# **Mushroom Classification**

#### **Abstract:**

Mushrooms are an important fungus which contains a good source of vitamin B and a large amount of protein when compared to all other vegetables. It helps to prevent cancer, is useful in weight loss and increases the immunity power of humans. On the other hand, some mushrooms are toxic and can prove dangerous if we eat them. Therefore, it is a prominent task to differentiate the edible and poisonous mushrooms.

## **Project Scope:**

- Parse the data (preprocessing the data)
- Build a machine learning model that will predict whether a mushroom is edible or not based on the other characteristics.

# **Design Steps/Methodology:**

- 1. Data Preparation:
- Load the dataset.
- Understand the data.
- Preprocess the data by handling missing values, encoding categorial variables and performing the required transformations.
- 2. Feature Selection and Engineering:
- Identify those features that can predict the eligibility of mushrooms.
- Engineer new features, if necessary, based on domain knowledge or data insights.
- 3. Model Selection and Training:
- Split the dataset into training and testing sets to evaluate the performance of model.
- Choosing the machine learning algorithm for binary classification. Ex: Logistic Regression, Decision trees, Random Forest classifiers.
- Train the selected model on training data and tune hyperparameters using techniques like cross –validation or grid search.
- 4. Model Evaluation:
- Evaluate performance of trained model using evaluation metrics like accuracy, precision, recall and F1 score.
- Analyze any class imbalance issues and consider using techniques like oversampling and under sampling to address the imbalance

## **Result and Outcomes:**

The methods that we used here are: -

• Support vector machine = 100% accuracy

- Decision Tree Classifier = 97.9% accuracy
- Logistic Regression = 95% accuracy

#### **Benefits:**

Classifying mushrooms can have several benefits, especially when it comes to distinguishing edible mushrooms from poisonous ones.

The key benefits include: -

- 1. Food Safety
- 2. Culinary Applications
- 3. Medicinal Uses
- 4. Biodiversity Conservation
- 5. Scientific Research
- 6. Recreational and Educational Purposes

Accurate identification plays a crucial role in maximizing the benefits and minimizing the risks associated with mushrooms.

#### **Lessons Learnt:**

- 1. Understanding the problem: It took some time for me to understand the main objective of this particular project. After understanding the objectives, requirements, constraints, I could easily grasp the information.
- 2. Data preprocessing: I learnt that this step is a very critical stage of handling any data. Understanding the variables and statistical quality of the given data. Parsing the data from csv file into python. I have put most of my time to clean the data, clearing the null values, formatting the values and replacing the missing values and encoding the data to binary values.
- Model selection: There are different types of methods for encoding the data as well. In the selection of machine learning algorithm, three are used and those being Logistic regression, Decision Tree Classifier, and support vector machine.
- 4. Model Interpretation and Error analysis: Splitting the data into training and testing was a timetaking task for me as this part was completely new and I studied about how it needs to be done and the underlying process for it. I did face some challenges while coding and ran into errors which I couldn't solve. Then resolved those with the help of colleagues and Stack overflow.
- 5. Continuous learning: As I had an interest in AI & ML, I was keen to know every detail of this project and I went through most of the documentation of those that I have used in this project.

## **Conclusion:**

The accuracy for the methods used is more than 95% which means what we have is edible. Most of the classifiers perform well as the dataset is a clean set.