



NRC7394 Evaluation Kit User Guide (Standalone SDK API)

Ultra-low power & Long-range Wi-Fi

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NEWRACOM, Inc.

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1 Overview

This document introduces the Application Programming Interface (API) for standalone NRC7394 Software Development Kit (SDK). These APIs are used for Wi-Fi operations and events and other peripherals on the NRC7394 Evaluation Boards (EVB).

The user application is implemented using SDK API, 3rd party libraries and system hardware abstract layer (HAL) APIs. The lwIP is used for TCP/IP related codes. The mbedtls is related to encryption and decryption. The FreeRTOS is a real-time operating system kernel for embedded devices. It provides methods for multiple threads or tasks, mutexes, semaphores and software timers. Wi-Fi API is implemented based on wpa_supplicant. It provides the general Wi-Fi operations such as scan, connect, set Wi-Fi configurations and get system status information such as RSSI, SNR.

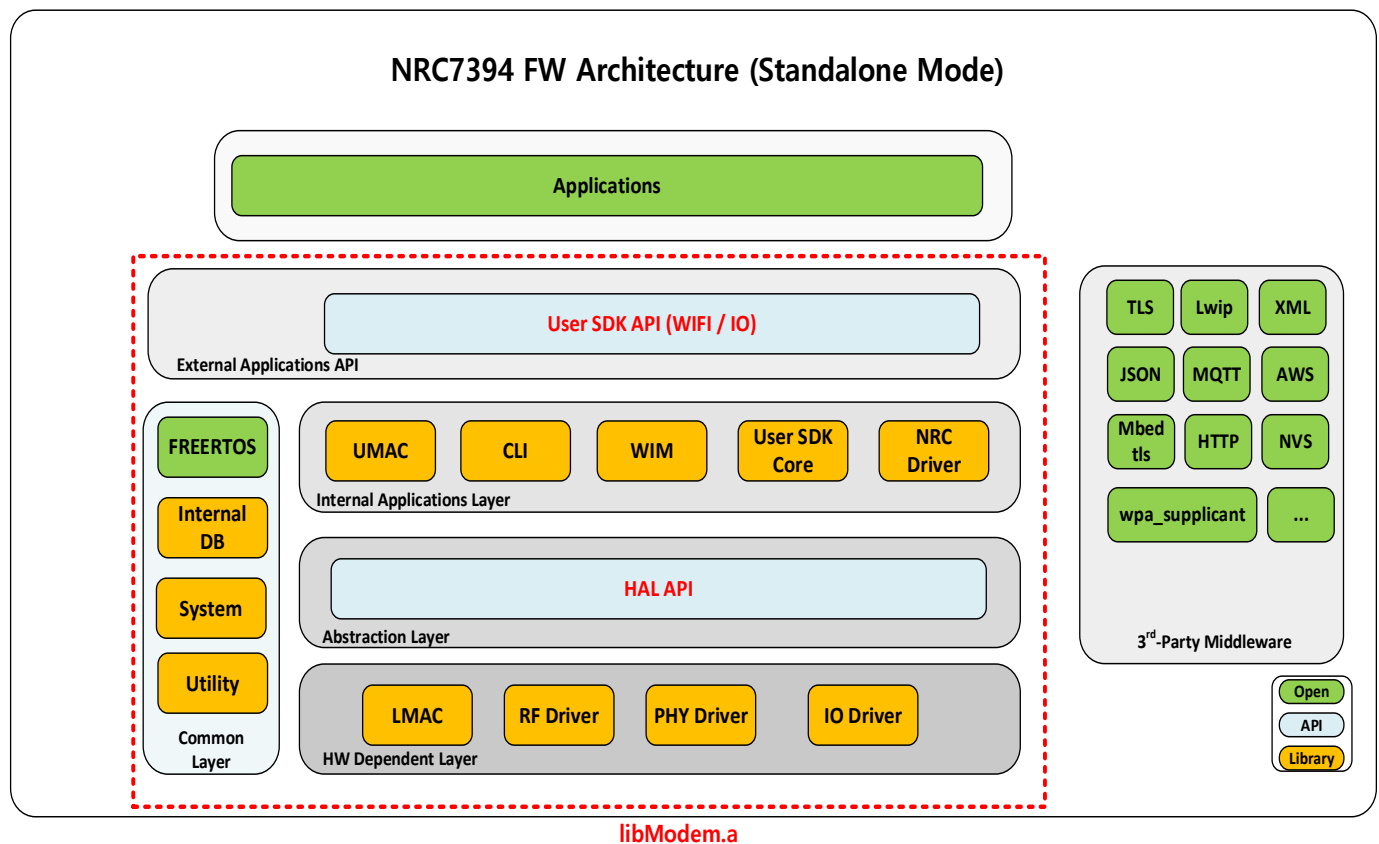


Figure 1.1 NRC7394 SDK Architecture

2 General

The general data types are defined at the “sdk/include/nrc_types.h”.

2.1.1 Error Type

nrc_err_t is an operation function return type.

Table 2.1 Error Type

| Name | Description |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| NRC_SUCCESS | Operation was successful |
| NRC_FAIL | Operation failed |

3 Wi-Fi

The Wi-Fi API provides functions to:

- Scan & connect to AP
- Configuration the Wi-Fi settings
- Set and get the IP address

3.1 Data Type

These types are defined at the “sdk/include/nrc_types.h”.

3.1.1 API Status Return Value

tWIFI_STATUS is returned by API functions to indicate whether a function call succeeded or failed.

Table 3.1 tWIFI_STATUS

| Name | Description |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| WIFI_SUCCESS | Operation successful |
| WIFI_NOMEM | No memory |
| WIFI_INVALID | Invalid parameter |
| WIFI_INVALID_STATE | Invalid Wi-Fi state |
| WIFI_TIMEOUT | Operation timeout |
| WIFI_TIMEOUT_DHCP | Get IP address is timeout |
| WIFI_FAIL | Operation failed |
| WIFI_FAIL_INIT | Wi-Fi initial is failed |
| WIFI_FAIL_CONNECT | Wi-Fi connection is failed |
| WIFI_FAIL_DHCP | Get DHCP client is failed |
| WIFI_FAIL_SET_IP | Set IP address is failed |
| WIFI_FAIL_SOFTAP | SoftAP start is failed |
| WIFI_FAIL_SOFTAP_NOSTA | No station is connected to softAP. |

3.1.2 Device Mode

tWIFI_DEVICE_MODE is the bandwidth.

Table 3.2 tWIFI_DEVICE_MODE

| Name | Description |
|-------------------|--------------|
| WIFI_MODE_STATION | Station |
| WIFI_MODE_AP | Access Point |

3.1.3 Wi-Fi State

tWIFI_STATE_ID is the Wi-Fi state.

Table 3.3 tWIFI_STATE_ID

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| WIFI_STATE_UNKNOWN | Not initialized or unknown state |
| WIFI_STATE_INIT | Initial |
| WIFI_STATE_CONFIGURED | Wi-Fi configuration is done |
| WIFI_STATE_TRY_CONNECT | Try to connect |
| WIFI_STATE_CONNECTED | Connected |
| WIFI_STATE_TRY_DISCONNECT | Try to disconnect |
| WIFI_STATE_DISCONNECTED | Disconnected |
| WIFI_STATE_SOFTAP_CONFIGURED | Set the SoftAP configuration |
| WIFI_STATE_SOFTAP_TRY_START | Try to start SoftAP |
| WIFI_STATE_SOFTAP_START | SoftAP is started |
| WIFI_STATE_DHCP_START | DHCP server is started |

3.1.4 Country Code

tWIFI_COUNTRY_CODE is the country code.

Table 3.4 tWIFI_COUNTRY_CODE

| Name | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| WIFI_CC_UNKNOWN | Unknown value |
| WIFI_CC_JP | Japan |
| WIFI_CC_US | United States of America |
| WIFI_CC_EU | Europe |
| WIFI_CC_CN | China |
| WIFI_CC_NZ | New Zealand |
| WIFI_CC_AU | Australia |
| WIFI_CC_K1 | Korea USN1(921.5~922.5) Mhz – LBT (Non Standard) |
| WIFI_CC_K2 | Korea USN5(925.5~929) Mhz – MIC detection |
| WIFI_CC_T8 | Singapore (800Mhz) |
| WIFI_CC_T9 | Singapore (900Mhz) |
| WIFI_CC_S8 | Taiwan (866.6~868Mhz) |
| WIFI_CC_S9 | Taiwan (917.5~923Mhz) |

3.1.5 Security Mode

tWIFI_SECURITY is the security mode. The NRC7394 supports the OPEN, WPA2, WPA3-SAE and WPA3-OWE security protocols.

Table 3.5 tWIFI_SECURITY

| Name | Description |
|-------------------|-------------|
| WIFI_SEC_OPEN | Open |
| WIFI_SEC_WPA2 | WPA2 |
| WIFI_SEC_WPA3_OWE | WPA3 OWE |
| WIFI_SEC_WPA3_SAE | WPA3 SAE |

※ If you intend to use WPA3 in the STA (Station), it will be necessary to modify the AP (Access Point) configurations to support WPA3 as well. Please refer the Appendix A. in 'UG-7394-004-Standalone SDK.pdf'

- (1) In order to enable WPA3-OWE (Opportunistic Wireless Encryption), please make the following modification in the 'wpa_auth.c' file:
Change the value of 'eapol_key_timeout_subseq' to 2000.

(2) NRC7394 does not support PWE (Password-Only Wakeup Enabled).
To utilize WPA3-SAE (Simultaneous Authentication of Equals) without PWE, remove the 'sae_pwe=1' line from the host configuration file, such as 'hostapd.conf'.

3.1.6 Bandwidth

tWIFI_BANDWIDTH is the bandwidth.

Table 3.6 tWIFI_BANDWIDTH

| Name | Description |
|---------|-----------------|
| WIFI_1M | 1 MHz bandwidth |
| WIFI_2M | 2 MHz bandwidth |
| WIFI_4M | 4 MHz bandwidth |

3.1.7 IP Mode

tWIFI_IP_MODE is the IP mode.

Table 3.7 tWIFI_IP_MODE

| Name | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| WIFI_STATIC_IP | Static IP |
| WIFI_DYNAMIC_IP | Dynamic IP, which uses the DHCP client |

3.1.8 Address status

tNET_ADDR_STATUS is the IP address status.

Table 3.8 tNET_ADDR_STATUS

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| NET_ADDR_NOT_SET | IP address is not set |
| NET_ADDR_DHCP_STARTED | DHCP client is started |
| NET_ADDR_SET | IP address is set |

3.1.9 Scan mode

tWIFI_SCAN_MODE is the scan type.

Table 3.9 tWIFI_SCAN_MODE

| Name | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| WIFI_SCAN_MODE_ACTIVE | Actively probes for networks by sending requests |
| WIFI_SCAN_MODE_PASSIVE | Listens for network signals without sending probe requests |

3.1.10 SCAN_RESULT

This is a union of data types for SCAN_RESULT.

Table 3.10 SCAN_RESULT

| Type | Element | Description |
|-----------------|-----------|--|
| char* | items[5] | This is union values. Each array entry points members. items[0] : BSSID items[1] : Frequency items[2] : Signal level items[3] : Flags items[4] : SSID |
| char* | bssid | BSSID, which is fixed-length, colon-separated hexadecimal ASCII string. (Ex. "84:25:3f:01:5e:50") |
| char* | freq | Frequency. The frequency is equivalent Wi-Fi channel (2.4/5G frequency) (Ex. "5205"). See the " S1G Channel " |
| char* | sig_level | Numeric ASCII string of RSSI. (Ex. "-25"). The unit is dBm |
| char* | flags | ASCII string of the security model for the network. |
| char* | ssid | ASCII string of SSID. |
| tWIFI_SECURITY | security | Security. See the " Security Mode " |
| tWIFI_BANDWIDTH | bandwidth | Bandwidth. See the " Bandwidth " |

Table 3.11 Security Flags

| Name | Description |
|----------|--|
| WPA2-EAP | Wi-Fi Protected Access 2 – Extensible Authentication Protocol |
| WPA2-PSK | Wi-Fi Protected Access 2 – Pre-Shared Key |
| WPA3-SAE | Wi-Fi Protected Access 3 – Simultaneous Authentication of Equals |
| WPA3-OWE | Wi-Fi Protected Access 3 – Opportunistic Wireless Encryption |

3.1.11 SCAN_RESULTS

This is a structure for function `nrc_wifi_scan_results()`.

Table 3.12 SCAN_RESULTS

| Type | Element | Description |
|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| int | n_result | number of scanned BSSID |
| SCAN_RESULT | result[MAX_SCAN_RESULTS] | scan results |

※'MAX_SCAN_RESULTS' is a maximum scan results and 30.

3.1.12 AP_INFO

AP information.

Table 3.13 AP_INFO

| Type | Element | Description |
|-----------------|----------|---|
| uint8_t | bssid[6] | BSSID |
| uint8_t | ssid[32] | ASCII string of SSID. |
| uint8_t | ssid_len | ssid length |
| uint8_t | cc[2] | ASCII string of the country code |
| uint16_t | ch | Channel index |
| uint16_t | freq | Frequency. The frequency is equivalent Wi-Fi channel (2.4/5G frequency) (Ex. "5205"). See the " S1G Channel " |
| tWIFI_BANDWIDTH | bw | Bandwidth. See the " Bandwidth " |
| tWIFI_SECURITY | security | Security. See the " Security Mode " |

3.1.13 STA State

tWIFI_STA_STATE is the STA state which is connected to AP.

Table 3.14 tWIFI_STA_STATE

| Name | Description |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| WIFI_STA_INVALID | STA is not existed in AP information |
| WIFI_STA_AUTH | STA is authenticated |
| WIFI_STA_ASSOC | STA is associated |

3.1.14 STA_INFO

Station's information which is connected to AP.

Table 3.15 STA_INFO

| Type | Element | Description |
|-----------------|---------|--|
| tWIFI_STA_STATE | state | The state of station. See the " STA state " |
| int8_t | rssi | Received Signal Strength Indicator value (dBm) |
| uint8_t | snr | Signal-to-noise ratio |
| uint8_t | tx_mcs | MCS(Modulation and Coding Scheme) index used for transmission. |
| uint8_t | rx_mcs | MCS(Modulation and Coding Scheme) index used for transmission. |
| uint16_t | aid | Association ID |
| uint8_t | addr[6] | MAC address |

3.1.15 STA_LIST

Station lists which are connected to AP.

Table 3.16 STA_LIST

| Type | Element | Description |
|----------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| uint16_t | total_num | Total number of stations |
| STA_INFO | sta[MAX_STA_CONN_NUM] | The array of station information |

3.1.16 Tx Power Type

The Tx power type can be configured for the Wi-Fi radio.

Table 3.17 Tx Power Type

| Name | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| WIFI_TXPOWER_AUTO | Automatically adjust its Tx power based on the current network conditions. It use the board data. |
| WIFI_TXPOWER_LIMIT | Automatically adjust its Tx power based on the current network conditions and Max Tx power is limited. It use the board data. |
| WIFI_TXPOWER_FIXED | The device will use a fixed Tx power level |

3.1.17 Guard Interval(GI) Type

The guard interval(GI) type can be configured for the Wi-Fi radio.

Table 3.18 Guard Interval(GI) Type

| Name | Description |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| WIFI_GI_UNKNOWN | Unknown value |
| WIFI_GI_LONG | Use the long guard interval(GI) |
| WIFI_GI_SHORT | Use the short guard interval(GI) |

3.1.18 Version Type

VERSION_T which includes major, minor and patch.

Table 3.19 Version Type

| Type | Element | Description |
|---------|---------|---------------|
| uint8_t | major | major version |
| uint8_t | minor | minor version |
| uint8_t | patch | patch version |

3.1.19 Ignore Broadcast SSID

tWIFI_IGNORE_BROADCAST_SSID is the ignore broadcast types.

Table 3.20 Ignore Broadcast SSID type

| Name | Description |
|----------------------------------|---|
| WIFI_IGNORE_BROADCAST_SSID_FULL | Probe requests for broadcast SSID are not ignored. It sends the SSID in beacons. |
| WIFI_IGNORE_BROADCAST_SSID_EMPTY | An empty (length=0) SSID is sent in beacons, and probe requests for broadcast SSID are ignored. |
| WIFI_IGNORE_BROADCAST_SSID_CLEAR | The SSID is cleared (ASCII 0), but its original length is retained. This may be necessary for clients that do not support an empty SSID. Probe requests for broadcast SSID are ignored. |

3.1.20 SAE PWE

tWIFI_SAE_PWE is the sae_pwe types. SAE PWE stands for Simultaneous Authentication of Equals (SAE) Password Element (PWE).

Table 3.21 SAE_PWE Type

| Name | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| WIFI_SAE_PWE_HAP | Support hunting-and-pecking loop only |
| WIFI_SAE_PWE_H2E | Support hash-to-element only |
| WIFI_SAE_PWE_BOTH | Support both hunting-and-pecking loop and hash-to-element enabled |

3.1.21 EAP

tWIFI_EAP is the EAP(Extensible Authentication Protocol) types.

Table 3.22 EAP Type

| Name | Description |
|---------------|---------------------|
| WIFI_EAP_NONE | None |
| WIFI_EAP_TLS | Use TLS |
| WIFI_EAP_TTLS | Use TTLS-MSCHAPv2 |
| WIFI_EAP_PEAP | Use PEAPv0-MSCHAPv2 |

3.1.22 Network mode

tWIFI_NETWORK_MODE is the network mode types.

Table 3.23 Network mode Type

| Name | Description |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| WIFI_NETWORK_MODE_BRIDGE | Bridged mode |
| WIFI_NETWORK_MODE_NAT | NAT mode |

3.1.23 TID

tWIFI_TID is the Wi-Fi TID(Traffic Identifier) types.

Table 3.24 TID Type

| Name | Description |
|-------------|---------------------|
| WIFI_TID_BE | Best effort traffic |
| WIFI_TID_BK | Background traffic |
| WIFI_TID_VI | Video traffic |
| WIFI_TID_VO | Voice traffic |

3.2 Function Call

These APIs are defined at the “sdk/include/api_wifi.h”.

3.2.1 nrc_wifi_get_device_mode

This function retrieves the device mode of the specified network index.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_device_mode(int vif_id, tWIFI_DEVICE_MODE *mode)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

mode

Type: tWIFI_DEVICE_MODE *

Purpose: Device mode(STA or AP). See “[Device Mode](#)”.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.2 nrc_wifi_get_mac_address

This function retrieves the MAC address of the specified network index.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_mac_address(int vif_id, char *addr)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

addr

Type: char*

Purpose: A pointer to get MAC address which is colon-separated hexadecimal ASCII string. (Ex. “84:25:32:11:5e:50”).

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.3 nrc_wifi_get_tx_power

This function retrieves the transmit (TX) power in decibel-milliwatts (dBm), which is valid once the connection is established.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_tx_power(int vif_id, uint8_t *txpower)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

txpower

Type: int*

Purpose: A pointer to store the TX power value in dBm.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.4 nrc_wifi_set_tx_power

This function sets the transmit (TX) power and its type. It should be invoked following the configuration of the country code.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_tx_power(uint8_t txpower, uint8_t type)
```

Input Parameters :

txpower

Type: int

Purpose: TX Power (in dBm) (1~30)

type

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: Auto(0): The device will automatically adjust its Tx power based on the current network conditions and signal strength.

Limit(1): The device will use a specified maximum Tx power limit.

Fixed(2): The device will use a fixed Tx power level.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

※ The AUTO (0) and LIMIT (1) options operate auto TX gain adjustment using board data file.

3.2.5 nrc_wifi_get_rssi

This function retrieves the received signal strength indicator (RSSI) value for STA.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_rssi (int vif_id, int8_t *rssi)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int
Purpose: Network index.

rssi

Type: int8_t*
Purpose: A pointer to store the RSSI value in decibels (dB).

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.6 nrc_wifi_get_average_rssi

This function retrieves the average received signal strength indicator (RSSI) value with 4 packets for STA.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_average_rssi (int vif_id, int8_t *rssi)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int
Purpose: Network index.

rssi

Type: int8_t*
Purpose: A pointer to store the RSSI value in decibels (dB).

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.7 nrc_wifi_get_snr

This function retrieves the signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) value for STA.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_snr(int vif_id, uint8_t *snr)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int
Purpose: Network index.

snr

Type: uint8_t*
Purpose: A pointer to store the SNR value in decibels (dB).

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.8 nrc_wifi_get_rate_control

This function retrieves the status of the MCS (Modulation and Coding Scheme) rate control option.

Prototype :

```
bool nrc_wifi_get_rate_control(int vif_id)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int
Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

Status : 1(enable) or 0(disable)

3.2.9 nrc_wifi_set_rate_control

This function sets the MCS (Modulation and Coding Scheme) rate control option.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_rate_control(int vif_id, bool enable)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int
Purpose: Network index.

enable

Type: bool
Purpose: Specifies whether to enable or disable the rate control.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.10 nrc_wifi_get_mcs_info

This function retrieve the Modulation and Coding Scheme(MCS) information both TX and RX.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_mcs_info(int vif_id, uint8_t *tx_mcs, uint8_t *rx_mcs)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

listen_interval

Type: uint8_t*

tx_mcs

Pointer to store the MCS for transmission(TX).

Purpose: Rate control(RC) OFF : manually configured MCS for transmission (TX)

Rate control(RC) ON : the latest MCS set by Rate Control(RC) for transmission and updated by tx data frames

interval_ms

Type: uint8_t*

rx_mcs

Purpose: Pointer to store the MCS for reception(RX).

the latest MCS for reception(RX) and updated by rx data frames

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

An error code of type tWIFI_STATUS for any other errors.

3.2.11 nrc_wifi_get_mcs

This function gets the Modulation Coding Scheme (MCS) value.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_mcs (int vif_id, uint8_t *mcs)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

mcs

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: A pointer to store the MCS (0 ~ 7, 10)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.12 nrc_wifi_set_mcs

This function sets the Modulation Coding Scheme (MCS) value. It is applied when the rate control is disabled.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_mcs(uint8_t mcs)
```

Input Parameters :

mcs

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: The Modulation Coding Scheme value (0 ~ 7, 10)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.13 nrc_wifi_get_cca_threshold

This function gets the Clear Channel Assessment (CCA) threshold.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_cca_threshold(int vif_id, int* cca_threshold)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

cca_threshold

Type: int*

Purpose: CCA threshold in dBm (decibel-milliwatts).

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.14 nrc_wifi_set_cca_threshold

This function sets the Clear Channel Assessment (CCA) threshold for a specific network.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_cca_threshold(int vif_id, int cca_threshold)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

cca_threshold

Type: int

Purpose: CCA threshold in dBm (decibel-milliwatts) (-100 to -35).

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.15 nrc_wifi_set_tx_time

This function configures the carrier sense time and pause time for packet transmission. It performs channel sensing before transmitting packets, waiting for the carrier sense time. If the channel is busy, it backs off; if it's idle, it transmits packets for the specified resume time (which may be shorter). After transmission, a pause time is observed before the module can sense the channel again for subsequent transmissions.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_tx_time(uint16_t cs_time, uint32_t pause_time)
```

Input Parameters :

cs_time

Type: uint16_t

Purpose: Carrier sensing time for "Listen before Talk(LBT)" in microseconds (0 to 12480).

pause_time

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Pause time between transmissions in microseconds.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.16 nrc_wifi_enable_duty_cycle

This function enables the duty cycle feature, which allows for controlling the transmission duration within a specified window.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_enable_duty_cycle(uint32_t window, uint32_t duration, uint32_t margin)
```

Input Parameters :

window

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Specifies the duty cycle window in microseconds

duration

| | |
|----------|---|
| Type: | uint32_t |
| Purpose: | Specifies the allowed transmission duration within the duty cycle window in microseconds. |
| margin | |
| Type: | uint32_t |
| Purpose: | Specifies the duty margin in microseconds. |

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

Essentially, the final duty cycle is determined by the formula: $(\text{duration} - \text{margin}) / \text{window}$. In other words, the effect is the same for the following two cases:

- `nrc_wifi_enable_duty_cycle(window, duration, margin)`
- `nrc_wifi_enable_duty_cycle(window, duration - margin, 0)`

All three units are in microseconds. Normally, you'd just set the margin to be 0 so that the duty cycle is simply $(\text{duration} / \text{window})$ over the specified time window.

The seemingly redundant margin parameter exists to provide an option for users to indirectly adjust the level of guarantee in terms of strictly meeting the regulatory duty cycle limit using a single variable parameter. For example, if we simply set the window and duration parameter values so that $\text{duration} / \text{margin}$ exactly equals the duty cycle limit, the actual physical duty cycle of the transmitter may occasionally exceed this limit by a miniscule amount (e.g. even if the duty cycle limit and the configured duty cycle limit are both 2.8%, the actual measured physical duty cycle sequence might be something like 2.805%, 2.799%, 2.803%, 2.798% ...). By applying a positive margin value, we can mitigate the occurrence of such excessive duty cycle usage.

3.2.17 nrc_wifi_disable_duty_cycle

This function disables the duty cycle feature, allowing unrestricted transmission without any limitations.

Prototype :

`tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_disable_duty_cycle(void)`

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.18 nrc_wifi_tx_available_duty_cycle

This function checks whether the transmission is currently available within the duty cycle window.

Prototype :

```
bool nrc_wifi_tx_availiable_duty_cycle(void)
```

Returns :

True (1) / False (0)

3.2.19 nrc_wifi_get_state

This function retrieves the current Wi-Fi connection state for a specific network index.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATE_ID nrc_wifi_get_state(int vif_id)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

Current Wi-Fi state, if the operation was successful.

WIFI_STATE_UNKNOWN, if error. See "[Wifi STATE](#)".

3.2.20 nrc_wifi_set_state

This function sets the current Wi-Fi connection state for a specific network index.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATE_ID nrc_wifi_set_state(int vif_id, tWIFI_STATE_ID state)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

state

Type: tWIFI_STATE_ID (See "[Wifi STATE](#)")

Purpose: Set Wi-Fi state to be set.

Returns :

None

3.2.21 nrc_wifi_add_network

This function adds a network index associated with the Wi-Fi connection.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_add_network(int *vif_id)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

※ After calling this function, the assigned network index will be stored in the vif_id variable. You can use this network index for further Wi-Fi configuration or operations.

3.2.22 nrc_wifi_remove_network

This function removes a network index associated with the Wi-Fi connection.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_remove_network(int vif_id)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

※ By specifying the network index (vif_id) to this function, you can remove the associated network from the Wi-Fi connection. After removing the network, it will no longer be available for Wi-Fi operations.

3.2.23 nrc_wifi_country_from_string

This function retrieves the country code index based on the input string representation of the country code.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_COUNTRY_CODE nrc_wifi_country_from_string(const char *str_cc)
```

Input Parameters :

str_cc

Type: const char*

Purpose: A pointer to a null-terminated string that represents the country code. Valid country code strings. See "Country Code".

Returns :

tWIFI_COUNTRY_CODE. See "[Country Code](#)".

3.2.24 nrc_wifi_country_to_string

This function retrieves a string representation of the country code based on the provided country code index.

Prototype :

```
const char *nrc_wifi_country_to_string(int vif_id, tWIFI_COUNTRY_CODE cc)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

cc

Type: tWIFI_COUNTRY_CODE

Purpose: The country code index (tWIFI_COUNTRY_CODE). See "[Country Code](#)".

sReturns :

If successful, NULL terminated country code.

NULL if cc provided is not supported.

3.2.25 nrc_wifi_get_country

This function retrieves the current country code used for Wi-Fi operation. The country code represents the regulatory domain.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_country(tWIFI_COUNTRY_CODE *cc)
```

Input Parameters :

cc

Type: char*

Purpose: A pointer to a variable of type tWIFI_COUNTRY_CODE where the country code will be populated. See "Country Code" for the available country code options. See "[Country Code](#)".

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

An error code of type tWIFI_STATUS for any other errors.

3.2.26 nrc_wifi_set_country

This function sets the country code for the specified network index, allowing the Wi-Fi operation to comply with the regulations of the specified regulatory domain.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_set_country (int vif_id, tWIFI_COUNTRY_CODE cc)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: Int

Purpose: Network index.

cc

Type: tWIFI_COUNTRY_CODE

Purpose: The country code to set. See "[Country Code](#)".

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

An error code of type tWIFI_STATUS for any other errors.

3.2.27 nrc_wifi_get_channel_bandwidth

This function retrieves the channel bandwidth for the specified network index.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_channel_bandwidth(int vif_id, uint8_t *bandwidth)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

bandwidth

Type: uint8_t *

Purpose: A pointer to a variable of type uint8_t to store the channel bandwidth. The possible values are 0 (1M BW), 1 (2M BW), or 2 (4M BW).

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

An error code of type tWIFI_STATUS for any other errors.

3.2.28 nrc_wifi_get_channel_freq

This function retrieves the frequency for Sub-1GHz channels for the specified network index.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_channel_freq(int vif_id, uint16_t *s1g_freq)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

s1g_freq

Type: uint16_t *

Purpose: A pointer to a variable of type uint16_t to store the S1G channel frequency in MHz/10.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

An error code of type tWIFI_STATUS for any other errors.

3.2.29 nrc_wifi_set_channel_freq

This function sets the frequency for Sub-1GHz channels for the specified network index.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_channel_freq(int vif_id, uint16_t s1g_freq)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

s1g_freq

Type: uint16_t

Purpose: The desired S1G channel frequency in MHz/10.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

An error code of type tWIFI_STATUS for any other errors.

3.2.30 nrc_wifi_set_channel_freq_bw

The function allows to set the S1G channel frequency and bandwidth for a specific network interface.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_channel_freq_bw(int vif_id, uint16_t s1g_freq, uint8_t bw)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

s1g_freq

Type: uint16_t

Purpose: The desired S1G channel frequency in MHz/10.

bw

Type: uint8

Purpose: The bandwidth (1, 2, or 4 MHz).

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

An error code of type tWIFI_STATUS for any other errors.

3.2.31 nrc_wifi_set_ssid

Set the SSID of the access point (AP) to connect to in STA mode.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_ssid(int vif_id, char * ssid)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

ssid

Type: char*

Purpose: A pointer to the SSID string (ASCII). The maximum length of the name is 32 bytes.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.32 nrc_wifi_get_bssid

This function is used to get the BSSID (Basic Service Set Identifier) of the connected access point (AP).

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_bssid(int vif_id, char *bssid)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

bssid

Type: char*

Purpose: A pointer to get bssid which is colon-separated hexadecimal ASCII string. (Ex. "84:25:3f:01:5e:50"). The maximum length of the name is 17 bytes.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.33 nrc_wifi_set_bssid

This function is used to set the BSSID (Basic Service Set Identifier) of the access point (AP) to connect to. This function is applicable for station (STA) mode only.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_bssid(int vif_id, char * bssid)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int
Purpose: Network index.

bssid

Type: char*
Purpose: A pointer to set bssid which is colon-separated hexadecimal ASCII string. (Ex. "84:25:3f:01:5e:50"). The maximum length of the name is 17 bytes

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

※ By using this function, you can set the BSSID of the specific AP you want to connect to. The BSSID is a unique identifier assigned to each AP in a Wi-Fi network. By setting the BSSID, you can specify the AP you wish to connect to when multiple APs are available with the same SSID.

3.2.34 nrc_wifi_softap_get_ignore_broadcast_ssid

This function gets the ignore broadcast ssid types.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_get_ignore_broadcast_ssid(int vif_id, int *ignore_broadcast_ssid)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int
Purpose: Network index.

ignore_broadcast_ssid

Type: Int*
Purpose: A pointer to store ignore_broadcast_ssid

- 0: Broadcast SSID as usual (default)
- 1: Send an empty (length=0) SSID in beacons and ignore probe requests for broadcast SSID.
- 2: Clear SSID (ASCII 0), but keep the original length. (this may be required with some clients that do not support empty SSID) and ignore probe requests for broadcast SSID

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.35 nrc_wifi_softap_set_ignore_broadcast_ssid

This function sets the ignore broadcast ssid types.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_set_ignore_broadcast_ssid(int vif_id, int ignore_broadcast_ssid)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

ignore_broadcast_ssid

Type Int

Purpose: ignore_broadcast_ssid

0: Broadcast SSID as usual (default)

1: Send an empty (length=0) SSID in beacons and ignore probe requests for broadcast SSID.

2: Clear SSID (ASCII 0), but keep the original length. (this may be required with some clients that do not support empty SSID) and ignore probe requests for broadcast SSID

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.36 nrc_wifi_set_security

This function is used to set the security parameters for a Wi-Fi connection.

Prototype :

```
void nrc_wifi_set_security (int vif_id, int mode, char *password)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int
 Purpose: Network index.

mode

Type: int
 Purpose: Security mode. Refer to "[Security Mode](#)" for available options.

password

Type: char*
 Purpose: A pointer to set password. (Ex. "123ABDC"). (upto 30 Bytes)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
 Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.37 nrc_wifi_set_eap_security

This function is used to set EAP security parameters for Wi-Fi connection.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_eap_security (int vif_id, int mode, int eap, char *identity, char
*password, const char *ca_cert, const char *client_cert, const char *private_key, char
*private_key_password)
```

Input Parameters :

| | |
|-------------|--|
| vif_id | Type: int Purpose: Network index. |
| mode | Type: int Purpose: Security mode. Refer to " Security Mode " for available options. |
| eap | Type: int Purpose: EAP type. Refer to " EAP " for available options |
| identity | Type: char * Purpose: identity |
| password | Type: char * Purpose: password |
| ca_cert | Type: const char * Purpose: CA certificate(only TLS type) |
| client_cert | Type: const char * |

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| private_key | Purpose: client certificate(only TLS type) |
| | Type: const char * |
| private_key_password | Purpose: private key(only TLS type) |
| | Type: const char * |
| | Purpose: private key password(only TLS type) |

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.38 nrc_wifi_set_pmk

This function is used to set the PMK (Pairwise Master Key) parameters for a Wi-Fi connection.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_pmk(int vif_id, char *pmk)
```

Input Parameters :

| | |
|--------|---|
| vif_id | |
| | Type: int |
| | Purpose: Network index. |
| pmk | |
| | Type: char* |
| | Purpose: A pointer to set Pairwise Master Key(PMK). |

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

※ The PMK (Pairwise Master Key) is a pre-shared key used for authentication in WPA/WPA2 security modes. By setting the PMK, you specify the secret key for secure communication during Wi-Fi connections. Once successfully set, the PMK is used in the authentication process when establishing a Wi-Fi connection.

3.2.39 nrc_wifi_set_sae_pwe

This function is used to set SAE mechanism for PWE derivation.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_sae_pwe (int vif_id, int sae_pwe)
```

Input Parameters :

| | |
|--------|-----------|
| vif_id | |
| | Type: int |

Purpose: Network index.

sae_pwe:

Type: int

Purpose: SAE mechanism for PWE derivation. Refer to "[SAE PWE](#)" for available options.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.40 nrc_wifi_get_sae_pwe

This function is used to get SAE mechanism for PWE derivation.

Prototype :

tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_sae_pwe (int vif_id, int *sae_pwe)

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

sae_pwe:

Type: int*

Purpose: SAE mechanism for PWE derivation. Refer to "[SAE PWE](#)" for available options.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.41 nrc_wifi_get_scan_freq

This function is used to retrieve the scan channel list for scanning access points (APs).

Prototype :

tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_scan_freq(int vif_id, uint16_t *freq_list, uint8_t *num_freq)

input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: Int

Purpose: Network index.

freq_list

Type: uint16_t*

Purpose: A pointer to the frequency list. The frequency should be assigned equivalent Wi-Fi channel(2.4 / 5G frequency) (Ex. "5205 5200). See the "[S1G Channel](#)"

num_freq

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: A pointer to save the number of frequencies.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.42 nrc_wifi_set_scan_freq

This function is used to set the scan channel list for scanning access points (APs).

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_scan_freq(int vif_id, uint16_t *freq_list, uint8_t num_freq)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: Int
Purpose: Network index.

freq_list

Type: uint16_t*
Purpose: A pointer to the frequency list. The frequency should be assigned equivalent Wi-Fi channel(2.4 / 5G frequency) (Ex. "5205 5200"). See the "[S1G Channel](#)"

num_freq

Type: uint8_t
Purpose: number of frequencies.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.43 nrc_wifi_get_scan_freq_nons1g

This function is used to retrieve the scan channel list for scanning access points (APs). It specifically focuses on setting frequencies for non-1g channels.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_scan_freq_nons1g(int vif_id, uint16_t *freq_list, uint8_t *num_freq)
```

input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: Int
Purpose: Network index.

freq_list

Type: uint16_t*

Purpose: A pointer to the frequency list. The frequency should be assigned equivalent Wi-Fi channel(2.4 / 5G frequency) (Ex. "5205 5200). See the "[S1G Channel](#)"

num_freq

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: A pointer to save the number of frequencies.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.44 nrc_wifi_set_scan_freq_nons1g

This function serves the purpose of configuring the scan channel list for scanning access points (APs). It specifically focuses on setting frequencies for non-1g channels.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_scan_freq_nons1g(int vif_id, uint16_t *freq_list, uint8_t num_freq)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: Int

Purpose: Network index.

freq_list

Type: uint16_t*

Purpose: A pointer to the frequency list. The frequency should be assigned equivalent Wi-Fi channel(2.4 / 5G frequency) (Ex. "5205 5200). See the "[S1G Channel](#)"

num_freq

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: number of frequencies.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.45 nrc_wifi_get_aid

This function is used to get the Association ID (AID) allocated by the access point (AP) for a specific network interface.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_aid(int vif_id, int *aid)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int
Purpose: Network index.
aid
Type: int*
Purpose: A pointer to get association ID, which is signed binary number.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

※ The Association ID (AID) is a unique identifier assigned by the AP to each associated station (STA) during the Wi-Fi connection establishment. This ID is used to differentiate and identify individual STAs within the network.

3.2.46 nrc_wifi_scan

This function is used to initiate a scan for available access points (APs) in the Wi-Fi network. This function allows the device to discover and collect information about available APs, such as their SSID, BSSID, signal strength, and security settings.

Prototype :

int nrc_wifi_scan (int vif_id)

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

※ After calling nrc_wifi_scan, the scanning process is initiated, and the device starts scanning the Wi-Fi channels for APs. The scan results can be obtained using nrc_wifi_get_scan_result().

3.2.47 nrc_wifi_scan_ssid

This function initiates a scan for available access points (APs) in the Wi-Fi network and reserves a scan result slot for the specified SSID. It allows the device to gather information about the available APs, ensuring that at least one scan result is dedicated to the provided SSID.

Prototype :

int nrc_wifi_scan_timeout (int vif_id, uint32_t timeout, char *ssid)

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

ssid

Type: char*

Purpose: SSID to scan for. If NULL, scan for all SSID's.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

nrc_wifi_softap_get_max_num_sta

3.2.48 nrc_wifi_scan_timeout

This function is used to initiate a scan for available access points (APs) in the Wi-Fi network with a specified timeout duration.

Prototype :

int nrc_wifi_scan_timeout (int vif_id, uint32_t timeout, char *ssid)

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

timeout

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Blocking time in milliseconds. If set to zero, the caller will be blocked until the scan is completed.

ssid

Type: char*

Purpose: SSID to scan for. If NULL, scan for all SSID's.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.49 nrc_wifi_scan_results

This function is used to retrieve the scan results obtained from a previous Wi-Fi scan operation.

Prototype :

tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_scan_results(int vif_id, SCAN_RESULTS *results)

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

results

Type: SCAN_RESULTS*

Purpose: A pointer to the SCAN_RESULTS structure to store the scan listsscan lists. See [“SCAN_RESULTS”](#).

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.50 nrc_wifi_abort_scan

This function is used to stop the ongoing scan procedure.

Prototype :

int nrc_wifi_abort_scan (int vif_id)

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.51 nrc_wifi_auto_reconnect

This function is used to enable or disable automatic reconnect (default auto reconnect enabled).

Prototype :

int nrc_wifi_auto_reconnect (int vif_id, int enable)

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

Enable

Type: Int

Purpose: Set 0 to disable, 1 to enable auto reconnect. (default is 1)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.52 nrc_wifi_select_network

This function is used select network already configured for the network interface (vif_id).

If station is disconnected from AP and want to connect to different AP, set appropriate parameters such as SSID and call this function. It will use the new parameters to select network associated with the network interface to enable the WiFi network.

Note: nrc_wifi_connect must not be called after calling nrc_wifi_select_network.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_wifi_select_network (int vif_id)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.53 nrc_wifi_connect

This function is used to connect to an access point (AP) with the specified network index. Before calling this function, make sure to set the necessary AP information such as SSID and security parameters using the appropriate functions mentioned earlier.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_connect_timeout (int vif_id, uint32_t timeout)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

timeout

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Blocking time in milliseconds. If set to zero, the caller will be blocked until the connection is established.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.54 nrc_wifi_disconnect

The nrc_wifi_disconnect_timeout function is used to disconnect from the access point (AP).

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_disconnect_timeout (int vif_id, uint32_t timeout)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

timeout

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Blocking time in milliseconds.

If zero, the caller will be blocked until the disconnection is completed.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.55 nrc_wifi_wps_pbc

This function is used to initiate the WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) Push Button Configuration method. This method allows for easy and secure Wi-Fi setup by pressing a physical or virtual push button on both the device and the access point.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_wps_pbc(int vif_id)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.56 nrc_wifi_wps_cancel

This function is used to cancel the WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) Push Button Configuration method.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_wps_cancel (int vif_id)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.57 nrc_wifi_softap_set_conf

The nrc_wifi_softap_set_conf function is used to set the configuration for SoftAP (Software Access Point).

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_set_conf (int vif_id, char *ssid, uint16_t s1g_freq, uint8_t bw,  
tWIFI_SECURITY sec_mode, char *password)
```

Input Parameters :

| | |
|----------|---|
| vif_id | Type: int Purpose: network index |
| ssid | Type: char * Purpose: SSID (Service Set Identifier) of the SoftAP. |
| s1g_freq | Type: uint16_t Purpose: Sub-1GHz channel frequency for the SoftAP. |
| bw | Type: uint8_t Purpose: specify the bandwidth for a wireless connection (0(BW is selected Automatically), 1(WIFI_1M), 2(WIFI_2M), 4(WIFI_4M)) |
| sec_mode | Type: tWIFI_SECURITY Purpose: Security mode for the SoftAP (tWIFI_SECURITY) |
| password | Type: char * Purpose: Password for the SoftAP, used for authentication and encryption. |
| sae_pwe | Type: int Purpose: SAE mechanism for PWE derivation. Refer to " SAE PWE " for available options. |

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.58 nrc_wifi_softap_set_bss_max_idle

This function is used to set the BSS (Basic Service Set) MAX IDLE period and retry count for the SoftAP. This function is typically used when you want to add the BSS Max Idle Information Element (IE) to the SoftAP. This feature is useful for managing the association and disassociation of STAs based on their idle time. If a STA remains idle for a duration longer than the specified BSS Max Idle period, the SoftAP can automatically disassociate the STA. The retry count specifies the number of attempts the SoftAP should make to receive keep-alive packets from the idle STA before considering it disconnected.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_set_bss_max_idle(int vif_id, int period, int retry_cnt)
```

Input Parameters :

| | |
|-----------|--|
| vif_id | Type: int |
| | Purpose: Network index |
| period | Type: int |
| | Purpose: BSS Max Idle period. It specifies the maximum duration (in milliseconds) that a STA (Station) can be idle before being disassociated from the SoftAP. The valid range is from 0 to 2,147,483,647 milliseconds. |
| retry_cnt | Type: int |
| | Purpose: Retry count for receiving keep-alive packets from the STA. It specifies the number of retries that the SoftAP should attempt to receive a keep-alive packet from an idle STA before considering it as disconnected. The valid range is from 1 to 100. |

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.59 nrc_wifi_softap_get_max_num_sta

This function get the maximum number of stations that can be connected to the SoftAP (Software Access Point).

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_get_max_num_sta(int vif_id, uint8_t *max_sta_num)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: Network index.
ssid
Type: uint8_t *
Purpose: max_sta_num

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.60 nrc_wifi_softap_set_max_num_sta

This function set the maximum number of stations that can be connected to the SoftAP (Software Access Point). The default value is 10.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_set_max_num_sta(int vif_id, uint8_t max_sta_num)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: Network index.
ssid
Type: uint8_t *
Purpose: max_sta_num

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.61 nrc_wifi_softap_set_ip

This function is used to set the IP address for the SoftAP.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_set_ip(int vif_id, char *ipaddr, char *netmask, char *gateway)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: Network index.
mode

Type: tWIFI_IP_MODE
Purpose: WIFI_STATIC_IP or WIFI_DYNAMIC_IP

ipaddr
Type: char *
Purpose: A pointer to a string representing the IP address to be set. The IP address should be in the IPv4 format (e.g., "192.168.1.10").

netmask
Type: char *
Purpose: netmask for static IP configuration

gateway
Type: char *
Purpose: gateway for static IP configuration

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.62 nrc_wifi_softap_start

This function is used to synchronously start the SoftAP. Blocks until SoftAP startup completes.

Prototype :

tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_start(int vif_id)

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: network index

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.63 nrc_wifi_softap_start_timeout

Start SoftAP asynchronously with timeout.

Prototype :

tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_start_timeout(int vif_id, uint32_t timeout)

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: network index
ip_addr
Type: uint32_t
Purpose: Blocking time in milliseconds. If set to zero, the caller will be blocked until the SoftAP is started.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.64 nrc_wifi_softap_stop

This function is used to stop the SoftAP. When called, this function will stop the SoftAP and release any allocated resources.

Prototype :

tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_stop(int vif_id)

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: network index

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.65 nrc_wifi_softap_disassociate

This function is used to disassociate stations from the SoftAP. It can disassociate all stations or a station specified by its MAC address.

Prototype :

tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_disassociate(int vif_id, char* mac_addr)

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: Network index.
mac_addr
Type: char*

Purpose: A pointer to set the MAC address. It can be set to the broadcast address (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff) to disassociate all stations, or a specific station's MAC address as a colon-separated hexadecimal ASCII string.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.66 nrc_wifi_softap_deauthenticate

This function is used to deauthenticate stations from the SoftAP. It can deauthenticate all stations or a station specified by its MAC address.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_deauthenticate (int vif_id, char* mac_addr)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int
Purpose: Network index.

mac_addr

Type char*
Purpose: A pointer to set the MAC address. It can be set to the broadcast address (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff) to deauthenticate all stations, or a specific station's MAC address as a colon-separated hexadecimal ASCII string.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.67 nrc_wifi_softap_start_dhcp_server

This function is used to start the DHCP server for the SoftAP.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_start_dhcp_server(int vif_id)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int
Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.68 nrc_wifi_softap_stop_dhcp_server

This function is used to stop the DHCP server for the SoftAP.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_stop_dhcp_server(int vif_id)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.69 nrc_wifi_softap_get_sta_list

This function is used to retrieve information about the connected STAs (Stations) in the SoftAP mode.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_get_sta_list(int vif_id, STA_LIST *info)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: Network index.
info
Type: STA_LIST *
Purpose: A pointer to get STA's information. See "[STA_LIST](#)" and "[STA_INFO](#)" structures for more details on the information provided.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.70 nrc_wifi_softap_get_sta_by_addr

This function is used to retrieve information about a specific STA (Station) in the SoftAP mode using its MAC address.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_get_sta_by_addr(int vif_id, uint8_t *addr, STA_INFO *sta)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

addr

Type uint8_t *

Purpose: A pointer to the MAC address of the STA

Type STA_INFO*

Purpose: A pointer to retrieve the STA's information. It should be of type STA_INFO*. See the "[STA_INFO](#)"

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.71 nrc_wifi_softap_get_sta_num

This function is used to retrieve the number of STAs (Stations) currently associated with the SoftAP (Access Point).

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_get_sta_num(int vif_id)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

Number of STAs associated with the SoftAP.

3.2.72 nrc_wifi_softap_get_beacon_interval

This function gets the beacon interval

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_get_beacon_interval(int vif_id, uint16_t *beacon_interval)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

beacon_interval

Type uint16_t*

Purpose: A pointer to store beacon interval(TU). (1TU=1024us) (range range 15..65535)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.73 nrc_wifi_softap_set_beacon_interval

This function sets the beacon interval

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_softap_get_beacon_interval(int vif_id, uint16_t beacon_interval)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

beacon_interval

Type uint16_t

Purpose: beacon interval(TU). (1TU=1024us) (range range 15..65535)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.74 nrc_wifi_register_event_handler

This function is used to register a Wi-Fi event handler callback function. The callback function will be called when a Wi-Fi event happens. See the [“Callback Functions & Events”](#)

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_register_event_handler(int vif_id, event_callback_fn fn)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

fn

Type: event_callback_fn

Purpose: event handler for Wi-Fi connection.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.75 nrc_wifi_unregister_event_handler

This function removes a Wi-Fi event handler callback function added by `nrc_wifi_register_event_handler`.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_unregister_event_handler(int vif_id, event_callback_fn fn)
```

Input Parameters :

`vif_id`

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

`fn`

Type: event_callback_fn

Purpose: event handler for Wi-Fi connection.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.76 nrc_addr_get_state

This function is used to get the IP address setting state for a specific network interface.

Prototype :

```
tNET_ADDR_STATUS nrc_addr_get_state (int vif_id)
```

Input Parameters :

`vif_id`

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

IP address setting state of type [tNET_ADDR_STATUS](#).

3.2.77 nrc_wifi_get_ip_mode

This function is used to get the IP mode for a specific network interface.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_ip_mode(int vif_id, tWIFI_IP_MODE* mode)
```

Input Parameters :

`vif_id`

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

`mode`

Type: tWIFI_IP_MODE*

Purpose: A Pointer to [a tWIFI_IP_MODE](#) variable.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.78 nrc_wifi_set_ip_mode

This function is used to set the IP mode and IP address for a specific network interface.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_ip_mode(int vif_id, tWIFI_IP_MODE mode, char* ip_addr)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

mode

Type: tWIFI_IP_MODE

Purpose: IP mode, either WIFI_IP_MODE_STATIC or WIFI_IP_MODE_DYNAMIC.

ip_addr

Type: char*

Purpose: A pointer to set static IP which is ASCII string. (Ex. "192.168.200.23")

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.79 nrc_wifi_get_ip_address

This function is used to get the current IP address of a specific network interface.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_ip_address(int vif_id, char **ip_addr)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

ip_addr

Type: char**

Purpose: A double pointer to get the address of IP address.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.80 nrc_wifi_set_ip_address

This function is used to set the IP address configuration for a specific network interface. It allows you to either request a dynamic IP address via DHCP or set a static IP address.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_ip_address(int vif_id, tWIFI_IP_MODE mode, uint32_t timeout,
char* ipaddr, char *netmask, char *gateway)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

mode

Type: tWIFI_IP_MODE

Purpose: WIFI_STATIC_IP or WIFI_DYNAMIC_IP

timeout

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Wait timeout if WIFI_DYNAMIC_IP is selected. It is ignored for WIFI_STATIC_IP.

ipaddr

Type: char *

Purpose: IP address for static IP configuration

netmask

Type: char *

Purpose: netmask for static IP configuration

gateway

Type: char *

Purpose: gateway for static IP configuration

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.81 nrc_wifi_stop_dhcp_client

This function is used to stop the DHCP client for a specific network interface. This function is typically called to terminate the DHCP client and release the obtained IP address lease.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_stop_dhcp_client(int vif_id)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.82 nrc_wifi_set_dns

This function is used to set the DNS (Domain Name System) server addresses.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_dns(char*pri_dns, char *sec_dns )
```

Input Parameters :

pri_dns
Type: char*
Purpose: Primary DNS server
sec_dns
Type: char*
Purpose: Secondary DNS server

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.83 nrc_wifi_add_etharp

This function is used to add an entry to the Ethernet ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) table.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_add_etharp(int vif_id, const char* addr, char *mac_addr)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: Network index.
addr
Type: const char*
Purpose: The IP address you want to add to the ARP table
mac_addr
Type: char*
Purpose: The MAC address corresponding to the IP address

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.84 nrc_wifi_send_addba

Send ADDBA action frame

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_send_addba(int vif_id, tWIFI_TID tid, char *mac_addr)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

tid

Type: tWIFI_TID

Purpose: traffic identifier (WIFI_TID_BE, WIFI_TID_BK, WIFI_TID_VI, WIFI_TID_VO)

mac_addr

Type char*

Purpose: The MAC address

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.85 nrc_wifi_send_delba

Send DELBA action frame

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_send_delba(int vif_id, tWIFI_TID tid, char *mac_addr)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

tid

Type: tWIFI_TID

Purpose: traffic identifier (WIFI_TID_BE, WIFI_TID_BK, WIFI_TID_VI, WIFI_TID_VO)

mac_addr

Type char*

Purpose: The MAC address

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.86 nrc_wifi_set_tx_aggr_auto

Enable automatic tx aggregation

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_tx_aggr_auto(int vif_id, tWIFI_TID tid, uint8_t max_agg_num)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

tid

Type: tWIFI_TID

Purpose: traffic identifier (WIFI_TID_BE, WIFI_TID_BK, WIFI_TID_VI, WIFI_TID_VO)

max_agg_num

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: Max aggregation number

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.87 nrc_wifi_set_passive_scan

This function is used to enable or disable passive scanning in the Wi-Fi module. Passive scanning is a type of Wi-Fi scanning where the Wi-Fi module listens for beacon frames transmitted by access points without actively transmitting probe requests. It allows the module to collect information about nearby access points without actively participating in the scanning process.

* A passive scan generally takes more time, since the client must listen and wait for a beacon versus actively probing to find an AP.

* For passive scan operation, AP should be disabled the short beacon in EVK start.py
short_bcn_enable = 0 # 0 (disable) or 1 (enable)

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_passive_scan(bool passive_scan_on)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: bool

Purpose: passive_scan_on (1:enable, 0:disable)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.88 nrc_wifi_set_scan_dwell_time

Function to set scan dwell time.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_scan_dwell_time(int vif_id, uint32_t time_ms)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network interface index.

Time_ms

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Dwell time (msec)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.89 nrc_wifi_set_simple_bgscan

This function configures a basic background scan for roaming purposes. For example, with short_interval set to 30 seconds, long_interval to 300 seconds, and signal_threshold at -40 dBm: if the signal strength falls below -40 dBm, background scanning occurs every 30 seconds; if the signal is stronger, scanning occurs every 300 seconds.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_simple_bgscan(int vif_id, uint16_t short_interval, int  
signal_threshold, uint16_t long_interval)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

short_interval

Type: uint16_t

Purpose: short scan interval (sec)

signal_threshold

Type: int

Purpose: short/long interval choice signal threshold (db) (ex : -45)

long_interval

Type: uint16_t

Purpose: long scan interval (sec)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.90 nrc_wifi_get_ap_info

This function is used to retrieve information about staions information.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_ap_info(int vif_id, AP_INFO *info)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

info

Type STA_LIST *

Purpose: A pointer to the AP_INFO structure where the AP's information will be stored.
See "[AP_INFO](#)"

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.91 nrc_wifi_set_rf_power

This function is used to turn on or off the RF (Radio Frequency) power.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_rf_power(bool power_on)
```

Input Parameters :

power_on

Type: bool

Purpose: turn on/off rf power.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.92 nrc_wifi_set_use_4address

This function is used to set whether to use four-address support. Four-address support is used in Wi-Fi networks to enable communication between two clients connected to the same AP (Access Point) using Layer 2 bridging.

Prototype :

tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_use_4address(bool value)

Input Parameters :

value

Type: bool

Purpose: Enable / disable 4-address support.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS) for any other errors.

3.2.93 nrc_wifi_get_use_4address

This function is used to get the current setting of whether four-address support is enabled or disabled. Four-address support is used in Wi-Fi networks to enable communication between two clients connected to the same AP (Access Point) using Layer 2 bridging.

Prototype :

bool nrc_wifi_get_use_4address(void)

Input Parameters :

void

Returns :

True, the 4-address is enabled

False, the 4-address is disabled

3.2.94 nrc_get_hw_version

This function retrieves the hardware version of the Wi-Fi module, which is stored in the flash memory. It allows you to access and retrieve the specific hardware version information of the Wi-Fi module directly from the flash memory.

Prototype :

uint16_t nrc_get_hw_version(void)

Input Parameters :

void

Returns :

hw_version

3.2.95 nrc_wifi_get_gi

This function gets the Guard Interval(GI) type.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_gi(tWIFI_GI* mcs)
```

Input Parameters :

mcs

Type: tWIFI_GI*

Purpose: A pointer to store the guard interval (0:Long GI, 1:Short GI)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.96 nrc_wifi_set_gi

This function sets the Guard Interval (GI) type for a wireless connection. It should be called before association. The default is a long guard interval.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_gi(tWIFI_GI mcs)
```

Input Parameters :

mcs

Type: tWIFI_GI

Purpose: The guard interval type (0:Long GI, 1:Short GI)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.97 nrc_wifi_set_beacon_loss_detection

This function configures the operation mode for beacon loss detection, applicable specifically to a Station (STA). By default, the beacon loss detection is enabled, with a beacon loss threshold set at 30.

(ex) $30 * BI(100) * TU(1024\mu s) = \text{about } 3 \text{ sec}$

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_beacon_loss_detection(int vif_id, bool enable,  
                                                uint8_t beacon_loss_thresh)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

enable

| | |
|----------|---|
| Type: | bool |
| Purpose: | Specifies whether to enable (1) or disable (0) beacon loss detection. |

beacon_loss_thresh

| | |
|----------|---|
| Type: | uint8_t |
| Purpose: | disconnection threshold about beacon loss |

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
An error code of type tWIFI_STATUS for any other errors.

3.2.98 nrc_wifi_get_listen_interval

This function gets the listen interval for a Station (STA), which determines the duration the station remains in a sleep state before it wakes up to receive buffered data from the connected Access Point (AP). It's important to note that the listen interval should be kept shorter than the BSS (Basic Service Set) maximum idle time.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_listen_interval(int vif_id, uint16_t *listen_interval,  
                                         uint32_t *interval_ms)
```

Input Parameters :

| | |
|----------|----------------|
| vif_id | |
| Type: | int |
| Purpose: | Network index. |

listen_interval

| | |
|----------|-----------------|
| Type: | uint16_t |
| Purpose: | listen interval |

interval_ms

| | |
|----------|---|
| Type: | uint32_t |
| Purpose: | Listen Interval Time (us) = listen_interval * beacon_interval * 1TU (1024 us) |

listen interval time (ms). It should be set after association.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
An error code of type tWIFI_STATUS for any other errors.

3.2.99 nrc_wifi_set_listen_interval

This function sets the configuration of the listen interval for a Station (STA), determining the period the station stays in a sleep state before awakening to receive buffered data from the connected Access Point (AP). It's important to ensure that the set listen interval remains shorter than the BSS (Basic Service Set) maximum idle time.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_listen_interval(int vif_id, uint16_t listen_interval)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: Network index.

listen_interval
Type: uint16_t
Purpose: listen interval
Listen Interval Time (us) = listen_interval * beacon_interval * 1TU (1024 us)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
An error code of type tWIFI_STATUS for any other errors.

3.2.100 nrc_wifi_get_mic_scan

This function retrieve MIC scan settings and channel detection count (applicable only to K2(KR MIC)).

Prototype :

tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_mic_scan(bool *enable, bool *channel_move, uint32_t *cnt_detected)

Input Parameters :

enable
Type: bool*
Purpose: Pointer to a variable to store the MIC scan enable setting

channel_move
Type: bool*
Purpose: Pointer to a variable to store the channel move setting when the current channel is invalid

cnt_detected
Type: uint32_t*
Purpose: Pointer to a variable to store the channel detection count

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.101 nrc_wifi_set_mic_scan

This function configure MIC scan settings and channel detection count (applicable only to K2(KR MIC))

Prototype :

tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_mic_scan(bool enable, bool channel_move)

Input Parameters :

enable
Type: bool

channel_move Purpose: MIC scan disable / enable (0|1)
Type: bool
Purpose: channel move setting when the current channel is invalid.
This is used for access points (AP) mode. The default is false.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.102 nrc_wifi_set_enable_auth_control

This function enable Enables or disables DAC (Distributed Authentication Control) as per the 802.11ah specification (Section 11.3.9.3).

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_enable_auth_control(int vif_id, bool enable)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: Network index.
enable
Type: bool
Purpose: Authentication control disable / enable (0|1)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.103 nrc_wifi_get_enable_auth_control

This function get authentication control status.

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_enable_auth_control(uint8_t *enable)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id
Type: int
Purpose: Network index.
enable
Type: uint8_t*
Purpose: Pointer to the DAC status (0 = disabled, 1 = enabled)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.104 nrc_wifi_set_auth_control_param

This function configures the DAC (Distributed Authentication Control) parameters

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_auth_control_param(uint8_t slot, uint8_t ti_min, uint8_t ti_max)
```

Input Parameters :

| | |
|--------|---|
| slot | Type: uint8_t |
| | Purpose: authentication slot (in units of TUs) |
| ti_min | Type: uint8_t |
| | Purpose: minimum transmission interval (in units of beacon intervals) |
| ti_max | Type: uint8_t |
| | Purpose: maximum transmission interval (in units of beacon intervals) |

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.105 nrc_wifi_get_auth_control_param

This function get authentication parameters

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_auth_control_param(uint8_t* slot, uint8_t* ti_min, uint8_t* ti_max)
```

Input Parameters :

| | |
|--------|---|
| slot | Type: uint8_t* |
| | Purpose: authentication slot (in units of TUs) |
| ti_min | Type: uint8_t* |
| | Purpose: minimum transmission interval (in units of beacon intervals) |
| ti_max | Type: uint8_t* |
| | Purpose: maximum transmission interval (in units of beacon intervals) |

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.106 nrc_wifi_set_auth_control_scale

This function sets scale factor

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_auth_control_scale(uint8_t scale_factor)
```

Input Parameters :

scale_factor

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: The scale factor (1: in units of BI for TI_MIN/TI_MAX or 10: in units of 10*BI for TI_MIN/TI_MAX)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.107 nrc_wifi_get_auth_control_scale

This function gets scale factor

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_auth_control_scale(uint8_t* scale_factor)
```

Input Parameters :

scale_factor

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: The scale factor (1: in units of BI for TI_MIN/TI_MAX or 10: in units of 10*BI for TI_MIN/TI_MAX)

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.108 nrc_wifi_get_auth_current_ti

This function get current Transmission Interval(TI) value of DAC (Distributed Auth Control)

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_auth_current_ti(int *ti)
```

Input Parameters :

value

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: TI value

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.109 nrc_wifi_get_auth_bo_cnt

This function get authentication control backoff count

Prototype :

tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_auth_bo_cnt(int *cnt)

Input Parameters :

value

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: TI count value

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.110 nrc_wifi_get_tsf

This function to get TSF (Timing Synchronization Function)

Prototype :

tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_get_tsf(int vif_id, uint64_t *tsf)

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network interface index

Tsf

Type: uint64_t*

Purpose: TSF value

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.2.111 nrc_wifi_set_tsf

This function to manually set TSF (Timing Synchronization Function)

Prototype :

```
tWIFI_STATUS nrc_wifi_set_tsf(int vif_id, uint64_t tsf)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network interface index

tsf

Type: uint64_t

Purpose: TSF value to be set

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

Error code (tWIFI_STATUS): In case of any other errors.

3.3 Callback Functions & Events

Prototype :

```
void (*event_callback_fn)(int vif_id, tWIFI_EVENT_ID event, int data_len, void *data)
```

Input Parameters :

vif_id

Type: int

Purpose: Network index.

event

Type: tWIFI_EVENT_ID

Purpose: Wi-Fi Event

data_len

Type: int

Purpose: Data length.

data

Type: void *

Purpose: Data address

Table 3.25 tWIFI_EVENT_ID

| Name | Data | Description |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| WIFI_EVT_SCAN | N/A | Scan is started |
| WIFI_EVT_SCAN_DONE | N/A | Scan is finished |
| WIFI_EVT_CONNECT_SUCCESS | MAC Address | Connection |
| WIFI_EVT_DISCONNECT | MAC Address | Disconnection |
| WIFI_EVT_AP_STARTED | N/A | SoftAP is started |

| | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| WIFI_EVT_VENDOR_IE | VendorIE data | Vendor IE |
| WIFI_EVT_AP_STA_CONNECTED | MAC Address | STA is connected |
| WIFI_EVT_AP_STA_DISCONNECTED | MAC Address | STA is disconnected |
| WIFI_EVT_ASSOC_REJECT | MAC Address | Association is rejected |

4 System

The system API provides functions to:

- Set and get the system configuration values
- Set the debug log level

4.1 Function Call

The header file for system APIs are defined at the “sdk/include/api_system.h”.

4.1.1 nrc_get_rtc

Retrieve the real time clock value since cold boot

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_get_rtc(uint64_t* rtc_time)
```

Input Parameters :

rtc_time

Type: uint64_t*

Purpose: A pointer to get RTC time.

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

4.1.2 nrc_reset_rtc

Reset the real time clock to 0

Prototype :

```
void nrc_reset_rtc(void)
```

Input Parameters :

None

Returns :

None

4.1.3 nrc_sw_reset

Reset software

Prototype :


```
void nrc_sw_reset(void)
```

Input Parameters :

None

Returns :

None

4.1.4 nrc_get_user_factory

Get user factory data in flash memory

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_get_user_factory(char* data, uint16_t buf_len)
```

Input Parameters :

data

Type: char*

Purpose: A pointer to store user factory data

buf_len

Type: uint16_t

Purpose: buffer length (should be 512 Bytes)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

4.1.5 nrc_get_user_factory_info

This function get base address and total size of user factory area.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_get_user_factory_info(uint32_t *addr, uint32_t *size)
```

Input Parameters :

data

Type: uint32_t *

Purpose: A pointer to store base address of user factory area

buf_len

Type: uint32_t*

Purpose: A pointer to store total size of user factory area

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

4.1.6 nrc_led_trx_init

Initializes the Tx/Rx LED blinking feature

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_led_trx_init(int tx_gpio, int rx_gpio, int timer_period, bool invert)
```

Input Parameters :

tx_gpio

Type: int

Purpose: The GPIO pin for the Tx LED

rx_gpio

Type: int

Purpose: The GPIO pin for the Rx LED

timer_period

Type: int

Purpose: The period for checking the status of the LED blinking

invert

Type: bool

Purpose: invert the LED blinking signal

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

4.1.7 nrc_led_trx_deinit

Deinitializes the Tx/Rx LED blinking feature

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_led_trx_deinit(void)
```

Input Parameters :

None

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

4.1.8 nrc_wdt_enable

Enable watchdog monitoring. The default is enabled

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_wdt_enable(void)
```

Input Parameters :

None

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

4.1.9 nrc_wdt_disable

Disable watchdog monitoring

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_wdt_disable(void)
```

Input Parameters :

None

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

4.1.10 nrc_set_app_version

Set application version, which is a mandatory to use broadcast FOTA

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_set_app_version(VERSION_T* version)
```

Input Parameters :

version

Type: VERSION_T* (see [Version Type](#))

Purpose: A pointer of application version

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

4.1.11 nrc_get_app_version

Get application version, which is a mandatory to use broadcast FOTA

Prototype :

```
VERSION_T* nrc_get_app_version(void)
```

Input Parameters :

void

Returns :

VERSION_T* (see [Version Type](#))

4.1.12 nrc_set_app_name

Set application name, which is a mandatory to use broadcast FOTA

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_set_app_name(char* appname)
```

Input Parameters :

appname

Type: char*

Purpose: A pointer of application name (Max 32 bytes)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

4.1.13 nrc_get_app_name

Get application name, which is a mandatory to use broadcast FOTA

Prototype :

```
char* nrc_get_app_name(void)
```

Input Parameters :

void

Returns :

char*

4.1.14 nrc_get_sdk_version

Get SDK version

Prototype :

```
VERSION_T* nrc_get_sdk_version(void)
```

Input Parameters :

void

Returns :

VERSION_T* (see [Version Type](#))

4.1.15 nrc_set_flash_device_info

This function is designed to facilitate the storage of device information data in the flash memory, with a dedicated space of 4KB allocated for this purpose.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_set_flash_device_info(uint8_t* data, uint16_t len)
```

Input Parameters :

data

Type: char*

Purpose: A pointer to store user factory data

buf_len

Type: uint16_t

Purpose: buffer length (should be 4KB Bytes)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

4.1.16 nrc_get_flash_device_info

This function serves the purpose of getting data from the device information area within the flash memory. The allocated space for this area is 4KB.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_get_flash_device_info(uint8_t* data, uint16_t len)
```

Input Parameters :

data

Type: char*

Purpose: A pointer to store user factory data

buf_len

Type: uint16_t

Purpose: buffer length (should be 4KB Bytes)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

4.1.17 nrc_get_user_data_area_address

This function gets the address of the user data area in flash memory.

Prototype :

```
uint32_t nrc_get_user_data_area_address(void)
```

Input Parameters :

None

Returns :

The size of the user data area address.

4.1.18 nrc_get_user_data_area_size

This function gets the size of the user data area in flash memory.

Prototype :

```
uint32_t nrc_get_user_data_area_size(void)
```

Input Parameters :

None

Returns :

The size of the user data area in bytes.

4.1.19 nrc_erase_user_data_area

This function erases the user data area in flash memory.

Prototype :

```
uint32_t nrc_get_user_data_area_size(void)
```

Input Parameters :

None

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

An error code of type tWIFI_STATUS for any other errors.

The size of t

4.1.20 nrc_write_user_data

This function writes user data to the user data area in flash memory.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_write_user_data(uint32_t user_data_offset, uint8_t* data, uint32_t size)
```

Input Parameters :

user_data_offset

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: The offset from the user data area's base address. It should be aligned to a 4-byte boundary.

data

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: A pointer to the data to be written.
size

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: The size of data to write.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

An error code of type tWIFI_STATUS for any other errors.

4.1.21 nrc_read_user_data

This function read user data from the user data area in flash memory

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_read_user_data(uint8_t* buffer, uint32_t user_data_offset, uint32_t size)
```

Input Parameters :

buffer

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: A pointer to the buffer where the data will be stored.

user_data_offset

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: The offset from the user data area's base address. It should be aligned to a 4-byte boundary.

size

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: The size of data to read.

Returns :

WIFI_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

An error code of type tWIFI_STATUS for any other errors.

4.1.22 nrc_get_xtal_status

This function gets the status of the crystal (xtal)

※ It is designed specifically for NRC7394.

Prototype :

```
uint8_t nrc_get_xtal_status(void)
```

Input Parameters :

None

Returns :

The Crystal(xtal) status

: 0(Crystal status not checked), 1(Crystal is working), 2(Crystal is not working)

4.1.23 nrc_set_jtag

Set the JTAG pin

Prototype :

```
void nrc_set_jtag(bool enable)
```

Input Parameters :

data

Type: bool

Purpose: enable/disable JTAG debug pin

Returns :

None

5 DMA

DMA (Direct memory access) subsystem API's.

Data transfer between system memory and peripheral devices.

5.1 Data Type

These types are defined in “sdk/include/api_dma.h”.

5.1.1 DMA Errors

Enum value that describes the return values.

Table 5.1 DMA_ERROR

| Name | Description |
|----------------|--------------------------------|
| NRC_DMA_OK | Operation was successful. |
| NRC_DMA_EPERM | Operation cannot be performed. |
| NRC_DMA_EINVAL | Given argument is invalid. |
| NRC_DMA_EBUSY | Underlying DMA is busy. |

5.1.2 DMA Burst Size

Enum value that describes the DMA burst data size.

Table 5.2 DMA_BSIZE

| Name | Description |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| NRC_DMA_BSIZE_1 | Burst size 1 bit. |
| NRC_DMA_BSIZE_4 | Burst size 4 bits. |
| NRC_DMA_BSIZE_8 | Burst size 8 bits. |
| NRC_DMA_BSIZE_16 | Burst size 16 bits. |
| NRC_DMA_BSIZE_32 | Burst size 32 bits. |
| NRC_DMA_BSIZE_64 | Burst size 64 bits. |
| NRC_DMA_BSIZE_128 | Burst size 128 bits. |
| NRC_DMA_BSIZE_256 | Burst size 256 bits. |

5.1.3 DMA Width

Enum value that describes the DMA width to be used.

Table 5.3 DMA_WIDTH

| Name | Description |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| NRC_DMA_WIDTH_8 | DMA to transfer 8 bits at a time. |
| NRC_DMA_WIDTH_16 | DMA to transfer 16 bits at a time. |

| | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| NRC_DMA_WIDTH_32 | DMA to transfer 32 bits at a time. |
|------------------|------------------------------------|

5.1.4 DMA AHBM

AHBM interface number.

Table 5.4 DMA_AHBM

| Name | Description |
|----------------|------------------|
| NRC_DMA_AHB_M1 | AHBM interface 1 |
| NRC_DMA_AHB_M2 | AHBM interface 2 |

5.1.5 DMA Peripheral ID

DMA peripheral identifications.

Table 5.5 DMA_PERI_ID

| Name | Description |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| NRC_DMA_PERI_SSP0_RX | SPI channel 0 peripheral for RX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_SSP0_TX | SPI channel 0 peripheral for TX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_SSP1_RX | SPI channel 1 peripheral for RX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_SSP1_TX | SPI channel 1 peripheral for TX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_HSUART0_RX | UART channel 0 peripheral for RX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_HSUART0_TX | UART channel 0 peripheral for TX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_HSUART1_RX | UART channel 1 peripheral for RX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_HSUART1_TX | UART channel 1 peripheral for TX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_HSUART2_RX | UART channel 2 peripheral for RX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_HSUART2_TX | UART channel 2 peripheral for TX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_HSUART3_RX | UART channel 3 peripheral for RX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_HSUART3_TX | UART channel 3 peripheral for TX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_SSP2_RX | SPI channel 2 peripheral for RX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_SSP2_TX | SPI channel 2 peripheral for TX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_SSP3_RX | SPI channel 3 peripheral for RX. |
| NRC_DMA_PERI_SSP3_TX | SPI channel 3 peripheral for TX. |

5.1.6 DMA Peripheral

DMA peripheral data structure passed to DMA controller.

Table 5.6 dma_peri_t

| Name | Description |
|------|-----------------------------|
| Addr | Peripheral location address |
| ID | Peripheral Identification |

| | |
|----------|---|
| AddrInc | Automatic address increase enable/disable |
| FlowCtrl | Flow control enable/disable |

5.1.7 DMA Descriptor

DMA channel control information passed to DMA controller.

Table 5.7 dma_desc_t

| Name | Description |
|------------|---------------------------------|
| SrcAddr | Source address |
| DestAddr | Destination address |
| Next | Next dma_desc_t element |
| XferSize | Transfer size |
| SBSIZE | Source burst size |
| DBSIZE | Destination burst size |
| SWidth | Source transfer width |
| Dwidth | Destination transfer width |
| SAHBM | Source AHB master |
| DAHBM | Destination AHB master |
| SAInc | Source address increment |
| DAInc | Destination address increment |
| Privileged | Protection: Privileged mode |
| Bufferable | Protection: Buffered access |
| Cacheable | Protection: Cached access |
| IntTC | Terminal count interrupt enable |

5.2 Function Call

5.2.1 nrc_dma_enable

This function enables DMA subsystem on NRC SoC.

Prototype :

void nrc_dma_disable (void)

Input Parameters :

N/A

Returns :

N/A

5.2.2 nrc_dma_disable

This function disables DMA subsystem on NRC SoC.

Prototype :

```
void nrc_dma_disable (void)
```

Input Parameters :

N/A

Returns :

N/A

5.2.3 nrc_dma_is_enabled

Check if DMA subsystem is enabled on NRC Soc.

Prototype :

```
bool nrc_dma_is_enabled (void)
```

Input Parameters :**Returns :**

true if DMA is enabled.

False if DMA is not enabled.

5.2.4 nrc_dma_get_channel

This function returns the DMA channel that is available to be used on the system.

If the argument highest set to non-zero, then the highest channel number will be returned from 8 channels available on the system. If the highest is set to zero, then low channel number will be returned. i.e., If firmware is already using DMA channel 0 and 7, non-zero highest will result in returning channel number 6 and zero highest will return channel number 1.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_get_channel (int highest)
```

Input Parameters :

Highest

Type: Int

Purpose: Desired high or low channel.

Returns :

Available channel number.

-1 if there is no available channel.

5.2.5 nrc_dma_valid_channel

Validate if channel number provided are within 0 to 7.

Prototype :

```
bool nrc_dma_valid_channel (int channel)
```

Input Parameters :

channel

Type: Int

Purpose: Channel number to be validated.

Returns :

true if channel number given is valid.

false otherwise.

5.2.6 nrc_dma_peri_init

Initialize dma_peri_t data structure using supplied data.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_peri_init (dma_peri_t *peri, int id, uint32_t addr, bool addr_inc, bool flow_ctrl)
```

Input Parameters :

peri

Type: dma_peri_t

Purpose: DMA configuration data structure.

id

Type: int

Purpose: Identification

addr

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Address to be used for DMA.

addr_inc

Type: bool

Purpose: Whether to automatically increase address.

flow_ctrl

Type: bool

Purpose: If flow control should be used.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful

NRC_DMA_EINVAL, if error occurs.

5.2.7 nrc_dma_config_m2m

Configure DMA to be used within the system.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_config_m2m (int channel, dma_isr_t inttc_isr, dma_isr_t interr_isr)
```

Input Parameters :

channel

Type: int
Purpose: DMA channel to be used.

inttc_isr
Type: dma_isr_t
Purpose: Interrupt handler that will be called upon completion of DMA operation.

interr_isr
Type: dma_isr_t
Purpose: Interrupt handler that will be call if there is any error occurred during DMA operation.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.
NRC_DMA_EPERM if DMA is not enabled.
NRC_DMA_EBUSY if DMA is already enabled.
NRC_DMA_EINVAL if error occurs.

5.2.8 nrc_dma_config_m2p

Configure DMA to be used for the data direction from SoC to peripheral.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_config_m2p (int channel, dma_peri_t *dest_peri, dma_isr_t inttc_isr, dma_isr_t  
interr_isr)
```

Input Parameters :

channel
Type: int
Purpose: DMA channel to be used.

src_peri
Type: dma_peri_t
source peripheral address.
Purpose: i.e. SSPO_BASE_ADDR + 8 for data section of SPI channel 0.
(See SoC specification for details.)

inttc_isr
Type: dma_isr_t
Purpose: Interrupt handler that will be called upon completion of DMA operation.

interr_isr
Type: dma_isr_t
Purpose: Interrupt handler that will be call if there is any error occurred during DMA operation.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.
NRC_DMA_EPERM if DMA is not enabled.
NRC_DMA_EBUSY if DMA is already enabled.

NRC_DMA_EINVAL if error occurs.

5.2.9 nrc_dma_config_p2m

Configure DMA to be used for the data incoming from peripheral to SoC.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_config_p2m (int channel, dma_peri_t *src_peri, dma_isr_t inttc_isr, dma_isr_t  
interr_isr)
```

Input Parameters :

channel

Type: int

Purpose: DMA channel to be used.

src_peri

Type: dma_peri_t

source peripheral address.

Purpose: i.e. SSPO_BASE_ADDR + 8 for data section of SPI channel 0.
(See SoC specification for details.)

inttc_isr

Type: dma_isr_t

Purpose: Interrupt handler that will be called upon completion of DMA operation.

interr_isr

Type: dma_isr_t

Purpose: Interrupt handler that will be call if there is any error occurred during DMA
operation.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.

NRC_DMA_EPERM if DMA is not enabled.

NRC_DMA_EBUSY if DMA is already enabled.

NRC_DMA_EINVAL if error occurs.

5.2.10 nrc_dma_config_p2p

Configure DMA to be used between the peripherals.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_config_p2p (int channel, dma_peri_t *src_peri, dma_isr_t inttc_isr, dma_isr_t  
interr_isr)
```

Input Parameters :

channel

Type: int

Purpose: DMA channel to be used.

src_peri

Type: dma_peri_t

source peripheral address.

Purpose: i.e. SSP0_BASE_ADDR + 8 for data section of SPI channel 0.
(See SoC specification for details.)

inttc_isr

Type: dma_isr_t

Purpose: Interrupt handler that will be called upon completion of DMA operation.

interr_isr

Type: dma_isr_t

Purpose: Interrupt handler that will be call if there is any error occurred during DMA operation.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.
NRC_DMA_EPERM if DMA is not enabled.
NRC_DMA_EBUSY if DMA is already enabled.
NRC_DMA_EINVAL if error occurs.

5.2.11 nrc_dma_start

Starts the DMA operation for the channel and the data given as dma_desc_t.

Prototype :

int nrc_dma_start (int channel, dma_desc_t *desc)

Input Parameters :

channel

Type: int

Purpose: DMA channel to be used.

desc

Type: dma_desc_t

Purpose: Linked list of DMA descriptors.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.
NRC_DMA_EPERM if DMA is not enabled.
NRC_DMA_EBUSY if DMA is already enabled.
NRC_DMA_EINVAL if error occurs.

5.2.12 nrc_dma_stop

Stops the DMA operation.

Prototype :

int nrc_dma_stop (int channel)

Input Parameters :

channel

Type: int

Purpose: DMA channel to be used.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.

NRC_DMA_EPERM if DMA is not enabled.

NRC_DMA_EBUSY if DMA is already enabled.

NRC_DMA_EINVAL if error occurs.

5.2.13 nrc_dma_busy

Check whether the given channel is busy or not.

Prototype :

bool nrc_dma_busy (int channel)

Input Parameters :

channel

Type: int

Purpose: DMA channel to be used.

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

5.2.14 nrc_dma_src_addr

Retrieves the source memory address of DMA channel.

Prototype :

uint32_t nrc_dma_src_addr (int channel)

Input Parameters :

channel

Type: int

Purpose: DMA channel to be used.

Returns :

Source address.

5.2.15 nrc_dma_dest_addr

Retrieves the destination memory address of DMA channel.

Prototype :

```
uint32_t nrc_dma_dest_addr (int channel)
```

Input Parameters :

channel

Type: int

Purpose: DMA channel to be used.

Returns :

Destination address.

5.2.16 nrc_dma_desc_print

Prints the dma_desc_t contents for given desc.

Prototype :

```
void nrc_dma_desc_print (dma_desc_t *desc)
```

Input Parameters :

desc

Type: dma_desc_t

Purpose: dma_desc_t to be printed.

Returns :

N/A

5.2.17 nrc_dma_desc_init

Initialize DMA descriptor using given arguments.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_desc_init (dma_desc_t *desc, uint32_t src_addr, uint32_t dest_addr, uint16_t size)
```

Input Parameters :

desc

Type: dma_desc_t

Purpose: dma_desc_t to be initialized.

src_addr

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Source address to be used.

dest_addr

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Destination address to be used.

size

Type: uint16_t

Purpose: Size of data to be transferred.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if successful.

NRC_DMA_EINVAL, otherwise.

5.2.18 nrc_dma_desc_link

Set the next field in dma_desc_t for given desc to complete dma_desc_t linked list.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_desc_link (dma_desc_t *desc, dma_desc_t *next)
```

Input Parameters :

desc

Type: dma_desc_t

Purpose: dma_desc_t next field to be updated.

next

Type: dma_desc_t

Purpose: Dma_desc_t to be linked to desc provided.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.

NRC_DMA_EINVAL all other errors.

5.2.19 nrc_dma_desc_set_addr

Update source and destination for given desc.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_desc_set_addr (dma_desc_t *desc, uint32_t src_addr, uint32_t dest_addr)
```

Input Parameters :

Desc

Type: dma_desc_t

Purpose: dma_desc_t to be updated.

src_addr

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Source address to update to.

dest_addr

Type: uint32_t*

Purpose: Destination address to update to.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.

NRC_DMA_EINVAL, all other errors.

5.2.20 nrc_dma_desc_set_addr_inc

Update whether to automatically increment source and destination address for given dma_desc_t.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_desc_set_addr_inc (dma_desc_t *desc, bool src_inc, bool dest_inc)
```

Input Parameters :

desc

Type: dma_desc_t

Purpose: dma_desc_t to be updated.

src_inc

Type: bool

Purpose: Enable/disable automatic source address incrementation.

dest_inc

Type: bool

Purpose: Enable/disable automatic destination address incrementation.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.

NRC_DMA_EINVAL, all other errors.

5.2.21 nrc_dma_desc_set_size

Update transfer size for given dma_desc_t.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_desc_set_size (dma_desc_t *desc, uint16_t size)
```

Input Parameters :

desc

Type: dma_desc_t

Purpose: dma_desc_t to be updated.

size

Type: uint16_t

Purpose: Transfer size to update to.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.

NRC_DMA_EINVAL, all other errors.

5.2.22 nrc_dma_desc_set_width

Update data width in bits for given dma_desc_t.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_desc_set_width (dma_desc_t *desc, uint8_t src_width, uint8_t dest_width)
```

Input Parameters :

desc

Type: dma_desc_t

Purpose: dma_desc_t to be updated.

src_width

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: Source data width in bits.

dest_width

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: Destination data width in bits.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.

NRC_DMA_EINVAL, all other errors.

5.2.23 nrc_dma_desc_set_bsize

Update data burst size for given dma_desc_t.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_desc_set_bsize (dma_desc_t *desc, uint8_t src_bsize, uint8_t dest_bsize)
```

Input Parameters :

desc

Type: dma_desc_t

Purpose: dma_desc_t to be updated.

src_bsize

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: Source burst data size.

dest_bsize

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: Destination burst data size.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.

NRC_DMA_EINVAL, all other errors.

5.2.24 nrc_dma_desc_set_inttc

Enable/disable interrupt for given dma_desc_t.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_desc_set_inttc (dma_desc_t *desc, bool inttc)
```

Input Parameters :

desc

Type: dma_desc_t
Purpose: dma_desc_t to be updated.
inttc
Type: bool
Purpose: True to enable, false to disable interrupt.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.
NRC_DMA_EINVAL, all other errors.

5.2.25 nrc_dma_desc_set_ahb_master

Set source and destination AHB interface.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_desc_set_ahb_master (dma_desc_t *desc, int src_ahbm, int dest_ahbm)
```

Input Parameters :

Desc
Type: dma_desc_t
Purpose: dma_desc_t to be updated.
src_ahbm
Type: Int
Purpose: Source AHB master interface.
dest_ahbm
Type: Int
Purpose: Destination AHB master interface.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.
NRC_DMA_EINVAL, all other errors.

5.2.26 nrc_dma_desc_set_protection

Update protection scheme to be used for given dma_desc_t.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_dma_desc_set_protection (dma_desc_t *desc, bool privileged, bool bufferable, bool cacheable)
```

Input Parameters :

desc
Type: dma_desc_t
Purpose: dma_desc_t to be updated.
privileged
Type: bool
Purpose: Set whether privileged protection be enabled or disabled.

bufferable

Type: bool

Purpose: Set whether bufferable protection be enabled or disabled.

cacheable

Type: bool

Purpose: Set whether cacheable protection be enabled or disabled.

Returns :

NRC_DMA_OK, if the operation was successful.

NRC_DMA_EINVAL, all other errors.

5.3 Callback Functions & Events

The interrupt handler function pointer type.

Prototype :

```
typedef void (*dma_isr_t) (int channel)
```

Input Parameters :

channel

Type: int

Purpose: DMA channel

6 UART

The UART API provides functions to:

- Set the UART channel, configurations, interrupt handler and interrupt type
- Get and put a character and print strings

6.1 Data Type

These types are defined at the “sdk/include/api_uart.h”.

6.1.1 Channel

NRC_UART_CHANNEL is an UART channel. The UART0 channels are not available for user use in NRC7394 EVK. It is dedicated for console.

Table 6.1 NRC_UART_CHANNEL

| Name | Description |
|--------------|-------------|
| NRC_UART_CH0 | Channel 0 |
| NRC_UART_CH1 | Channel 1 |

6.1.2 UART Data Bit

NRC_UART_DATA_BIT is a data bit size.

Table 6.2 NRC_UART_DATA_BIT

| Name | Description |
|--------------|-------------|
| NRC_UART_DB5 | Data bit 5 |
| NRC_UART_DB6 | Data bit 6 |
| NRC_UART_DB7 | Data bit 7 |
| NRC_UART_DB8 | Data bit 8 |

6.1.3 UART Stop Bit

NRC_UART_STOP_BIT is a data bit size.

Table 6.3 NRC_UART_STOP_BIT

| Name | Description |
|--------------|-------------|
| NRC_UART_SB1 | Stop bit 1 |
| NRC_UART_SB2 | Stop bit 2 |

6.1.4 UART Parity Bit

NRC_UART_PARITY_BIT is a type of parity.

Table 6.4 NRC_UART_PARITY_BIT

| Name | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|
| NRC_UART_PB_NONE | None |
| NRC_UART_PB_ODD | Odd parity bit |
| NRC_UART_PB_EVEN | Even parity bit |

6.1.5 UART Hardware Flow Control

NRC_UART_HW_FLOW_CTRL indicate that a UART hardware flow control is enabled or disabled.

Table 6.5 NRC_UART_HW_FLOW_CTRL

| Name | Description |
|----------------------|-------------|
| NRC_UART_HFC_DISABLE | Disable |
| NRC_UART_HFC_ENABLE | Enable |

6.1.6 UARTFIFO

NRC_UART_FIFO indicate that a UART FIFO is enabled or disabled.

Table 6.6 NRC_UART_FIFO

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| NRC_UART_FIFO_DISABLE | Disable FIFO |
| NRC_UART_FIFO_ENABLE | Enable FIFO |

6.1.7 UART Configuration

NRC_UART_CONFIG is a configuration about UART.

Table 6.7 NRC_UART_CONFIG

| Name | Description |
|------|--|
| ch | Channel number |
| tx | TX GPIO pin number. If -1, uses default value in EVK. |
| rx | RX GPIO pin number. If -1, uses default value in EVK. |
| rts | RTS GPIO pin number. If -1, uses default value in EVK. |
| cts | CTS GPIO pin number. If -1, uses default value in EVK. |
| db | Data bit |
| br | Baudrate |

| | |
|--------------|---|
| stop_bit | Stop bit |
| parity_bit | Parity bit |
| hw_flow_ctrl | Enable or disable hardware flow control |
| fifo | Enable or disable FIFO |

6.1.8 UART Interrupt Type

NRC_UART_INT_TYPE is an interrupt type.

Table 6.8 NRC_UART_INT_TYPE

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| NRC_UART_INT_TIMEOUT | Timeout |
| NRC_UART_INT_RX_DONE | Rx is done |
| NRC_UART_INT_TX_EMPTY | Tx is empty |

6.2 Function Call

The header file for system APIs are defined at the “sdk/include/api_uart.h”.

6.2.1 nrc_uart_set_config

Set the UART configurations.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_uart_set_config(NRC_UART_CONFIG *conf)
```

Input Parameters :

conf

Type: NRC_UART_CONFIG*

Purpose: A pointer to set uart configurations. See “[UART Configuration](#)”

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

6.2.2 nrc_hw_set_channel

Set the UART channel

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_uart_set_channel(int ch)
```

Input Parameters :

ch

Type: int

Purpose: UART channel

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

6.2.3 nrc_uart_get_interrupt_type

Get the UART interrupt type.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_uart_get_interrupt_type(int ch, NRC_UART_INT_TYPE *type)
```

Input Parameters :

ch

Type: int

Purpose: UART channel

type

Type: NRC_UART_INT_TYPE *

Purpose: A pointer to set UART interrupt type. See "[UART Interrupt Type](#)"

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

6.2.4 nrc_uart_set_interrupt

Set the UART interrupt.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_uart_set_interrupt(int ch, bool tx_en, bool rx_en)
```

Input Parameters :

ch

Type: int

Purpose: UART channel

tx_en

Type: bool

Purpose: Tx enable flag

rx_en

Type: bool

Purpose: Rx enable flag

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

6.2.5 nrc_uart_clear_interrupt

Clear the UART interrupt.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_uart_clear_interrupt(int ch, bool tx_int, bool rx_int , bool timeout_int )
```

Input Parameters :

ch

Type: int

Purpose: UART channel

tx_en

Type: bool

Purpose: Tx enable flag

rx_en

Type: bool

Purpose: Rx enable flag

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

6.2.6 nrc_uart_put

Put the character data to UART.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_uart_put(int ch, char data)
```

Input Parameters :

ch

Type: int

Purpose: UART channel

data

Type: char

Purpose: data

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

6.2.7 nrc_uart_get

Get the character data from UART.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_uart_get(int ch, char *data)
```

Input Parameters :

ch

Type: int

Purpose: UART channel

data

Type: char*

Purpose: A pointer to get data

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

6.2.8 nrc_uart_register_interrupt_handler

Register user callback function for UART input.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_uart_register_interrupt_handler(int ch, intr_handler_fn cb)
```

Input Parameters :

ch

Type: int

Purpose: timer channel

cb

Type: intr_handler_fn

Purpose: callback function

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

6.2.9 nrc_uart_console_enable

Enable/disable uart print and console command.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_uart_console_enable(bool enabled)
```

Input Parameters :

Enabled

Type: bool

Purpose: true or false to enable or disable console print and command.

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

6.3 Callback Functions & Events

The interrupt handler function pointer type is defined at the “sdk/inc/nrc_types.h”.

Prototype :

```
typedef void (*intr_handler_fn)(int vector)
```

Input Parameters :

vector

Type: int

Purpose: input vector

7 UART DMA

Helper API to utilize DMA while receiving UART data. Transmitted data will not utilize DMA.

7.1 Data Type

These types are defined in “sdk/include/api_uart_dma.h”.

7.1.1 UART Device Configuration

UART device configuration setting data structure.

Table 7.1 uart_dma_t

| Name | Description |
|-----------|--|
| channel | UART channel number |
| baudrate | BAUD rate to use |
| data_bits | Data bit : DB5(0), DB6(1), DB7(2), DB8(3) |
| stop_bits | Stop bit : SB1(0), SB2(1) |
| parity | Parity : None(0), Odd(1), Even(2) |
| hfc | Hardware flow control : enable(0)/disable(1) |

7.1.2 UART DMA buffer

DMA buffer to use for UART operation

Table 7.2 uart_dma_buf_t

| Name | Description |
|------|----------------|
| addr | Buffer address |
| size | Size of buffer |

7.1.3 UART RX Parameter

UART RX parameter to be used for RX data handling.

Table 7.3 uart_dma_rx_params_t

| Name | Description |
|------|--|
| buf | UART DMA buffer : uart_dma_buf_t |
| cb | User supplied callback to receive UART RX data through DMA |

7.1.4 UART and DMA configuration

UART and DMA configuration data to be used for initialization.

Table 7.4 uart_dma_info_t

| Name | Description |
|-----------|--|
| uart | UART device configuration : uart_dma_t |
| rx_fifo | UART Buffer for RX data |
| tx_fifo | UART buffer for TX data (Not used.) |
| rx_params | UART RX parameter : uart_dma_rx_params_t |

7.2 Function Call

7.2.1 nrc_uart_dma_open

Initialize UART and DMA setting.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_uart_dma_open (uart_dma_info_t *info)
```

Input Parameters :

info

Type: uart_dma_info_t

Purpose: UART setting to be used.

Returns :

0, if the operation was successful.

-1, all other errors.

7.2.2 nrc_uart_dma_close

Close UART and clean up data used for UART/DMA operations.

Prototype :

```
void nrc_uart_dma_close (void)
```

Input Parameters :

N/A

Returns :

N/A

7.2.3 nrc_uart_dma_change

Change UART setting if necessary.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_uart_dma_change (uart_dma_t *uart)
```

Input Parameters :

uart

Type: uart_dma_t

Purpose: New UART setting to be used.

Returns :

0, if the operation was successful.

-1, all other errors.

7.2.4 nrc_uart_dma_read

Read UART data received using DMA subsystem.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_uart_dma_read (char *buf, int len)
```

Input Parameters :

buf

Type: char*

Purpose: Buffer to collect received data.

len

Type: int

Purpose: Size of buffer.

Returns :

Size of UART data received.

7.2.5 nrc_uart_write

Write data to UART. DMA isn't used for TX.

Prototype :

```
int nrc_uart_write (char *buf, int len)
```

Input Parameters :

buf

Type: char*

Purpose: Data to be transmitted through UART.

len

Type: int

Purpose: Size of data to be transmitted.

Returns :

Size of UART data transmitted.

7.3 Callback Functions & Events

UART receive callback to retrieve received data.

Prototype :

```
typedef void (*uart_dma_rxcb_t)(char *buf, int len)
```

Input Parameters :

buf

Type: char

Purpose: Buffer to retrieve UART RX data

len

Type: int

Purpose: Buffer length

8 GPIO

The GPIO API provides functions to:

- Set the GPIO configurations and interrupt handler
- Get GPIO input values and set GPIO output values

8.1 Data Type

These types are defined at the “sdk/include/api_gpio.h”.

8.1.1 GPIO Pin

NRC_GPIO_PIN is a GPIO pin number.

Table 8.1 NRC_GPIO_PIN

| Name | Description |
|----------------|-----------------|
| GPIO_00~GPIO30 | GPIO pin number |

※The supported GPIO depends on chips. Please reference the hardware guide document.

8.1.2 GPIO Direction

NRC_GPIO_DIR is a GPIO direction.

Table 8.2 NRC_GPIO_DIR

| Name | Description |
|-------------|------------------|
| GPIO_INPUT | Input direction |
| GPIO_OUTPUT | Output direction |

8.1.3 GPIO Mode

NRC_GPIO_MODE is a GPIO mode.

Table 8.3 NRC_GPIO_MODE

| Name | Description |
|----------------|-------------|
| GPIO_PULL_UP | Pull up |
| GPIO_PULL_DOWN | Pull down |
| GPIO_FLOATING | Floating |

8.1.4 GPIO Level

NRC_GPIO_LEVEL is a GPIO level.

Table 8.4 NRC_GPIO_LEVEL

| Name | Description |
|-----------------|-------------|
| GPIO_LEVEL_LOW | 0 |
| GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH | 1 |

8.1.5 GPIO Alternative Function

NRC_GPIO_ALT is an alternative function.

Table 8.5 NRC_GPIO_ALT

| Name | Description |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| GPIO_FUNC | GPIO function |
| GPIO_NOMAL_OP | GPIO Normal operation |

8.1.6 GPIO Configurations

NRC_GPIO_CONFIG is a GPIO configuration.

Table 8.6 NRC_GPIO_CONFIG

| Name | Description |
|-----------|----------------------|
| gpio_pin | Pin number |
| gpio_dir | Direction |
| gpio_alt | Alternative function |
| gpio_mode | Mode |

8.1.7 GPIO Interrupt Trigger Mode

GPIO interrupt trigger type.

Table 8.7 nrc_gpio_trigger_t

| Name | Description |
|---------------|---------------|
| TRIGGER_EDGE | Edge trigger |
| TRIGGER_LEVEL | Level trigger |

8.1.8 GPIO Interrupt Trigger Level

GPIO interrupt trigger level.

Table 8.8 _gpio_trigger_level_t

| Name | Description |
|--------------|--------------|
| TRIGGER_HIGH | High trigger |
| TRIGGER_LOW | Low trigger |

8.2 Function Call

The header file for system APIs are defined at the “sdk/include/api_gpio.h”.

8.2.1 nrc_gpio_config

Set the GPIO configuration.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_gpio_config(NRC_GPIO_CONFIG *conf)
```

Input Parameters :

conf

Type: NRC_GPIO_CONFIG*

Purpose: A pointer to set GPIO configurations. See “[GPIO Configurations](#)”

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

8.2.2 nrc_gpio_output

Set the GPIO data (32bits).

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_gpio_output(uint32_t *word)
```

Input Parameters :

conf

Type: uint32_t *

Purpose: A pointer to set GPIO output value (32bits)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

8.2.3 nrc_gpio_outputb

Set the GPIO data for a specified pin number.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_gpio_outputb(int pin, intlevel)
```

Input Parameters :

pin

Type: int

Purpose: GPIO pin number

level

Type: int

Purpose: output value level

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

8.2.4 nrc_gpio_input

Get the GPIO data (32bits).

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_gpio_input(uint32_t *word)
```

Input Parameters :

conf

Type: uint32_t *

Purpose: A pointer to get GPIO output value (32bits)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

8.2.5 nrc_gpio_inputb

Get the GPIO data for a specified pin number.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_gpio_inputb(int pin, int *level)
```

Input Parameters :

pin

Type: int

Purpose: GPIO pin number

level

Type: int

Purpose: A pointer to get GPIO input value

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

8.2.6 nrc_gpio_trigger_config

Configure GPIO interrupt trigger (LEVEL/EDGE, HIGH/LOW signal)

※NRC729 can't support this API.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_gpio_trigger_config(int vector, nrc_gpio_trigger_t trigger,  
    nrc_gpio_trigger_level_t level, bool debounce)
```

Input Parameters :

vector

Type: int

Purpose: interrupt vector (INT_VECTOR0 or INT_VECTOR1)

trigger

Type: nrc_gpio_trigger_t

Purpose: TRIGGER_EDGE or TRIGGER_LEVEL

level

Type: nrc_gpio_trigger_level_t

Purpose: TRIGGER_HIGH or TRIGGER_LOW

debounce

Type: bool

Purpose: true or false to enable/disable debounce logic

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

8.2.7 nrc_gpio_register_interrupt_handler

Register GPIO interrupt handler.

Prototype :

```
nrc_gpio_register_interrupt_handler(int pin, intr_handler_fn cb)
```

Input Parameters :

pin

Type: int

Purpose: pin number

cb

Type: intr_handler_fn

Purpose: callback function

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

8.2.8 nrc_gpio_get_direction

Get GPIO direction settings (32bits). Each bit represent direction for each gpio. (i.e. gpio 0, least significant bit).

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_gpio_get_direction(uint32_t *word)
```

Input Parameters :

Conf

Type: uint32_t *

Purpose: A pointer to GPIO direction value (32bits)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

8.2.9 nrc_gpio_get_pullup_setting

Get GPIO pullup settings (32bits).

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_gpio_get_pullup_setting(uint32_t *word)
```

Input Parameters :

Conf

Type: uint32_t *

Purpose: A pointer to GPIO pullup setting value (32bits)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

8.3 Callback Functions & Events

The interrupt handler function pointer type is defined at the "sdk/inc/nrc_types.h".

Prototype :

```
typedef void (*intr_handler_fn)(int vector)
```

Input Parameters :

vector

Type: int

Purpose: input vector

9 I2C

The I2C API provides functions to:

- Set the I2C configurations
- I2C initialize, enable, reset
- Read and write byte via I2C

9.1 Data Type

These types are defined at the “sdk/include/api_i2c.h”.

9.1.1 I2C_CONTROLLER_ID

I2C_CONTROLLER_ID is an i2c channel.

Table 9.1 I2C_CONTROLLER_ID

| Name | Description |
|----------------|--------------------|
| I2C_MASTER_0 | I2C channel 0 |
| I2C_MASTER_1 | I2C channel 1 |
| I2C_MASTER_2 | I2C channel 2 |
| I2C_MASTER_MAX | Max channel number |

9.1.2 I2C_WIDTH

I2C_WIDTH is an i2c data width.

Table 9.2 I2C_WIDTH

| Name | Description |
|-----------------|-------------|
| I2C_WIDTH_8BIT | 8 Bits |
| I2C_WIDTH_16BIT | 16 Bits |

9.1.3 I2C_CLOCK_SOURCE

I2C_CLOCK_SOURCE is an i2c clock source.

Table 9.3 I2C_CLOCK_SOURCE

| Name | Description |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| I2C_CLOCK_CONTROLLER | Clock Controller. |
| I2C_CLOCK_PCLK | PCLK |

9.1.4 i2c_device_t

i2c_device_t is an i2c configurations.

Table 9.4 i2c_device_t

| Name | Description |
|--------------|--|
| pin_sda | SDA pin |
| pin_scl | SCL pin |
| clock_source | clock source, 0:clock controller, 1:PCLK |
| controller | ID of i2c controller to use |
| clock | i2c clock (Hz) |
| width | i2c data width |
| address | i2c address |

9.2 Function Call

The header file for system APIs are defined at the “sdk/include/api_i2c.h”.

9.2.1 nrc_i2c_init

Initialize the I2C controller.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_i2c_init(i2c_device_t* i2c)
```

Input Parameters :

i2c
Type: i2c_device_t*
Purpose: A pointer to set i2c configurations

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

9.2.2 nrc_i2c_enable

Enable or disable the I2C controller.

※ Please disable I2C only after a transaction is stopped.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_i2c_enable(i2c_device_t* i2c, bool enable)
```

Input Parameters :

i2c

Type: i2c_device_t*

Purpose: A pointer to set i2c configurations

enable

Type: bool

Purpose: I2C controller enable or disable

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

9.2.3 nrc_i2c_reset

Reset the I2C controller.

Prototype :

nrc_err_t nrc_i2c_reset(i2c_device_t* i2c)

Input Parameters :

i2c

Type: i2c_device_t*

Purpose: A pointer to set i2c configurations

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

9.2.4 nrc_i2c_start

Start the I2C operation.

Prototype :

nrc_err_t nrc_i2c_start(i2c_device_t* i2c)

Input Parameters :

i2c

Type: i2c_device_t*

Purpose: A pointer to set i2c configurations

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

9.2.5 nrc_i2c_stop

Stop the I2C operation.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_i2c_stop(i2c_device_t* i2c)
```

Input Parameters :

i2c

Type: i2c_device_t*

Purpose: A pointer to set i2c configurations

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

9.2.6 nrc_i2c_writebyte

Write data to the I2C controller.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_i2c_writebyte(i2c_device_t* i2c, uint8_t data)
```

Input Parameters :

i2c

Type: i2c_device_t*

Purpose: A pointer to set i2c configurations

data

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: data

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

9.2.7 nrc_i2c_readbyte

Read data from the I2C controller.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_i2c_readbyte(i2c_device_t* i2c, uint8_t *data, bool ack)
```

Input Parameters :

i2c

Type: i2c_device_t*

Purpose: A pointer to set i2c configurations

data

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: A pointer to store the read data

ack

Type: bool

Purpose: ACK flag. If there's no further reading registers, then false. Otherwise, true

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

10ADC

The ADC API provides functions to:

- Initialize / De-initialize the ADC controller
- Read the ADC controller data

10.1Data Type

These types are defined at the “sdk/include/api_adc.h”.

10.1.1 ADC Channel

ADC_CH is an ADC channel. The supported channel number depends on chips.

Table 10.1 ADC_CH

| Name | Description |
|-------------|-------------|
| ADC0 – ADC1 | ADC channel |

10.2Function Call

The header file for system APIs are defined at the “sdk/include/api_adc.h”.

10.2.1 nrc_adc_init

Initialize the ADC controller.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_adc_init(void)
```

Input Parameters :

N/A

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

10.2.2 nrc_adc_deinit

De-initialize the ADC controller.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_adc_deinit(void)
```

Input Parameters :

N/A

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

10.2.3 nrc_adc_get_data

Read the data from the ADC controller.

Prototype :

```
uint16_t nrc_adc_get_data (ADC_CH id)
```

Input Parameters :

id

Type: ADC channel id

Purpose: Channel ID

Returns :

ADC value

11PWM

The PWM API provides functions to:

- Initialize the PWM controller
- Set configuration and enable for PWM

11.1Data Type

These types are defined at the “sdk/include/api_pwm.h”.

11.1.1 PWM Channel

PWM_CH is an PWM channel.

Table 11.1 PWM_CH

| Name | Description |
|---------|---------------|
| PWM_CH0 | PWM channel 0 |
| PWM_CH1 | PWM channel 1 |
| PWM_CH2 | PWM channel 2 |
| PWM_CH3 | PWM channel 3 |
| PWM_CH4 | PWM channel 0 |
| PWM_CH5 | PWM channel 1 |
| PWM_CH6 | PWM channel 2 |
| PWM_CH7 | PWM channel 3 |

※ The supported PWM channels are different in each chip. Please reference the hardware guide document.NRC7292(CH0-CH3),NRC7394(CH0-CH7)

11.2 Function Call

The header file for system APIs are defined at the “sdk/include/api_pwm.h”.

11.2.1 nrc_pwm_hw_init

Initialize the ADC controller.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_pwm_hw_init(uint8_t ch, uint8_t gpio_num, uint8_t use_high_clk)
```

Input Parameters :

ch

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: PWM channel ID. See “[PWM Channel](#)”

gpio_num

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: GPIO number assigned for PWM

use_high_clk

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: If 0, then the pulse duration for 1-bit in each pattern is about 20.8us. Otherwise, about 10.4us

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

11.2.2 nrc_pwm_set_config

Set configuration parameters of PWM. One duty cycle consists of 4 pulse patterns(total 128-bit).

※ It starts with the MSB of pattern1 and ends with the LSB of pattern4.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_pwm_set_config(uint8_t ch, uint32_t pattern1, uint32_t pattern2, uint32_t pattern3, uint32_t pattern4)
```

Input Parameters :

ch

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: PWM channel ID. See “[PWM Channel](#)”

pattern1

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: 1st pulse pattern(Pattern bits 0~31)

pattern2

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: 2nd pulse pattern(Pattern bits 32~63)
pattern3
Type: uint32_t
Purpose: 3rd pulse pattern(Pattern bits 64~95)
pattern4
Type: uint32_t
Purpose: 4th pulse pattern(Pattern bits 96~127)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

11.2.3 nrc_pwm_set_enable

Enable the specified PWM channel.

Prototype :

nrc_err_t nrc_pwm_set_enable(uint32_t ch, bool enable)

Input Parameters :

ch
Type: uint32_t
Purpose: PWM channel ID. See "[PWM Channel](#)"
enable
Type: bool
Purpose: Enable / disable

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

12SPI

The SPI API provides functions to:

- Initialize and enable the SPI controller
- Write and read byte via SPI

12.1Data Type

These types are defined at the “sdk/include/api_spi.h”.

12.1.1 SPI Mode

SPI_MODE is a SPI mode, which is related to CPOL and CPHA values.

✂ Refer the Serial Peripheral Interface. (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Serial_Peripheral_Interface)

Table 12.1 SPI_MODE

| Name | Description |
|-----------|-----------------------------|
| SPI_MODE0 | SPI mode 0 (CPOL=0, CPHA=0) |
| SPI_MODE1 | SPI mode 1 (CPOL=0, CPHA=1) |
| SPI_MODE2 | SPI mode 2 (CPOL=1, CPHA=0) |
| SPI_MODE3 | SPI mode 3 (CPOL=1, CPHA=1) |

12.1.2 SPI Frame Bits

SPI_FRAME_BITS is a number of frame bits.

Table 12.2 SPI_FRAME_BITS

| Name | Description |
|-----------|------------------|
| SPI_BIT4 | SPI 4-bit frame |
| SPI_BIT5 | SPI 5-bit frame |
| SPI_BIT6 | SPI 6-bit frame |
| SPI_BIT7 | SPI 7-bit frame |
| SPI_BIT8 | SPI 8-bit frame |
| SPI_BIT9 | SPI 9-bit frame |
| SPI_BIT10 | SPI 10-bit frame |
| SPI_BIT11 | SPI 11-bit frame |
| SPI_BIT12 | SPI 12-bit frame |
| SPI_BIT13 | SPI 13-bit frame |
| SPI_BIT14 | SPI 14-bit frame |
| SPI_BIT15 | SPI 15-bit frame |
| SPI_BIT16 | SPI 16-bit frame |

12.1.3 SPI Controller ID

SPI_CONTROLLER_ID is a SPI controller ID.

Table 12.3 SPI_CONTROLLER_ID

| Name | Description |
|---------------------|-------------|
| SPI_CONTROLLER_SPI0 | SPI 0 |
| SPI_CONTROLLER_SPI1 | SPI 1 |

12.1.4 spi_device_t

spi_device_t is a spi configurations.

Table 12.4 spi_device_t

| Name | Description |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| pin_miso | SPI MISO pin |
| pin_mosi | SPI MOSI pin |
| pin_cs | SPI Chip Select pin |
| pin_sclk | SPI SCLK pin |
| frame_bits | SPI frame bits |
| clock | SPI clock |
| mode | SPI mode |
| controller | ID of SPI controller to use |
| irq_save_flag | irq save flag |
| lshr_handler | Event handler |

12.2 Function Call

The header file for system APIs are defined at the “sdk/include/api_spi.h”.

12.2.1 nrc_spi_master_init

Initialize the SPI controller with the specified mode and bits

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_spi_master_init(spi_device_t* spi)
```

Input Parameters :

spi
Type: spi_device_t
Purpose: spi configuration. See “[spi_device_t](#)”

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

12.2.2 nrc_spi_init_cs

Assign the chip select pin and set active high

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_spi_init_cs(uint8_t pin_cs)
```

Input Parameters :

pin_cs
Type: uint8_t
Purpose: Assign GPIO for chip select

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

12.2.3 nrc_spi_enable

Enable / disable the SPI controller.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_spi_enable(spi_device_t* spi, bool enable)
```

Input Parameters :

spi
Type: spi_device_t

Purpose: spi configuration. See [“spi_device_t”](#)
enable

Type: bool

Purpose: Enable / disable

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

12.2.4 nrc_spi_start_xfer

Enable CS to continuously transfer data.

Prototype :

nrc_err_t nrc_spi_start_xfer(spi_device_t* spi)

Input Parameters :

spi

Type: spi_device_t

Purpose: spi configuration. See [“spi_device_t”](#)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

12.2.5 nrc_spi_stop_xfer

Disable CS to continuously transfer data.

Prototype :

nrc_err_t nrc_spi_stop_xfer(spi_device_t* spi)

Input Parameters :

spi

Type: spi_device_t

Purpose: spi configuration. See [“spi_device_t”](#)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

12.2.6 nrc_spi_xfer

Transfer the data between master and slave. User can call nrc_spi_xfer multiple times to transmit data.

※This function should run inside nrc_spi_start_xfer() and nrc_spi_stop_xfer().

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_spi_xfer(spi_device_t* spi, uint8_t *wbuffer, uint8_t *rbuffer, uint32_t size)
```

Input Parameters :

spi

Type: spi_device_t

Purpose: spi configuration. See ["spi_device_t"](#)

wbuffer

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: A pointer to write data

rbuffer

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: A pointer to read data

size

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Number of bytes to transfer

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

12.2.7 nrc_spi_writebyte_value

Write one-byte data to the specified register address.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_spi_writebyte_value(spi_device_t* spi, uint8_t addr, uint8_t data);
```

Input Parameters :

spi

Type: spi_device_t

Purpose: spi configuration. See ["spi_device_t"](#)

addr

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: register address to write data

data

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: data to write

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

12.2.8 nrc_spi_readbyte_value

Read one-byte data to the specified register address.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_spi_readbyte_value(spi_device_t* spi, uint8_t addr, uint8_t data);
```

Input Parameters :

spi
Type: spi_device_t
Purpose: spi configuration. See [“spi_device_t”](#)

addr
Type: uint8_t
Purpose: register address to read data

data
Type: uint8_t*
Purpose: A pointer to read data

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

12.2.9 nrc_spi_write_values

Write bytes data to the specified register address.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_spi_write_values(spi_device_t* spi, uint8_t addr, uint8_t *data, int size)
```

Input Parameters :

spi
Type: spi_device_t
Purpose: spi configuration. See [“spi_device_t”](#)

addr
Type: uint8_t
Purpose: register address to write data

data
Type: uint8_t*
Purpose: A pointer to write data

size
Type: int
Purpose: write data size. The unit is bytes.

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

12.2.10 nrc_spi_read_values

Read bytes data to the specified register address.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_spi_read_values(spi_device_t* spi, uint8_t addr, uint8_t *data, int size)
```

Input Parameters :

spi
Type: spi_device_t
Purpose: spi configuration. See [“spi_device_t”](#)

addr
Type: uint8_t
Purpose: register address to read data

data
Type: uint8_t*
Purpose: A pointer to read data

size
Type: int
Purpose: read data size. The unit is bytes.

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

12.2.11 nrc_spi_slave_init

Initialize SPI slave with the specified mode and bits.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_spi_slave_init(spi_device_t* spi)
```

Input Parameters :

spi
Type: spi_device_t
Purpose: spi configuration. See [“spi_device_t”](#) . Only SPI_MODE3 is supported.

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

12.2.12 nrc_spi_slave_read

Read a byte data sent from master.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_spi_slave_read(uint8_t *data)
```

Input Parameters :

data

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: A pointer to a byte data read.

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

12.2.13 nrc_spi_slave_write

Read bytes data to the specified register address.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_spi_slave_write(uint8_t data)
```

Input Parameters :

data

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: A byte data to be transferred to master.

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

13 SPI DMA

Helper API's to transfer data through SPI using DMA.

13.1 Function Call

13.1.1 spi_dma_init

Initialize SPI using DMA.

spi_device_t should be initialized for SPI configuration and supplied when calling spi_dma_init.

Prototype :

```
int spi_dma_init(spi_device_t *spi_dma)
```

Input Parameters :

spi_dma

Type: spi_device_t

Purpose: spi configuration. See "[spi_device_t](#)"

Returns :

0, if the operation was successful.

-1, all other errors.

13.1.2 spi_dma_write

Write data to SPI using DMA. SPI related data should be prepared by user.

Prototype :

```
void spi_dma_write(uint8_t *data, uint32_t size)
```

Input Parameters :

data

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: To be transferred to SPI device using DMA.

size

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Size of data.

Returns :

N/A

13.1.3 spi_dma_read

Read data to SPI using DMA. SPI related data should be prepared by user.

Prototype :

```
void spi_dma_read(uint8_t *addr, uint8_t *data, uint32_t size)
```

Input Parameters :

addr

Type: SPI peripheral address.

Purpose: Device specific address to be read.

data

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: Buffer to transferred data to be saved.

size

Type: uint32_t*

Purpose: Size for how much data to be read.

Returns :

N/A

14 HTTP Client

The HTTP client API provides functions to:

- HTTP request method (GET, PUT, POST, DELETE)
- Retrieves the response data about request function

※ Note: These APIs are now publicly accessible and have been moved to lib/http_client.

14.1 Data Type

These types are defined at the “lib/http_client/include/nrc_http_client.h”.

14.1.1 HTTP Client Return Types

httpc_ret_e is a return type for HTTP client.

Table 14.1 httpc_ret_e

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_INVALID_METHOD | Invalid HTTP method |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_TLS_SEND_FAIL | TLS send fail |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_TLS_CONNECTION | TLS connection fail |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_PK_LOADING_FAIL | Private key loading fail |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_CERT_LOADING_FAIL | Certificate loading fail |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_SEED_FAIL | Seed creation fail |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_BODY_SEND_FAIL | Request body send fail |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_HEADER_SEND_FAIL | Request Header send fail |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE | Invalid handle |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_ALLOC_FAIL | Memory allocation fail |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_SCHEME_NOT_FOUND | Scheme(http:// or https://) not found |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_SOCKET_FAIL | Socket creation fail |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_RESOLVING_DNS | Cannot resolve the hostname |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_CONNECTION | Connection fail |
| HTTPC_RET_ERROR_UNKNOWN | Unknown error |
| HTTPC_RET_CON_CLOSED | Connection closed by remote |
| HTTPC_RET_OK | Success |

14.1.2 HTTP Client Connection Handle

con_handle_t is a connection handle type for HTTP client.

Table 14.2 con_handle_t

| Name | Description |
|--------------|-------------------|
| con_handle_t | Connection handle |

14.1.3 SSL Certificate Structure

ssl_certs_t is a SSL certificate structure type.

Table 14.3 ssl_certs_t

| Name | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| ca_cert | Certificate Authority Server certification |
| client_cert | Client certification |
| client_pk | Client private key |
| ca_cert_length | Certificate Authority Server certification l, server_cert buffer size |
| client_cert_length | Client certification l, client_cert buffer size |
| client_pk_length | Client private key l, client_pk buffer size |

14.1.4 HTTP Client Data Type

httpc_data_t is a data type for HTTP client.

Table 14.4 httpc_data_t

| Name | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| data_out | Connection handle |
| data_out_length | Output buffer length |
| data_in | Pointer of the input buffer for data receiving |
| data_in_length | Input buffer length |
| recved_size | Received data size |

14.2Function Call

The header file for system APIs are defined at the “lib/http_client/include/nrc_http_client.h”..

14.2.1 nrc_httpc_get

Executes a GET request on a given URL.

Prototype :

```
httpc_ret_e nrc_httpc_get(con_handle_t *handle, const char *url, const char *custom_header,  
httpc_data_t *data, ssl_certs_t *certs)
```

Input Parameters :

handle

Type: con_handle_t*

Purpose: Connection handle”

url

Type: const char *

Purpose: URL for the request

custom_header

Type: `const char *`

Purpose: Customized request header. The request-line("`<method><uri> HTTP/1.1`") and "Host: `<host-name>`" will be sent in default internally. Other headers can be set as null-terminated string format.

data

Type: `httpc_data_t *`

Purpose: A pointer to the `#httpc_data_t` to manage the data sending and receiving

certs

Type: `ssl_certs_t *`

Purpose: A pointer to the `#ssl_certs_t` for the certificates

Returns :

HTTPC_RET_OK, if the operation was successful.

Negative error value, all other errors.

14.2.2 nrc_httpc_post

Executes a POST request on a given URL.

Prototype :

```
httpc_ret_e nrc_httpc_post(con_handle_t *handle, const char *url, const char *custom_header,  
httpc_data_t *data, ssl_certs_t *certs)
```

Input Parameters :

handle

Type: `con_handle_t*`

Purpose: Connection handle"

url

Type: `const char *`

Purpose: URL for the request

custom_header

Type: `const char *`

Purpose: Customized request header. The request-line("`<method><uri> HTTP/1.1`") and "Host: `<host-name>`" will be sent in default internally. Other headers can be set as null-terminated string format.

data

Type: `httpc_data_t *`

Purpose: A pointer to the `#httpc_data_t` to manage the data sending and receiving

certs

Type: `ssl_certs_t *`

Purpose: A pointer to the `#ssl_certs_t` for the certificates

Returns :

HTTPC_RET_OK, if the operation was successful.

Negative error value, all other errors.

14.2.3 nrc_httpc_put

Executes a PUT request on a given URL.

Prototype :

```
httpc_ret_e nrc_httpc_put(con_handle_t *handle, const char *url, const char *custom_header,  
httpc_data_t *data, ssl_certs_t *certs)
```

Input Parameters :

handle

Type: con_handle_t*
Purpose: Connection handle"

url

Type: const char *
Purpose: URL for the request

custom_header

Type: const char *
Purpose: Customized request header. The request-line("<method><uri> HTTP/1.1") and "Host: <host-name>" will be sent in default internally. Other headers can be set as null-terminated string format.

data

Type: httpc_data_t *
Purpose: A pointer to the #httpc_data_t to manage the data sending and receiving

certs

Type: ssl_certs_t *
Purpose: A pointer to the #ssl_certs_t for the certificates

Returns :

HTTPC_RET_OK, if the operation was successful.
Negative error value, all other errors.

14.2.4 nrc_httpc_delete

Executes a DELETE request on a given URL.

Prototype :

```
httpc_ret_e nrc_httpc_delete(con_handle_t *handle, const char *url, const char  
*custom_header, httpc_data_t *data, ssl_certs_t *certs)
```

Input Parameters :

handle

Type: con_handle_t*
Purpose: Connection handle"

url

Type: const char *
Purpose: URL for the request

custom_header

Type: const char *

Purpose: Customized request header. The request-line("<method><uri> HTTP/1.1") and "Host: <host-name>" will be sent in default internally. Other headers can be set as null-terminated string format.

data

Type: httpc_data_t *

Purpose: A pointer to the #httpc_data_t to manage the data sending and receiving

certs

Type: ssl_certs_t *

Purpose: A pointer to the #ssl_certs_t for the certificates

Returns :

HTTPC_RET_OK, if the operation was successful.

Negative error value, all other errors.

14.2.5 nrc_httpc_recv_response

Retrieves the response data when there are remains after executing the request functions.

Prototype :

```
httpc_ret_e nrc_httpc_recv_response(con_handle_t *handle, httpc_data_t *data);
```

Input Parameters :

handle

Type: con_handle_t*

Purpose: Connection handle"

data

Type: httpc_data_t *

Purpose: A pointer to the #httpc_data_t to manage the data sending and receiving

Returns :

HTTPC_RET_OK, if the operation was successful.

Negative error value, all other errors.

14.2.6 nrc_httpc_close

Close the network connection to release system resources. The connection is included in each request method function and this function should be called with every HTTP request.

Prototype :

```
void nrc_httpc_close(con_handle_t *handle)
```

Input Parameters :

handle

Type: bool

Purpose: Enable / disable

Returns :
N/A

15 FOTA

The FOTA API provides functions to:

- Check the support of FOTA and set FOTA information
- Erase and write FOTA area.
- Firmware and boot loader FOTA update done function.
- CRC32 calculation.

15.1 Data Type

These types are defined at the “sdk/include/api_fota.h”.

15.1.1 FOTA Information

FOTA_INFO is an information about FOTA firmware.

Table 15.1 FOTA_INFO

| Name | Description |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| fw_length | Firmware length |
| crc | CRC32 value |
| ready | ready flag (Not used) |

15.1.2 Broadcast FOTA mode

The broadcast FOTA mode can be configured for the broadcast FOTA operation.

Table 15.2 Broadcast FOTA mode

| Name | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| BC_FOTA_MODE_ANY | Run broadcast FOTA without AP connection |
| BC_FOTA_MODE_CONNECTED | Run broadcast FOTA when AP connected |

15.2 Function Call

The header file for system APIs are defined at the “sdk/include/api_fota.h”.

15.2.1 nrc_fota_is_support

Check the flash is able to support FOTA

Prototype :

```
bool nrc_fota_is_support(void)
```

Input Parameters :

N/A

Returns :

True, if it supports FOTA.

False, if it does not support FOTA.

15.2.2 nrc_fota_write

Write data from source address to destination address in FOTA memory area.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_fota_write(uint32_t dst, uint8_t *src, uint32_t len)
```

Input Parameters :

dst

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: offset from fota_memory start address

src

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: source address

len

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: source data length

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

15.2.3 nrc_fota_erase

Erase FOTA memory area

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_fota_erase(void)
```

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

15.2.4 nrc_fota_set_info

Set FOTA binary information (binary length and crc)

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_fota_set_info(uint32_t len, uint32_t crc)
```

Input Parameters :

len

Type: uint32_t
Purpose: binary size

crc

Type: uint32_t
Purpose: crc value for binary

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

15.2.5 nrc_fota_update_done

Updated firmware and reboot.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_fota_update_done(FOTA_INFO* fw_info)
```

Input Parameters :

fw_info

Type: FOTA_INFO*
Purpose: FOTA binary information (binary length and crc)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

15.2.6 nrc_fota_update_done_bootloader

Updated boot loader and reboot.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_fota_update_done_bootloader(FOTA_INFO* fw_info)
```

Input Parameters :

fw_info

Type: FOTA_INFO*

Purpose: FOTA binary information (binary length and crc)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

15.2.7 nrc_fota_cal_crc

Calculate crc32 value.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_fota_cal_crc(uint8_t* data, uint32_t len, uint32_t *crc)
```

Input Parameters :

data

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: A pointer for data

len

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: length for CRC

crc

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: A pointer to store the calculated crc value

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

15.2.8 nrc_bcast_fota_init

Initialize broadcast FOTA

Prototype :

```
void nrc_bcast_fota_init(void)
```

Input Parameters :

N/A

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

15.2.9 nrc_bcast_fota_set_mode

Set the broadcast FOTA mode

Prototype :

```
void nrc_bcast_fota_set_mode(uint8_t mode)
```

Input Parameters :

mode

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: BC_FOTA_MODE_ANY or BC_FOTA_MODE_CONNECTED. These types are defined at the "sdk/include/api_bcast_fota.h".

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

15.2.10 nrc_bcast_fota_enable

Set the broadcast FOTA mode enable or disable

Prototype :

```
void nrc_bcast_fota_enable(bool enable)
```

Input Parameters :

enable

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: enable/disable broadcast FOTA

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16 Power save

The power save memory API provides functions to:

- Set power save mode
- Set wakeup pin and source

16.1 Data Type

These types are defined at the “sdk/include/api_ps.h”.

16.1.1 Power Save Wakeup Source

These are related to wakeup source.

Table 16.1 POWER_SAVE_WAKEUP_SOURCE

| Define | Value |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| WAKEUP_SOURCE_RTC | 0x00000001 << 0 |
| WAKEUP_SOURCE_GPIO | 0x00000001 << 1 |

16.1.2 Power Save Wakeup Reason

These are related to wakeup reason. These are defined at the “sdk/inc/api_ps.h”.

Table 16.2 POWER_SAVE_WAKEUP_REASON

| Define | Description |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| NRC_WAKEUP_REASON_COLDBOOT | Normal power on |
| NRC_WAKEUP_REASON_RTC | RTC timeout |
| NRC_WAKEUP_REASON_GPIO | Wakeup by GPIO |
| NRC_WAKEUP_REASON_TIM | Unicast packet in TIM sleep mode |
| NRC_WAKEUP_REASON_TIM_TIMER | RTC timeout in TIM sleep mode |
| NRC_WAKEUP_REASON_NOT_SUPPORTED | Not supported |

16.2 Function Call

The header file for system APIs are defined at the “sdk/include/api_ps.h”.

16.2.1 nrc_ps_deep_sleep

Command the device to go to Non-TIM mode deep sleep.

If used after a previous WiFi pairing has been completed, the device will utilize the saved WiFi connection information in retention memory for faster pairing recovery.

※ The sleep_ms parameter may be overridden by the MIN (BSS MAX IDLE, LISTEN INTERVAL)
BSS MAX IDLE : set to AP with the default value being about 30 minutes
LISTEN INTERVAL : set to STA with the default value being 0

So If you want to use Deep sleep with duration you want, you have to check listen interval and bss max idle should be larger than it.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_ps_deep_sleep(uint64_t sleep_ms)
```

Input Parameters :

interval

Type: uint64_t

Purpose: The duration for deep sleep. The unit is ms. (>= 1000ms)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.2 nrc_ps_sleep_alone

Command the device to go to Non-TIM deep sleep.

Unlike nrc_ps_deep_sleep, it will not save pairing information, potentially leading to longer WiFi reconnection time. Additionally, this API will not override the sleep duration specified by the sleep_ms parameter.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_ps_sleep_alone(uint64_t sleep_ms)
```

Input Parameters :

timeout

Type: uint64_t

Purpose: Duration for deep sleep. The unit is ms. (>= 1000ms)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.3 nrc_ps_sleep_forever

Command the device to go to Non-TIM deep sleep forever.

Unlike `nrc_ps_deep_sleep`, it will not save pairing information, potentially leading to longer WiFi reconnection time.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_ps_sleep_forever()
```

Input Parameters :

N/A

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.4 `nrc_ps_wifi_tim_deep_sleep`

The function commands device to WiFi TIM sleep. The WiFi wakes up if Traffic Indication Map signal received or sleep duration expired. If `sleep_ms` is set to 0, the device will wakeup only for TIM traffic.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_ps_wifi_tim_deep_sleep(uint32_t idle_timeout_ms, uint32_t sleep_ms)
```

Input Parameters :

`idle_timeout_ms`

Type: `uint32_t`

Purpose: Wait time before entering the modem sleep. The unit is ms. (0 <= time < 10000ms)

`sleep_ms`

Type: `uint32_t`

Purpose: Duration for deep sleep. The unit is ms. (0(not use) or time >= 1000ms)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.5 `nrc_ps_clear_sleep_mode`

The function commands to clear sleep mode in retention memory.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_ps_clear_sleep_mode(void)
```

Input Parameters :

N/A

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.6 nrc_ps_set_gpio_wakeup_pin

Configure a wakeup-gpio-pin when system state is uCode or deep sleep.

※ This function should be called before deep sleep, if user want to set the wakeup-gpio-pin.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_ps_set_gpio_wakeup_pin(bool check_debounce, int pin_number, bool active_high)
```

Input Parameters :

check_debounce

Type: bool

Purpose: check mechanical vibration of a switch

pin_number

Type: int

Purpose: GPIO pin number for wakeup when GPIO is enabled for wakeup source

active_high

Type: bool

Purpose: Wakeup polarity : true – active high, false – active low

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.7 nrc_ps_set_gpio_wakeup_pin2

Configure a 2nd wakeup-gpio-pin when system state is uCode or deep sleep.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_ps_set_gpio_wakeup_pin2(bool check_debounce, int pin_number, bool active_high)
```

Input Parameters :

check_debounce

Type: bool

Purpose: check mechanical vibration of a switch

pin_number

Type: int

Purpose: GPIO pin number for wakeup when GPIO is enabled for wakeup source

active_high

Type: bool

Purpose: Wakeup polarity : true – active high, false – active low

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.8 nrc_ps_set_wakeup_source

Configure wakeup sources when system state is deepsleep.

※ This function should be called before deepsleep, if user want to set the wakeup source.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_ps_set_wakeup_source(uint8_t wakeup_source)
```

Input Parameters :

wakeup_source

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: wakeup source. See "[Power Save Wakeup Source](#)"

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.9 nrc_ps_wakeup_reason

Get the wakeup reason.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_ps_wakeup_reason(uint8_t *reason)
```

Input Parameters :

reason

Type: uint8_t*

Purpose: A pointer to get wakeup reason. See "[Power Save Wakeup Reason](#)"

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.10 nrc_ps_wakeup_gpio_ext

Retrieve GPIO interrupt group if multiple GPIO wakeup sources are used

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_ps_wakeup_gpio_ext (uint8_t *reason)
```

Input Parameters :

reason

Type: uint8_t*

A pointer to get wakeup reason.

Purpose: NRC_WAKEUP_GPIO_EXT0 (GPIO 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22)

NRC_WAKEUP_GPIO_EXT1, (GPIO 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23)

NRC_WAKEUP_GPIO_EXT2, (GPIO 0 - 7)

NRC_WAKEUP_GPIO_EXT3, (GPIO 24 - 31)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.11 nrc_ps_set_gpio_direction

Set the gpio direction mask in deep sleep.

Prototype :

```
void nrc_ps_set_gpio_direction(uint32_t bitmask)
```

Input Parameters :

bitmask

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Set bitmask of GPIO direction, as bits 0-31 (input:0, output:1)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.12 nrc_ps_set_gpio_out

Set the gpio pullup mask in deep sleep.

Prototype :

```
void nrc_ps_set_gpio_out(uint32_t bitmask)
```

Input Parameters :

bitmask

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Set bitmask of GPIO out value, as bits 0-31 (low:0, high:1)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.13 nrc_ps_set_gpio_pullup

Set the gpio pullup mask in deep sleep.

Prototype :

```
void nrc_ps_set_gpio_pullup(uint32_t bitmask)
```

Input Parameters :

bitmask

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Set bitmask of GPIO pullup value, as bits 0-31 (pulldown:0, pullup:1)

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.14 nrc_ps_add_schedule

Add schedules to the deep sleep scheduler (NON TIM mode) timeout, whether to enable Wi-Fi, and callback function to execute when the scheduled time is reached. Current implementation can accept up to 4 individual schedules. Each individual schedule should have at least one minute apart in timeout. When adding schedule the callback should be able to finish in the time window.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_ps_add_schedule(uint32_t timeout, bool net_init, scheduled_callback func)
```

Input Parameters :

timeout

Type: uint32_t

Purpose: Sleep duration in msec for this schedule

net_init

Type: bool

Purpose: Whether callback will require Wi-Fi connection

func

Type: scheduled_callback

Purpose: Scheduled callback function pointer defined as
void (*scheduled_callback)()

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.

NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.15 nrc_ps_add_gpio_callback

Add gpio exception callback to handle gpio interrupted wake up. This information will be added into retention memory and processed if gpio interrupt occurs. If net_init is set to true, then Wi-Fi and network will be initialized.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_ps_add_gpio_callback(bool net_init, scheduled_callback func)
```

Input Parameters :

net_init

Type: bool

Purpose: Whether callback will require Wi-Fi connection

func

Type: scheduled_callback
Purpose: Scheduled_callback function pointer defined as
 void (*scheduled_callback) ()

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.16 nrc_ps_start_schedule

Start the scheduled deep sleep configured using nrc_ps_add_schedule.

Prototype :

nrc_err_t nrc_ps_start_schedule()

Input Parameters :

N/A

Returns :

NRC_SUCCESS, if the operation was successful.
NRC_FAIL, all other errors.

16.2.17 nrc_ps_resume_deep_sleep

Command the device to go to deep sleep for remaining scheduled time. This function is used to sleep after none-scheduled wakeup such as GPIO interrupt.

Prototype :

void nrc_ps_resume_deep_sleep()

Input Parameters :

N/A

Returns :

None

16.2.18 nrc_ps_save_user_data

Command the device to go to deep sleep for remaining scheduled time. This function is used to sleep after none-scheduled wakeup such as GPIO interrupt.

Prototype :

nrc_err_t nrc_ps_save_user_data(void *data, uint16_t size)

Input Parameters :

Data

Type: void *

Purpose: Pointer to the data to be saved.

size

Type: uint16_t

Purpose: Size of the data to be saved in bytes. It must not exceed the available retention memory size for user data.

Returns :

If successful, return NRC_SUCCESS. Otherwise, NRC_FAIL.

None

16.2.19 nrc_ps_load_user_data

Command the device to go to deep sleep for remaining scheduled time. This function is used to sleep after none-scheduled wakeup such as GPIO interrupt.

Prototype :

```
nrc_err_t nrc_ps_load_user_data(void *data, uint16_t size)
```

Input Parameters :

data

Type: void *

Purpose: Pointer to the buffer where the loaded data will be stored.

size

Type: uint16_t

Purpose: Size of the buffer in bytes. It must not exceed the size of the available retention memory size for user data.

Returns :

If successful, return NRC_SUCCESS. Otherwise, NRC_FAIL.

16.2.20 nrc_ps_get_available_user_data_size

Retrieves the maximum size of user data that can be saved in the retention memory.

Prototype :

```
void nrc_ps_get_available_user_data_size()
```

Input Parameters :

N/A

Returns :

The maximum size of user data in bytes.

17PBC (Push Button)

WPS-PBC for simple network configuration

17.1Data Type

These types are defined at the “sdk/inc/api_pbc.h”.

17.1.1 pbc_ops

pbc_ops are a structure type.

Table 17.1 pbc_ops

| Name | Description |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| GPIO_PushButton | WPS-PBC GPIO for push button |
| nrc_wifi_wps_pbc_fail | WPS-PBC operation fail |
| nrc_wifi_wps_pbc_timeout | WPS-PBC operation timeout |
| nrc_wifi_wps_pbc_success | WPS-PBC operation success |
| nrc_wifi_wps_pbc_pressed | WPS-PBC operation press |

17.2Function Call

The header file for PBC APIs is defined at the “sdk/inc/api_pbc.h”.

17.2.1 wps_pbc_fail_cb

This callback is called when WPS-PBC operation fail

Prototype :

```
void wps_pbc_fail_cb(void *priv)
```

Input Parameters :

priv

Type: void*

Purpose: A pointer for nrc_wpa_if

Returns :

N/A

17.2.2 wps_pbc_timeout_cb

This callback is called when there is no connection attempt for 120 second and timeout occurs.

Prototype :

```
void wps_pbc_timeout_cb(void *priv)
```

Input Parameters :

priv

Type: void*

Purpose: A pointer for nrc_wpa_if

Returns :

N/A

17.2.3 wps_pbc_success_cb

This callback is called when WPS-PBC operation success

Prototype :

```
static void wps_pbc_success_cb(void *priv, int net_id, uint8_t *ssid, uint8_t ssid_len, uint8_t security_mode, char *passphrase)
```

Input Parameters :

priv

Type: void*

Purpose: A pointer for nrc_wpa_if

net_id

Type: int_t

Purpose: network id

ssid

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: SSID

ssid_len

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: SSID length

security_mode

Type: uint8_t

Purpose: See the "[Security Mode](#)"

passphrase

Type: char*

Purpose: WPA ASCII passphrase (ASCII passphrase must be between 8 and 63 characters)

Returns :

N/A

17.2.4 wps_pbc_button_pressed_event

This callback is called when user push the button which is connected with GPIO. This GPIO is registered for interrupt.

Prototype :

```
void wps_pbc_button_pressed_event(int vector)
```

Input Parameters :

vector

Type: int

Purpose: GPIO pin number for wakeup when GPIO is enabled for wakeup source

Returns :

17.2.5 init_wps_pbc

Initialize WPS-PBC function

Prototype :

```
void init_wps_pbc(struct pbc_ops *ops)
```

Input Parameters :

ops

Type: struct pbc_ops *

Purpose: structure contains GPIO and callbacks

Returns :

N/A

18 Middleware API Reference

18.1 FreeRTOS

FreeRTOS is a market-leading real-time operating system (RTOS) for microcontrollers and small microprocessors.

- Official Website:
 - <https://www.freertos.org/RTOS.html>
- Online Documentation:
 - <https://www.freertos.org/features.html>
- Git Repository:
 - <https://github.com/FreeRTOS/FreeRTOS>

18.2 WPA_supplicant

Wpa_supplicant is a WPA Supplicant for Linux, BSD, Mac OS X, and Windows with support for WPA and WPA2 (IEEE 802.11i / RSN). Supplicant is the IEEE 802.1X/WPA component that is used in the client stations. It implements key negotiation with a WPA authenticator, and it controls the roaming and IEEE 802.11 authentication/association of the wlan driver.

- Official website:
 - https://w1.fi/wpa_supplicant/
- Online Documentation:
 - https://w1.fi/wpa_supplicant/devel/
- GitHub Page:
 - git clone git://w1.fi/srv/git/hostap.git

18.3 lwIP

lwIP (lightweight IP) is a widely used open-source TCP/IP stack designed for embedded systems.

- Official Website:
 - <http://savannah.nongnu.org/projects/lwip>
- Online Documentation:
 - <http://www.nongnu.org/lwip>
- Git Repository:
 - <https://git.savannah.nongnu.org/git/lwip.git>

18.1 MbedTLS

MbedTLS is an implementation of the TLS and SSL protocols and the respective cryptographic algorithms and support code required.

- Official Website:
 - <https://tls.mbed.org>
- Online API Reference:
 - <https://tls.mbed.org/api>
- GitHub Page:
 - <https://github.com/ARMmbed/mbedtls>

18.2 NVS library

NVS library used for storing data values in the flash memory. Data are stored in a non-volatile manner, so it is remaining in the memory after power-out or reboot. This lib is inspired and based on [TridentTD_ESP32NVS](#) work.

The NVS stored data in the form of key-value. Keys are ASCII strings, up to 15 characters. Values can have one of the following types:

- integer types: uint8_t, int8_t, uint16_t, int16_t, uint32_t, int32_t, uint64_t, int64_t
- zero-terminated string
- variable length binary data (blob)

Refer to the NVS ESP32 lib [original documentation](#) for a details about internal NVS lib organization.

19 Abbreviations

Table 19.1 Abbreviations and acronyms

| Name | Description |
|----------|--|
| IP | Internet Protocol |
| LwIP | Lightweight Internet Protocol |
| SDK | Software Development Kit |
| SDK | Software Development Kit |
| API | Application Programming Interface |
| EVB | Evaluation Board |
| AP | Access Point |
| STA | Station |
| SSID | Service Set Identifier |
| BSSID | Basic Service Set Identifier |
| RSSI | Received Signal Strength Indication |
| SNR | Signal-to-noise ratio |
| WPA2 | Wi-Fi Protected Access 2 |
| WPA3-SAE | Wi-Fi Protected Access 3 – Simultaneous Authentication of Equals |
| WPA3-OWE | Wi-Fi Protected Access 3 – Opportunistic Wireless Encryption |
| EAP | Extensible Authentication Protocol |
| TCP | Transmission Control Protocol |
| UDP | User Datagram Protocol |
| AID | Association ID |
| MAC | Medium Access Control |
| dBm | Decibel-milliwatts |
| S1G | Sub 1 GHz |
| HAL | Hardware Abstract Layer |
| ADC | Analog-to-Digital Converter |
| UART | Universal Asynchronous Receiver-Transmitter |
| PWM | Pulse-Width Modulation |
| SPI | Serial Peripheral Interface |
| TPC | Transmission Power Control |
| GPIO | General-purpose input/output |
| CPOL | Clock Polarity |
| CPHA | Clock Phase |
| TIM | Traffic Indication Map |
| NVS | Non-Volatile Storage |
| BI | Beacon Interval |

20 Revision history

| Revision No | Date | Comments |
|-------------|------------|--|
| Ver 1.0 | 8/2/2023 | Initial version |
| Ver 1.1 | 8/16/2023 | <p>Added 'VERSION_T'</p> <p>Update APIs</p> <p>Added functions:</p> <p>nrc_wifi_get_average_rssi(), nrc_set_app_version(), nrc_get_app_version(), nrc_set_app_name(), nrc_get_app_name(), nrc_get_sdk_version()</p> <p>Updated functions:</p> <p>nrc_wifi_get_rssi(), nrc_wifi_get_snr() : Added vif_id in parameter wps_pbc_fail_cb(), wps_pbc_timeout_cb(), wps_pbc_success_cb() : Added void* parameters</p> |
| Ver 1.2 | 11/28/2023 | <p>Update type defines : Removed 'ADC_AVRG' type</p> <p>Update description about nrc_ps_deep_sleep()</p> <p>Update APIs</p> <p>Added functions:</p> <p>nrc_set_flash_device_info(), nrc_get_flash_device_info(), nrc_wifi_softap_get_max_num_sta(), nrc_wifi_softap_set_max_num_sta(), nrc_wifi_set_tx_aggr_auto(), nrc_wifi_set_beacon_loss_detection(), nrc_wifi_get_listen_interval(), nrc_wifi_set_listen_interval(), nrc_wifi_softap_get_beacon_interval(), nrc_wifi_softap_set_beacon_interval(), nrc_wifi_get_mcs_info(), nrc_wifi_softap_get_ignore_broadcast_ssid(), nrc_wifi_softap_set_ignore_broadcast_ssid(), nrc_get_user_data_area_size(), nrc_write_user_data(), nrc_read_user_data(), nrc_wifi_get_mic_scan(), nrc_wifi_set_mic_scan() tWIFI_IGNORE_BROADCAST_SSID type</p> <p>Updated functions:</p> <p>nrc_wifi_get_tx_power() : Added a vif_id parameter</p> <p>Removed functions:</p> <p>nrc_adc_avrg_sel(), nrc_wifi_softap_get_hidden_ssid(), nrc_wifi_softap_set_hidden_ssid() ※ hidden_ssid APIs are replaced by ignore_broadcast_ssid APIs</p> |
| Ver 1.3 | 11/22/2024 | <p>Added functions: nrc_get_xtal_status()</p> <p>Updated the decription about nrc_httpc_close()</p> <p>Added chapters for DMA, UART DMA and SPI DMA</p> <p>Updated nrc_ps_set_gpio_wakeup_pin</p> <p>Updated tWIFI_COUNTRY_CODE table, STA_INFO</p> <p>Update APIs</p> |

| | | |
|----------|------------|--|
| | | <p>Added functions:</p> <p>nrc_wifi_set_eap_security(), nrc_wifi_set_sae_pwe(), nrc_wifi_get_sae_pwe(), nrc_wifi_wps_cancel(), nrc_ps_clear_sleep_mode(), nrc_ps_set_gpio_wakeup_pin2(), nrc_wifi_set_simple_bgscan(), nrc_get_user_factory_info()</p> <p>Updated functions:</p> <p>nrc_wifi_softap_set_conf(), nrc_wifi_set_ip_address(), wps_pbc_fail_cb(), wps_pbc_timeout_cb(), wps_pbc_success_cb(), nrc_adc_get_data(), spi_dma_init()</p> <p>SPI Slave operation support API's added.</p> <p>nrc_spi_slave_init(), nrc_spi_slave_read(), nrc_spi_slave_write()</p> <p>Distributed Authentication control support API's added.</p> <p>nrc_wifi_set_enable_auth_control(), nrc_wifi_get_enable_auth_control(), nrc_wifi_set_auth_control_param(), nrc_wifi_get_auth_control_param(), nrc_wifi_set_auth_control_scale(), nrc_wifi_get_auth_control_scale(), nrc_wifi_get_auth_current_ti()</p> |
| Ver1.3.1 | 12/12/2024 | <p>Added bandwidth in SCAN_RESULT</p> <p>Update nrc_wifi_enable_duty_cycle() description</p> |
| Ver1.4 | 4/3/2025 | <p>Added functions:</p> <p>nrc_wifi_get_auth_bo_cnt(), nrc_set_jtag(), nrc_wifi_auto_reconnect(), nrc_wifi_select_network(), nrc_wifi_set_state(), nrc_wifi_set_scan_dwell_time(), nrc_wifi_get_tsf(), nrc_wifi_set_tsf(), nrc_ps_save_user_data(), nrc_ps_load_user_data(), nrc_ps_get_available_user_data_size()</p> <p>Update NRC_UART_CONFIG data fields</p> |
| Ver1.4.1 | 4/30/2025 | <p>Added nrc_gpio_get_direction(), nrc_gpio_get_pullup_setting()</p> |