# **Deployment Plan for WordPress in Monolithic and Microservices Architectures**

#### **Prerequisites:**

- 1. AWS account with necessary permissions.
- 2. AWS CLI configured on your local machine.
- 3. SSH client to access EC2 instances.

## Step-by-Step Guide

## Part 1: Monolithic Architecture Deployment

## 1. Launch EC2 Instance

- Instance Type: t2.micro
- AMI: ubuntu-20.04-lts
- Security Group: Allow HTTP (port 80) and SSH (port 22) inbound.

#### 2. Install Necessary Packages

SSH into the instance and run the following commands:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt upgrade -y
sudo apt install apache2 -y
sudo apt install mysql-server -y
sudo mysql_secure_installation (optional)
sudo apt install php libapache2-mod-php php-mysql -y
sudo systemctl restart apache2
```

## 3. Configure MySQL

```
sudo mysql -u root -p
# Inside MySQL shell
CREATE DATABASE wordpress;
CREATE USER 'wordpressuser'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON wordpress.* TO 'wordpressuser'@'localhost';
FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
EXIT;
```

#### 4. Install and Configure WordPress

```
cd /tmp
wget https://wordpress.org/latest.tar.gz
tar -xvzf latest.tar.gz
sudo cp -R wordpress/* /var/www/html/
sudo chown -R www-data:www-data /var/www/html/
sudo chmod -R 755 /var/www/html/
sudo systemctl restart apache2
```

#### 5. Setup WordPress

- Navigate to the instance's public IP in your browser.
- Complete the WordPress setup wizard, connecting to the MySQL database with the details created earlier.

## Part 2: Microservices Architecture Deployment

#### 1. Launch EC2 Instances

- WordPress Instance:
  - o Instance Type: t2.micro
    o AMI: ubuntu-20.04-lts
  - o Security Group: Allow HTTP (port 80) and SSH (port 22) inbound.
- MySQL Instance:
  - Instance Type: t2.microAMI: ubuntu-20.04-lts
  - Security Group: Allow MySQL (port 3306) and SSH (port 22) inbound.

### 2. Install MySQL on MySQL Instance

SSH into the MySQL instance and run the following commands:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt upgrade -y
sudo apt install mysql-server -y
sudo mysql_secure_installation
```

Configure MySQL to accept connections from WordPress instance:

sudo nano /etc/mysql/mysql.conf.d/mysqld.cnf # Change 'bind-address' to 0.0.0.0 sudo systemctl restart mysql

Create a WordPress database and user:

```
sudo mysql -u root -p
# Inside MySQL shell
CREATE DATABASE wordpress;
CREATE USER 'wordpressuser'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON wordpress.* TO 'wordpressuser'@'%';
FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
EXIT;
```

#### 3. Install WordPress on WordPress Instance

SSH into the WordPress instance and run the following commands:

sudo apt update

sudo apt upgrade -y sudo apt install apache2 -y sudo apt install php libapache2-mod-php php-mysql -y sudo systemctl restart apache2

Download and configure WordPress:

cd /tmp
wget https://wordpress.org/latest.tar.gz
tar -xvzf latest.tar.gz
sudo cp -R wordpress/\* /var/www/html/
sudo chown -R www-data:www-data /var/www/html/
sudo chmod -R 755 /var/www/html/
sudo systemctl restart apache2

### 4. Setup WordPress

- Navigate to the WordPress instance's public IP in your browser.
- During the setup wizard, provide the MySQL instance's private IP address, and the database user credentials.

## Security Groups Configuration:

- WordPress Instance Security Group:
  - o Inbound: HTTP (80), SSH (22)
  - o Outbound: All traffic
- MySQL Instance Security Group:
  - o Inbound: MySQL (3306) from WordPress instance IP, SSH (22)
  - Outbound: All traffic

## Final Steps:

- 1. Ensure both EC2 instances are running and security groups are correctly configured.
- 2. Verify connectivity between WordPress and MySQL instances.
- 3. Complete the WordPress installation through the web interface.
- 4. Create a welcome page in WordPress and set it as the homepage.