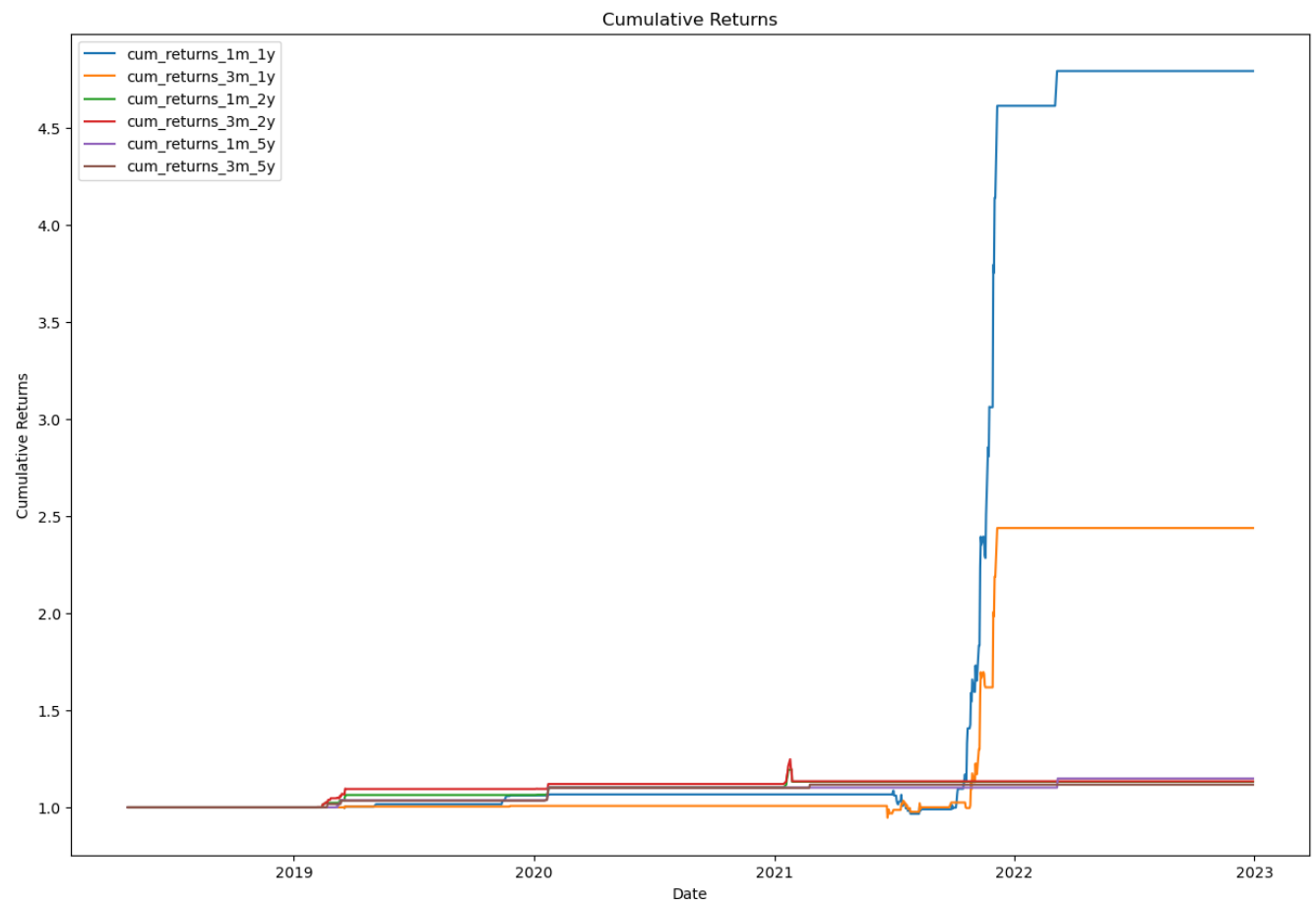
```
In [ ]: daily_ret.to_excel("daily_return.xlsx")
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [246... plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))  
plt.plot(cum_returns_1m_1y)  
plt.plot(cum_returns_3m_1y)  
plt.plot(cum_returns_1m_2y)
```

```
plt.plot(cum_returns_3m_2y)
plt.plot(cum_returns_1m_5y)
plt.plot(cum_returns_3m_5y)
plt.title('Cumulative Returns')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Cumulative Returns')

plt.legend(['cum_returns_1m_1y', 'cum_returns_3m_1y', 'cum_returns_1m_2y', 'cum_returns_3m_2y', 'cum_returns_1m_5y', 'cum_returns_3m_5y'])
plt.show()
```



```
In [247... plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))

plt.plot(cum_returns_1m_2y)
plt.plot(cum_returns_3m_2y)
plt.plot(cum_returns_1m_5y)
plt.plot(cum_returns_3m_5y)
plt.title('Cumulative Returns')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Cumulative Returns')

plt.legend(['cum_returns_1m_2y', 'cum_returns_3m_2y', 'cum_returns_1m_5y', 'cum_returns_3m_5y'])
plt.show()
```

