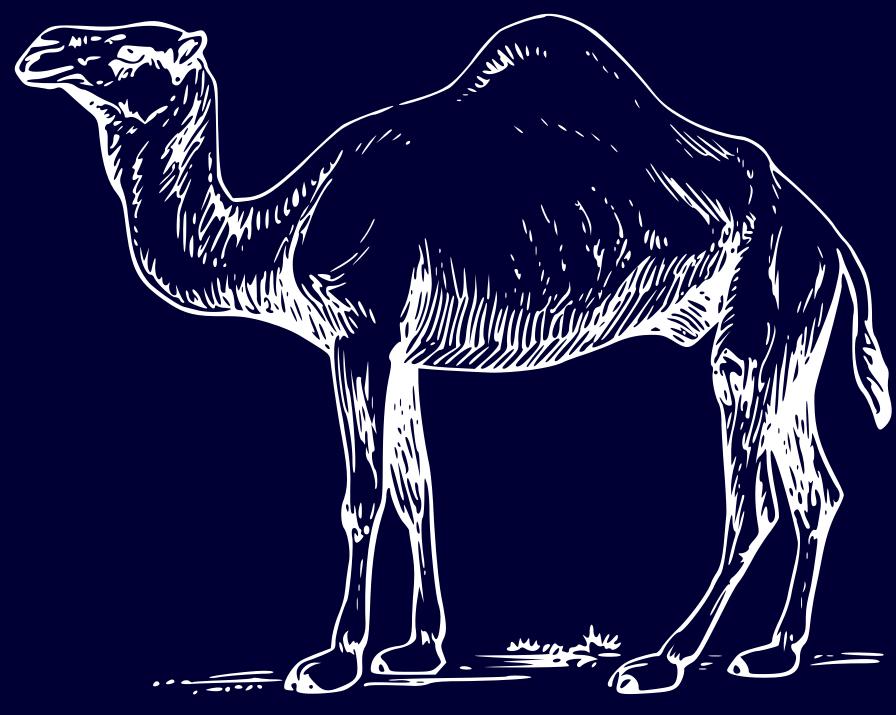
Miniconda can be a valuable channel to deliver your Perl packages and modules



# conda install perl-module

# How did I get here?

- I'm not a developer (I'm a molecular biologist)
- I learned Perl 💙 in 2004, when it was the most popular scripting language in **bioinformatics**

 Slides and example code on GitHub https://github.com/telatin/learnperl/tree/master/TPRCiC

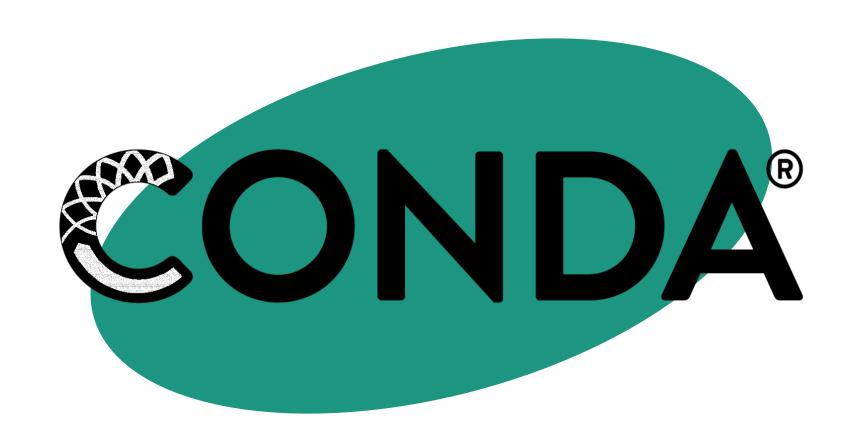
# The problem

- For **BIOINFORMATICIANS**:
  - Our analyses rely on a vast number of software tools
  - Sometimes incompatible versions of tools / modules etc.

- For Perl programs:
  - Non developers would struggle installing modules (and cpanm...)



## The solution



https://anaconda.org

#### • PACKAGE MANAGER:

- Will install packages and their dependencies picking the right versions
- conda install package-name

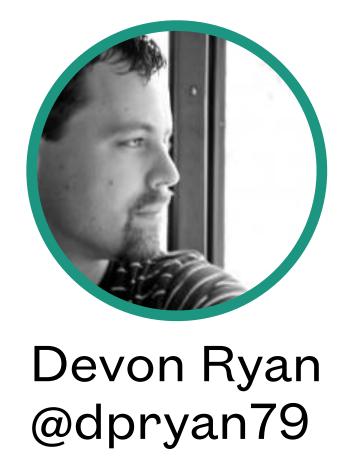
#### • ENVIRONMENT MANAGER:

- Allows to use different versions of modules/ tools in isolated "environments"
- conda create -n environment\_1
- conda activate environment\_1

## Conda "channels"

#### CONDA CHANNELS

- Conda channels are the locations where packages are stored
- Any user signing up can create their own channel
- e.g. conda install -c my\_channel perl=5.22
- The BioConda channel (https://bioconda.github.io/)
  - >7000 packages (of which >700 Perl modules)
  - e.g. conda install -c bioconda perl-capture-tiny



# The "recipe"

#### INGREDIENTS

- meta.yaml Metadata (package name, URL, dependencies)
- build.sh Compilation / installation script (not needed for Python)
- test.sh Optional test script (basic tests can be added in meta.yaml)
- All inside a `package-name` directory

• Fork `bioconda-recipes`, add the new recipe and make a PR

```
{% set name = "perl-module-name" %}
{% set version = "0.01" %}
{% set sha256 = "de31386013dc32f46f4c00d19230eeecca0c33ed1f1b13403a08e087a0278a05" %}
package:
 name: {{ name }}
 version: {{ version }}
source:
  url: https://cpan.metacpan.org/authors/id/X/XY/XYNICKNAME/Module-Name-{{ version }}.tar.gz
  sha256: {{ sha256 }}
build:
 noarch: generic
 number: 0
requirements:
  host:
    - perl
    - perl-module-build
    - perl-test-more
  run:
    - perl
test:
  imports:
    - Module::Name
```

## meta.yaml

#### CONDA MAGIC

 When you release a new version of the module on CPAN, the BioConda Bot will automatically fetch it and make it available

## build.sh

#!/bin/bash

```
# If it has Build.PL use that, otherwise use Makefile.PL
if [ -f Build.PL ]; then
    perl Build.PL
    perl ./Build
    perl ./Build test
    # Make sure this goes in site
    perl ./Build install --installdirs site
elif [ -f Makefile.PL ]; then
    # Make sure this goes in site
    perl Makefile.PL INSTALLDIRS=site
   make
   make test
   make install
else
    echo 'Unable to find Build.PL or Makefile.PL. You need to modify build.sh.'
    exit 1
fi
```

# We can finally have Python serving the Perl community



Andrea Telatin

twitter: @telatin

CPAN: PROCH